## SENATE AMENDMENT NO.

Offered by	of	of	

Amend <u>House</u> Bill No. <u>515</u>, Page <u>13</u>, Section <u>86.320</u>, Line <u>22</u>

2 by inserting after all of said line the following:

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- "86.1110. 1. Whenever a member is given a leave of absence for military service and returns to employment after discharge from the service, such member shall be entitled to creditable service for the years of employment prior to the leave of absence.
- Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, a 8 9 member who served on active duty in the Armed Forces of the 10 United States and who became a member, or returned to membership, after discharge under honorable conditions, may elect prior to 11 12 retirement to purchase creditable service equivalent to such 13 service in the Armed Forces, not to exceed two years, provided 14 the member is not receiving and is not eligible to receive retirement credits or benefits from any other public or private 15 retirement plan for the service to be purchased, other than a 16 17 United States military service retirement system or United States 18 Social Security benefits attributable to such military service, 19 and an affidavit so stating is filed by the member with the 20 retirement system. A member electing to make such purchase shall 21 pay to the retirement system an amount equal to the actuarial

cost of the additional benefits attributable to the additional service credit to be purchased, as of the date the member elects to make such purchase. Payment in full of the amount due from a member electing to purchase creditable service under this subsection shall be made over a period not to exceed five years, measured from the date of election, or prior to the commencement date for payment of benefits to the member from the retirement system, whichever is earlier, including interest on unpaid balances compounded annually at the interest rate assumed from time to time for actuarial valuations of the retirement system. If payment in full including interest is not made within the prescribed period, any partial payments made by the member shall be refunded, and no creditable service attributable to such election, or as a result of any such partial payments, shall be allowed; provided that if a benefit commencement date occurs because of the death or disability of a member who has made an election under this subsection and if the member is current in payments under an approved installment plan at the time of the death or disability, such election shall be valid if the member, the surviving spouse, or other person entitled to benefit payments pays the entire balance of the remaining amount due, including interest to the date of such payment, within sixty days after the member's death or disability. The time of a disability shall be deemed to be the time when such member is retired by the board of police commissioners for reason of disability as provided in sections 86.900 to 86.1280.

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3. Notwithstanding any other provision of sections 86.900 to 86.1280, on or after August 28, 2015, a member who [is on leave of absence for military service during any portion of which

leave the United States is in a state of declared war, or a compulsory draft is in effect for any of the military branches of the United States, or any units of the military reserves of the United States, including the National Guard, are mobilized for combat military operations, ] returns to service from a leave of absence for active duty military service and who becomes entitled to reemployment rights and other employment benefits under Title 38, Chapter 43 of the U.S. Code, relating to employment and reemployment rights of members of the uniformed services by 10 meeting the requirements for such rights and benefits under 11 Section 4312 of said chapter, or the corresponding provisions of 12 any subsequent applicable federal statute, shall be entitled to 13 service credit for the time spent in such military service for 14 all purposes of sections 86.900 to 86.1280 [and such member shall 15 not be required to pay any member contributions for such time. 16 If it becomes necessary for the years of such service to be 17 included in the calculation of such member's compensation for any 18 purpose, such member shall be deemed to have received the same 19 compensation throughout such period of service as the member's 20 base annual salary immediately prior to the commencement of such 21 leave of absence; provided, however, that the foregoing 22 provisions of this subsection shall apply only to such portion of 23 such leave with respect to which the cumulative length of the 24 absence and of all previous absences from a position of 25 employment with the employer by reason of service in the 26 uniformed services does not exceed five years except for such 27 period of any such excess as meets the requirements for 28 exceptions to such five-year limitation set forth in the 29 aforesaid Section 4312] only to the extent such member pays any

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required member contributions for such time. The amount of required member contributions shall be calculated on the base compensation the member would have received during such leave period. The total amount of service credit that will be granted at the member contribution rate is limited to a maximum of five years. The retirement board may waive the required contributions for military leave of absence, not to exceed three years of creditable service, if the member provides duty orders under Title 10 or Title 32 U.S.C. and discharge from active duty documentation in the form of a DD214 or NGB23.

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- 86.1270. 1. A retirement plan under sections 86.900 to 86.1280 is a qualified plan under the provisions of applicable federal law. The benefits and conditions of a retirement plan under sections 86.900 to 86.1280 shall always be adjusted to ensure that the tax-exempt status is maintained.
- 2. The retirement board shall administer the retirement system in a manner as to retain at all times qualified status under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 3. The retirement board shall hold in trust the assets of the retirement system for the exclusive benefit of the members and their beneficiaries and for defraying reasonable administrative expenses of the system. No part of such assets shall, at any time prior to the satisfaction of all liabilities with respect to members and their beneficiaries, be used for or diverted to any purpose other than such exclusive benefit or to any purpose inconsistent with sections 86.900 to 86.1280.
- 4. A member's benefit shall be one hundred percent vested and nonforfeitable upon the member's attainment of normal retirement age, which shall be the earlier of:

(1) Completion of twenty-five years of service for Tier I members and twenty-seven years of service for Tier II members;

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- (2) Age sixty for any Tier I member who has completed at least ten years of creditable service or age sixty for any Tier II member who has completed at least fifteen years of creditable service;
  - (3) Age seventy without regard to years of service; or
- (4) To the extent funded, upon the termination of the system established under sections 86.900 to 86.1280 or any partial termination which affects the members or any complete discontinuance of contributions by the city to the system.

  Amounts representing forfeited nonvested benefits of terminated members shall not be used to increase benefits payable from the system but may be used to reduce contributions for future plan years.
- 5. Distribution of benefits shall begin not later than April first of the year following the later of the calendar year during which the member becomes seventy and one-half years of age or the calendar year in which the member retires, and shall otherwise conform to Section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 6. A member or beneficiary of a member shall not accrue a service retirement annuity, disability retirement annuity, death benefit, whether death occurs in the line of duty or otherwise, or any other benefit under sections 86.900 to 86.1280 in excess of the benefit limits applicable to the fund under Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. The retirement board shall reduce the amount of any benefit that exceeds those limits by the amount of the excess. If the total benefits under the retirement system

and the benefits and contributions to which any member is entitled under any other qualified plan or plans maintained by the board of police commissioners that employs the member would otherwise exceed the applicable limits under Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, the benefits the member would otherwise receive from the retirement system shall be reduced to the extent necessary to enable the benefits to comply with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- 7. The total salary taken into account for any purpose for any member of the retirement system shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars per year, subject to periodic adjustments in accordance with guidelines provided by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, and shall not exceed such other limits as may be applicable at any given time under Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 8. If the amount of any benefit is to be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions that are not otherwise specifically set forth for that purpose in sections 86.900 to 86.1280, the actuarial assumptions to be used are those earnings and mortality assumptions being used on the date of the determination by the retirement system's actuary and approved by the retirement board. The actuarial assumptions being used at any particular time shall be attached as an addendum to a copy of the retirement system's statute that is maintained by the retirement board and shall be treated for all purposes as a part of sections 86.900 to 86.1280. The actuarial assumptions may be changed by the retirement system's actuary annually if approved by the retirement board, but a change in actuarial assumptions shall not result in any decrease in benefits accrued as of the

effective date of the change.

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- Any member or beneficiary who is entitled to receive any distribution that is an eligible rollover distribution, as defined by Section 402(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, is entitled to have that distribution transferred directly to another eligible retirement plan of the member's or beneficiary's choice upon providing direction to the secretary of this retirement system regarding the transfer in accordance with procedures established by the retirement board. Effective for distributions made on or after January 1, 2010, a nonspouse beneficiary may elect to directly rollover an eligible rollover distribution to an individual retirement account under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; to an individual retirement annuity under Section 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; or if the participant satisfies the requirements for making a Roth contribution under Section 408(A)(c)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to a Roth individual retirement account.
  - 10. For all distributions made after December 31, 2001:
- (1) For the purposes of subsection 9 of this section, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by the state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from the retirement system. The definition of eligible retirement plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to a surviving spouse or to a spouse

or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

- (2) For purposes of subsection 9 of this section, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax employee contributions which are not includable in gross income. However, such portion may be paid only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Internal Revenue Code that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution that is includable in gross income and the portion of such distribution that is not so includable.
  - 86.1500. 1. Whenever a member is given a leave of absence for military service and returns to employment after discharge from the service, such member shall be entitled to creditable service for the years of employment prior to the leave of absence.
  - 2. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, a member who served on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States and who became a member, or returned to membership, after discharge under honorable conditions, may elect prior to retirement to purchase creditable service equivalent to such service in the Armed Forces, not to exceed two years, provided the member is not receiving and is not eligible to receive retirement credits or benefits from any other public or private retirement plan for the service to be purchased, other than a

United States military service retirement system or United States Social Security benefits attributable to such military service, and an affidavit so stating is filed by the member with the retirement system. A member electing to make such purchase shall pay to the retirement system an amount equal to the actuarial cost of the additional benefits attributable to the additional service credit to be purchased, as of the date the member elects to make such purchase. Payment in full of the amount due from a member electing to purchase creditable service under this subsection shall be made over a period not to exceed five years, measured from the date of election, or prior to the commencement date for payment of benefits to the member from the retirement system, whichever is earlier, including interest on unpaid balances compounded annually at the interest rate assumed from time to time for actuarial valuations of the retirement system. If payment in full including interest is not made within the prescribed period, any partial payments made by the member shall be refunded, and no creditable service attributable to such election, or as a result of any such partial payments, shall be allowed; provided that if a benefit commencement date occurs because of the death or disability of a member who has made an election under this subsection and if the member is current in payments under an approved installment plan at the time of the death or disability, such election shall be valid if the member, the surviving spouse or other person entitled to benefit payments pays the entire balance of the remaining amount due, including interest to the date of such payment, within sixty days after the member's death or disability. The time of a disability shall be deemed to be the time when such member is determined by the

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retirement board to be totally and permanently disabled as provided in section 86.1560.

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3. Notwithstanding any other provision of sections 86.1310 to 86.1640, on or after August 28, 2015, a member who [is on leave of absence for military service during any portion of which leave the United States is in a state of declared war, or a compulsory draft is in effect for any of the military branches of the United States, or any units of the military reserves of the United States, including the National Guard, are mobilized for combat military operations, ] returns to service from a leave of absence for active duty military service and who becomes entitled to reemployment rights and other employment benefits under Title 38, Chapter 43 of the U.S. Code, relating to employment and reemployment rights of members of the uniformed services by meeting the requirements for such rights and benefits under Section 4312 of said chapter, or the corresponding provisions of any subsequent applicable federal statute, shall be entitled to service credit for the time spent in such military service for all purposes of sections 86.1310 to 86.1640 [and such member shall not be required to pay any member contributions for such time. If it becomes necessary for the years of such service to be included in the calculation of such member's compensation for any purpose, such member shall be deemed to have received the same compensation throughout such period of service as the member's base annual salary immediately prior to the commencement of such leave of absence; provided, however, that the foregoing provisions of this subsection shall apply only to such portion of such leave with respect to which the cumulative length of the absence and of all previous absences from a position of

employment with the employer by reason of service in the uniformed services does not exceed five years except for such period of any such excess as meets the requirements for exceptions to such five-year limitation set forth in the aforesaid Section 4312] only to the extent such member pays any required member contributions for such time. The amount of required member contributions shall be calculated on the base compensation the member would have received during such leave period. The total amount of service credit that will be granted at the member contribution rate is limited to a maximum of five years. The retirement board may waive the required contributions for military leave of absence, not to exceed three years of creditable service, if the member provides duty orders under Title 10 or Title 32 U.S.C. and discharge from active duty documentation in the form of a DD214 or NGB23.

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- 86.1630. 1. A retirement plan under sections 86.1310 to 86.1640 is a qualified plan under the provisions of applicable federal law. The benefits and conditions of a retirement plan under sections 86.1310 to 86.1640 shall always be adjusted to ensure that the tax-exempt status is maintained.
- 2. The retirement board shall administer this retirement system in such manner as to retain at all times qualified status under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 3. The retirement board shall hold in trust the assets of the retirement system for the exclusive benefit of the members and their beneficiaries and for defraying reasonable administrative expenses of the system. No part of such assets shall, at any time prior to the satisfaction of all liabilities with respect to members and their beneficiaries, be used for or

diverted to any purpose other than such exclusive benefit or to any purpose inconsistent with sections 86.1310 to 86.1640.

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- 4. A member's benefit shall be one hundred percent vested and nonforfeitable upon the member's attainment of normal retirement age, which shall be the earlier of:
- (1) The attaining of the age of sixty-five or the member's tenth anniversary of employment, whichever is later for any Tier I member, or the attaining of the age of sixty-seven or the member's twentieth anniversary of employment, whichever is later for any Tier II member;
- (2) For any Tier I member when the total sum of age and years of creditable service equals or exceeds eighty, or for any Tier II member when the total sum of age and years of creditable service equals or exceeds eighty-five; or
- (3) To the extent funded, upon the termination of the system established under sections 86.1310 to 86.1640 or any partial termination which affects the member or any complete discontinuance of contributions by the city to the system.

  Amounts representing forfeited nonvested benefits of terminated members shall not be used to increase benefits payable from the system but may be used to reduce contributions for future plan years.
- 5. Distribution of benefits shall begin not later than April first of the year following the later of the calendar year during which the member becomes seventy and one-half years of age or the calendar year in which the member retires, and shall otherwise conform to Section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - 6. A member or beneficiary of a member shall not accrue a

service retirement annuity, disability retirement annuity, death benefit, whether death occurs in the line of duty or otherwise, or any other benefit under sections 86.1310 to 86.1640 in excess of the benefit limits applicable to the fund under Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. The retirement board shall reduce the amount of any benefit that exceeds the limits of this section by the amount of the excess. If the total benefits under the retirement system and the benefits and contributions to which any member is entitled under any other qualified plan or plans maintained by the board of police commissioners that employs the member would otherwise exceed the applicable limits under Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, the benefits the member would otherwise receive from the retirement system are reduced to the extent necessary to enable the benefits to comply with Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

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- 7. The total salary taken into account for any purpose for any member of the retirement system shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars per year, subject to periodic adjustments in accordance with guidelines provided by the United States Secretary of the Treasury and may not exceed such other limits as may be applicable at any given time under Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 8. If the amount of any benefit is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions that are not specifically set forth for that purpose in sections 86.1310 to 86.1640, the actuarial assumptions to be used are those earnings and mortality assumptions used on the date of the determination by the retirement system's actuary and approved by the retirement board. The actuarial assumptions used at any particular time shall be

attached as an addendum to a copy of the retirement system's statute maintained by the retirement board and shall be treated for all purposes as part of sections 86.1310 to 86.1640. The actuarial assumptions may be changed by the retirement system's actuary annually if approved by the retirement board, but a change in actuarial assumptions shall not result in any decrease in benefits accrued as of the effective date of the change.

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- 9. Any member or beneficiary who is entitled to receive any distribution that is an eligible rollover distribution, as defined by Section 402(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, is entitled to have that distribution transferred directly to another eligible retirement plan of the member's or beneficiary's choice upon providing direction to the secretary of the retirement system regarding the transfer in accordance with procedures established by the retirement board. Effective for distributions made on or after January 1, 2010, a nonspouse beneficiary may elect to directly rollover an eliqible rollover distribution to an individual retirement account under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; to an individual retirement annuity under Section 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; or if the participant satisfies the requirements for making a Roth contribution under Section 408(A)(c)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to a Roth individual retirement account.
  - 10. For all distributions made after December 31, 2001:
- (1) For the purposes of subsection 9 of this section, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean an annuity described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is

maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from the retirement system. The definition for eligible retirement plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to a surviving spouse or to a spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(2) For the purposes of subsection 9 of this section, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax employee contributions which are not includable in gross income. However, such portion may be paid only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Internal Revenue Code that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution that is includable in gross income and the portion of such distribution that is not so includable."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.