## SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 1296**

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means, April 30, 2014, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

5085S.03C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 143.451 and 144.080, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to taxes based on sales, with an existing penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 143.451 and 144.080, RSMo, are repealed and two new

- 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 143.451 and 144.080, to
- 3 read as follows:
  - 143.451. 1. Missouri taxable income of a corporation shall include all
- 2 income derived from sources within this state.
- 3 2. A corporation described in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section
- 4 143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income all income from sources
- 5 within this state, including that from the transaction of business in this state and
- 6 that from the transaction of business partly done in this state and partly done in
- 7 another state or states. However:
- 8 (1) Where income results from a transaction partially in this state and
- 9 partially in another state or states, and income and deductions of the portion in
- 10 the state cannot be segregated, then such portions of income and deductions shall
- 11 be allocated in this state and the other state or states as will distribute to this
- 12 state a portion based upon the portion of the transaction in this state and the
- 13 portion in such other state or states.
- 14 (2) The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income from all
- 15 sources in this state in the following manner, or the manner set forth in
- 16 subdivision (3) of this subsection:

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- 17 (a) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided, 18 excluding therefrom the figures for the operation of any bridge connecting this 19 state with another state.
- 20 (b) The amount of sales which are transactions wholly in this state shall be added to one-half of the amount of sales which are transactions partly within 21this state and partly without this state, and the amount thus obtained shall be 2223 divided by the total sales or in cases where sales do not express the volume of business, the amount of business transacted wholly in this state shall be added 24to one-half of the amount of business transacted partly in this state and partly 2526outside this state and the amount thus obtained shall be divided by the total 27 amount of business transacted, and the net income shall be multiplied by the 28fraction thus obtained, to determine the proportion of income to be used to arrive 29 at the amount of Missouri taxable income. The investment or reinvestment of its 30 own funds, or sale of any such investment or reinvestment, shall not be 31 considered as sales or other business transacted for the determination of said 32 fraction.
- 33 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, a transaction involving the sale 34 of tangible property is:
- a. "Wholly in this state" if both the seller's shipping point and the purchaser's destination point are in this state;
  - b. "Partly within this state and partly without this state" if the seller's shipping point is in this state and the purchaser's destination point is outside this state, or the seller's shipping point is outside this state and the purchaser's destination point is in this state;
- c. Not "wholly in this state" or not "partly within this state and partly without this state" only if both the seller's shipping point and the purchaser's destination point are outside this state.
  - (d) For purposes of this subdivision:
- a. The purchaser's destination point shall be determined without regard to the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; and
- b. The seller's shipping point is determined without regard to the location of the seller's principle office or place of business.
- 49 (3) The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income from all 50 sources in this state in the following manner:
- 51 (a) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided, 52 excluding therefrom the figures for the operation of any bridge connecting this

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53 state with another state;

- 54 (b) The amount of sales which are transactions in this state shall be
  55 divided by the total sales, and the net income shall be multiplied by the fraction
  56 thus obtained, to determine the proportion of income to be used to arrive at the
  57 amount of Missouri taxable income. The investment or reinvestment of its own
  58 funds, or sale of any such investment or reinvestment, shall not be considered as
  59 sales or other business transacted for the determination of said fraction;
- 60 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, a transaction involving the sale 61 of tangible property is:
  - a. "In this state" if the purchaser's destination point is in this state;
- b. Not "in this state" if the purchaser's destination point is outside this state;
  - (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the purchaser's destination point shall be determined without regard to the FOB point or other conditions of the sale and shall not be in this state if the purchaser received the tangible personal property from the seller in this state for delivery to the purchaser's location outside this state;
- (e) For the purposes of this subdivision, a transaction involving the sale other than the sale of tangible property is "in this state" if the taxpayer's market for the sales is in this state. The taxpayer's market for sales is in this state:
  - a. In the case of sale, rental, lease, or license of real property, if and to the extent the property is located in this state;
  - b. In the case of rental, lease, or license of tangible personal property, if and to the extent the property is located in this state;
  - c. In the case of sale of a service, if and to the extent the benefit of the service is delivered to a purchaser location in this state; and
    - d. In the case of intangible property:
- (i) That is rented, leased, or licensed, if and to the extent the property is used in this state by the rentee, lessee, or licensee, provided that intangible property utilized in marketing a good or service to a consumer is "used in this state" if that good or service is purchased by a consumer who is in this state. Franchise fees or royalties received for the rent, lease, license, or use of a trade name, trademark, service mark, or franchise system or provides a right to conduct business activity in a specific geographic area are "used in this state" to the

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- 89 extent the franchise location is in this state; and
- 90 (ii) That is sold, if and to the extent the property is used in this 91 state, provided that:
- i. A contract right, government license, or similar intangible property that authorizes the holder to conduct a business activity in a specific geographic area is "used in this state" if the geographic area includes all or part of this state;
- 96 ii. Receipts from intangible property sales that are contingent on 97 the productivity, use, or disposition of the intangible property shall be 98 treated as receipts from the rental, lease, or licensing of such 99 intangible property under item (i) of this subparagraph; and
  - iii. All other receipts from a sales of intangible property shall be excluded from the numerator and denominator of the sales factor;
  - (f) If the state or states of assignment under paragraph (e) of this subdivision cannot be determined, the state or states of assignment shall be reasonably approximated;
- 105 (g) If the state of assignment cannot be determined under 106 paragraph (e) of this subdivision or reasonably approximated under 107 paragraph (f) of this subdivision, such sales shall be excluded from the 108 denominator of the sales factor;
  - (h) The director may prescribe such rules and regulations as necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.
  - (4) For purposes of this subsection, the following words shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the following meaning:
- 113 (a) "Administration services" include, but are not limited to, clerical, fund 114 or shareholder accounting, participant record keeping, transfer agency, 115 bookkeeping, data processing, custodial, internal auditing, legal and tax services 116 performed for an investment company;
- 117 (b) "Affiliate", the meaning as set forth in 15 U.S.C. Section 80a-2(a)(3)(C), 118 as may be amended from time to time;
- 119 (c) "Distribution services" include, but are not limited to, the services of 120 advertising, servicing, marketing, underwriting or selling shares of an investment 121 company, but, in the case of advertising, servicing or marketing shares, only 122 where such service is performed by a person who is, or in the case of a closed end 123 company, was, either engaged in the services of underwriting or selling 124 investment company shares or affiliated with a person that is engaged in the

service of underwriting or selling investment company shares. In the case of an open end company, such service of underwriting or selling shares must be performed pursuant to a contract entered into pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 80a-15(b), as from time to time amended;

- (d) "Investment company", any person registered under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time, (the act) or a company which would be required to register as an investment company under the act except that such person is exempt to such registration pursuant to Section 80a-3(c)(1) of the act;
  - (e) "Investment funds service corporation" includes any corporation or S corporation doing business in the state which derives more than fifty percent of its gross income in the ordinary course of business from the provision directly or indirectly of management, distribution or administration services to or on behalf of an investment company or from trustees, sponsors and participants of employee benefit plans which have accounts in an investment company. An investment funds service corporation shall include any corporation or S corporation providing management services as an investment advisory firm registered under Section 203 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, as amended from time to time, regardless of the percentage of gross revenues consisting of fees from management services provided to or on behalf of an investment company;
  - (f) "Management services" include but are not limited to, the rendering of investment advice directly or indirectly to an investment company making determinations as to when sales and purchases of securities are to be made on behalf of the investment company, or the selling or purchasing of securities constituting assets of an investment company, and related activities, but only where such activity or activities are performed:
- a. Pursuant to a contract with the investment company entered into pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 80a-15(a), as from time to time amended;
- b. For a person that has entered into such contract with the investment company; or
- 155 c. For a person that is affiliated with a person that has entered into such contract with an investment company;
  - (g) "Qualifying sales", gross income derived from the provision directly or indirectly of management, distribution or administration services to or on behalf of an investment company or from trustees, sponsors and participants of employee benefit plans which have accounts in an investment company. For purposes of

this section, "gross income" is defined as that amount of income earned from qualifying sources without deduction of expenses related to the generation of such income:

- (h) "Residence", presumptively the fund shareholder's mailing address on the records of the investment company. If, however, the investment company or the investment funds service corporation has actual knowledge that the fund shareholder's primary residence or principal place of business is different than the fund shareholder's mailing address such presumption shall not control. To the extent an investment funds service corporation does not have access to the records of the investment company, the investment funds service corporation may employ reasonable methods to determine the investment company fund shareholder's residence.
- (5) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, qualifying sales of an investment funds service corporation, or S corporation, shall be considered wholly in this state only to the extent that the fund shareholders of the investment companies, to which the investment funds service corporation, or S corporation, provide services, are residenced in this state. Wholly in this state qualifying sales of an investment funds service corporation, or S corporation, shall be determined as follows:
- (a) By multiplying the investment funds service corporation's total dollar amount of qualifying sales from services provided to each investment company by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the average of the number of shares owned by the investment company's fund shareholders residenced in this state at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year that ends with or within the investment funds service corporation's taxable year, and the denominator of which shall be the average of the number of shares owned by the investment company's fund shareholders everywhere at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year that ends with or within the investment funds service corporation's taxable year;
- (b) A separate computation shall be made to determine the wholly in this state qualifying sales from each investment company. The qualifying sales for each investment company shall be multiplied by the respective percentage of each fund, as calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The product of this equation shall result in the wholly in this state qualifying sales. The qualifying sales for each investment company which are not wholly in this state will be considered wholly without this state;

- 197 (c) To the extent an investment funds service corporation has sales which 198 are not qualifying sales, those nonqualified sales shall be apportioned to this 199 state based on the methodology utilized by the investment funds service 200 corporation without regard to this subdivision.
  - 3. Any corporation described in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 143.441 organized in this state or granted a permit to operate in this state for the transportation or care of passengers shall report its gross earnings within the state on intrastate business and shall also report its gross earnings on all interstate business done in this state which report shall be subject to inquiry for the purpose of determining the amount of income to be included in Missouri taxable income. The previous sentence shall not apply to a railroad.
  - 4. A corporation described in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income all income arising from all sources in this state and all income from each transportation service wholly within this state, from each service where the only lines of such corporation used are those in this state, and such proportion of revenue from each service where the facilities of such corporation in this state and in another state or states are used, as the mileage used over the lines of such corporation in the state shall bear to the total mileage used over the lines of such corporation. The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income from all sources within this state in the following manner:
    - (1) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided;
  - (2) The amount of investment of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in this state in fixed transportation facilities, real estate and improvements, plus the value on December thirty-first of each year of any fixed transportation facilities, real estate and improvements in this state leased from any other railroad shall be divided by the sum of the total amount of investment of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in fixed transportation facilities, real estate and improvements, plus the value on December thirty-first of each year, of any fixed transportation facilities, real estate and improvements leased from any other railroad. Where any fixed transportation facilities, real estate or improvements are leased by more than one railroad, such portion of the value shall be used by each railroad as the rental paid by each shall bear to the rental paid by all lessees. The income shall be multiplied by the fraction thus obtained to determine the proportion to be used to arrive at the amount of Missouri taxable income.

- 5. A corporation described in subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income one-half of the net income from the operation of a bridge between this and another state. If any such bridge is owned or operated by a railroad corporation or corporations, or by a corporation owning a railroad corporation using such bridge, then the figures for operation of such bridge may be included in the return of such railroad or railroads; or if such bridge is owned or operated by any other corporation which may now or hereafter be required to file an income tax return, one-half of the income or loss to such corporation from such bridge may be included in such return by adding or subtracting same to or from another net income or loss shown by the return.
- 6. A corporation described in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 143.441 shall include in its Missouri taxable income all income arising from all sources within this state. Income shall include revenue from each telephonic or telegraphic service rendered wholly within this state; from each service rendered for which the only facilities of such corporation used are those in this state; and from each service rendered over the facilities of such corporation in this state and in other state or states, such proportion of such revenue as the mileage involved in this state shall bear to the total mileage involved over the lines of said company in all states. The taxpayer may elect to compute the portion of income from all sources within this state in the following manner:
  - (1) The income from all sources shall be determined as provided;
- (2) The amount of investment of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in this state in telephonic or telegraphic facilities, real estate and improvements thereon, shall be divided by the amount of the total investment of such corporation on December thirty-first of each year in telephonic or telegraphic facilities, real estate and improvements. The income of the taxpayer shall be multiplied by fraction thus obtained to determine the proportion to be used to arrive at the amount of Missouri taxable income.
- 7. From the income determined in subsections 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this section to be from all sources within this state shall be deducted such of the deductions for expenses in determining Missouri taxable income as were incurred in this state to produce such income and all losses actually sustained in this state in the business of the corporation.
- 8. If a corporation derives only part of its income from sources within Missouri, its Missouri taxable income shall only reflect the effect of the following listed deductions to the extent applicable to Missouri. The deductions are: (a)

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269 its deduction for federal income taxes pursuant to section 143.171, and (b) the 270 effect on Missouri taxable income of the deduction for net operating loss allowed by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. The extent applicable to Missouri 271 272 shall be determined by multiplying the amount that would otherwise affect 273 Missouri taxable income by the ratio for the year of the Missouri taxable income 274 of the corporation for the year divided by the Missouri taxable income for the year 275 as though the corporation had derived all of its income from sources within 276 Missouri. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, Missouri taxable income 277 shall not reflect the listed deductions.

9. Any investment funds service corporation organized as a corporation or S corporation which has any shareholders residenced in this state shall be subject to Missouri income tax as provided in this chapter.

144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the 23 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent 6 possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the 10 amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, 11 12 except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section. The director of revenue 13 may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more 14 frequently than required in this section. 15

- 2. Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month.
- 3. Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January

25 thirty-first of the succeeding year.

- 4. The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject to the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, shall collect the tax from the purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the state the tax imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 on motor vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided in sections 144.070 and 144.440.
- 5. [It shall be unlawful for] Any person [to] may advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer directly [or indirectly] that the tax or any part thereof imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, and required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or absorbed by the person, [or that it will not be separately stated and added to the selling price of the] provided that the amount of tax assumed or absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for the property sold or service rendered[, or if added, that it or any part thereof will be refunded]. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. This subsection shall not apply to any retailer prohibited from collecting and remitting sales tax under section 66.630.

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