## SECOND REGULAR SESSION [P E R F E C T E D] SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# **SENATE BILL NO. 529**

#### 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Commerce, Consumer Protection, Energy and the Environment, February 13, 2014, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 529, adopted February 20, 2014.

Taken up for Perfection February 20, 2014. Bill declared Perfected and Ordered Printed, as amended.

4629S.02P

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 34.057 and 107.170, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to the payment of public works projects.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 34.057 and 107.170, RSMo, are repealed and two new 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 34.057 and 107.170, to 3 read as follows:

34.057. 1. Unless contrary to any federal funding requirements or unless  $\mathbf{2}$ funds from a state grant are not timely received by the contracting public 3 municipality but notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, all public works contracts made and awarded by the appropriate officer, board or agency of the 4 5state or of a political subdivision of the state or of any district therein, including any municipality, county and any board referred to as the public owner, for 6 construction, reconstruction or alteration of any public works project, shall 7 8 provide for prompt payment by the public owner to the contractor, and any professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, or land surveyor, 9 10 as well as prompt payment by the contractor to the subcontractor and material supplier in accordance with the following: 11

(1) A public owner shall make progress payments to the contractor and
any professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, or land
surveyor on at least a monthly basis as the work progresses, or, on a lump sum
basis according to the terms of the lump sum contract. Except in the case of lump

**SCS SB 529** 

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sum contracts, payments shall be based upon estimates prepared at least monthly 16 17of work performed and material delivered, as determined by the project architect 18 or engineer. Retainage withheld on any construction contract or subcontract for public works projects shall not exceed five percent of the value 19 20of the contract or subcontract [unless the public owner and the architect or engineer determine that a higher rate of retainage is required to ensure 2122performance of the contract. Retainage, however, shall not exceed ten percent of the value of the contract or subcontract. Except as provided in subsection 4 of 2324this section,]. If the contractor is not required to obtain a bond under section 107.170 because the cost of the public works contract is not 25estimated to exceed fifty thousand dollars, the public owner may 2627withhold retainage on the public works project in an amount not to 28exceed ten percent of the value of the contract or subcontract. The 29public owner shall pay the contractor the amount due, less a retainage [not to

(a) The date of delivery of materials or construction services purchased;
(b) The date, as designated by the public owner, upon which the invoice
is duly delivered to the person or place designated by the public owner; or

exceed ten percent], within thirty days following the latter of the following:

34 (c) In those instances in which the contractor approves the public owner's 35 estimate, the date upon which such notice of approval is duly delivered to the 36 person or place designated by the public owner;

(2) Payments shall be considered received within the context of this
section when they are duly posted with the United States Postal Service or other
agreed upon delivery service or when they are hand-delivered to an authorized
person or place as agreed to by the contracting parties;

41 (3) If, in the discretion of the owner and the project architect or engineer 42and the contractor, it is determined that a subcontractor's performance has been 43completed and the subcontractor can be released prior to substantial completion of the public works contract without risk to the public owner, the contractor shall 44 45request such adjustment in retainage, if any, from the public owner as necessary to enable the contractor to pay the subcontractor in full. The public owner may 46 47reduce or eliminate retainage on any contract payment if, in the public owner's opinion, the work is proceeding satisfactorily. If retainage is released and there 48 49 are any remaining minor items to be completed, an amount equal to [two] one 50hundred **fifty** percent of the value of each item as determined by the public owner's duly authorized [representative] representatives shall be withheld 51

52 until such item or items are completed;

53(4) The public owner shall pay at least ninety-eight percent of the retainage, less any offsets or deductions authorized in the contract or otherwise 54authorized by law, to the contractor. The contractor shall pay the 55subcontractor or supplier after substantial completion of the contract work 56and acceptance by the public owner's authorized contract representative, or as 57may otherwise be provided by the contract specifications for state highway, road 58or bridge projects administered by the state highways and transportation 59commission. Such payment shall be made within thirty days after acceptance, 60 61 and the invoice and all other appropriate documentation and certifications in 62 complete and acceptable form are provided, as may be required by the contract 63 documents. If the public owner or the owner's representative determines 64 the work is not substantially completed and accepted, then the owner or the owner's representative shall provide a written explanation of 65 66 why the work is not considered substantially completed and accepted within fourteen calendar days to the contractor, who shall then provide 67 such notice to the subcontractor or suppliers responsible for such 68 work. If such written explanation is not given by the public body, the 69 public body shall pay at least ninety-eight percent of the retainage 70within thirty calendar days. If at that time there are any remaining minor 71items to be completed, an amount equal to [two] one hundred fifty percent of the 72value of each item as determined by the public owner's representative shall be 7374withheld until such items are completed;

75(5) All estimates or invoices for supplies and services purchased, approved and processed, or final payments, shall be paid promptly and shall be subject to 76 77late payment charges provided in this section. Except as provided in subsection 784 of this section, if the contractor has not been paid within thirty days as set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the contracting agency shall 79pay the contractor, in addition to the payment due him, interest at the rate of one 80 and one-half percent per month calculated from the expiration of the thirty-day 81 82 period until fully paid;

(6) When a contractor receives any payment, the contractor shall pay each
subcontractor and material supplier in proportion to the work completed by each
subcontractor and material supplier his application less any retention not to
exceed [ten] five percent. If the contractor receives less than the full payment
due under the public construction contract, the contractor shall be obligated to

88 disburse on a pro rata basis those funds received, with the contractor, 89 subcontractors and material suppliers each receiving a prorated portion based on the amount of payment. When, however, the public owner does not release the 90 full payment due under the contract because there are specific areas of work or 9192 materials he is rejecting or because he has otherwise determined such areas are not suitable for payment then those specific subcontractors or suppliers involved 93 shall not be paid for that portion of the work rejected or deemed not suitable for 94 95 payment; provided the public owner or the owner's representative gives a written explanation to the contractor, subcontractor, or supplier 96 involved as to why the work or supplies were rejected or deemed not 97 suitable for payment, and all other subcontractors and suppliers shall be paid 98 99 in full;

100(7) If the contractor, without reasonable cause, fails to make any payment 101 to his subcontractors and material suppliers within fifteen days after receipt of 102payment under the public construction contract, the contractor shall pay to his 103 subcontractors and material suppliers, in addition to the payment due them, 104 interest in the amount of one and one-half percent per month, calculated from the expiration of the fifteen-day period until fully paid. This subdivision shall also 105 apply to any payments made by subcontractors and material suppliers to their 106 107 subcontractors and material suppliers and to all payments made to lower tier subcontractors and material suppliers throughout the contracting chain; 108

(8) The public owner shall make final payment of all moneys owed to the
contractor, including any retainage withheld under subdivision (4) of this
subsection, less any offsets or deductions authorized in the contract or otherwise
authorized by law, within thirty days of the due date. Final payment shall be
considered due upon the earliest of the following events:

(a) Completion of the project and filing with the owner of all required
documentation and certifications, in complete and acceptable form, in accordance
with the terms and conditions of the contract;

(b) The project is certified by the architect or engineer authorized to make
such certification on behalf of the owner as having been completed, including the
filing of all documentation and certifications required by the contract, in complete
and acceptable form; or

(c) The project is certified by the contracting authority as having been
completed, including the filing of all documentation and certifications required
by the contract, in complete and acceptable form.

1242. Nothing in this section shall prevent the contractor or subcontractor, 125at the time of application or certification to the public owner or contractor, from withholding such applications or certifications to the owner or contractor for 126 127payment to the subcontractor or material supplier. Amounts intended to be 128withheld shall not be included in such applications or certifications to the public 129 owner or contractor. Reasons for withholding such applications or certifications 130 shall include, but not be limited to, the following: unsatisfactory job progress; 131 defective construction work or material not remedied; disputed work; failure to 132comply with other material provisions of the contract; third party claims filed or reasonable evidence that a claim will be filed; failure of the subcontractor to make 133134 timely payments for labor, equipment and materials; damage to a contractor or 135another subcontractor or material supplier; reasonable evidence that the contract 136can not be completed for the unpaid balance of the subcontract sum or a 137 reasonable amount for retention, not to exceed the initial percentage retained by 138the owner.

1393. Should the contractor determine, after application or certification has 140been made and after payment has been received from the public owner, or after payment has been received by a contractor based upon the public owner's 141 142estimate of materials in place and work performed as provided by contract, that 143all or a portion of the moneys needs to be withheld from a specific subcontractor 144or material supplier for any of the reasons enumerated in this section, and such moneys are withheld from such subcontractor or material supplier, then such 145146 undistributed amounts shall be specifically identified in writing and deducted 147from the next application or certification made to the public owner or from the 148 next estimate by the public owner of payment due the contractor, until a 149 resolution of the matter has been achieved. Disputes shall be resolved in 150accordance with the terms of the contract documents. Upon such resolution the amounts withheld by the contractor from the subcontractor or material supplier 151152shall be included in the next application or certification made to the public owner 153or the next estimate by the public owner and shall be paid promptly in accordance with the provisions of this section. This subsection shall also apply to 154155applications or certifications made by subcontractors or material suppliers to the 156contractor and throughout the various tiers of the contracting chain.

4. The contracts which provide for payments to the contractor based upon
the public owner's estimate of materials in place and work performed rather than
applications or certifications submitted by the contractor, the public owner shall

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160 pay the contractor within thirty days following the date upon which the estimate 161 is required by contract to be completed by the public owner, the amount due less a retainage not to exceed five percent. All such estimates by the public owner 162 shall be paid promptly and shall be subject to late payment charges as provided 163in this subsection. After the thirtieth day following the date upon which the 164estimate is required by contract to be completed by the public owner, the 165contracting agency shall pay the contractor, in addition to the payment due him, 166 167 interest at a rate of one and one-half percent per month calculated from the 168expiration of the thirty-day period until fully paid.

169 5. The public owner shall pay or cause to be paid to any 170 professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, or land surveyor 171 the amount due within thirty days following the receipt of an invoice 172 prepared and submitted in accordance with the contract terms. In 173 addition to the payment due, the contracting agency shall pay interest 174 at the rate of one and one-half percent per month calculated from the 175 expiration of the thirty-day period until fully paid.

176 6. Nothing in this section shall prevent the owner from withholding payment or final payment from the contractor, or a subcontractor or material 177supplier. Reasons for withholding payment or final payment shall include, but 178not be limited to, the following: liquidated damages; unsatisfactory job progress; 179180 defective construction work or material not remedied; disputed work; failure to comply with any material provision of the contract; third party claims filed or 181 182 reasonable evidence that a claim will be filed; failure to make timely payments 183 for labor, equipment or materials; damage to a contractor, subcontractor or 184material supplier; reasonable evidence that a subcontractor or material supplier 185cannot be fully compensated under its contract with the contractor for the unpaid 186 balance of the contract sum; or citation by the enforcing authority for acts of the 187 contractor or subcontractor which do not comply with any material provision of the contract and which result in a violation of any federal, state or local law, 188 189regulation or ordinance applicable to that project causing additional costs or damages to the owner. 190

191 7. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require direct 192 payment by a public owner to a subcontractor or supplier, except in the 193 case of the default, as determined by a court, of the contractor on the 194 contract with the public owner where no performance or payment bond 195 is required or where the surety fails to execute its duties, as

#### 196 determined by a court.

197 [6.] 8. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section to the 198 contrary, no late payment interest shall be due and owing for payments which are 199 withheld in good faith for reasonable cause pursuant to subsections [2 and 5] 2, 200 5, and 6 of this section. If it is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction 201that a payment which was withheld pursuant to subsections [2 and 5] 2, 5, and 2026 of this section was not withheld in good faith for reasonable cause, the court 203may impose interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month calculated 204from the date of the invoice and may, in its discretion, award reasonable attorney 205fees to the prevailing party. In any civil action or part of a civil action brought pursuant to this section, if a court determines after a hearing for such purpose 206207that the cause was initiated, or a defense was asserted, or a motion was filed, or 208 any proceeding therein was done frivolously and in bad faith, the court shall 209 require the party who initiated such cause, asserted such defense, filed such 210motion, or caused such proceeding to be had to pay the other party named in such 211action the amount of the costs attributable thereto and reasonable expenses 212incurred by such party, including reasonable attorney fees.

107.170. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Contractor", a person or business entity who provides construction
services under contract to a public entity. Contractor specifically does not include
professional engineers, architects or land surveyors licensed pursuant to chapter
327, those who provide environmental assessment services or those who design,
create or otherwise provide works of art under a city's formally established
program for the acquisition and installation of works of art and other aesthetic
adornments to public buildings and property;

9 (2) "Public entity", any official, board, commission or agency of this state 10 or any county, city, town, township, school, road district or other political 11 subdivision of this state;

(3) "Public works", the erection, construction, alteration, repair or
improvement of any building, road, street, public utility or other public facility
owned by the public entity.

2. It is hereby made the duty of all public entities in this state, in making contracts for public works, the cost of which is estimated to exceed [twenty-five] **fifty** thousand dollars, to be performed for the public entity, to require every contractor for such work to furnish to the public entity, a bond with good and sufficient sureties, in an amount fixed by the public entity, and such bond, among 20 other conditions, shall be conditioned for the payment of any and all materials, 21 incorporated, consumed or used in connection with the construction of such work, 22 and all insurance premiums, both for compensation, and for all other kinds of 23 insurance, said work, and for all labor performed in such work whether by 24 subcontractor or otherwise.

3. All bonds executed and furnished under the provisions of this section
shall be deemed to contain the requirements and conditions as herein set out,
regardless of whether the same be set forth in said bond, or of any terms or
provisions of said bond to the contrary notwithstanding.

294. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a member of the 30 school board of any public school district of this state to independently confirm 31the existence or solvency of any bonding company if a contractor represents to the 32member that the bonding company is solvent and that the representations made in the purported bond are true and correct. This subsection shall not relieve from 33 34any liability any school board member who has any actual knowledge of the insolvency of any bonding company, or any school board member who does not act 3536 in good faith in complying with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section.

5. A public entity may defend, save harmless and indemnify any of its officers and employees, whether elective or appointive, against any claim or demand, whether groundless or otherwise arising out of an alleged act or omission occurring in the performance of a duty under this section. The provisions of this subsection do not apply in case of malfeasance in office or willful or wanton neglect of duty.

