FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 568

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Jobs, Economic Development and Local Government, May 15, 2013, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

1608S.02C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.457, 67.463, and 67.469, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to neighborhood improvement districts special assessments.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.457, 67.463, and 67.469, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.457, 67.463, and 67.469, to read as follows:

67.457. 1. To establish a neighborhood improvement district, the 2 governing body of any city or county shall comply with either of the procedures 3 described in subsection 2 or 3 of this section.

4 2. The governing body of any city or county proposing to create a $\mathbf{5}$ neighborhood improvement district may by resolution submit the question of creating such district to all qualified voters residing within such district at a 6 7 general or special election called for that purpose. Such resolution shall set forth the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the 8 9 proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, and the 10 proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, 11 12including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original 13improvement and after such bonds are paid in full. The governing body of the 14 city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when the question 15of creating such district has been approved by the vote of the percentage of 16

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17electors within such district voting thereon that is equal to the percentage of 18 voter approval required for the issuance of general obligation bonds of such city or county under article VI, section 26 of the constitution of this state. The notice 19 20of election containing the question of creating a neighborhood improvement 21district shall contain the project name for the proposed improvement, the general 22nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the 23boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the 24proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, 25including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the 26improvement in each year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are 27paid in full, and a statement that the final cost of such improvement assessed 28against real property within the district and the amount of general obligation 29bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the estimated cost of such improvement, 30 as stated in such notice, by more than twenty-five percent, and that the annual 31assessment for maintenance costs of the improvements shall not exceed the estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such notice, by more than 3233 twenty-five percent. The ballot upon which the question of creating a neighborhood improvement district is submitted to the qualified voters residing 3435within the proposed district shall contain a question in substantially the following

36 form:

37Shall (name of city or county) be authorized to create a neighborhood improvement district proposed for the 3839 (project name for the proposed improvement) and incur indebtedness and issue 40 general obligation bonds to pay for all or part of the cost of public improvements within such district, the cost of all indebtedness so incurred to be assessed by the 41 42 governing body of the (city or county) on the real property benefitted by such improvements for a period of years, and, if included in 43the resolution, an assessment in each year thereafter with the proceeds thereof 44used solely for maintenance of the improvement? 45

3. As an alternative to the procedure described in subsection 2 of this section, the governing body of a city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when a proper petition has been signed by the owners of record of at least two-thirds by area of all real property located within such proposed district. Each owner of record of real property located in the proposed district is allowed one signature. Any person, corporation, or limited liability partnership owning more than one parcel of land located in such proposed district

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shall be allowed only one signature on such petition. The petition, in order to 5354become effective, shall be filed with the city clerk or county clerk. A proper petition for the creation of a neighborhood improvement district shall set forth 55the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the 56proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries 57of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed 58method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including 59any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement 60 in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement 61 and after such bonds are paid in full, a notice that the names of the signers may 62 63 not be withdrawn later than seven days after the petition is filed with the city 64 clerk or county clerk, and a notice that the final cost of such improvement 65 assessed against real property within the district and the amount of general 66 obligation bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the estimated cost of such 67 improvement, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent, and 68 that the annual assessment for maintenance costs of the improvements shall not 69 exceed the estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent. 70

714. Upon receiving the requisite voter approval at an election or upon the 72filing of a proper petition with the city clerk or county clerk, the governing body 73may by resolution or ordinance determine the advisability of the improvement 74and may order that the district be established and that preliminary plans and specifications for the improvement be made. Such resolution or ordinance shall 75state and make findings as to the project name for the proposed improvement, the 7677nature of the improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed 78method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including 79 any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement 80 in each year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are paid in full, 81 82 and shall also state that the final cost of such improvement assessed against the 83 real property within the neighborhood improvement district and the amount of general obligation bonds issued therefor shall not, without a new election or 84 85 petition, exceed the estimated cost of such improvement by more than twenty-five 86 percent.

5. The boundaries of the proposed district shall be described by metes and bounds, streets or other sufficiently specific description. The area of the neighborhood improvement district finally determined by the governing body of
the city or county to be assessed may be less than, but shall not exceed, the total
area comprising such district.

926. In any neighborhood improvement district organized prior to August 93 28, 1994, an assessment may be levied and collected after the original period approved for assessment of property within the district has expired, with the 94 proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, if the residents 95 of the neighborhood improvement district either vote to assess real property 96 97 within the district for the maintenance costs in the manner prescribed in subsection 2 of this section or if the owners of two-thirds of the area of all real 98 99 property located within the district sign a petition for such purpose in the same manner as prescribed in subsection 3 of this section. 100

101 7. Prior to any assessment hereafter being levied against any 102 real property within any neighborhood improvement district, and prior to any lien enforceable under either chapter 140 or 141 being imposed 103 after August 28, 2013 against any real property within a neighborhood 104 improvement district, the clerk of the governing body establishing the 105neighborhood improvement district shall cause to be recorded with the 106 107 recorder of deeds for the county in which any portion of the 108 neighborhood improvement district is located, a document conforming to the provisions of sections 59.310 and 59.313, and which shall contain 109 110 at least the following information:

(1) Each owner of record of real property located within the
neighborhood improvement district at the time of recording, who shall
be identified in the document as grantors and indexed by the recorder
pursuant to section 59.440;

(2) The governing body establishing the neighborhood improvement district and the title of any official or agency responsible for collecting or enforcing any assessments, who shall be identified in the document as grantees and so indexed by the recorder pursuant to section 59.440;

120 (3) The legal description of the property within the 121 neighborhood improvement district which may either be the metes and 122 bounds description authorized in subsection 5 of this section or the 123 legal description of each lot or parcel within the neighborhood 124 improvement district; and

125 (4) The identifying number of the resolution or ordinance

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126 creating the neighborhood improvement district, or a copy of such127 resolution or ordinance.

67.463. 1. At the hearing to consider the proposed improvements and assessments, the governing body shall hear and pass upon all objections to the proposed improvements and proposed assessments, if any, and may amend the proposed improvements, and the plans and specifications therefor, or assessments as to any property, and thereupon by ordinance or resolution the governing body of the city or county shall order that the improvement be made and direct that financing for the cost thereof be obtained as provided in sections 67.453 to 67.475.

8 2. After construction of the improvement has been completed in accordance with the plans and specifications therefor, the governing body shall 9 10 compute the final costs of the improvement and apportion the costs among the 11 property benefitted by such improvement in such equitable manner as the 12governing body shall determine, charging each parcel of property with its 13 proportionate share of the costs, and by resolution or ordinance, assess the final cost of the improvement or the amount of general obligation bonds issued or to 14 15be issued therefor as special assessments against the property described in the assessment roll. 16

3. After the passage or adoption of the ordinance or resolution assessing 17the special assessments, the city clerk or county clerk shall mail a notice to each 18 property owner within the district which sets forth a description of each parcel 19 of real property to be assessed which is owned by such owner, the special 2021assessment assigned to such property, and a statement that the property owner 22may pay such assessment in full, together with interest accrued thereon from the 23effective date of such ordinance or resolution, on or before a specified date 24determined by the effective date of the ordinance or resolution, or may pay such 25assessment in annual installments as provided in subsection 4 of this section.

264. The special assessments shall be assessed upon the property included therein concurrent with general property taxes, and shall be payable in 2728substantially equal annual installments for a duration stated in the ballot measure prescribed in subsection 2 of section 67.457 or in the petition prescribed 2930 in subsection 3 of section 67.457, and, if authorized, an assessment in each year 31thereafter levied and collected in the same manner with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, taking into account such assessments 3233 and interest thereon, as the governing body determines. The first installment shall be payable after the first collection of general property taxes following the 34

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35 adoption of the assessment ordinance or resolution unless such ordinance or 36 resolution was adopted and certified too late to permit its collection at such time. All assessments shall bear interest at such rate as the governing body 37 determines, not to exceed the rate permitted for bonds by section 3839 108.170. Interest on the assessment between the effective date of the ordinance or resolution assessing the assessment and the date the first installment is 40 payable shall be added to the first installment. The interest for one year on all 41 42unpaid installments shall be added to each subsequent installment until paid. In 43the case of a special assessment by a city, all of the installments, together with 44 the interest accrued or to accrue thereon, may be certified by the city clerk to the 45county clerk in one instrument at the same time. Such certification shall be good 46for all of the installments, and the interest thereon payable as special 47assessments.

48 5. Special assessments shall be collected and paid over to the city 49 treasurer or county treasurer in the same manner as taxes of the city or county are collected and paid. In any county with a charter form of government 50 51and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven 52hundred thousand inhabitants and any county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one 53hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants, the county collector may 5455collect a fee as prescribed by section 52.260 for collection of assessments under this section. 56

67.469. A special assessment authorized under the provisions of sections $\mathbf{2}$ 67.453 to 67.475 shall be a lien, from the date of the assessment, on the property against which it is assessed on behalf of the city or county assessing the same to 3 the same extent as a tax upon real property. The lien may be foreclosed in the 4 same manner as a tax upon real property by land tax sale pursuant to chapter 5 140 or [by judicial foreclosure proceeding], if applicable to that county, 6 chapter 141, or at the option of the governing body, by judicial foreclosure 7 proceeding. Upon the foreclosure of any such lien, whether by land tax sale or 8 by judicial foreclosure proceeding, the entire remaining assessment may become 9 10 due and payable and may be recoverable in such foreclosure proceeding at the option of the governing body. 11

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