

FIRST REGULAR SESSION  
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR  
**SENATE BILL NO. 226**  
97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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Reported from the Committee on Veterans' Affairs and Health, March 28, 2013, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

1032S.03C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

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**AN ACT**

To repeal sections 56.700, 631.165, 632.005, 632.150, 632.155, 632.300, 632.305, 632.330, 632.335, 632.337, 632.340, 632.350, 632.355, 632.375, 632.390, and 632.430, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof sixteen new sections relating to mental health services.

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*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Sections 56.700, 631.165, 632.005, 632.150, 632.155, 632.300, 632.305, 632.330, 632.335, 632.337, 632.340, 632.350, 632.355, 632.375, 632.390, and 632.430, RSMo, are repealed and sixteen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 56.700, 631.165, 632.005, 632.150, 632.155, 632.300, 632.305, 632.330, 632.335, 632.337, 632.340, 632.350, 632.355, 632.375, 632.390, and 632.430, to read as follows:

56.700. 1. The prosecuting attorney in each county of the second, third, or fourth class, **or any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants**, which contains a mental health facility able to serve at least eighty persons on an overnight, inpatient basis at any one time, and which is operated by the state department of mental health, division of psychiatric services, may employ an assistant prosecuting attorney to assist in carrying out the duties of the office of prosecuting attorney relating to mental health and mental health facilities. The assistant prosecuting attorney authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to any other assistant prosecuting attorney authorized by law. The assistant prosecuting attorney employed under this subsection shall receive an annual compensation of fifteen thousand dollars payable out of the state treasury

**EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.**

13 from funds appropriated for that purpose.

14           2. The county counselor or circuit attorney in each county of the first class  
15 with a charter form of government containing part of a city with a population of  
16 over four hundred fifty thousand and in each city not within a county may employ  
17 an assistant county counselor or circuit attorney to assist in carrying out the  
18 duties of the office of the county counselor or circuit attorney relating to mental  
19 health and mental health facilities. The assistant authorized by this subsection  
20 shall be in addition to any other assistants authorized by law. The assistant  
21 county counselor or circuit attorney employed under this subsection shall receive  
22 an annual compensation of fifteen thousand dollars payable out of the state  
23 treasury from funds appropriated for that purpose.

24           3. The prosecuting attorney in each county of the second, third, or fourth  
25 class, **or any county of the first classification with more than one**  
26 **hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand**  
27 **inhabitants**, which contains a mental health facility able to serve at least eighty  
28 persons on an overnight, inpatient basis at any one time, and which is operated  
29 by the state department of mental health, division of psychiatric services, may  
30 employ additional investigative and clerical personnel to assist in carrying out  
31 the duties of the office of prosecuting attorney relating to mental health and  
32 mental health facilities. The investigative and clerical personnel authorized by  
33 this subsection shall be in addition to any other personnel authorized by  
34 law. The compensation for such additional investigative and clerical personnel,  
35 not to exceed a total of fifteen thousand dollars annually for each eligible county,  
36 shall be paid out of the state treasury from funds appropriated for that purpose.

37           4. The county counselor or circuit attorney in each county of the first class  
38 with a charter form of government containing part of a city with a population of  
39 over four hundred fifty thousand and in each city not within a county may employ  
40 additional investigative and clerical personnel to assist in carrying out the duties  
41 of the office of the county counselor or circuit attorney relating to mental health  
42 and mental health facilities. The investigative and clerical personnel authorized  
43 by this subsection shall be in addition to any other personnel authorized by  
44 law. The compensation for such additional investigative and clerical personnel,  
45 not to exceed a total of fifteen thousand dollars annually for each eligible county  
46 or city not within a county, shall be paid out of the state treasury from funds  
47 appropriated for that purpose.

631.165. If the head of the alcohol or drug abuse facility finds that a

2 person who is detained for treatment and rehabilitation is presenting a likelihood  
3 of serious harm as a result of mental disorder other than alcohol or drug abuse,  
4 or both, **or is gravely disabled**, the head of the facility shall arrange for the  
5 transfer of the person to a mental health facility through a mental health  
6 coordinator, or through a licensed physician, registered professional nurse,  
7 qualified counselor or mental health professional designated by the mental health  
8 facility. The person may be detained for up to ninety-six hours for evaluation and  
9 treatment, under the procedures of sections 632.310, 632.315, 632.320 and  
10 632.325, before filing a petition for further detention under sections 632.330 and  
11 632.335.

632.005. As used in chapter 631 and this chapter, unless the context  
2 clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Comprehensive psychiatric services", any one, or any combination of  
4 two or more, of the following services to persons affected by mental disorders  
5 other than intellectual disabilities or developmental disabilities: inpatient,  
6 outpatient, day program or other partial hospitalization, emergency, diagnostic,  
7 treatment, liaison, follow-up, consultation, education, rehabilitation, prevention,  
8 screening, transitional living, medical prevention and treatment for alcohol abuse,  
9 and medical prevention and treatment for drug abuse;

10 (2) "Council", the Missouri advisory council for comprehensive psychiatric  
11 services;

12 (3) "Court", the court which has jurisdiction over the respondent or  
13 patient;

14 (4) "Division", the division of comprehensive psychiatric services of the  
15 department of mental health;

16 (5) "Division director", director of the division of comprehensive  
17 psychiatric services of the department of mental health, or his designee;

18 (6) **"Gravely disabled", a condition in which a person, as a result  
19 of mental illness or mental disorder, lacks judgment in the management  
20 of his or her resources and in the conduct of his or her social relations  
21 to the extent that his or her health or safety is significantly endangered  
22 and he or she lacks the capacity to understand that this is so. A person  
23 of any age can be gravely disabled, but such term shall not include a  
24 person who has a developmental disability by reason of the person's  
25 developmental disability alone;**

26 (7) "Head of mental health facility", superintendent or other chief

27 administrative officer of a mental health facility, or his designee;

28       [(7)] (8) "Judicial day", any Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or  
29 Friday when the court is open for business, but excluding Saturdays, Sundays  
30 and legal holidays;

31       [(8)] (9) "Licensed physician", a physician licensed pursuant to the  
32 provisions of chapter 334 or a person authorized to practice medicine in this state  
33 pursuant to the provisions of section 334.150;

34       [(9)] (10) "Licensed professional counselor", a person licensed as a  
35 professional counselor under chapter 337 and with a minimum of one year  
36 training or experience in providing psychiatric care, treatment, or services in a  
37 psychiatric setting to individuals suffering from a mental disorder;

38       [(10)] (11) "Likelihood of serious harm" means any one or more of the  
39 following but does not require actual physical injury to have occurred:

40       (a) A substantial risk that serious physical harm will be inflicted by a  
41 person upon his own person, as evidenced by recent threats, including verbal  
42 threats, or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on  
43 himself. Evidence of substantial risk may also include information about  
44 patterns of behavior that historically have resulted in serious harm previously  
45 being inflicted by a person upon himself; or

46       (b) A substantial risk that serious physical harm to a person will result  
47 or is occurring because of an impairment in his capacity to make decisions with  
48 respect to his hospitalization and need for treatment as evidenced by his current  
49 mental disorder or mental illness which results in an inability to provide for his  
50 own basic necessities of food, clothing, shelter, safety or medical care or his  
51 inability to provide for his own mental health care which may result in a  
52 substantial risk of serious physical harm. Evidence of that substantial risk may  
53 also include information about patterns of behavior that historically have resulted  
54 in serious harm to the person previously taking place because of a mental  
55 disorder or mental illness which resulted in his inability to provide for his basic  
56 necessities of food, clothing, shelter, safety or medical or mental health care; or

57       (c) A substantial risk that serious physical harm will be inflicted by a  
58 person upon another as evidenced by recent overt acts, behavior or threats,  
59 including verbal threats, which have caused such harm or which would place a  
60 reasonable person in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm. Evidence of that  
61 substantial risk may also include information about patterns of behavior that  
62 historically have resulted in physical harm previously being inflicted by a person

63 upon another person;

64       [(11)] **(12)** "Mental health coordinator", a mental health professional who  
65 has knowledge of the laws relating to hospital admissions and civil commitment  
66 and who is authorized by the director of the department, or his designee, to serve  
67 a designated geographic area or mental health facility and who has the powers,  
68 duties and responsibilities provided in this chapter;

69       [(12)] **(13)** "Mental health facility", any residential facility, public or  
70 private, or any public or private hospital, which can provide evaluation,  
71 treatment and, inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder or  
72 mental illness and which is recognized as such by the department or any  
73 outpatient treatment program certified by the department of mental health. No  
74 correctional institution or facility, jail, regional center or developmental disability  
75 facility shall be a mental health facility within the meaning of this chapter;

76       [(13)] **(14)** "Mental health professional", a psychiatrist, resident in  
77 psychiatry, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, licensed professional counselor, or  
78 psychiatric social worker;

79       [(14)] **(15)** "Mental health program", any public or private residential  
80 facility, public or private hospital, public or private specialized service or public  
81 or private day program that can provide care, treatment, rehabilitation or  
82 services, either through its own staff or through contracted providers, in an  
83 inpatient or outpatient setting to persons with a mental disorder or mental illness  
84 or with a diagnosis of alcohol abuse or drug abuse which is recognized as such by  
85 the department. No correctional institution or facility or jail may be a mental  
86 health program within the meaning of this chapter;

87       [(15)] **(16)** "Ninety-six hours" shall be construed and computed to exclude  
88 Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays which are observed either by the court or  
89 by the mental health facility where the respondent is detained;

90       [(16)] **(17)** "Peace officer", a sheriff, deputy sheriff, county or municipal  
91 police officer or highway patrolman;

92       [(17)] **(18)** "Psychiatric nurse", a registered professional nurse who is  
93 licensed under chapter 335 and who has had at least two years of experience as  
94 a registered professional nurse in providing psychiatric nursing treatment to  
95 individuals suffering from mental disorders;

96       [(18)] **(19)** "Psychiatric social worker", a person with a master's or  
97 further advanced degree from an accredited school of social work, practicing  
98 pursuant to chapter 337, and with a minimum of one year training or experience

99 in providing psychiatric care, treatment or services in a psychiatric setting to  
100 individuals suffering from a mental disorder;

101       [(19)] **(20)** "Psychiatrist", a licensed physician who in addition has  
102 successfully completed a training program in psychiatry approved by the  
103 American Medical Association, the American Osteopathic Association or other  
104 training program certified as equivalent by the department;

105       [(20)] **(21)** "Psychologist", a person licensed to practice psychology under  
106 chapter 337 with a minimum of one year training or experience in providing  
107 treatment or services to mentally disordered or mentally ill individuals;

108       [(21)] **(22)** "Resident in psychiatry", a licensed physician who is in a  
109 training program in psychiatry approved by the American Medical Association,  
110 the American Osteopathic Association or other training program certified as  
111 equivalent by the department;

112       [(22)] **(23)** "Respondent", an individual against whom involuntary civil  
113 detention proceedings are instituted pursuant to this chapter;

114       [(23)] **(24)** "Treatment", any effort to accomplish a significant change in  
115 the mental or emotional conditions or the behavior of the patient consistent with  
116 generally recognized principles or standards in the mental health professions.

632.150. 1. A voluntary patient who has applied for his own admission  
2 may request his release either orally or in writing to the head of the mental  
3 health facility and shall be released immediately; except, that if the head of the  
4 facility determines that he is mentally disordered and, as a result, presents a  
5 likelihood of serious physical harm to himself or others, **or is gravely disabled**,  
6 the head of the facility may refuse the request for release.

7       2. If the request for release is refused, the mental health facility may  
8 detain the person only if a mental health coordinator, a licensed physician, a  
9 registered professional nurse designated by the facility and approved by the  
10 department, a mental health professional or a peace officer completes an  
11 application for detention for evaluation and treatment to begin the involuntary  
12 detention of the patient under this chapter.

632.155. 1. A voluntary patient who is a minor and who requests his  
2 release either orally or in writing, or whose release is requested in writing to the  
3 head of the facility by his parent, spouse, adult next of kin, or person entitled to  
4 his custody, shall be released immediately; except, that if the patient was  
5 admitted on the application of another person, his release shall be conditioned  
6 upon receiving the consent of the person applying for his admission.

2. If the head of the mental health facility determines that the minor is mentally disordered and, as a result, presents a likelihood of serious physical harm to himself or others, **or is gravely disabled**, the head of the facility may refuse the release. The mental health facility may detain the minor only if a mental health coordinator, a licensed physician, a mental health professional or a registered professional nurse designated by the facility and approved by the department completes an application for detention for evaluation and treatment to begin the involuntary detention of the minor under this chapter or, if appropriate, the minor is detained in the facility under the provisions of chapter 211.

632.300. 1. When a mental health coordinator receives information alleging that a person, as the result of a mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, **or that the person is gravely disabled**, he shall:

- (1) Conduct an investigation;
- (2) Evaluate the allegations and the data developed by investigation; and
- (3) Evaluate the reliability and credibility of all sources of information.

2. If, as the result of personal observation or investigation, the mental health coordinator has reasonable cause to believe that such person is mentally disordered and, as a result, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, **or that the person is gravely disabled**, the mental health coordinator may file an application with the court having probate jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of section 632.305; provided, however, that should the mental health coordinator have reasonable cause to believe, as the result of personal observation or investigation, that the likelihood of serious harm by such person to himself or others as a result of a mental disorder is imminent unless the person is immediately taken into custody, **or the person is gravely disabled and there exists an imminent risk to the person's health or safety unless such person is immediately taken into custody**, the mental health coordinator shall request a peace officer to take or cause such person to be taken into custody and transported to a mental health facility in accordance with the provisions of subsection 3 of section 632.305.

3. If the mental health coordinator determines that involuntary commitment is not appropriate, he should inform either the person, his family or friends about those public and private agencies and courts which might be of assistance.

632.305. 1. An application for detention for evaluation and treatment  
2 may be executed by any adult person, who need not be an attorney or represented  
3 by an attorney, including the mental health coordinator, on a form provided by  
4 the court for such purpose, and must allege under oath that the applicant has  
5 reason to believe that the respondent is suffering from a mental disorder and  
6 presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or to others, **or is gravely**  
7 **disabled**. The application must specify the factual information on which such  
8 belief is based and should contain the names and addresses of all persons known  
9 to the applicant who have knowledge of such facts through personal observation.

10 2. The filing of a written application in court by any adult person, who  
11 need not be an attorney or represented by an attorney, including the mental  
12 health coordinator, shall authorize the applicant to bring the matter before the  
13 court on an ex parte basis to determine whether the respondent should be taken  
14 into custody and transported to a mental health facility. The application may be  
15 filed in the court having probate jurisdiction in any county where the respondent  
16 may be found. If the court finds that there is probable cause, either upon  
17 testimony under oath or upon a review of affidavits, to believe that the  
18 respondent may be suffering from a mental disorder and presents a likelihood of  
19 serious harm to himself or others, **or is gravely disabled**, it shall direct a peace  
20 officer to take the respondent into custody and transport him to a mental health  
21 facility for detention for evaluation and treatment for a period not to exceed  
22 ninety-six hours unless further detention and treatment is authorized pursuant  
23 to this chapter. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the court, in the  
24 exercise of its discretion, from giving the respondent an opportunity to be heard.

25 3. A mental health coordinator may request a peace officer to take or a  
26 peace officer may take a person into custody for detention for evaluation and  
27 treatment for a period not to exceed ninety-six hours only when such mental  
28 health coordinator or peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that such  
29 person is suffering from a mental disorder and that the likelihood of serious harm  
30 by such person to himself or others is imminent unless such person is  
31 immediately taken into custody, **or the person is gravely disabled and there**  
32 **exists an imminent risk to the person's health or safety unless such**  
33 **person is immediately taken into custody**. Upon arrival at the mental  
34 health facility, the peace officer or mental health coordinator who conveyed such  
35 person or caused him to be conveyed shall either present the application for  
36 detention for evaluation and treatment upon which the court has issued a finding



37 of probable cause and the respondent was taken into custody or complete an  
38 application for initial detention for evaluation and treatment for a period not to  
39 exceed ninety-six hours which shall be based upon his own personal observations  
40 or investigations and shall contain the information required in subsection 1 of  
41 this section.

42 4. If a person presents himself or is presented by others to a mental  
43 health facility and a licensed physician, a registered professional nurse or a  
44 mental health professional designated by the head of the facility and approved  
45 by the department for such purpose has reasonable cause to believe that the  
46 person is mentally disordered and presents an imminent likelihood of serious  
47 harm to himself or others unless he is accepted for detention, **or the person is**  
48 **gravely disabled and there exists an imminent risk to the person's**  
49 **health or safety unless such person is accepted for detention,** the  
50 licensed physician, the mental health professional or the registered professional  
51 nurse designated by the facility and approved by the department may complete  
52 an application for detention for evaluation and treatment for a period not to  
53 exceed ninety-six hours. The application shall be based on his own personal  
54 observations or investigation and shall contain the information required in  
55 subsection 1 of this section.

632.330. 1. At the expiration of the ninety-six hour period, the respondent  
2 may be detained and treated involuntarily for an additional two judicial days only  
3 if the head of the mental health facility or a mental health coordinator either has  
4 filed a petition for additional inpatient detention and treatment not to exceed  
5 twenty-one days or has filed a petition for outpatient detention and treatment for  
6 a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

7 2. Within ninety-six hours following initial detention, the head of the  
8 facility or the mental health coordinator may file or cause to be filed either a  
9 petition for a twenty-one-day inpatient involuntary detention and treatment  
10 period or a petition for outpatient detention and treatment for a period not to  
11 exceed one hundred eighty days, provided he has reasonable cause to believe that  
12 the person is mentally ill and as a result presents a likelihood of serious harm to  
13 himself or others, **or is gravely disabled.** The court shall serve the petition  
14 and list of prospective witnesses for the petitioner upon the respondent and his  
15 attorney at least twenty-four hours before the hearing. The head of the facility  
16 shall also notify the mental health coordinator if the petition is not filed by the  
17 mental health coordinator. The petition shall:

18           (1) Allege that the respondent, by reason of mental illness, presents a  
19 likelihood of serious harm to himself or to others, **or is gravely disabled**;

20           (2) Allege that the respondent is in need of continued detention and  
21 treatment either on an inpatient basis or on an outpatient basis;

22           (3) Allege the specific behavior of the respondent or the facts which  
23 support such conclusion;

24           (4) Affirm that attempts were made to provide necessary care, treatment  
25 and services in the least restrictive environment to the respondent on a voluntary  
26 basis, but either the petitioner believes that the respondent lacks the capacity to  
27 voluntarily consent to care, treatment and services or the respondent refuses to  
28 voluntarily consent to care, treatment and services such that proceeding with a  
29 petition for the respondent's civil detention in the least restrictive environment  
30 is necessary;

31           (5) Allege that there will be appropriate support from family, friends, case  
32 managers or others during the period of outpatient detention and treatment in  
33 the community if such commitment is sought;

34           (6) Specify the mental health program that is appropriate to handle the  
35 respondent's condition and that has agreed to accept the respondent;

36           (7) Specify the range of care, treatment and services that shall be  
37 provided to the respondent if the petition for further detention is sustained by the  
38 court;

39           (8) Name the entities that have agreed to fund and provide the specified  
40 interventions; and

41           (9) Be verified by a psychiatrist or by a licensed physician and a mental  
42 health professional who have examined the respondent.

43           3. The petitioner shall consider whether based on the respondent's  
44 condition and treatment history, the respondent meets the criteria in chapter 475,  
45 so that appointment of a full or limited guardian or conservator is appropriate for  
46 the court to consider, and if deemed so, the petitioner then shall proceed as  
47 specified in subsection 4 of this section.

48           4. If the head of the mental health facility, or his designee, or the mental  
49 health coordinator believes that the respondent, because of a mental illness or  
50 mental disorder, may be incapacitated or disabled as defined in chapter 475, the  
51 head of the mental health facility or mental health coordinator shall cause a  
52 petition to be filed pursuant to section 475.060 and section 475.061, if applicable,  
53 with the court having probate jurisdiction as determined by section 475.035. In

54 addition, if the head of the mental health facility, his designee or the mental  
55 health coordinator believes it appropriate, he shall proceed with obtaining an  
56 order for the respondent's temporary emergency detention as provided for in  
57 section 475.355. Furthermore, the hearing on the petition filed pursuant to  
58 chapter 475 shall be conducted pursuant to the requirements of section 475.075  
59 and other appropriate sections of chapter 475, and shall be held within two  
60 judicial days after termination of the ninety-six-hour civil detention period unless  
61 continued for good cause shown. Nothing contained in this subsection shall  
62 restrict or prohibit the head of the mental health facility, his designee or the  
63 mental health coordinator from proceeding under the appropriate provisions of  
64 this chapter if the petition for guardianship or conservatorship is denied.

632.335. 1. The petition for additional inpatient detention and treatment  
2 not to exceed twenty-one days or the petition for outpatient detention and  
3 treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days shall be filed with the court  
4 having probate jurisdiction. At the time of filing the petition, the court clerk  
5 shall set a date and time for the hearing which shall take place within two  
6 judicial days of the filing of the petition. The clerk shall promptly notify the  
7 respondent, his attorney, the petitioner and the petitioner's attorney of the date  
8 and time for the hearing. The court shall not grant continuances except upon a  
9 showing of good and sufficient cause. If a continuance is granted, the court, in  
10 its discretion, may order the person released pending the hearing upon conditions  
11 prescribed by the court. The court may order the continued detention and  
12 treatment of the person at a mental health facility pending the continued  
13 hearing, and a copy of such order shall be furnished to the facility.

14 2. The hearing shall be conducted in as informal a manner as may be  
15 consistent with orderly procedure and in a physical setting not likely to have a  
16 harmful effect on the respondent. Due consideration shall be given by the court  
17 to holding a hearing at the mental health facility. The respondent shall have the  
18 following rights in addition to those specified elsewhere:

- 19 (1) To be represented by an attorney;
- 20 (2) To present evidence on his own behalf;
- 21 (3) To cross-examine witnesses who testify against him;
- 22 (4) To remain silent;
- 23 (5) To view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file of his case;
- 24 (6) To have the hearing open or closed to the public as he elects;
- 25 (7) To be proceeded against according to the rules of evidence applicable

26 to civil judicial proceedings;

27 (8) A hearing before a jury if requested by the patient or his attorney.

28 3. The respondent shall be present at the hearing, unless the respondent's  
29 physical condition is such that he cannot be present in the courtroom or if the  
30 court determines that the respondent's conduct in the courtroom is so disruptive  
31 that the proceedings cannot reasonably continue.

32 4. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds, based upon clear  
33 and convincing evidence, that respondent, as the result of mental illness, presents  
34 a likelihood of serious harm to himself or to others, **or is gravely disabled**, and  
35 that a mental health program appropriate to handle the respondent's condition  
36 has agreed to accept him, the court shall order either that the respondent be  
37 detained for inpatient involuntary treatment in the least restrictive environment  
38 for a period not to exceed twenty-one days or be detained for outpatient detention  
39 and treatment under the supervision of a mental health program in the least  
40 restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

632.337. 1. When the court has ordered up to one hundred eighty days  
2 of outpatient detention and treatment pursuant to section 632.335 or 632.350 or  
3 632.355, and the supervisory mental health program has good cause to believe  
4 that immediate detention in a more appropriate least restrictive environment is  
5 required because the respondent presents a likelihood of serious harm, **or is**  
6 **gravely disabled** due to mental illness, the supervisory mental health program  
7 may direct that the respondent be detained for up to ninety-six hours at an  
8 appropriate mental health program that has agreed to accept the respondent and  
9 may authorize the sheriff to detain and transport the respondent to that mental  
10 health program. Detention for more than ninety-six hours shall be pursuant to  
11 section 632.330.

12 2. Evidence of detention for ninety-six-hour periods during the one  
13 hundred eighty-day outpatient detention and treatment may be considered by the  
14 court in determining additional periods of detention and treatment.

632.340. 1. Before the expiration of the twenty-one-day inpatient  
2 detention and treatment period ordered pursuant to section 632.335, the court  
3 may order the respondent to be detained and treated involuntarily for an  
4 additional period not to exceed ninety inpatient days or may order the respondent  
5 to be detained for outpatient detention and treatment for a period not to exceed  
6 one hundred eighty days; provided, that:

7 (1) The respondent is mentally ill and continues to present a likelihood

8 of serious harm to himself or others, **or is gravely disabled**; and

9 (2) The court, after a hearing, orders the respondent detained and treated  
10 for the additional period.

11 2. If, within seventeen days of the court hearing described in section  
12 632.335, the head of the mental health program or the mental health coordinator  
13 has reasonable cause to believe that the respondent is mentally ill and as a result  
14 presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, **or is gravely**  
15 **disabled**, and believes that further detention and treatment is necessary, he  
16 shall file, or cause to be filed, with the court a petition for ninety days additional  
17 detention and treatment or a petition for outpatient detention and treatment for  
18 a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days. The court shall immediately set  
19 a date and time for a hearing on the petition, which shall take place within four  
20 judicial days of the date of the filing of the petition. The court shall serve a copy  
21 of the petition and the notice of the date and time of the hearing upon the  
22 petitioner, the respondent, and their attorneys as promptly as possible, but not  
23 later than two judicial days after the filing of the petition. The petitioner shall  
24 also file with the court, for the court to serve upon the respondent's attorney not  
25 later than two judicial days after the filing of the petition, a list of the proposed  
26 witnesses for the petitioner. The head of the mental health program shall notify  
27 the mental health coordinator if the petition is not filed by the mental health  
28 coordinator. The petition shall comply with the requirements of section 632.330,  
29 and an individualized treatment plan for the respondent shall be attached  
30 thereto.

632.350. 1. The hearing for a ninety-day inpatient detention and  
2 treatment period or for outpatient detention and treatment for a period not to  
3 exceed one hundred eighty days shall be conducted in as informal a manner as  
4 may be consistent with orderly procedure and in a physical setting not likely to  
5 have a harmful effect on the mental health of the respondent. If a jury trial is  
6 not requested, due consideration shall be given by the court to holding a hearing  
7 at the mental health program. The hearing shall be held in accordance with the  
8 provisions set forth in section 632.335.

9 2. The burden of proof at the hearing shall be by clear and convincing  
10 evidence and shall be upon the petitioner.

11 3. If the matter is tried before a jury, the jury shall determine and shall  
12 be instructed only upon the issues of whether or not the respondent is mentally  
13 ill and, as a result, presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, **or**

14 **is gravely disabled.** The remaining procedures for the jury trial shall be as in  
15 other civil matters.

16 4. The respondent shall not be required to file an answer or other  
17 responsive pleading.

18 5. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court or jury finds that the  
19 respondent, as the result of mental illness, presents a likelihood of serious harm  
20 to himself or to others, **or is gravely disabled**, and the court finds that a  
21 program appropriate to handle the respondent's condition has agreed to accept  
22 him, the court shall order the respondent to be detained for involuntary  
23 treatment in the least restrictive environment for a period not to exceed ninety  
24 days or for outpatient detention and treatment under the supervision of a mental  
25 health program in the least restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one  
26 hundred eighty days.

632.355. 1. At the expiration of the ninety-day inpatient commitment  
2 period ordered by the court pursuant to section 632.350, the respondent may be  
3 detained and treated as an involuntarily inpatient for an additional period of  
4 time not to exceed one year or such lesser period of time as determined by the  
5 court or may be detained for outpatient detention and treatment for a period of  
6 time not to exceed one hundred eighty days; provided, that:

7 (1) The respondent is mentally ill and continues to present a likelihood  
8 of serious harm to himself or to others, **or is gravely disabled**; and

9 (2) The court after a hearing orders the person detained and treated for  
10 the additional period.

11 2. Within the ninety-day commitment period, the head of the mental  
12 health program or the mental health coordinator may file or cause to be filed, in  
13 compliance with the requirements of section 632.330, a petition for a one-year  
14 inpatient detention and treatment period or a petition for outpatient detention  
15 and treatment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days if he has  
16 reasonable cause to believe that the respondent is mentally ill and as a result  
17 presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, **or is gravely**  
18 **disabled**, and that further detention and treatment is necessary pursuant to an  
19 individualized treatment plan prepared by the program and filed with the  
20 court. Procedures specified in sections 632.340, 632.345 and 632.350 shall be  
21 followed.

22 3. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court or jury finds that the  
23 respondent, as the result of mental illness, presents a likelihood of serious harm

24 to himself or others, **or is gravely disabled**, and the court finds that a program  
25 appropriate to handle the respondent's condition has agreed to accept him, the  
26 court shall order that the respondent be detained for involuntary treatment in the  
27 least restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one year or for outpatient  
28 detention and treatment under the supervision of a mental health program in the  
29 least restrictive environment for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

632.375. 1. At least once every one hundred eighty days, the head of each  
2 mental health program shall have each respondent who is detained at the  
3 program for a one-year period under this chapter examined and evaluated to  
4 determine if the respondent continues to be mentally ill, and as a result presents  
5 a likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, **or is gravely disabled**. The  
6 court, the mental health coordinator for the region, the respondent and the  
7 respondent's attorney shall be provided copies of the report of the examination  
8 and evaluation described by this section and the respondent's individualized  
9 treatment plan.

10 2. Upon receipt of the report, the court may, upon its own motion, or shall,  
11 upon the motion of the respondent, order a hearing to be held as to the need for  
12 continued detention and involuntary treatment. At the conclusion of the hearing,  
13 the court may order:

14 (1) The discharge of the respondent; or

15 (2) An appropriate least restrictive course of detention and involuntary  
16 treatment; or

17 (3) The respondent to be remanded to the mental health program for the  
18 unexpired portion of the original commitment order.

632.390. 1. The head of a mental health program shall release any person  
2 who is involuntarily detained under this chapter when, in his opinion, the person  
3 is no longer mentally ill or, although mentally ill, does not present a likelihood  
4 of serious harm to himself or others, **or is no longer gravely disabled**, even  
5 though the detention period has not expired.

6 2. Whenever the head of a mental health program discharges a person  
7 prior to the expiration of the detention order, he shall notify in writing the court  
8 and the mental health coordinator.

9 3. Whenever a respondent voluntarily admits himself and the head of a  
10 mental health program accepts the admission application submitted by  
11 respondent in good faith under section 632.105, the respondent's involuntary  
12 detention shall cease, and the head of the program shall notify, in writing, the

13 court and the mental health coordinator.

632.430. 1. Appeals from court orders made under this chapter may be  
2 made by the respondent or by the petitioner to the appropriate appellate court  
3 pursuant to the rules of civil procedure of the supreme court of Missouri  
4 pertaining to appeals. Such appeal shall have priority on the docket of the  
5 appellate court and shall be expedited in all respects. The court shall notify the  
6 attorney general's office whenever an appeal is filed under this subsection, and  
7 the attorney general shall represent the state when it is a party to such appeal.

8 2. A motion to stay any order restricting an individual's liberty may be  
9 filed in either the court or the appropriate appellate court. A stay order shall not  
10 be granted in any case where the court finds that the person is so mentally ill  
11 that there is an imminent likelihood of serious physical harm to himself or others  
12 if he is not detained or treated pending appeal **or the person is gravely**  
13 **disabled and there exists an imminent risk to the person's health or**  
14 **safety if such person is not detained or treated pending appeal.** Any  
15 refusal to grant a stay by the court may be reviewed by the appropriate appellate  
16 court on motion.

Bill ✓

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