0730S.08F

SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 175

AN ACT

To repeal sections 54.280, 67.457, 67.463, 67.469, 67.1521, 140.050, 140.150, 140.160, 140.230, 140.290, 140.405, 140.460, 140.470, and 140.665, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifteen new sections relating to procedures for the collection of local government funds.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section A. Sections 54.280, 67.457, 67.463, 67.469,
- 2 67.1521, 140.050, 140.150, 140.160, 140.230, 140.290, 140.405,
- 3 140.460, 140.470, and 140.665, RSMo, are repealed and fifteen new
- 4 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 54.280,
- 5 67.457, 67.463, 67.469, 67.1521, 140.050, 140.115, 140.150,
- 6 140.160, 140.230, 140.290, 140.405, 140.460, 140.470, and
- 7 140.665, to read as follows:
- 8 54.280. 1. The county collector-treasurer of counties
- 9 having adopted or which may hereafter adopt township organization
- shall have the power to collect all current, back, and delinquent
- 11 real and personal property taxes, including merchants' and
- 12 manufacturers' licenses, taxes on railroads and utilities, and
- 13 other corporations, the current and delinquent or nonresident

lands or town lots, and all other local taxes, including ditch and levee taxes, and to prosecute for and make sale thereof, the same that is now or may hereafter be vested in the county collectors under the general laws of this state. collector-treasurer shall, at the time of making his annual settlement in each year, deposit the tax books in the office of the county clerk, and within thirty days thereafter the clerk shall make, in a book to be called "the back tax book", a correct list, in numerical order, of all tracts of land and town lots which have been returned delinquent, and return said list to the collector-treasurer, taking his or her receipt therefor.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for the collection of all current <u>real estate and personal property taxes</u> and current delinquent <u>real estate and personal property taxes</u>, the collector-treasurer shall collect on behalf of the county the following fees to be deposited into the county general fund:
- (1) In any county in which the total amount of <u>real estate</u> and <u>personal property</u> taxes levied for any one year is five million dollars or less, a fee of three percent on the total amount of real estate and personal property taxes levied;
- and personal property taxes levied for any one year exceeds five million dollars but is equal to or less than nine million dollars, a fee of two and one-half percent on the total amount of real estate and personal property taxes levied;
- (3) In any county in which the total amount of <u>real estate</u> and <u>personal property</u> taxes levied for any one year is greater

than nine million dollars but equal to or less than thirteen
million dollars, a fee of two percent on the total amount of <u>real</u>
estate and personal property taxes levied;

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- (4) In any county in which the total amount of <u>real estate</u> and <u>personal property</u> taxes levied for any one year is greater than thirteen million dollars, a fee of one and one-half percent on the total amount of <u>real estate and personal property</u> taxes levied.
- 67.457. 1. To establish a neighborhood improvement district, the governing body of any city or county shall comply with either of the procedures described in subsection 2 or 3 of this section.
 - 2. The governing body of any city or county proposing to create a neighborhood improvement district may by resolution submit the question of creating such district to all qualified voters residing within such district at a general or special election called for that purpose. Such resolution shall set forth the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, and the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full. The governing body of the city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when the question of creating such district has been approved by the vote of the

```
percentage of electors within such district voting thereon that
1
 2
     is equal to the percentage of voter approval required for the
     issuance of general obligation bonds of such city or county under
 3
     article VI, section 26 of the constitution of this state.
 5
     notice of election containing the question of creating a
 6
     neighborhood improvement district shall contain the project name
7
     for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed
 8
     improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the
9
     boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to
10
     be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real
     property within the district, including any provision for the
11
12
     annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each
13
     year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are paid
14
     in full, and a statement that the final cost of such improvement
15
     assessed against real property within the district and the amount
16
     of general obligation bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the
17
     estimated cost of such improvement, as stated in such notice, by
     more than twenty-five percent, and that the annual assessment for
18
19
     maintenance costs of the improvements shall not exceed the
20
     estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such notice, by
21
     more than twenty-five percent. The ballot upon which the
22
     question of creating a neighborhood improvement district is
23
     submitted to the qualified voters residing within the proposed
24
     district shall contain a question in substantially the following
25
     form:
26
          Shall ..... (name of city or
27
     county) be authorized to create a neighborhood improvement
28
     district proposed for the ......
```

(project name for the proposed improvement) and incur 1 2 indebtedness and issue general obligation bonds to pay for all or part of the cost of public improvements within such district, the 3 cost of all indebtedness so incurred to be assessed by the 5 governing body of the (city or 6 county) on the real property benefitted by such improvements for 7 a period of years, and, if included in the 8 resolution, an assessment in each year thereafter with the 9 proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement?

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

As an alternative to the procedure described in subsection 2 of this section, the governing body of a city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when a proper petition has been signed by the owners of record of at least two-thirds by area of all real property located within such proposed district. Each owner of record of real property located in the proposed district is allowed one signature. Any person, corporation, or limited liability partnership owning more than one parcel of land located in such proposed district shall be allowed only one signature on such petition. The petition, in order to become effective, shall be filed with the city clerk or county clerk. A proper petition for the creation of a neighborhood improvement district shall set forth the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each

year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full, a notice that the names of the signers may not be withdrawn later than seven days after the petition is filed with the city clerk or county clerk, and a notice that the final cost of such improvement assessed against real property within the district and the amount of general obligation bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the estimated cost of such improvement, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent, and that the annual assessment for maintenance costs of the improvements shall not exceed the estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent.

Upon receiving the requisite voter approval at an election or upon the filing of a proper petition with the city clerk or county clerk, the governing body may by resolution or ordinance determine the advisability of the improvement and may order that the district be established and that preliminary plans and specifications for the improvement be made. Such resolution or ordinance shall state and make findings as to the project name for the proposed improvement, the nature of the improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are paid in full, and shall also state that the final cost of such improvement assessed against the real property within the neighborhood improvement

district and the amount of general obligation bonds issued
therefor shall not, without a new election or petition, exceed
the estimated cost of such improvement by more than twenty-five
percent.

- 5. The boundaries of the proposed district shall be described by metes and bounds, streets or other sufficiently specific description. The area of the neighborhood improvement district finally determined by the governing body of the city or county to be assessed may be less than, but shall not exceed, the total area comprising such district.
- 6. In any neighborhood improvement district organized prior to August 28, 1994, an assessment may be levied and collected after the original period approved for assessment of property within the district has expired, with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, if the residents of the neighborhood improvement district either vote to assess real property within the district for the maintenance costs in the manner prescribed in subsection 2 of this section or if the owners of two-thirds of the area of all real property located within the district sign a petition for such purpose in the same manner as prescribed in subsection 3 of this section.
- 7. Prior to any assessment hereafter being levied against any real property within any neighborhood improvement district, and prior to any lien enforceable under either chapter 140 or 141 being imposed after August 28, 2013, against any real property within a neighborhood improvement district, the clerk of the governing body establishing the neighborhood improvement district shall cause to be recorded with the recorder of deeds for the

- 1 <u>county in which any portion of the neighborhood improvement</u>
- 2 <u>district is located a document conforming to the provisions of</u>
- 3 sections 59.310 and 59.313, and which shall contain at least the
- 4 following information:
- 5 <u>(1) All owners of record of real property located within the</u>
- 6 <u>neighborhood improvement district at the time of recording, who</u>
- 7 shall be identified in the document as grantors and indexed by
- 8 the recorder, as required under section 59.440;
- 9 (2) The governing body establishing the neighborhood
- improvement district and the title of any official or agency
- 11 responsible for collecting or enforcing any assessments, who
- shall be identified in the document as grantees and indexed by
- the recorder, as required under section 59.440;
- 14 (3) The legal description of the property within the
- 15 neighborhood improvement district which may either be the metes
- and bounds description authorized in subsection 5 of this section
- or the legal description of each lot or parcel within the
- 18 neighborhood improvement district; and
- 19 <u>(4) The identifying number of the resolution or ordinance</u>
- 20 creating the neighborhood improvement district, or a copy of such
- 21 <u>resolution or ordinance.</u>
- 22 67.463. 1. At the hearing to consider the proposed
- improvements and assessments, the governing body shall hear and
- 24 pass upon all objections to the proposed improvements and
- 25 proposed assessments, if any, and may amend the proposed
- 26 improvements, and the plans and specifications therefor, or
- assessments as to any property, and thereupon by ordinance or
- 28 resolution the governing body of the city or county shall order

that the improvement be made and direct that financing for the cost thereof be obtained as provided in sections 67.453 to 67.475.

- 2. After construction of the improvement has been completed in accordance with the plans and specifications therefor, the governing body shall compute the final costs of the improvement and apportion the costs among the property benefitted by such improvement in such equitable manner as the governing body shall determine, charging each parcel of property with its proportionate share of the costs, and by resolution or ordinance, assess the final cost of the improvement or the amount of general obligation bonds issued or to be issued therefor as special assessments against the property described in the assessment roll.
- 3. After the passage or adoption of the ordinance or resolution assessing the special assessments, the city clerk or county clerk shall mail a notice to each property owner within the district which sets forth a description of each parcel of real property to be assessed which is owned by such owner, the special assessment assigned to such property, and a statement that the property owner may pay such assessment in full, together with interest accrued thereon from the effective date of such ordinance or resolution, on or before a specified date determined by the effective date of the ordinance or resolution, or may pay such assessment in annual installments as provided in subsection 4 of this section.
- 4. The special assessments shall be assessed upon the property included therein concurrent with general property taxes,

and shall be payable in substantially equal annual installments 1 2 for a duration stated in the ballot measure prescribed in subsection 2 of section 67.457 or in the petition prescribed in 3 subsection 3 of section 67.457, and, if authorized, an assessment 5 in each year thereafter levied and collected in the same manner 6 with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the 7 improvement, taking into account such assessments and interest 8 thereon, as the governing body determines. The first installment 9 shall be payable after the first collection of general property 10 taxes following the adoption of the assessment ordinance or resolution unless such ordinance or resolution was adopted and 11 12 certified too late to permit its collection at such time. All 13 assessments shall bear interest at such rate as the governing 14 body determines, not to exceed the rate permitted for bonds by 15 section 108.170. Interest on the assessment between the 16 effective date of the ordinance or resolution assessing the 17 assessment and the date the first installment is payable shall be added to the first installment. The interest for one year on all 18 19 unpaid installments shall be added to each subsequent installment 20 until paid. In the case of a special assessment by a city, all 21 of the installments, together with the interest accrued or to 22 accrue thereon, may be certified by the city clerk to the county 23 clerk in one instrument at the same time. Such certification 24 shall be good for all of the installments, and the interest 25 thereon payable as special assessments.

5. Special assessments shall be collected and paid over to the city treasurer or county treasurer in the same manner as taxes of the city or county are collected and paid. In any

26

27

- 1 county with a charter form of government and with more than six
- 2 hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand
- 3 inhabitants and any county of the first classification with more
- 4 than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than
- 5 one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants, the
- 6 county collector may collect a fee as prescribed by section
- 7 52.260 for collection of assessments under this section.
- 8 67.469. A special assessment authorized under the
- 9 provisions of sections 67.453 to 67.475 shall be a lien, from the
- date of the assessment, on the property against which it is
- 11 assessed on behalf of the city or county assessing the same to
- 12 the same extent as a tax upon real property. The lien may be
- foreclosed in the same manner as a tax upon real property by land
- 14 tax sale pursuant to chapter 140 or [by judicial foreclosure
- proceeding], if applicable to that county, chapter 141, or at the
- option of the governing body, by judicial foreclosure proceeding.
- 17 Upon the foreclosure of any such lien, whether by land tax sale
- or by judicial foreclosure proceeding, the entire remaining
- assessment may become due and payable and may be recoverable in
- 20 such foreclosure proceeding at the option of the governing body.
- 21 67.1521. 1. A district may levy by resolution one or more
- 22 special assessments against real property within its boundaries,
- 23 upon receipt of and in accordance with a petition signed by:
- 24 (1) Owners of real property collectively owning more than
- 25 fifty percent by assessed value of real property within the
- 26 boundaries of the district; and
- 27 (2) More than fifty percent per capita of the owners of all
- real property within the boundaries of the district.

1 2. The special assessment petition shall be in 2 substantially the following form:

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

The (insert name of district) Community Improvement District ("District") shall be authorized to levy special assessments against real property benefitted within the District for the purpose of providing revenue for (insert general description of specific service and/or projects) in the district, such special assessments to be levied against each tract, lot or parcel of real property listed below within the district which receives special benefit as a result of such service and/or projects, the cost of which shall be allocated among this property by (insert method of allocation, e.g., per square foot of property, per square foot on each square foot of improvement, or by abutting foot of property abutting streets, roads, highways, parks or other improvements, or any other reasonable method) in an amount not to exceed dollars per (insert unit of measure). Such authorization to levy the special assessment shall expire on (insert date). The tracts of land located in the district which will receive special benefit from this service and/or projects are: (list of properties by common addresses and legal descriptions).

- 3. The method for allocating such special assessments set forth in the petition may be any reasonable method which results in imposing assessments upon real property benefitted in relation to the benefit conferred upon each respective tract, lot or parcel of real property and the cost to provide such benefit.
 - 4. By resolution of the board, the district may levy a

special assessment rate lower than the rate ceiling set forth in the petition authorizing the special assessment and may increase such lowered special assessment rate to a level not exceeding the special assessment rate ceiling set forth in the petition without further approval of the real property owners; provided that a district imposing a special assessment pursuant to this section may not repeal or amend such special assessment or lower the rate of such special assessment if such repeal, amendment or lower rate will impair the district's ability to pay any liabilities that it has incurred, money that it has borrowed or obligations that it has issued.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

26

27

28

5. Each special assessment which is due and owing shall constitute a perpetual lien against each tract, lot or parcel of property from which it is derived. Such lien may be foreclosed in the same manner as any other special assessment lien as provided in section 88.861. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection and section 67.1541 to the contrary, [in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants,] the county collector may, upon certification by the district for collection, add each special assessment to the annual real estate tax bill for the property and collect the assessment in the same manner the collector uses for real estate taxes. [In said counties, each] Any special assessment remaining unpaid on the first day of January annually is delinquent and enforcement of collection of the delinquent bill by the county collector shall be governed by the laws concerning delinquent and back taxes. The lien may be

- foreclosed in the same manner as a tax upon real property by land tax sale under chapter 140 or, if applicable to that county,
- 3 chapter 141.
- 4 6. A separate fund or account shall be created by the
- 5 district for each special assessment levied and each fund or
- 6 account shall be identifiable by a suitable title. The proceeds
- 7 of such assessments shall be credited to such fund or account.
- 8 Such fund or account shall be used solely to pay the costs
- 9 incurred in undertaking the specified service or project.
- 7. Upon completion of the specified service or project or
- both, the balance remaining in the fund or account established
- for such specified service or project or both shall be returned
- or credited against the amount of the original assessment of each
- 14 parcel of property pro rata based on the method of assessment of
- 15 such special assessment.
- 16 8. Any funds in a fund or account created pursuant to this
- section which are not needed for current expenditures may be
- 18 invested by the board in accordance with applicable laws relating
- 19 to the investment of funds of the city in which the district is
- 20 located.
- 21 9. The authority of the district to levy special
- 22 assessments shall be independent of the limitations and
- 23 authorities of the municipality in which it is located;
- 24 specifically, the provisions of section 88.812 shall not apply to
- any district.
- 26 140.050. 1. Except as provided in section 52.361, the
- 27 county clerk shall file the delinquent lists in the county
- 28 clerk's office and within ten days thereafter make, under the

seal of the commission, the lists into a back tax book as provided in section 140.060.

- 2. Except as provided in section 52.361, when completed,
 the clerk shall deliver the book <u>or an electronic copy thereof</u> to
 the collector taking duplicate receipts therefor, one of which
 the clerk shall file in the clerk's office and the other the
 clerk shall file with the director of revenue. The clerk shall
 charge the collector with the aggregate amount of taxes,
- 3. The collector shall collect such back taxes and may levy upon, seize and distrain tangible personal property and may sell such property for taxes.

interest, and clerk's fees contained in the back tax book.

- 4. In the city of St. Louis, the city comptroller or other proper officer shall return the back tax book together with the uncollected tax bills within thirty days to the city collector.
- 5. If any county commission or clerk in counties not having a county auditor fails to comply with section 140.040, and this section, to the extent that the collection of taxes cannot be enforced by law, the county commission or clerk, or their successors in office, shall correct such omissions at once and return the back tax book to the collector who shall collect such taxes.
- 140.115. Any person other than the owner or a mortgagee or other lienholder described in section 139.070 who pays the original taxes, as charged against the tract of land or town lot described in the back tax book together with interest from the day upon which the tax first became delinquent at the rate specified in section 140.100 shall not invoke a lien on said

- 1 property or person without the knowledge and consent of the
- 2 <u>owner. Any such lien so invoked on said property or person</u>
- 3 without the knowledge and consent of the owner shall be null and
- 4 void.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- 5 140.150. 1. All lands, lots, mineral rights, and royalty
- 6 interests on which taxes or [neighborhood improvement district]
- 7 special assessments are delinquent and unpaid are subject to sale
- 8 to discharge the lien for the delinquent and unpaid taxes or
- 9 unpaid special assessments as provided for in this chapter on the
- 10 fourth Monday in August of each year.
 - 2. No real property, lots, mineral rights, or royalty interests shall be sold for state, county or city taxes or special assessments without judicial proceedings, unless the notice of sale contains the names of all record owners thereof, or the names of all owners appearing on the land tax book and all other information required by law. Delinquent taxes or unpaid special assessments, penalty, interest and costs due thereon may be paid to the county collector at any time before the property is sold therefor. The collector shall send notices to the publicly recorded owner of record before any delinquent and unpaid taxes or unpaid special assessments as specified in this section subject to sale are published. The first notice shall be by first class mail. A second notice shall be sent by certified mail only if the assessed valuation of the property is greater than one thousand dollars. If the assessed valuation of the property is not greater than one thousand dollars, only the first notice shall be required. If any second notice sent by certified mail under this section is returned to the collector unsigned,

- 1 then notice shall be sent before the sale by first class mail to
- 2 both the owner of record and the occupant of the real property.
- 3 The postage for the mailing of the notices shall be paid out of
- 4 the county treasury, and such costs shall be added to the costs
- of conducting the sale, and the county treasury shall be
- 6 reimbursed to the extent that such postage costs are recovered at
- 7 the sale. The failure of the taxpayer or the publicly recorded
- 8 owner to receive the notice provided for in this section shall
- 9 not relieve the taxpayer or publicly recorded owner of any tax
- 10 liability imposed by law.
- 11 3. The entry in the back tax book by the county clerk of
- 12 the delinquent lands, lots, mineral rights, and royalty interests
- 13 constitutes a levy upon the delinquent lands, lots, mineral
- 14 rights, and royalty interests for the purpose of enforcing the
- lien of delinquent and unpaid taxes or unpaid special assessments
- 16 [as provided in section 67.469], together with penalty, interest
- 17 and costs.
- 18 140.160. 1. No proceedings for the sale of land and lots
- 19 for delinquent taxes pursuant to this chapter or unpaid special
- assessments [as provided in section 67.469], relating to the
- 21 collection of delinquent and back taxes and unpaid special
- 22 assessments and providing for foreclosure sale and redemption of
- land and lots therefor, shall be valid unless initial proceedings
- therefor shall be commenced within three years after delinquency
- of such taxes and unpaid special assessments, and any sale held
- 26 pursuant to initial proceedings commenced within such period of
- 27 three years shall be deemed to have been in compliance with the
- 28 provisions of said law insofar as the time at which such sales

- are to be had is specified therein; provided further, that in suits or actions to collect delinquent drainage and/or levee assessments on real estate such suits or actions shall be commenced within three years after delinquency, otherwise no suit or action therefor shall be commenced, had or maintained, except that the three-year limitation described in this subsection shall not be applicable if any written instrument conveys any real estate having a tax-exempt status, if such instrument causes such real estate to again become taxable real property and if such instrument has not been recorded in the office of the recorder in the county in which the real estate has been situated. three-year limitation shall only be applicable once the recording of the title has occurred.
 - 2. The county auditor in all counties having a county auditor shall annually audit collections, deposits, and supporting reports of the collector and provide a copy of such audit to the county collector and to the governing body of the county. A copy of the audit may be provided to all applicable taxing entities within the county at the discretion of the county collector.

other debt by the sheriff or collector of any county within the state of Missouri, and the same sells for a greater amount than the debt or taxes and all costs in the case it shall be the duty of the sheriff or collector of the county, when such sale has been or may hereafter be made, to make a written statement describing each parcel or tract of land sold by him for a greater amount than the debt or taxes and all costs in the case together

- with the amount of surplus money in each case. The statement 1 2 shall be subscribed and sworn to by the sheriff or collector making it before some officer competent to administer oaths 3 4 within this state, and then presented to the county commission of 5 the county where the sale has been or may be made; and on the 6 approval of the statement by the commission, the sheriff or 7 collector making the same shall pay the surplus money into the 8 county treasury, take the receipt in duplicate of the treasurer 9 for the surplus of money and retain one of the duplicate receipts 10 himself and file the other with the county commission, and 11 thereupon the commission shall charge the treasurer with the 12 amount.
- 13 2. The treasurer shall place such moneys in the county 14 treasury to be held for the use and benefit of the person 15 entitled to such moneys or to the credit of the school fund of 16 the county, to be held in trust for the term of three years for 17 the publicly recorded owner or owners of the property sold at the time of the delinquent land tax auction or their legal 18 19 representatives. At the end of three years, if such fund shall 20 not be called for as part of a redemption or collector's deed 21 issuance, then it shall become a permanent school fund of the 22 county.
 - 3. County commissions shall compel owners or agents to make satisfactory proof of their claims before receiving their money; provided, that no county shall pay interest to the claimant of any such fund.

24

25

26

27

28

140.290. 1. After payment shall have been made the county collector shall give the purchaser a certificate in writing, to

be designated as a certificate of purchase, which shall carry a numerical number and which shall describe the land so purchased, each tract or lot separately stated, the total amount of the tax, with penalty, interest and costs, and the year or years of delinquency for which said lands or lots were sold, separately stated, and the aggregate of all such taxes, penalty, interest and costs, and the sum bid on each tract.

1

2

3

5

6

7

26

27

- 8 If the purchaser bid for any tract or lot of land a sum 9 in excess of the delinquent tax, penalty, interest and costs for 10 which said tract or lot of land was sold, such excess sum shall also be noted in the certificate of purchase, in a separate 11 12 column to be provided therefor. Such certificate of purchase 13 shall also recite the name and address of the owner or reputed 14 owner if known, and if unknown then the party or parties to whom 15 each tract or lot of land was assessed, together with the address of such party, if known, and shall also have incorporated therein 16 17 the name and address of the purchaser. Such certificate of purchase shall also contain the true date of the sale and the 18 19 time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for said land, 20 if not redeemed as in this chapter provided, and the rate of 21 interest that such certificate of purchase shall bear, which rate 22 of interest shall not exceed the sum of ten percent per annum. 23 Such certificate shall be authenticated by the county collector, 24 who shall record the same in a permanent record book in his 25 office before delivery to the purchaser.
 - 3. Such certificate shall be assignable, but no assignment thereof shall be valid unless endorsed on such certificate and acknowledged before some officer authorized to take

acknowledgment of deeds and an entry of such assignment entered in the record of said certificate of purchase in the office of the county collector.

- 4. [For each certificate of purchase issued, including the recording of the same, the county collector shall be entitled to receive and retain a fee of fifty cents, to be paid by the purchaser and treated as a part of the cost of the sale, and so noted on the certificate. For noting any assignment of any certificate the county collector shall be entitled to a fee of twenty-five cents, to be paid by the person requesting such recital of assignment, and which shall not be treated as a part of the cost of the sale.] For each certificate of purchase issued, as a part of the cost of the sale, the purchaser shall pay to the collector the fee necessary to record such certificate of purchase in the office of the county recorder. The collector shall record the certificate of purchase before delivering such certificate of purchase to the purchaser.
 - 5. No collector shall be authorized to issue a certificate of purchase to any nonresident of the state of Missouri, however, any nonresident as described in subsection 2 of section 140.190 may appoint an agent, and such agent shall comply with the provisions of section 140.190 pertaining to a nonresident.
 - 6. This section shall not apply to any post-third-year tax sale, except for nonresidents as provided in subsection 5 of this section.
- 140.405. 1. Any person purchasing property at a delinquent land tax auction shall not acquire the deed to the real estate, as provided for in section 140.250 or 140.420, until the person

- meets the requirements of this section, except that such 1 2 requirements shall not apply to post-third-year sales, which 3 shall be conducted under subsection 4 of section 140.250. 4 purchaser shall obtain a title search report from a licensed 5 attorney or licensed title company detailing the ownership and 6 encumbrances on the property. Such title search report shall be 7 declared invalid if the effective date is more than one hundred 8 twenty days from the date the purchaser applies for a collector's 9 deed under section 140.250 or 140.420.
- 10 At least ninety days prior to the date when a purchaser 11 is authorized to acquire the deed, the purchaser shall notify the 12 owner of record and any person who holds a publicly recorded 13 unreleased deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien, judgment, or any 14 other publicly recorded claim upon that real estate of such 15 person's right to redeem the property. Notice shall be sent by 16 both first class mail and certified mail return receipt requested 17 to such person's last known available address. If the certified mail return receipt is returned signed, the first class mail 18 19 notice is not returned, the first class mail notice is refused 20 where noted by the United States Postal Service, or any 21 combination thereof, notice shall be presumed received by the 22 recipient. At the conclusion of the applicable redemption 23 period, the purchaser shall make an affidavit in accordance with subsection 4 of this section. 24
 - 3. If the owner of record or the holder of any other publicly recorded claim on the property intends to transfer ownership or execute any additional liens or encumbrances on the property, such owner shall first redeem such property under

26

27

2 property first before executing any of such actions or agreements

section 140.340. The failure to comply with redeeming the

- 3 on the property shall require the owner of record or any other
- 4 publicly recorded claim on the property to reimburse the
- 5 purchaser for the total bid as recorded on the certificate of
- 6 purchase and all the costs of the sale required in sections
- 7 140.150 to 140.405.
- 8 4. In the case that both the certified notice return
- 9 receipt card is returned unsigned and the first class mail is
- 10 returned for any reason except refusal, where the notice is
- 11 returned undeliverable, then the purchaser shall attempt
- 12 additional notice and certify in the purchaser's affidavit to the
- 13 collector that such additional notice was attempted and by what
- means.

- 15 5. The purchaser shall notify the county collector by
- 16 affidavit of the date that every required notice was sent to the
- owner of record and, if applicable, any other publicly recorded
- 18 claim on the property. To the affidavit, the purchaser shall
- 19 attach a copy of a valid title search report as described in
- 20 subsection 1 of this section as well as completed copies of the
- 21 following for each recipient:
- 22 (1) Notices of right to redeem sent by first class mail;
- 23 (2) Notices of right to redeem sent by certified mail
- 24 [notice];
- 25 (3) Addressed envelopes <u>for all notices</u>, as they appeared
- 26 immediately before mailing;
- 27 (4) Certified mail receipt as it appeared upon its return;
- 28 and

(5) Any returned regular mailed envelopes. As provided in this section, at such time the purchaser notifies the collector by affidavit that all the ninety days' notice requirements of this section have been met, the purchaser is authorized to acquire the deed, provided that a collector's deed shall not be acquired before the expiration date of the redemption period as provided in section 140.340.

- If any real estate is purchased at a third-offering tax auction and has a publicly recorded unreleased deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien, judgment, or any other publicly recorded claim upon the real estate under this section, the purchaser of said property shall within forty-five days after the purchase at the sale notify such person of the person's right to redeem the property within ninety days from the postmark date on the notice. Notice shall be sent by both first class mail and certified mail return receipt requested to such person's last known available The purchaser shall notify the county collector by address. affidavit of the date the required notice was sent to the owner of record and, if applicable, and the holder of any other publicly recorded claim on the property, that such person shall have ninety days to redeem said property or be forever barred from redeeming said property.
 - 7. If the county collector chooses to have the title search done then the county collector may charge the purchaser the cost of the title search before giving the purchaser a deed pursuant to section 140.420.
 - 8. If the property is redeemed, the person redeeming the property shall pay the costs incurred by the purchaser in

- 1 providing notice under this section. Recoverable costs on any
- 2 property sold at a tax sale shall include the title search,
- 3 postage, and costs for the recording of any certificate of
- 4 purchase issued and for recording the release of such certificate
- of purchase and all the costs of the sale required in sections
- 6 140.150 to 140.405.
- 7 9. Failure of the purchaser to comply with this section
- 8 shall result in such purchaser's loss of all interest in the real
- 9 estate.
- 10 140.460. 1. Such conveyance shall be executed by the
- 11 county collector, under his hand and seal, [witnessed by the
- county clerk] and acknowledged before the county recorder or any
- other officer authorized to take acknowledgments and the same
- shall be recorded in the recorder's office before delivery; a
- 15 fee for recording shall be paid by the purchaser and shall be
- included in the costs of sale.
- 2. Such deed shall be prima facie evidence that the
- 18 property conveyed was subject to taxation at the time assessed,
- 19 that the taxes were delinquent and unpaid at the time of sale, of
- the regularity of the sale of the premises described in the deed,
- and of the regularity of all prior proceedings, that said land or
- lot had not been redeemed and that the period therefor had
- 23 elapsed, and prima facie evidence of a good and valid title in
- fee simple in the grantee of said deed; and such deed shall be in
- 25 the following form, as nearly as the nature of the case will
- 26 admit, namely:
- 27 Whereas, A. B. did, on the day of . . .
- 28 produce to the undersigned, C. D.,

```
collector of the county of in the state of Missouri, a
1
 2
     certificate of purchase, in writing, bearing date the . . . . .
      . . day of . . . . . . . . . . . . 20. ., signed by E. F., who at the
 3
 4
     last mentioned date was collector of said county, from which it
 5
     6
      . . . day of . . . . . . , 20. . , purchase at public auction at
7
     the door of the courthouse in said county, the tract, parcel or
8
     lot of land lastly in this indenture described, and which lot was
9
     sold to . . . . . . . . . . . for the sum of . . . . . .
10
      . dollars and . . . . . . cents, being the amount due on the
     following tracts or lots of land, returned delinquent in the name
11
12
     of G. H., for nonpayment of taxes, costs and charges for the year
13
      . . . . . , namely: (Here set out the lands offered for
14
     sale); which said lands have been recorded, among other tracts,
15
     in the office of said collector, as delinquent for the nonpayment
     of taxes, costs, and charges due for the year last aforesaid, and
16
17
     legal publication made of the sale of said lands; and it
     appearing that the said A. B. is the legal owner of said
18
19
     certificate of purchase and the time fixed by law for redeeming
20
     the land therein described having now expired, the said G. H. nor
21
     any person in his behalf having paid or tendered the amount due
22
     the said A. B. on account of the aforesaid purchase, and for the
23
     taxes by him since paid, and the said A. B., having demanded a
24
     deed for the tract of land mentioned in said certificate, and
25
     which was the least quantity of the tract above described that
26
     would sell for the amount due thereon for taxes, costs and
27
     charges, as above specified, and it appearing from the records of
     said county collector's office that the aforesaid lands were
28
```

```
legally liable for taxation, and has been duly assessed and
1
2
     properly charged on the tax book with the taxes for the years . .
3
     . . . . . .;
          Therefore, this indenture, made this . . . . . . . day
 4
5
     of. . . . ., 20. . ., between the state of Missouri, by C. D.,
6
     collector of said . . . . . . . . . . county, of the first
7
     part, and the said A. B., of the second part, Witnesseth:
8
     the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the
9
     premises, has granted, bargained and sold unto the said party of
10
     the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever, the tract or
     parcel of land mentioned in said certificate, situate in the
11
12
     county of . . . . . . , and state of Missouri, and described
13
     as follows, namely: (Here set out the particular tract or parcel
14
     sold), To have and to hold the said last mentioned tract or
15
     parcel of land, with the appurtenances thereto belonging, to the
16
     said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever, in
17
     as full and ample a manner as the collector of said county is
     empowered by law to sell the same.
18
          In Testimony Whereof, the said C. D., collector of said
19
20
     county of . . . . . , has hereunto set his hand, and affixed
     his official seal, the day and year last above written.
21
22
                             23
     . . . . . . (L.S.)
24
                             25
     . . . . . . County.
26
     State of Missouri, . . . County, ss:
27
          Before me, the undersigned, . . . , in and for said county,
     this day, personally came the above-named C. D., collector of
28
```

said county, and acknowledged that he executed the foregoing deed 1 2 for the uses and purposes therein mentioned. In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal 3 4 this day of. , 20. 5 6 (L.S.) 7 140.470. [1.] In case circumstances should exist requiring 8 any variation from the foregoing form, in the recital part 9 thereof, the necessary change shall be made by the county 10 collector executing such deed, and the same shall not be vitiated 11 by any such change, provided the substance be retained. 12 [2. The county collector shall be entitled to demand and receive from the person applying therefor, for each tax deed, one 13 14 dollar and fifty cents, which shall include the acknowledgment.] 140.665. Whenever the word "collector" is used in sections 15 16 140.050 to 140.660, as applicable to counties which have adopted township organization, it shall be construed to mean ["treasurer 17 18 and ex officio collector"] "collector-treasurer". Where 19 applicable it shall also refer to the collector, or other proper 20 officer, collecting taxes in any city or town. Where applicable 21 the word "county" as used in sections 140.050 to 140.660 shall be

construed "city" and the words "county clerk" shall be construed

"city clerk or other proper officer".

22

23