CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NOS. 256, 33, & 305

AN ACT

To repeal sections 610.021 and 610.150, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to public safety, with an emergency clause.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

Section A. Sections 610.021 and 610.150, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 610.021, 610.150, and 1, to read as follows:

- 610.021. Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law, a public governmental body is authorized to close meetings, records and votes, to the extent they relate to the following:
- (1) Legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body and any confidential or privileged communications between a public governmental body or its representatives and its attorneys. However, any minutes, vote or settlement agreement relating to legal actions, causes of action or litigation involving a public governmental body or any agent or entity representing its interests or acting on its behalf or with its authority, including any insurance company acting on behalf of a public government body as its insured, shall be made

public upon final disposition of the matter voted upon or upon the signing by the parties of the settlement agreement, unless, prior to final disposition, the settlement agreement is ordered closed by a court after a written finding that the adverse impact to a plaintiff or plaintiffs to the action clearly outweighs the public policy considerations of section 610.011, however, the amount of any moneys paid by, or on behalf of, the public governmental body shall be disclosed; provided, however, in matters involving the exercise of the power of eminent domain, the vote shall be announced or become public immediately following the action on the motion to authorize institution of such a legal action. Legal work product shall be considered a closed record;

- (2) Leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body where public knowledge of the transaction might adversely affect the legal consideration therefor. However, any minutes, vote or public record approving a contract relating to the leasing, purchase or sale of real estate by a public governmental body shall be made public upon execution of the lease, purchase or sale of the real estate;
- employees by a public governmental body when personal information about the employee is discussed or recorded. However, any vote on a final decision, when taken by a public governmental body, to hire, fire, promote or discipline an employee of a public governmental body shall be made available with a record of how each member voted to the public within seventy-two hours of the close of the meeting where such action occurs; provided, however,

- 1 that any employee so affected shall be entitled to prompt notice
- of such decision during the seventy-two-hour period before such
- 3 decision is made available to the public.
- 4 As used in this subdivision, the term "personal information"
- 5 means information relating to the performance or merit of
- 6 individual employees;
- 7 (4) The state militia or national guard or any part
- 8 thereof;
- 9 (5) Nonjudicial mental or physical health proceedings
- involving identifiable persons, including medical, psychiatric,
- 11 psychological, or alcoholism or drug dependency diagnosis or
- 12 treatment;
- 13 (6) Scholastic probation, expulsion, or graduation of
- identifiable individuals, including records of individual test or
- examination scores; however, personally identifiable student
- 16 records maintained by public educational institutions shall be
- open for inspection by the parents, guardian or other custodian
- of students under the age of eighteen years and by the parents,
- 19 guardian or other custodian and the student if the student is
- over the age of eighteen years;
- 21 (7) Testing and examination materials, before the test or
- 22 examination is given or, if it is to be given again, before so
- 23 given again;

- (8) Welfare cases of identifiable individuals;
- 25 (9) Preparation, including any discussions or work product,
- on behalf of a public governmental body or its representatives
- for negotiations with employee groups;
- 28 (10) Software codes for electronic data processing and

documentation thereof;

- 2 (11) Specifications for competitive bidding, until either
- 3 the specifications are officially approved by the public
- 4 governmental body or the specifications are published for bid;
- 5 (12) Sealed bids and related documents, until the bids are
- 6 opened; and sealed proposals and related documents or any
- 7 documents related to a negotiated contract until a contract is
- 8 executed, or all proposals are rejected;
- 9 (13) Individually identifiable personnel records,
- 10 performance ratings or records pertaining to employees or
- 11 applicants for employment, except that this exemption shall not
- apply to the names, positions, salaries and lengths of service of
- officers and employees of public agencies once they are employed
- 14 as such, and the names of private sources donating or
- 15 contributing money to the salary of a chancellor or president at
- 16 all public colleges and universities in the state of Missouri and
- 17 the amount of money contributed by the source;
- 18 (14) Records which are protected from disclosure by law;
- 19 (15) Meetings and public records relating to scientific and
- technological innovations in which the owner has a proprietary
- 21 interest;
- 22 (16) Records relating to municipal hotlines established for
- 23 the reporting of abuse and wrongdoing;
- 24 (17) Confidential or privileged communications between a
- 25 public governmental body and its auditor, including all auditor
- 26 work product; however, all final audit reports issued by the
- 27 auditor are to be considered open records pursuant to this
- 28 chapter;

(18) Operational guidelines, [and] policies and specific 1 2 response plans developed, adopted, or maintained by any public 3 agency responsible for law enforcement, public safety, first response, or public health for use in responding to or preventing 4 any critical incident which is or appears to be terrorist in 5 6 nature and which has the potential to endanger individual or 7 public safety or health. Financial records related to the 8 procurement of or expenditures relating to operational 9 guidelines, policies or plans purchased with public funds shall 10 be open. When seeking to close information pursuant to this 11 exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively state 12 in writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental 13 body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons or 14 real property, and shall in the same writing state that the 15 public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in 16 disclosure of the records [Nothing in this exception shall be 17 deemed to close information regarding expenditures, purchases, or contracts made by an agency in implementing these guidelines or 18 policies. When seeking to close information pursuant to this 19 exception, the agency shall affirmatively state in writing that 20 21 disclosure would impair its ability to protect the safety or health of persons, and shall in the same writing state that the 22 23 public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in 24 disclosure of the records. This exception shall sunset on December 31, 2012]; 25

(19) Existing or proposed security systems and structural plans of real property owned or leased by a public governmental body, and information that is voluntarily submitted by a

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nonpublic entity owning or operating an infrastructure to any public governmental body for use by that body to devise plans for protection of that infrastructure, the public disclosure of which would threaten public safety:

- (a) Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to security systems purchased with public funds shall be open;
- (b) When seeking to close information pursuant to this exception, the public governmental body shall affirmatively state in writing that disclosure would impair the public governmental body's ability to protect the security or safety of persons or real property, and shall in the same writing state that the public interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public interest in disclosure of the records;
- (c) Records that are voluntarily submitted by a nonpublic entity shall be reviewed by the receiving agency within ninety days of submission to determine if retention of the document is necessary in furtherance of a state security interest. If retention is not necessary, the documents shall be returned to the nonpublic governmental body or destroyed;
 - [(d) This exception shall sunset on December 31, 2012;]
- (20) The portion of a record that identifies security systems or access codes or authorization codes for security systems of real property;
- [(20)] (21) Records that identify the configuration of components or the operation of a computer, computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network, and would allow unauthorized access to or unlawful disruption of a computer,

- 1 computer system, computer network, or telecommunications network
- of a public governmental body. This exception shall not be used
- 3 to limit or deny access to otherwise public records in a file,
- 4 document, data file or database containing public records.
- 5 Records related to the procurement of or expenditures relating to
- 6 such computer, computer system, computer network, or
- 7 telecommunications network, including the amount of moneys paid
- 8 by, or on behalf of, a public governmental body for such
- 9 computer, computer system, computer network, or
- 10 telecommunications network shall be open;
- [(21)] (22) Credit card numbers, personal identification
- 12 numbers, digital certificates, physical and virtual keys, access
- codes or authorization codes that are used to protect the
- security of electronic transactions between a public governmental
- body and a person or entity doing business with a public
- 16 governmental body. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to
- 17 close the record of a person or entity using a credit card held
- in the name of a public governmental body or any record of a
- 19 transaction made by a person using a credit card or other method
- of payment for which reimbursement is made by a public
- 21 governmental body; and
- [(22)] (23) Records submitted by an individual,
- corporation, or other business entity to a public institution of
- 24 higher education in connection with a proposal to license
- 25 intellectual property or perform sponsored research and which
- 26 contains sales projections or other business plan information the
- 27 disclosure of which may endanger the competitiveness of a
- 28 business.

information acquired by a law enforcement agency or a first responder agency by way of a complaint or report of a crime made by telephone contact using the emergency number, "911", shall be inaccessible to the general public. However, information consisting of the date, time, specific location and immediate facts and circumstances surrounding the initial report of the crime or incident shall be considered to be an incident report and subject to section 610.100. Any closed records pursuant to this section shall be available upon request by law enforcement agencies or the division of workers' compensation or pursuant to a valid court order authorizing disclosure upon motion and good cause shown.

Section 1. Any records or flight logs pertaining to any flight or request for a flight after such flight has occurred by any elected member of either the executive or legislative branch shall be open public records under chapter 610, unless otherwise provided by law. The provisions of this section shall only apply to a flight on a state-owned plane.

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to protect sensitive public records relating to public agency plans to prevent and respond to possible terrorist incidents and to protect security system plans for certain critical public and private buildings and facilities, the repeal and reenactment of section 610.021 of section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment

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