

Journal of the Senate

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

FIFTY-FOURTH DAY—MONDAY, APRIL 16, 2012

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

President Kinder in the Chair.

Reverend Carl Gauck offered the following prayer:

“O give thanks to the Lord, for he is good; for his steadfast love endures forever.” (Psalm 107:1)

Good Lord, we do give You thanks for You are good and we see this in our everyday experiences. We see Your love in the way that the earth brings forth its beauty and bounty. We see it in the care and response about us in the trail of destruction in our neighboring states and loss of life was minimal. We see it in our interactions with one another and opportunity to work together even where differences are present. So we give thanks to You for this day and Your love. In Your Holy Name we pray. Amen.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was recited.

A quorum being established, the Senate proceeded with its business.

The Journal for Thursday, April 12, 2012 was read and approved.

The following Senators were present during the day’s proceedings:

Present—Senators

Brown	Callahan	Chappelle-Nadal	Crowell	Cunningham	Curls	Dempsey	Dixon
Engler	Goodman	Green	Justus	Keaveny	Kehoe	Kraus	Lager
Lamping	Lembke	Mayer	McKenna	Munzlinger	Nieves	Pearce	Purgason
Richard	Ridgeway	Rupp	Schaaf	Schaefer	Schmitt	Stouffer	Wasson

Wright-Jones—33

Absent—Senators—None

Absent with leave—Senator Parson—1

Vacancies—None

The Lieutenant Governor was present.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Rupp offered Senate Resolution No. 1863, regarding Nicholas Patrick Tuley, Wentzville, which was adopted.

Senator Lembke offered Senate Resolution No. 1864, regarding Chaplain, Colonel Joseph A. Weber, Jr., which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 1865, regarding Michael John Ogle, Parnell, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 1866, regarding Addison C. Fuller, which was adopted.

Senator Kehoe offered Senate Resolution No. 1867, regarding Lois Wininger, Jefferson City, which was adopted.

Senator Ridgeway offered Senate Resolution No. 1868, regarding David Gonzalez, Smithville, which was adopted.

Senator Ridgeway offered Senate Resolution No. 1869, regarding Anthony Kaweckki, Smithville, which was adopted.

Senator Ridgeway offered Senate Resolution No. 1870, regarding Kevin Kopp, Smithville, which was adopted.

Senator Kraus offered Senate Resolution No. 1871, regarding Daniel "Dan" Eaton, Lee's Summit, which was adopted.

Senator Kehoe offered Senate Resolution No. 1872, regarding the Ninety-ninth Birthday of Adelaide Lolli Decker, Jefferson City, which was adopted.

Senator Kehoe offered Senate Resolution No. 1873, regarding Calvin J. Shelden, Russellville, which was adopted.

Senator Mayer offered Senate Resolution No. 1874, regarding Mortina J. Williams, Patterson, which was adopted.

Senator Mayer offered Senate Resolution No. 1875, regarding Lydia Ellen Clark, Patterson, which was adopted.

Senator Mayer offered Senate Resolution No. 1876, regarding Dr. Helena M. Ruhl, Poplar Bluff, which was adopted.

Senator Engler offered Senate Resolution No. 1877, regarding Michael J. Wehner, Ste. Genevieve, which was adopted.

Senator Lamping offered Senate Resolution No. 1878, regarding the Fifty-seventh Birthday of Xenia R. Naert, University City, which was adopted.

Senator Purgason offered Senate Resolution No. 1879, regarding College of the Ozarks, Point Lookout, which was adopted.

Senator Lamping offered Senate Resolution No. 1880, regarding Lukas F. Sloan, St. Louis, which was adopted.

Senator Lamping offered Senate Resolution No. 1881, regarding Halpin Robert "Hap" Burke, St. Louis,

which was adopted.

Senator Wasson offered Senate Resolution No. 1882, regarding the 2011-2012 Class 4 state champion Republic High School girls basketball program, which was adopted.

Senator Schmitt offered Senate Resolution No. 1883, regarding Captain Gary Woepke, which was adopted.

Senator Pearce offered Senate Resolution No. 1884, regarding Dr. James B. “Jim” Staab, which was adopted.

Senator Pearce offered Senate Resolution No. 1885, regarding Alan G. Stachowiak, Knob Noster, which was adopted.

Senator Munzlinger offered Senate Resolution No. 1886, regarding the Sixtieth Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Don Perrine, which was adopted.

Senator Munzlinger offered Senate Resolution No. 1887, regarding the Fiftieth Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Bringer, Maywood, which was adopted.

Senator Munzlinger offered Senate Resolution No. 1888, regarding the Missouri Association of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, which was adopted.

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR

The following messages were received from the Governor, reading of which was waived:

GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI
JEFFERSON CITY
65102
April 12, 2012

To the Senate of the 96th General Assembly of the State of Missouri:

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith for your advice and consent the following appointment:

Don W. Cook, Democrat, 677 Dougherty Terrace Drive, Manchester, St. Louis County, Missouri 63021, as a member of the Lincoln University Board of Curators, for a term ending January 1, 2018, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified; vice, Iris Ferguson, term expired.

Respectfully submitted,
Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon
Governor

Also,

GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI
JEFFERSON CITY
65102
April 12, 2012

To the Senate of the 96th General Assembly of the State of Missouri:

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith for your advice and consent the following appointment:

Michael Pfander, Republican, 1763 Mount Sinai Road, Clever, Christian County, Missouri 65631, as a member of the Missouri Veterinary Medical Board, for a term ending August 29, 2012, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified; vice, Charles Barry, term expired.

Respectfully submitted,
Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon
Governor

Also,

GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI
JEFFERSON CITY
65102
April 12, 2012

To the Senate of the 96th General Assembly of the State of Missouri:

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith for your advice and consent the following appointment:

Robert Shotts, 14390 Skyline Drive, Lebanon, Laclede County, Missouri 65536, as a member of the Missouri Board of Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors and Landscape Architects, for a term ending September 30, 2014, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified; vice, Robert Shotts, withdrawn.

Respectfully submitted,
Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon
Governor

Also,

GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI
JEFFERSON CITY
65102
April 12, 2012

To the Senate of the 96th General Assembly of the State of Missouri:

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith for your advice and consent the following appointment:

Mark W. Smith, 3849 Holly Hills, Saint Louis City, Missouri 63116, as a member of the Midwestern Higher Education Compact, for a term ending January 1, 2014, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified; vice, Gerald T. Brouder, term expired.

Respectfully submitted,
Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon
Governor

President Pro Tem Mayer referred the above appointments to the Committee on gubernatorial Appointments.

SENATE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

Senator Dempsey moved that **SB 682**, with **SCS**, be called from the Informal Calendar and taken up for perfection, which motion prevailed.

SCS for **SB 682**, entitled:

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 682

An Act to amend chapter 334, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to interventional pain management.

Was taken up.

Senator Dempsey moved that **SCS** for **SB 682** be adopted.

Senator Dempsey offered **SS** for **SCS** for **SB 682**, entitled:

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 682

An Act to amend chapter 334, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to interventional pain management.

Senator Dempsey moved that **SS** for **SCS** for **SB 682** be adopted.

Senator Kraus assumed the Chair.

At the request of Senator Dempsey, **SB 682**, with **SCS** and **SS** for **SCS** (pending), was placed on the Informal Calendar.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

Senator Pearce moved that **HCS** for **HB 1174**, with **SCS** and **SA 1** (pending), be called from the Informal Calendar and again taken up for perfection, which motion prevailed.

SA 1 was again taken up.

At the request of Senator Schmitt, **SA 1** was withdrawn.

Senator Pearce offered **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 1174**, entitled:

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 1174

An Act to repeal sections 162.081 and 162.083, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to school accreditation, with an emergency clause.

Senator Pearce moved that **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 1174** be adopted.

Senator Schmitt offered **SA 1**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1174, Page 9, Section 162.083, Line 25 of said page, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“167.131. 1. The board of education of each district in this state that does not maintain an accredited school **for specific grade levels** pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in section 161.092 shall pay [the] tuition [of] **as calculated by the receiving district under subsection 2 of this section** and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241 for each pupil resident therein who attends an accredited **public** school in another district of the same or an adjoining county.

2. The rate of tuition to be charged by the district attended and paid by the sending district is the per pupil cost of maintaining the district’s grade level grouping which includes the school attended. The cost of maintaining a grade level grouping shall be determined by the board of education of the district but in no case shall it exceed all amounts spent for teachers’ wages, incidental purposes, debt service, maintenance and replacements. The term “debt service”, as used in this section, means expenditures for the retirement

of bonded indebtedness and expenditures for interest on bonded indebtedness. Per pupil cost of the grade level grouping shall be determined by dividing the cost of maintaining the grade level grouping by the average daily pupil attendance. If there is disagreement as to the amount of tuition to be paid, the facts shall be submitted to the state board of education, and its decision in the matter shall be final. Subject to the limitations of this section, each pupil shall be free to attend the public school of his or her choice.

167.133. 1. (1) The board of education of each district in this state that has been declared unaccredited pursuant to the authority of the state board of education as established in section 161.092 shall pay tuition and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241 for each pupil resident therein who meets the criteria of this section.

(2) Unless a receiving district qualifies under subdivision (3) of this subsection, the rate of tuition to be charged by the district attended and paid by the sending district is the per-pupil cost of maintaining the district's grade-level grouping which includes the school attended. The cost of maintaining a grade-level grouping shall be determined by the board of education of the district but in no case shall it exceed all amounts spent for teachers' wages, incidental purposes, debt service, maintenance and replacements. The term "debt service", as used in this section, means expenditures for the retirement of bonded indebtedness and expenditures for interest on bonded indebtedness. Per-pupil cost of the grade-level grouping shall be determined by dividing the cost of maintaining the grade-level grouping by the average daily pupil attendance.

(3) When any metropolitan school district is unaccredited or any district located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants is unaccredited, the tuition amount for students residing in those districts shall be the same as the tuition payment in effect at the time for any voluntary interdistrict transfer program regardless of whether the receiving district was or is participating in the interdistrict transfer program. If there is disagreement as to the amount of tuition to be paid, the facts shall be submitted to the state board of education, and its decision in the matter shall be final.

2. A pupil from an unaccredited district may attend a school in another district of the same or an adjoining county if the receiving district is accredited without provision and if the pupil has been enrolled in and attending a public school in the district during the school year when such declaration is made, or has enrolled and attended in the unaccredited district in school years subsequent to the year in which the declaration is made. Pupils who reside in the unaccredited district who become eligible for kindergarten or first grade in a school year after the effective date of this section are also eligible to transfer. A student who resides in an unaccredited district but who is attending a private school on or after the date the district is declared unaccredited shall become eligible to transfer to a public school in another district of the same or adjoining county under this section after the student has enrolled in and completed a full school year in a public school or charter school in the unaccredited district.

3. By June 30, 2012, each school district shall establish specific criteria through board policy for the admission of nonresident pupils from districts that have been classified as unaccredited by the state board of education who seek admission into a school district under this section. The primary criteria shall be the availability of highly qualified teachers in existing classroom space. Each district shall establish criteria for calculating available seats that take into account the district's resident student population growth or decrease, based on demographic projections provided by the office of

socioeconomic data analysis, such that the receiving district shall not be required to employ additional teachers or construct new classrooms to accommodate such transfer pupils. No resident pupil shall be displaced from a school to which he or she would otherwise be assigned to accommodate the admission of a nonresident pupil. The assignment of a student to a particular building shall be the decision of the receiving district. Once a student from an unaccredited district has been accepted under this section, the student may complete his or her educational program in the district even if the student's residence district has regained its accreditation.

4. Subject to the limitations of this section, each pupil shall be free to attend the public school of his or her choice.

167.425. 1. When the state board of education classifies a metropolitan school district as unaccredited or any school district located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred thousand inhabitants as unaccredited, the department of elementary and secondary education shall establish a clearinghouse, as provided in this section, to assist students to transfer from an unaccredited district.

2. For purposes of this section, "clearinghouse" means a neutral third party appointed by the department of elementary and secondary education to coordinate student transfers from unaccredited school districts to accredited districts subject to the conditions of section 167.133.

3. The clearinghouse shall make information and assistance available to assist parents or guardians who intend to transfer their child from an unaccredited district to an accredited district under this section.

4. The parent or guardian of a pupil residing in an unaccredited district who intends to enroll the parent's or guardian's child in an accredited district under the provisions of this section shall send initial notification to the pupil's school district of residence and the clearinghouse. Each parent or guardian of a pupil who provides notice of intent to transfer from an unaccredited school district to another school under this section shall do so on forms prescribed by the department of elementary and secondary education. Initial notification shall be made by January fifteenth for enrollment in the subsequent school year.

5. (1) If a parent or guardian fails to file the initial notification forms by the deadline specified in subsection 4 of this section, and satisfies the definition of good cause as defined in subdivision (3) of this subsection, or if the request is to enroll a child in a school in an accredited district under this section for kindergarten or first grade or in any grade if a child is moving into Missouri or moving into the public school district for the first time, the parent or guardian shall be permitted, if accepted, to enroll the child in the other district in the same manner as if the deadline had been met.

(2) Until the last Friday in March of that calendar year, the parent or guardian requesting transfer shall send notification to the district of residence and the clearinghouse, on forms prescribed by the department of elementary and secondary education, that good cause, as defined in subdivision (3) of this subsection, exists for failure to meet the deadline. The clearinghouse shall take action to approve the request if good cause exists. A denial of a request by the clearinghouse is not subject to appeal.

(3) For purposes of this section, "good cause" means a change in a child's residence due to a change in family residence, a change in a child's parents' marital status, a guardianship or custody

change, placement in foster care, adoption, participation in a substance abuse or mental health treatment program, or student health or safety concerns; or a change in the status of a child's district of residence, such as removal of accreditation by the state board of education, permanent closure of a public or nonpublic school that the child attends, or revocation of a charter school's charter as provided in section 160.405. If the good cause relates to a change in status of a child's school district of residence, however, action by a parent or guardian must be taken to file the notification within forty-five days of the last official action relating to such status. Student health or safety concerns shall include, but not be limited to, ongoing bullying, supported by official school reports, sexual misconduct complaints, reports, or investigations, and drug or alcohol concerns with peers. If the district does not agree with the parent's or child's concerns, a written notice of need for relocation from a medical or mental health professional shall suffice to satisfy "good cause" under this subsection.

6. The clearinghouse may contract with a school district, any voluntary interdistrict council, or any private entity for transportation services.

7. The expenses associated with the administration of pupil transfers under this section shall be defrayed by the department of elementary and secondary education retaining funds to cover the cost of administration from the state school aid withheld from a transfer student's district of residence."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Schmitt moved that the above amendment be adopted.

Senator Stouffer assumed the Chair.

Senator Lembke offered SSA 1 for SA 1:

SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT NO. 1 FOR
SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1174, Page 9, Section 162.083, Line 25, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"167.131. 1. **Subject to the provisions of subsection 3 of this section**, the board of education of each district in this state that does not maintain an accredited school pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in section 161.092 shall pay the tuition of and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241 for each pupil resident therein who attends an accredited school in another district of the same or an adjoining county.

2. The rate of tuition to be charged by the district attended and paid by the sending district is the per pupil cost of maintaining the district's grade level grouping which includes the school attended. The cost of maintaining a grade level grouping shall be determined by the board of education of the district but in no case shall it exceed all amounts spent for teachers' wages, incidental purposes, debt service, maintenance and replacements. The term "debt service", as used in this section, means expenditures for the retirement of bonded indebtedness and expenditures for interest on bonded indebtedness. Per pupil cost of the grade level grouping shall be determined by dividing the cost of maintaining the grade level grouping by the average daily pupil attendance. **When any metropolitan school district is classified as unaccredited by the state board of education or any district located in a county with a charter form of government and**

with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants is classified as unaccredited by the state board of education, the rate of tuition for students residing in those districts shall be the same as the tuition payment in effect at the time for any voluntary interdistrict transfer program regardless of whether a receiving district was or is participating in the voluntary interdistrict transfer program. If there is disagreement as to the amount of tuition to be paid, the facts shall be submitted to the state board of education, and its decision in the matter shall be final. Subject to the limitations of this section, each pupil shall be free to attend the public school of his or her choice.

3. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any unaccredited school district during the first two full school years operating under the authority of a special administrative board appointed pursuant to sections 162.081, 162.621, or 162.1100, and for such additional time as the school district operating under the special administrative board's authority demonstrates improvement in its annual performance report under the Missouri school improvement program or its equivalent successor program. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "improvement" shall mean that the school district gained at least one additional annual performance report point during the initial two-year period under special administrative board authority, does not lose any annual performance report points in any year subsequent to the initial two-year period, and gains at least one additional annual performance report point within each subsequent two-year period after the initial two-year period. Failing such improvement, such special administrative board shall pay the tuition as calculated in subsection 2 of this section and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241 for each resident pupil who meets the criteria of this section. This subsection shall apply to all districts operating under the authority of a special administrative board established under sections 162.081, 162.621, or 162.1100 on or after the effective date of this act. If the district fails to demonstrate improvement as provided in this subsection, the provisions of section 167.134 and section 167.425 shall become applicable.

4. A pupil residing in an unaccredited district operating under the authority of a special administrative board established pursuant to sections 162.081, 162.621, or 162.1100 shall have the right to transfer to a school site within the district of residence offering the pupil's grade level of enrollment that has met or exceeded state performance targets for the previous academic year, provided adequate space is available as determined by the special administrative board.

167.134. 1. If an unaccredited school district operating under the authority of a special administrative board fails to demonstrate improvement as provided in subsection 3 of section 167.131, such district's resident pupils may attend a school in another district of the same or an adjoining county if the receiving district is accredited without provision and if the pupil has been enrolled in and attending a public school in the district during the school year when such declaration is made, or has enrolled and attended in the unaccredited district in school years subsequent to the year in which the declaration is made. Pupils who reside in the unaccredited district who become eligible for kindergarten or first grade in a school year after the effective date of this section are also eligible to transfer. A student who resides in an unaccredited district but who is attending a private school on or after the date the district is declared unaccredited shall become eligible to transfer to a public school in another district of the same or an adjoining county under this section and section 167.131 after the student has enrolled in and completed a full school year in a public school or charter school in the unaccredited district.

2. By June 30, 2012, each school district shall establish specific criteria through board policy for

the admission of nonresident pupils from districts that have been classified as unaccredited by the state board of education who seek admission into a school district under this section and section 167.131. The primary criteria shall be the availability of highly qualified teachers in existing classroom space. Each district shall establish criteria for calculating available seats that take into account the district's resident student population growth or decrease, based on demographic projections provided by the office of socioeconomic data analysis, such that the receiving district shall not be required to employ additional teachers or construct new classrooms to accommodate such transfer pupils. No resident pupil shall be displaced from a school to which he or she would otherwise be assigned to accommodate the admission of a nonresident pupil. The assignment of a student to a particular building shall be the decision of the receiving district. Once a student from an unaccredited district has been accepted under this section, the student may complete his or her educational program in the district even if the student's residence district has regained its accreditation.

167.425. 1. When the state board of education classifies a metropolitan school district as unaccredited or any school district located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred thousand inhabitants as unaccredited and such district operates under the authority of a special administrative board and fails to demonstrate improvement as provided in subsection 3 of section 167.131, the department of elementary and secondary education shall establish a clearinghouse, as provided in this section, to assist students to transfer from an unaccredited district.

2. For purposes of this section, "clearinghouse" means a neutral third party appointed by the department of elementary and secondary education to coordinate student transfers from unaccredited school districts to accredited districts subject to the conditions of sections 167.131 and 167.134.

3. The clearinghouse shall make information and assistance available to assist parents or guardians who intend to transfer their child from an unaccredited district to an accredited district under this section.

4. The parent or guardian of a pupil residing in an unaccredited district who intends to enroll the parent's or guardian's child in an accredited district under the provisions of this section shall send initial notification to the pupil's school district of residence and the clearinghouse. Each parent or guardian of a pupil who provides notice of intent to transfer from an unaccredited school district to another school under this section shall do so on forms prescribed by the department of elementary and secondary education. Initial notification shall be made by January fifteenth for enrollment in the subsequent school year.

5. (1) If a parent or guardian fails to file the initial notification forms by the deadline specified in subsection 4 of this section, and satisfies the definition of good cause as defined in subdivision (3) of this subsection, or if the request is to enroll a child in a school in an accredited district under this section for kindergarten or first grade or in any grade if a child is moving into Missouri or moving into the public school district for the first time, the parent or guardian shall be permitted, if accepted, to enroll the child in the other district in the same manner as if the deadline had been met.

(2) Until the last Friday in March of that calendar year, the parent or guardian requesting transfer shall send notification to the district of residence and the clearinghouse, on forms prescribed by the department of elementary and secondary education, that good cause, as defined in subdivision (3) of this subsection, exists for failure to meet the deadline. The clearinghouse shall take action to

approve the request if good cause exists. A denial of a request by the clearinghouse is not subject to appeal.

(3) For purposes of this section, “good cause” means a change in a child’s residence due to a change in family residence, a change in a child’s parents’ marital status, a guardianship or custody change, placement in foster care, adoption, participation in a substance abuse or mental health treatment program, or student health or safety concerns; or a change in the status of a child’s district of residence, such as removal of accreditation by the state board of education, permanent closure of a public or nonpublic school that the child attends, or revocation of a charter school’s charter as provided in section 160.405. If the good cause relates to a change in status of a child’s school district of residence, however, action by a parent or guardian must be taken to file the notification within forty-five days of the last official action relating to such status. Student health or safety concerns shall include, but not be limited to, ongoing bullying, supported by official school reports, sexual misconduct complaints, reports, or investigations, and drug or alcohol concerns with peers. If the district does not agree with the parent’s or child’s concerns, a written notice of need for relocation from a medical or mental health professional shall suffice to satisfy “good cause” under this subsection.

6. The clearinghouse may contract with a school district, any voluntary interdistrict council, or any public or private entity for transportation services.

7. The expenses associated with the administration of pupil transfers under this section shall be defrayed by the department of elementary and secondary education retaining funds to cover the cost of administration from the state school aid withheld from a transfer student’s district of residence.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Lembke moved that the above substitute amendment be adopted.

Senator Cunningham offered SA 1 to SSA 1 for SA 1, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO
SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT NO. 1 FOR
SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend Senate Substitute No. 1 for Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1174, Page 2, Section 167.131, Line 25 of said amendment by striking the following: “gained at least” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “**has met all MSIP standards for communication arts and mathematics on its annual performance report**”; and further amend line 26 on said page by striking the following: “one additional annual performance report point”; and further amend line 27 by striking the comma “,”; and further amend lines 28-29 by striking all of said lines; and further amend page 3 of said amendment, line 1, by striking all of said line; and further amend line 2 by striking the following: “two-year period after the initial two-year period”.

Senator Cunningham moved that the above amendment be adopted.

Senator Schaaf assumed the Chair.

At the request of Senator Pearce, HCS for HB 1174, with SCS, SS for SCS, SA 1, SSA 1 for SA 1 and SA 1 to SSA 1 for SA 1 (pending), was placed on the Informal Calendar.

INTRODUCTIONS OF GUESTS

Senator Justus introduced to the Senate, Fritz Stein, Tom O'Connor, Nick Heisberger, Dylan Lanter, Ian Wilcox, James Murray and Charlie DeLong, members of Boy Scout Troop 150, St. Elizabeth School, Kansas City.

Senator Pearce introduced to the Senate, Dr. Shari Bax and students: Rachel Sciolaro, Jared Espey, Anthony Arnold, P.J. Hill, Richard Vise, Andrea Villasuso, Lamar Lewis, Justin Grandfield, Greg Towe, Trevor Cunningham, Justin Grandfield, Tamarra Booze, Amber Stevens-Hibdon, Andrew Cooksey, Doug Cowing, Amanda Holloway and Adam Karasiewicz from University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg.

On behalf of Senator Lamping and himself, Senator Rupp introduced to the Senate, his nephew, Andrew Westall and eighth grade students from St. Monica, St. Louis; and Andrew was made an honorary page.

On motion of Senator Dempsey, the Senate adjourned under the rules.

SENATE CALENDAR

—————
FIFTY-FIFTH DAY—TUESDAY, APRIL 17, 2012
—————

FORMAL CALENDAR**HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING**

HCS for HB 1134
HCS for HB 1256
HCS for HB 1383
HCS for HB 1444
HCS for HB 1458

HCS for HB 1549
HCS for HJR 47
HJR 49-Brattin, et al
HJR 71-Elmer, et al

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

SS for SCS for SB 576-Stouffer
(In Fiscal Oversight)

SCS for SB 510-Cunningham

SENATE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

1. SB 491-Munzlinger, with SCS
2. SB 448-Rupp, with SCS
3. SB 739-Keaveny

4. SB 758-Wasson, with SCS
5. SB 854-Mayer
6. SB 803-Rupp, with SCS

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 7. SBs 817 & 774-Parson, with SCS | 12. SB 657-Rupp, with SCS |
| 8. SB 906-Kraus, with SCS | 13. SJR 45-Nieves |
| 9. SB 893-Kraus | 14. SB 834-Mayer and Parson, with SCS |
| 10. SB 816-Kraus, with SCS | 15. SB 865-Pearce, with SCS |
| 11. SB 905-Mayer | |

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| HB 1104-Schoeller and Smith (150),
with SCS (Engler) (In Fiscal Oversight) | HCS for HB 2014 (Schaefer) |
| HB 1188-Allen, et al, with SCA 1
(Schmitt) | HB 1179-Hampton, et al (Mayer) |

INFORMAL CALENDAR

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| SS for SCS for SB 677-Pearce | SCS for SB 842-Lamping |
| SS#2 for SCS for SB 806-Cunningham | |

SENATE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

- | | |
|--|---|
| SB 438-Mayer | SBs 553 & 435-Brown, with SCS, SS for SCS
& SA 1 (pending) |
| SB 439-Mayer, with SCS & SA 1 (pending) | SB 577-Goodman and Rupp, with SCS |
| SB 442-Stouffer, with SCS | SB 584-Richard and Kehoe, with SCS |
| SB 449-Rupp | SBs 588 & 585-Schmitt, with SCS (pending) |
| SB 451-Cunningham, with SCS | SB 589-Kraus, with SCS (pending) |
| SB 457-Schmitt, with SCS & SS for SCS
(pending) | SB 596-Brown, with SCS |
| SB 465-Schaaf | SB 621-Brown, with SCS, SS for SCS & SA 1
(pending) |
| SB 474-Kraus, with SCS & SA 1 (pending) | SB 623-Cunningham, with SCS |
| SB 475-Lamping | SB 625-Kehoe, with SCS |
| SB 479-Crowell | SB 645-Schaefer |
| SB 490-Munzlinger, with SCS | SB 650-Ridgeway, with SS & SA 2 (pending) |
| SB 516-Schaaf, with SCS (pending) | SB 652-Lager |
| SB 547-Purgason | SB 656-Lager and Dixon, with SCS |
| SB 548-Purgason, with SCS | SB 659-Dempsey and Rupp |
| SB 549-Lembke | |

SB 661-Schmitt, with SCS (pending)
 SB 666-Keaveny, with SCS & SS for SCS
 (pending)
 SB 675-Crowell, with SCS (pending)
 SB 676-Nieves, with SCA 1 (pending)
 SB 682-Dempsey, with SCS & SS for SCS
 (pending)
 SB 693-Crowell
 SB 695-Parson
 SB 710-Engler, et al, with SCS & SS#2 for SCS
 (pending)
 SB 717-Stouffer
 SB 743-Brown
 SB 744-Wright-Jones, with SCS & SA 2
 (pending)

SB 788-Keaveny, with SCS (pending)
 SB 795-Callahan, et al, with SCS
 SB 807-Dempsey
 SB 818-Parson, with SCS
 SB 843-Lamping, with SCS & SS for SCS
 (pending)
 SB 903-Lamping
 SB 909-Cunningham, et al
 SJR 25-Crowell
 SJR 29-Lamping, with SS & SA 1 (pending)
 SJR 30-Lamping
 SJR 39-Cunningham
 SJR 47-Rupp, with SCS
 SJR 50-Curls

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

HCS for HB 1174, with SCS, SS for SCS,
 SA 1, SSA 1 for SA 1 & SA 1 to SSA 1
 for SA 1 (pending) (Pearce)

HCS for HB 1193, with SCS (Engler)

SENATE BILLS WITH HOUSE AMENDMENTS

SCS for SB 773-Parson, with HA 2 & HA 3

RESOLUTIONS

Reported from Committee

SCR 20-Rupp

SCR 21-Pearce, et al

✓