SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 461

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR KEAVENY.

Pre-filed December 1, 2011, and ordered printed.

4382S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 84.010, 84.220, 86.200, 86.213, 105.483, and 105.726, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirteen new sections relating to the St. Louis police force, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 84.010, 84.220, 86.200, 86.213, 105.483, and 105.726, 2 RSMo, are repealed and thirteen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be 3 known as sections 84.343, 84.344, 84.345, 84.346, 84.347, 84.348, 84.349, 86.200, 4 86.213, 86.371, 105.483, 105.726, and 1, to read as follows:

84.343. No elected or appointed official of the state or any political subdivision thereof shall act or refrain from acting in any 2 manner to impede, obstruct, hinder, or otherwise interfere with any 3 member of a municipal police force established under section 84.346 in 4 the performance of his or her job duties, or with any aspect of any 5investigation arising from the performance of such job duties. This 6 section shall not be construed to prevent such officials from acting 7 within the normal course and scope of their employment or from acting 8 9 to implement sections 84.345 to 84.348. Any person who violates this section shall be liable for a penalty of two thousand five hundred 10 11 dollars for each offense and shall forever be disqualified from holding 12any office or employment whatsoever with the governmental entity the person served at the time of the violation. The penalty shall not be 1314paid by the funds of any committee as the term "committee" is defined in section 130.011. This section shall not be construed to interfere with 15the punishment, under any laws of this state, of a criminal offense 16

17 committed by such officials, nor shall this section apply to duly
18 appointed members of the municipal police force, or their appointing
19 authorities, whose conduct is otherwise provided for by law.

84.344. 1. It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an official, employee, or agent of a municipal police force established under section 84.346 to discharge, demote, reduce the pay of, or otherwise retaliate against an employee of the municipal police force for reporting to any superior, government agency, or the press the conduct of another employee that the reporting employee believes, in good faith, is illegal.

8 2. Any employee of the municipal police force may bring a cause 9 of action for general or special damages based on a violation of this 10 section.

84.345. Subject to the provisions of sections 84.346 to 84.348, any city not within a county may establish a municipal police force for the purposes of:

4 (1) Preserving the public peace, welfare, and order;

5 (2) Preventing crime and arresting suspected offenders;

6 (3) Enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the city;

7 (4) Exercising all powers available to a police force under8 generally applicable state law; and

9 (5) Regulating and licensing all private watchmen, private 10 detectives, and private policemen serving or acting as such in said city. 11 Any person who acts as a private watchman, private detective, or 12 private policeman in said cities without having obtained a written 13 license from said cities is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

84.346. 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, any city not within a county may establish a municipal police force on or after January 1, 2013, according to the procedures and requirements of this section. The purpose of these procedures and requirements is to provide for an orderly and appropriate transition in the governance of the police force and provide for an equitable employment transition for commissioned and civilian personnel.

2. Upon the establishment of a municipal police force by a city 9 under sections 84.345 to 84.348, the board of police commissioners shall 10 convey, assign, and otherwise transfer to the city title and ownership 11 of all indebtedness and assets, including, but not limited to, all funds

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and real and personal property held in the name of or controlled by the
board of police commissioners created under sections 84.020 and
84.030. The board of police commissioners shall execute all documents
reasonably required to accomplish such transfer of ownership and
obligations.

3. If the city establishes a municipal police force and completes
the transfer described in subsection 2 of this section, the city shall
appropriate the necessary funds for the maintenance of the municipal
police force.

4. Before a city not within a county may establish a municipal police force under this section, the city shall adopt an ordinance accepting responsibility, ownership, and liability as successor-ininterest for contractual obligations, indebtedness, and other lawful obligations of the board of police commissioners subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 84.347.

275. A city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force shall employ, without a reduction in rank, salary, or benefits, all 2829commissioned and civilian personnel of the board of police commissioners created under sections 84.010 to 84.340 that were 3031employed by the board immediately prior to the date the municipal 32police force was established. The city shall also recognize all accrued years of service that such commissioned and civilian personnel had 3334with the board of police commissioners. Such personnel shall be entitled to the same holidays, vacation, and sick leave they were 35 entitled to as employees of the board of police commissioners. 36

376. Except for commissioned and civilian personnel of the board 38of police commissioners who were employed by the board immediately prior to the date the municipal police force was established, a city 39creating a municipal police force under subsection 1 of this section may 40 enforce any rule, law, or regulations concerning the residence of 41commissioned and civilian personnel of the police force. Commissioned 42and civilian personnel who were previously employed by the board 43shall continue to be subject to the residency rule promulgated by the 44 board, which allows employees of the police department who have 45retained residency in the City of St. Louis for a total of seven years to 46maintain a primary residence outside the city so long as the residence 47is located within a one-hour response time. 48

7. The commissioned and civilian personnel who retire from service with the board of police commissioners before the establishment of a municipal police force under subsection 1 of this section shall continue to be entitled to the same pension benefits provided under chapter 86 and the same benefits set forth in subsection 54 5 of this section.

8. If a city not within a county elects to establish a municipal 55police force under this section, the city shall establish a separate 56division for the operation of its municipal police force. The city may 57adopt new civil service commission rules and regulations appropriate 5859for the unique operation of a municipal police force; however, until such time as the city adopts such rules and regulations, the 60commissioned personnel shall continue to be governed by the board of 61police commissioner's rules and regulations in effect immediately prior 62to the establishment of the municipal police force, with the police chief 63 acting in place of the board of police commissioners for purposes of 64 applying the rules and regulations. Unless otherwise provided for, 6566 existing civil service commission rules and regulations governing the 67appeal of disciplinary decisions to the civil service commission shall 68 apply to all commissioned and civilian personnel. A hearing officer 69 shall be appointed by the civil service commission to hear any such 70appeals that involve discipline resulting in a suspension of greater than 71fifteen days, demotion, or termination, but the civil service commission shall make the final findings of fact, conclusions of law, and decision 7273which shall be subject to any right of appeal under chapter 536.

9. A city not within a county that establishes and maintains a
municipal police force under this section:

(1) Shall provide or contract for life insurance coverage and for
insurance benefits providing health, medical, and disability coverage
for commissioned and civilian personnel of the municipal police force
to the same extent as was required by the board of police
commissioners under section 84.160;

81 (2) Shall provide or contract for health, medical, and life 82 insurance coverage for any commissioned or civilian personnel who 83 retired from service with the board of police commissioners or who 84 were employed by the board of police commissioners and retire from 85 the municipal police force of a city not within a county;

86 (3) Shall make available health, medical, and life insurance 87 coverage for purchase to the spouses or dependents of commissioned 88 and civilian personnel who retire from service with the board of police 89 commissioners or the municipal police force and deceased 90 commissioned and civilian personnel who receive pension benefits under sections 86.200 to 86.366 at the rate that such dependent's or 91 spouse's coverage would cost under the appropriate plan if the 92deceased were living; and 93

94 (4) May pay an additional shift differential compensation to
95 commissioned and civilian personnel for evening and night tours of
96 duty in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the officer's base hourly
97 rate.

98 10. A city not within a county that establishes a municipal police force under sections 84.345 to 84.348 shall, by ordinance, establish a 99 transition committee of five members for the purpose of: coordinating 100 101 and implementing the transition of authority, operations, assets, and obligations from the board of police commissioners to the city; winding 102 103 down the affairs of the board; and making nonbinding 104recommendations for the transition of the police force from the board 105to the city. The ordinance shall provide for the powers, duties, and 106 duration of the committee. Once the ordinance is enacted, the city 107 shall provide written notice to the board of police commissioners and 108 the governor of the state of Missouri. Within thirty days of such notice, 109 the governor shall appoint two members to the committee, one of whom 110 shall be a member of a statewide law enforcement association that represents at least five thousand law enforcement officers. The 111 112remaining members of the committee shall include the police chief of 113the municipal police force, the city's director of public safety, and a person who has retired from service with the board of police 114115commissioners or the municipal police appointed to the committee by the mayor of such city. 116

84.347. 1. Except as required for the board of police commissioners to conclude its affairs and pursue legal claims and defenses, upon the establishment of a municipal police force, the terms of office of the commissioners of the board of police created under sections 84.020 and 84.030 shall expire, and the provisions of sections 84.020 to 84.340 shall not apply to any city not within a county or its

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municipal police force as of such date. The board shall continue to 7 8 operate, if necessary, to wind down the board's affairs until the transfer of ownership and obligations under subsection 2 of section 9 84.346 has been completed. During such time, the board of police 10commissioners shall designate and authorize its secretary to act on 11 behalf of the board for purposes of performing the board's duties and 12any other actions incident to the transfer and winding down of the 13board's affairs. 14

152. For any claim, lawsuit, or other action tendered to the attorney general by the board of police commissioners before the 1617effective date of this act, the state shall provide legal representation as set forth in section 105.726, and the state legal expense fund shall 18provide reimbursement for the claims tendered before the effective 19date of this act up to a maximum of one million dollars per fiscal year 20pursuant to section 105.726. This subsection applies to all claims, 2122lawsuits, and other actions tendered on behalf of any commissioner, 23police officer, employee, agent, representative, or any individual or 24entity acting or purporting to act on its or their behalf.

25 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or 26 regulation to the contrary, any city not within a county that establishes 27 a municipal police force under sections 84.345 to 84.358 shall not be 28 restricted or limited in any way in the selection of a police chief or 29 chief of the division created under subsection 8 of section 84.346.

4. It shall be the duty of the sheriff for any city not within a 30 county, whenever called upon by the police chief of the municipal 31police force, to act under the police chief's control for the preservation 3233of the public peace and quiet; and, whenever the exigency or 34circumstances may, in the police chief's judgment, warrant it, said police chief shall have the power to assume the control and command 35of all local and municipal conservators of the peace of the city, whether 36sheriff, constable, policemen or others, and they shall act under the 37orders of the said police chief and not otherwise. 38

84.348. Any police pension system created under chapter 86 for the benefit of a police force established under sections 84.010 to 84.343 shall continue to be governed by chapter 86, and shall apply to any police force established under section 84.346. Other than any provision that makes chapter 86 applicable to a municipal police force 6 established under section 84.346, nothing in sections 84.345 to 84.348
7 shall be construed as limiting or changing the rights or benefits
8 provided under chapter 86.

84.349. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1.140 to the contrary, the provisions of sections 84.345 to 84.348 shall be nonseverable. If any provision of sections 84.345 to 84.348 is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall invalidate all of the remaining provisions of this act.

86.200. The following words and phrases as used in sections 86.200 to 86.366, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, shall have the following meanings:

4 (1) "Accumulated contributions", the sum of all mandatory contributions 5 deducted from the compensation of a member and credited to the member's 6 individual account, together with members' interest thereon;

7 (2) "Actuarial equivalent", a benefit of equal value when computed upon
8 the basis of mortality tables and interest assumptions adopted by the board of
9 trustees;

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(3) "Average final compensation":

11 (a) With respect to a member who earns no creditable service on or after 12 October 1, 2001, the average earnable compensation of the member during the 13 member's last three years of creditable service as a police officer, or if the member 14 has had less than three years of creditable service, the average earnable 15 compensation of the member's entire period of creditable service;

(b) With respect to a member who is not participating in the DROP pursuant to section 86.251 on October 1, 2001, who did not participate in the DROP at any time before such date, and who earns any creditable service on or after October 1, 2001, the average earnable compensation of the member during the member's last two years of creditable service as a policeman, or if the member has had less than two years of creditable service, then the average earnable compensation of the member's entire period of creditable service;

(c) With respect to a member who is participating in the DROP pursuant to section 86.251 on October 1, 2001, or whose participation in DROP ended before such date, who returns to active participation in the system pursuant to section 86.251, and who terminates employment as a police officer for reasons other than death or disability before earning at least two years of creditable service after such return, the portion of the member's benefit attributable to

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29 creditable service earned before DROP entry shall be determined using average 30 final compensation as defined in paragraph (a) of this subdivision; and the 31 portion of the member's benefit attributable to creditable service earned after 32 return to active participation in the system shall be determined using average 33 final compensation as defined in paragraph (b) of this subdivision;

34(d) With respect to a member who is participating in the DROP pursuant to section 86.251 on October 1, 2001, or whose participation in the DROP ended 3536 before such date, who returns to active participation in the system pursuant to 37section 86.251, and who terminates employment as a police officer after earning at least two years of creditable service after such return, the member's benefit 38attributable to all of such member's creditable service shall be determined using 3940the member's average final compensation as defined in paragraph (b) of this 41subdivision;

42 (e) With respect to a member who is participating in the DROP pursuant 43 to section 86.251 on October 1, 2001, or whose participation in DROP ended 44 before such date, who returns to active participation in the system pursuant to 45 section 86.251, and whose employment as a police officer terminates due to death 46 or disability after such return, the member's benefit attributable to all of such 47 member's creditable service shall be determined using the member's average final 48 compensation as defined in paragraph (b) of this subdivision; and

(f) With respect to the surviving spouse or surviving dependent child of a member who earns any creditable service on or after October 1, 2001, the average earnable compensation of the member during the member's last two years of creditable service as a police officer or, if the member has had less than two years of creditable service, the average earnable compensation of the member's entire period of creditable service;

(4) "Beneficiary", any person in receipt of a retirement allowance or otherbenefit;

(5) "Board of police commissioners", any board of police commissioners,
police commissioners and any other officials or boards now or hereafter
authorized by law to employ and manage a permanent police force in such cities;
(6) "Board of trustees", the board provided in sections 86.200 to 86.366 to
administer the retirement system;

62 (7) "Creditable service", prior service plus membership service as provided
63 in sections 86.200 to 86.366;

64 (8) "DROP", the deferred retirement option plan provided for in section

65 86.251;

66 (9) "Earnable compensation", the annual salary which a member would earn during one year on the basis of the member's rank or position as specified 67 68 in the applicable salary matrix in section 84.160 plus any additional compensation for academic work [as provided in subsection 7 of section 84.160, 69 70plus] and shift differential [as provided in subdivision (4) of subsection 8 of section 84.160] that may be provided by any official or board now or 7172hereafter authorized by law to employ and manage a permanent police force in such cities. Such amount shall include the member's deferrals to a 73deferred compensation plan pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code 7475or to a cafeteria plan pursuant to Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code or, effective October 1, 2001, to a transportation fringe benefit program pursuant to 76 Section 132(f)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Earnable compensation shall not 77include a member's additional compensation for overtime, standby time, court 78time, nonuniform time or unused vacation time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 79the earnable compensation taken into account under the plan established 80 pursuant to sections 86.200 to 86.366 with respect to a member who is a 81 noneligible participant, as defined in this subdivision, for any plan year beginning 82on or after October 1, 1996, shall not exceed the amount of compensation that 83 84 may be taken into account under Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code, 85as adjusted for increases in the cost of living, for such plan year. For purposes of this subdivision, a "noneligible participant" is an individual who first becomes 86 a member on or after the first day of the first plan year beginning after the 87 earlier of: 88

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(a) The last day of the plan year that includes August 28, 1995; or

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(b) December 31, 1995;

(10) "Internal Revenue Code", the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 91 92as amended;

93 (11) "Mandatory contributions", the contributions required to be deducted from the salary of each member who is not participating in DROP in accordance 94with section 86.320; 95

96 (12) "Member", a member of the retirement system as defined by sections 97 86.200 to 86.366;

98(13) "Members' interest", interest on accumulated contributions at such rate as may be set from time to time by the board of trustees; 99

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(14) "Membership service", service as a policeman rendered since last

becoming a member, except in the case of a member who has served in the armed
forces of the United States and has subsequently been reinstated as a policeman,
in which case "membership service" means service as a policeman rendered since
last becoming a member prior to entering such armed service;

105 (15) "Plan year" or "limitation year", the twelve consecutive-month period
106 beginning each October first and ending each September thirtieth;

107 (16) "Policeman" or "police officer", any member of the police force of such
108 cities who holds a rank in such police force for which the annual salary is listed
109 in section 84.160;

(17) "Prior service", all service as a policeman rendered prior to the date
the system becomes operative or prior to membership service which is creditable
in accordance with the provisions of sections 86.200 to 86.366;

(18) "Reserve officer", any member of the police reserve force of such cities, armed or unarmed, who works less than full time, without compensation, and who, by his or her assigned function or as implied by his or her uniform, performs duties associated with those of a police officer and who currently receives a service retirement as provided by sections 86.200 to 86.366;

(19) "Retirement allowance", annual payments for life as provided by sections 86.200 to 86.366 which shall be payable in equal monthly installments or any benefits in lieu thereof granted to a member upon termination of employment as a police officer and actual retirement;

(20) "Retirement system", the police retirement system of the cities as
defined in sections 86.200 to 86.366;

124 (21) "Surviving spouse", the surviving spouse of a member who was the125 member's spouse at the time of the member's death.

86.213. 1. The general administration and the responsibility for the proper operation of the retirement system and for making effective the provisions of sections 86.200 to 86.366 are hereby vested in a board of trustees of ten persons. The board shall be constituted as follows:

5 (1) [The president of the board of police commissioners of the city, ex 6 officio. If the president is absent from any meeting of the board of trustees for 7 any cause whatsoever, the president may be represented by any member of the 8 board of police commissioners who in such case shall have full power to act as a 9 member of the board of trustees;

10 (2)] The comptroller of the city, ex officio. If the comptroller is absent 11 from any meeting of the board of trustees for any cause whatsoever, the 12 comptroller may be represented by either the deputy comptroller or the first
13 assistant comptroller who in such case shall have full power to act as a member
14 of the said board of trustees;

[(3) Three] (2) Two members to be appointed by the mayor of the city to serve for a term of two years, except the mayor shall not appoint the police chief of the municipal police force, the city's director of public safety, or the president of the board of police commissioners of the city;

[(4)] (3) Three members to be elected by the members of the retirement 19system of the city for a term of three years; provided, however, that the term of 20office of the first three members so elected shall begin immediately upon their 2122election and one such member's term shall expire one year from the date the retirement system becomes operative, another such member's term shall expire 23two years from the date the retirement system becomes operative and the other 24such member's term shall expire three years from the date the retirement system 25becomes operative; provided, further, that such members shall be members of the 2627system and hold office only while members of the system;

[(5) Two] (4) Three members who shall be retired members of the retirement system to be elected by the retired members of the retirement system for a term of three years; except that, the term of office of the first two members so elected shall begin immediately upon their election and one such member's term shall expire two years from the date of election and the other such member's term shall expire three years from the date of election.

34 2. Any member elected chairman of the board of trustees may serve35 without term limitations.

36 3. Each commissioned elected trustee shall be granted travel time by the 37 St. Louis metropolitan police department to attend any and all functions that 38 have been authorized by the board of trustees of the police retirement system of 39 St. Louis. Travel time, with compensation, for a trustee shall not exceed thirty 40 days in any board fiscal year.

86.371. In the event that the state or any state official is ordered to provide state funds to any city not within a county to satisfy pension obligations to any member of the system provided for in sections 86.200 to 86.366, the amount of state funds ordered shall constitute a first lien on the funds of such city. The state is authorized to certify such amount to the state treasurer and the director of the department of revenue. The state treasurer and the director of the department of

8 revenue shall withhold all moneys due the city not within a county
9 from the state until such amount, together with regular interest, is
10 satisfied.

105.483. Each of the following persons shall be required to file a financial 2 interest statement:

3 (1) Associate circuit judges, circuit court judges, judges of the courts of
4 appeals and of the supreme court, and candidates for any such office;

5 (2) Persons holding an elective office of the state, whether by election or 6 appointment, and candidates for such elective office, except those running for or 7 serving as county committee members for a political party pursuant to section 8 115.609 or section 115.611;

9 (3) The principal administrative or deputy officers or assistants serving 10 the governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, state 11 auditor and attorney general, which officers shall be designated by the respective 12 elected state official;

(4) The members of each board or commission and the chief executive
officer of each public entity created pursuant to the constitution or interstate
compact or agreement and the members of each board of regents or curators and
the chancellor or president of each state institution of higher education;

17 (5) The director and each assistant deputy director and the general
18 counsel and the chief purchasing officer of each department, division and agency
19 of state government;

20 (6) Any official or employee of the state authorized by law to promulgate 21 rules and regulations or authorized by law to vote on the adoption of rules and 22 regulations;

(7) Any member of a board or commission created by interstate compact
or agreement, including the executive director and any Missouri resident who is
a member of the bi-state development agency created pursuant to sections 70.370
to 70.440;

27 (8) Any board member of a metropolitan sewer district authorized under
28 section 30(a) of article VI of the state constitution;

(9) Any member of a commission appointed or operating pursuant to
sections 64.650 to 64.950, sections 67.650 to 67.658, or sections 70.840 to 70.859;
(10) The members, the chief executive officer and the chief purchasing
officer of each board or commission which enters into or approves contracts for
the expenditure of state funds;

34(11) Each elected official, candidate for elective office, the chief 35administrative officer, the chief purchasing officer and the general counsel, if employed full time, of each political subdivision with an annual operating budget 36 37in excess of one million dollars, and each official or employee of a political subdivision who is authorized by the governing body of the political subdivision 3839to promulgate rules and regulations with the force of law or to vote on the 40adoption of rules and regulations with the force of law; unless the political 41 subdivision adopts an ordinance, order or resolution pursuant to subsection 4 of 42section 105.485;

43 (12) Any person who is designated as a decision-making public servant by
44 any of the officials or entities listed in subdivision (6) of section 105.450;

(13) The police chief of a municipal police force established
under section 84.346 by any city not within a county, and such city's
director of public safety.

105.726. 1. Nothing in sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall be construed to 2 broaden the liability of the state of Missouri beyond the provisions of sections 3 537.600 to 537.610, nor to abolish or waive any defense at law which might 4 otherwise be available to any agency, officer, or employee of the state of 5 Missouri. Sections 105.711 to 105.726 do not waive the sovereign immunity of the 6 state of Missouri.

7 2. The creation of the state legal expense fund and the payment therefrom
8 of such amounts as may be necessary for the benefit of any person covered
9 thereby are deemed necessary and proper public purposes for which funds of this
10 state may be expended.

11 3. Moneys in the state legal expense fund shall not be available for the payment of any claim or any amount required by any final judgment rendered by 12a court of competent jurisdiction against a board of police commissioners 13established under chapter 84, including the commissioners, any police officer, 14notwithstanding sections 84.330 and 84.710, or other provisions of law, other 15employees, agents, representative, or any other individual or entity acting or 16purporting to act on its or their behalf. Such was the intent of the general 17assembly in the original enactment of sections 105.711 to 105.726, and it is made 1819 express by this section in light of the decision in Wayman Smith, III, et al. v. 20State of Missouri, 152 S.W.3d 275. Except that the commissioner of administration shall reimburse from the legal expense fund [any] the board of 2122police commissioners established under [chapter 84] section 84.350 for liability

claims otherwise eligible for payment under section 105.711 paid by such [boards]
board on an equal share basis per claim up to a maximum of one million dollars
per fiscal year. The commissioner of administration shall not reimburse
from the state legal expense fund any other board of police
commissioners for any claims tendered on or after the effective date of
this act.

294. Subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 84.347, if the 30representation of the attorney general is requested by a board of police commissioners, the attorney general shall represent, investigate, defend, 31negotiate, or compromise all claims under sections 105.711 to 105.726 for the 32board of police commissioners, any police officer, other employees, agents, 33representatives, or any other individual or entity acting or purporting to act on 3435their behalf. The attorney general may establish procedures by rules promulgated under chapter 536 under which claims must be referred for the 36 37attorney general's representation. The attorney general and the officials of the 38city which the police board represents or represented shall meet and negotiate 39reasonable expenses or charges that will fairly compensate the attorney general and the office of administration for the cost of the representation of the claims 40under this section. 41

5. Claims tendered to the attorney general promptly after the claim was asserted as required by section 105.716 and prior to August 28, 2005, may be investigated, defended, negotiated, or compromised by the attorney general and full payments may be made from the state legal expense fund on behalf of the entities and individuals described in this section as a result of the holding in Wayman Smith, III, et al. v. State of Missouri, 152 S.W.3d 275.

Section 1. 1. An officer or employee of a municipal police force 2 established under section 84.346 shall not:

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(1) Be a candidate for partisan political office;

4 (2) Use official authority or influence for the purpose of 5 interfering with or affecting the results of an election or a nomination 6 for office;

7 (3) Directly or indirectly coerce contributions from subordinates
8 in support of a political party or candidate;

9 (4) Permit solicitation for political purpose in any building or 10 room occupied for the discharge of the official duties of such force;

11 (5) Solicit any person to vote for or against any candidate for

public office or be connected with other political work of similar
character on behalf of any political organization, party, or candidate
while on duty or while wearing the official uniform of the force; or

(6) Affix any sign, bumper sticker, or other device to any
property or vehicle under the control of such force which either
supports or opposes any ballot measure or political candidate.

2. An officer or employee of such force who willfully or through culpable negligence violates any of the provisions of this section may be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for a time not exceeding six months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

[84.010. In all cities of this state that now have, or may $\mathbf{2}$ hereafter attain, a population of seven hundred thousand 3 inhabitants or over, the common council or municipal assembly, as 4 the case may be, of such cities may pass ordinances for preserving $\mathbf{5}$ order, securing property and persons from violence, danger or 6 destruction, protecting public and private property, and for 7 promoting the interests and insuring the good government of the 8 cities; but no ordinances heretofore passed, or that may hereafter 9 be passed, by the common council or municipal assembly of the 10 cities, shall, in any manner, conflict or interfere with the powers or the exercise of the powers of the boards of police commissioners of 11 the cities as created by section 84.020, nor shall the cities or any 1213officer or agent of the corporation of the cities, or the mayor thereof, in any manner impede, obstruct, hinder or interfere with 1415the boards of police or any officer, or agent or servant thereof or 16thereunder, except that in any case of emergency imminently 17imperiling the lives, health or safety of the inhabitants of the city, 18the mayor may call upon and direct the chief of police of the city to 19provide such number of officers and patrolmen to meet the 20emergency as the mayor determines to be necessary and the chief 21of police shall continue to act under the direction of the mayor until 22the emergency has ceased, or until the board of police 23commissioners takes charge of such matter.]

[84.220. Any officer or servant of the mayor or common 2 council or municipal assembly of the said cities, or other persons

3 whatsoever, who shall forcibly resist or obstruct the execution or 4 enforcement of any of the provisions of sections 84.010 to 84.340 or $\mathbf{5}$ relating to the same, or who shall disburse any money in violation 6 thereof, or who shall hinder or obstruct the organization or 7maintenance of said board of police, or the police force therein 8 provided to be organized and maintained, or who shall maintain or 9 control any police force other than the one therein provided for, or who shall delay or hinder the due enforcement of sections 84.010 10 to 84.340 by failing or neglecting to perform the duties by said 11 12sections imposed upon him, shall be liable to a penalty of one 13thousand dollars for each and every offense, recoverable by the boards by action at law in the name of the state, and shall forever 1415thereafter be disqualified from holding or exercising any office or employment whatsoever under the mayor or common council or 16municipal assembly of said cities, or under sections 84.010 to 1784.340; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall be 1819 construed to interfere with the punishment, under any existing or any future laws of this state, of any criminal offense which shall be 2021committed by the said parties in or about the resistance, obstruction, hindrance, conspiracy, combination or disbursement 2223aforesaid.]

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