SENATE BILL NO. 596

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Small Business, Insurance and Industry, January 26, 2012, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4925S.02C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 34.209, 34.212, 34.216, 34.217, 290.210, 290.250, 290.262, 290.290, and 290.340, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to public contracts, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 34.209, 34.212, 34.216, 34.217,

- 2 290.210, 290.250, 290.262, 290.290, and 290.340, RSMo, are
- 3 repealed and eleven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 4 be known as sections 34.207, 34.209, 34.212, 34.216, 34.217,
- 5 290.210, 290.250, 290.262, 290.290, 290.337, and 290.340, to
- 6 read as follows:
- 34.207. As used in this chapter, the term "public
- 2 funds" shall mean those funds belonging to the state, any
- 3 agency of the state, or any instrumentality or political
- 4 subdivision thereof.
- 34.209. Except as provided in section 34.216, the
- 2 state, any agency of the state, or any instrumentality or
- 3 political subdivision thereof, when engaged in procuring or
- 4 letting contracts for construction of a project that is
- 5 funded [by greater than fifty percent of state funds] in any
- 6 amount with public funds, shall ensure that bid
- 7 specification, project agreements, and other controlling
- 8 documents entered into, required, or subject to approval by
- 9 the state, agency, [or] instrumentality, or political
- 10 subdivision do not:
- 11 (1) Require or prohibit bidders, offerors, contractors,

- 12 or subcontractors to enter into or adhere to agreements with
- 13 one or more labor organizations on the same or related
- 14 projects; or
- 15 (2) Discriminate against bidders, offerors,
- 16 contractors, or subcontractors for entering or refusing to
- 17 enter or to remain signatory or otherwise adhere to
- 18 agreements with one or more labor organizations on the same
- 19 or related construction projects.
 - 34.212. 1. The state, any agency of the state, or any
 - 2 instrumentality, or political subdivision thereof shall not
 - 3 issue grants or enter into cooperative agreements for
 - 4 construction projects, a condition of which requires that bid
 - 5 specifications, project agreements, or other controlling
 - 6 documents pertaining to the grant or cooperative agreement
- 7 contain any of the elements specified in section 34.209.
- 8 2. The state, any agency of the state, or any
- 9 instrumentality, or political subdivision thereof shall
- 10 exercise such authority as may be required to preclude a
- 11 grant recipient or party to a cooperative agreement from
- 12 imposing any of the elements specified in section 34.209 in
- 13 connection with any grant or cooperative agreement awarded or
- 14 entered into. Nothing in sections 34.203 to 34.216 shall
- 15 prohibit contractors or subcontractors from voluntarily
- 16 entering into agreements described in section 34.209.
 - 34.216. 1. For purposes of this section, the term "project labor agreement" shall be defined as a
- 2 [multiemployer, multiunion] pre-hire agreement by or between
- 3 an employer and one or more labor union designed to systemize
- 4 labor relations at a construction site that is required by
- 5 the state, any agency of the state, or [a] any
- 6 instrumentality, or political subdivision [of the state]
- 7 thereof as a condition of [a] bid specification, bid
- 8 submission, or contract award for a construction project,
- 9 thereby insuring that [all] contractors and subcontractors on
- 10 a project comply with the terms of a union-only agreement.
- 11 The term "agreement" shall include any arrangement, written
- 12 or otherwise communicated, whether explicit or implicit in
- 13 nature.
- 14 2. The state, any agency of the state, or any
- 15 instrumentality, or [a] political subdivision [of the state

- 16 may] thereof shall not enter into or require a union-only
 17 project labor agreement for the procurement of construction
 18 services[, except as provided in section 34.209, on a
 19 project-by-project basis only if the project is funded fifty
 20 percent or less with state funds and only on the condition
 21 that:
- 22 (1) The state or political subdivision must analyze the 23 impact of a union-only project labor agreement and consider:
- 24 (a) Whether the union-only project labor agreement 25 advances the interests of the public entity and its citizens;
- 26 (b) Whether the union-only project labor agreement is 27 appropriate considering the complexity, size, cost impact, and 28 need for efficiency on the project;
- 29 (c) Whether the union-only project labor agreement 30 impacts the availability of a qualified work force; and
- 31 (d) Whether the scope of the union-only project labor 32 agreement has a business justification for the project as 33 bid;
- 34 (2) The state or political subdivision shall publish 35 the findings of subdivision (1) of this subsection in a 36 document titled "Intent to Enter Into a Union Project Labor 37 Agreement". The document shall establish a rational basis 38 upon which the state or political subdivision bases its 39 intent to require a union-only project labor agreement for 40 the project;
- 41 (3) No fewer than fourteen days but not more than 42 thirty days following publication of the notice of a public 43 hearing, the state or political subdivision shall conduct a 44 public hearing on whether to proceed with its intent to 45 require a union-only project labor agreement;
- 46 (4) Within thirty days of the public hearing set forth 47 in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the state or political 48 subdivision shall publish its determination on whether or not 49 to require a union-only project labor agreement.
- 3. (1) Any interested party may, within thirty days of the determination of the state or political subdivision as 52 set forth in subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section, 53 appeal to the labor and industrial relations commission for 54 a determination as to whether the state or political subdivision complied with subsection 2 of this section for a

- 56 union-only project labor agreement as defined in subsection 57 1 of this section.
- 58 (2) The labor and industrial relations commission shall 59 consider the appeal in subdivision (1) of this section under 60 a rational basis standard of review.
- 61 (3) The labor and industrial relations commission shall 62 hold a hearing on the appeal within sixty days of the filing 63 of the appeal. The commission shall issue its decision 64 within ninety days of the filing date of the appeal.
- 65 (4) Any aggrieved party from the labor and industrial 66 relations commission decision set forth in subdivision (3) of 67 this subsection may file an appeal with the circuit court of 68 Cole County within thirty days of the commission's decision]. 69
- [Notwithstanding the provisions of section 34.217. 2 1.140, the provisions of sections 290.095 and 290.250 and 3 sections 34.203 to 34.216 shall not be severable. In the 4 event a court of competent jurisdiction rules that any part 5 of this act is unenforceable, the entire act shall be 6 rendered null and void.] Any person submitting a bid, or who 7 would have submitted a bid except for violations of this 8 chapter, shall have standing to seek equitable relief and 9 monetary damages in a court of competent jurisdiction for 10 monetary losses resulting from violations of this chapter, 11 including but not limited to, setting aside award of a 12 contract, ordering a contract to be rebid, requiring award of 13 a contract to a different bidder than originally awarded, 14 awarding monetary damages deemed appropriate by the court, 15 including award of reasonable attorney's fees, or awarding a 16 combination of such forms or relief.
- $290.210\,.$ As used in sections 290.210 to 290.340, unless 2 the context indicates otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Construction" includes new construction,
 4 [reconstruction, improvement,] enlargement, or major
 5 alteration[, painting and decorating, or major repair].
- 6 (2) "Department" means the department of labor and 7 industrial relations.
- 8 (3) "Locality" means the county where the physical work 9 upon public works is performed[, except that if there is not

SCS SB 596

available in the county a sufficient number of competent skilled workmen to construct the public works efficiently and properly, "locality" may include two or more counties adjacent to the one in which the work or construction is to be performed and from which such workers may be obtained in sufficient numbers to perform the work, and that, with respect to contracts with the state highways and transportation commission, "locality" may be construed to include two or more adjacent counties from which workmen may be accessible for work on such construction].

- 20 (4) "Maintenance work" means the repair, but not the 21 replacement, of existing facilities when the size, type or 22 extent of the existing facilities is not thereby changed or 23 increased.
- (5) "Prevailing hourly rate of wages" means the wages 2425 paid generally, in the locality in which the public works is 26 being performed[, to workmen engaged in work of a similar 27 character including the basic hourly rate of pay and the 28 amount of the rate of contributions irrevocably made by a 29 contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or to a third person $30\,$ pursuant to a fund, plan or program, and the amount of the $31\,$ rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor which may be 32 reasonably anticipated in providing benefits to workmen and 33 mechanics pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out 34 a financially responsible plan or program which 35 communicated in writing to the workmen affected, for medical 36 or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, 37 compensation for injuries or illness resulting from 38 occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the 39 foregoing, for unemployment benefits, life insurance, 40 disability and sickness insurance, accident insurance, for 41 vacation and holiday pay, for defraying costs 42 apprenticeship or other similar programs, or for other bona 43 fide fringe benefits, but only where the contractor or 44 subcontractor is not required by other federal or state law 45 to provide any of the benefits; provided, that the obligation 46 of a contractor or subcontractor to make payment 47 accordance with the prevailing wage determinations of the 48 department, insofar as sections 290.210 to 290.340 are 49 concerned, may be discharged by the making of payments in

- cash, by the making of irrevocable contributions to trustees or third persons as provided herein, by the assumption of an enforceable commitment to bear the costs of a plan or program as provided herein, or any combination thereof, where the aggregate of such payments, contributions and costs is not less than the rate of pay plus the other amounts as provided herein]. The prevailing hourly rate of wages for each locality shall be deemed:
- 58 (a) The median hourly wage estimate for the 59 construction and extraction occupational code most closely 60 resembling the occupational title as published in the latest 61 United States Bureau of Labor Statistics by Metropolitan and 62 Non-Metropolitan Area Occupational Employment Wage Estimate; 63 or
- (b) If no such rate can be determined under paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the median hourly wage estimate for occupational code 47-0000 in the construction and extraction occupational code, published in the latest United States Bureau of Labor Statistics publication shall be the prevailing wage for such occupational title;
- 70 (6) "Public body" means the state of Missouri or any 71 officer, official, authority, board or commission of the 72 state, or other political subdivision thereof, or any 73 institution supported in whole or in part by public funds.
- 74 (7) "Public works" means all fixed works constructed 75 for public use or benefit or paid for wholly or in part out 76 of public funds. It also includes any work done directly by 77 any public utility company when performed by it pursuant to 78 the order of the public service commission or other public 79 authority whether or not it be done under public supervision 80 or direction or paid for wholly or in part out of public 81 funds when let to contract by said utility. It does not 82 include any work done for or by any drainage or levee 83 district.
- 84 (8) "Workmen" means laborers, workmen and mechanics.
- 290.250. 1. Every public body authorized to contract
 2 for or construct public works before advertising for bids or
 3 undertaking such construction shall request the department to
 4 determine the prevailing rates of wages for workmen for the
 5 class or type of work called for by the public works, in the

6 locality where the work is to be performed. The department 7 shall determine the prevailing hourly rate of wages in the 8 locality in which the work is to be performed for each type 9 of workman required to execute the contemplated contract and 10 such determination or schedule of the prevailing hourly rate 11 of wages shall be attached to and made a part of the 12 specifications for the work. The public body shall then 13 specify in the resolution or ordinance and in the call for 14 bids for the contract what is the prevailing hourly rate of 15 wages in the locality for each type of workman needed to 16 execute the contract and also the general prevailing rate for legal holiday and overtime work. It shall be mandatory upon 18 the contractor to whom the contract is awarded and upon any 19 subcontractor under him to pay not less than the specified 20 rates to all workmen employed by them in the execution of the 21 contract. The public body awarding the contract shall cause 22 to be inserted in the contract a stipulation to the effect 23that not less than the prevailing hourly rate of wages shall be paid to all workmen performing work under the contract. 25The employer shall forfeit as a penalty to the state, county, city and county, city, town, district or other political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded 2728 one hundred dollars for each workman employed, for each calendar day, or portion thereof, such workman is paid less 2930 than the said stipulated rates for any work done under said contract, by him or by any subcontractor under him, and the 31 said public body awarding the contract shall cause to be 33 inserted in the contract a stipulation to this effect. shall be the duty of such public body awarding the contract, and its agents and officers, to take cognizance of all 35complaints of all violations of the provisions of sections 290.210 to 290.340 committed in the course of the execution 37 of the contract, and, when making payments to the contractor becoming due under said contract, to withhold and retain 39 therefrom all sums and amounts due and owing as a result of 40 41 any violation of sections 290.210 to 290.340. It shall be lawful for any contractor to withhold from any subcontractor 43 under him sufficient sums to cover any penalties withheld 44 from him bу the awarding body account on 45 subcontractor's failure to comply with the terms of sections 46 290.210 to 290.340, and if payment has already been made to

47 him, the contractor may recover from him the amount of the 48 penalty in a suit at law.

2. In determining whether a violation of sections 290.210 to 290.340 has occurred, [and whether the penalty under subsection 1 of this section shall be imposed,] it shall be the duty of the department to investigate any claim of violation. Upon completing such investigation, the department shall notify the employer of its findings. If the department concludes that a violation of sections 290.210 to 290.340 has occurred and a penalty may be due, the department shall notify the employer of such finding by providing a notice of [penalty] violation to the employer. [Such penalty shall not be due until forty-five days after the date of the notice of the penalty.]

3. The employer shall have the right to dispute such 62 notice of [penalty] violation in writing to the department 63 within forty-five days of the date of the notice. Upon 64 receipt of this written notice of dispute, the department 65 shall notify the employer of the right to resolve such 66 dispute through arbitration. The state and the employer 67 shall submit to an arbitration process to be established by 68 the department by rule, and in conformance with the 69 guidelines and rules of the American Arbitration Association 70 or other arbitration process mutually agreed upon by the 71 employer and the state. If at any time prior to the 72 department pursuing an enforcement action [to enforce the 73 monetary penalty provisions of subsection 1 of this section] 74 against the employer, the employer pays the back wages as 75 determined by either the department or the arbitrator, the 76 department shall be precluded from initiating any enforcement 77 action to impose the monetary penalty provisions 78 subsection 1 of this section and no other administrative, 79 civil, or criminal action shall be taken against the 80 contractor, subcontractor, employee, agent, or 81 principal of the employer. Any dispute resolved pursuant to 82 this subsection prior to the department initiating an 83 enforcement action shall not be considered a violation for 84 the purposes of section 290.330.

85 4. If the employer fails to pay all wages due as 86 determined by the arbitrator within forty-five days following

SCS SB 596

the conclusion of the arbitration process, or if the employer 88 fails to exercise the right to seek arbitration, the 89 department may then pursue an enforcement action to enforce 90 the monetary penalty provisions of subsection 1 of this 91 section against the employer. If the court orders payment of 92 the penalties as prescribed in subsection 1 of this section, 93 the department shall be entitled to recover its actual cost 94 of enforcement from such penalty amount.

95 5. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as 96 precluding an action for enforcement filed by an aggrieved 97 employee as otherwise provided in law.

290.262. 1. [Except as otherwise provided in section 2 290.260, the department shall annually investigate and 3 determine the prevailing hourly rate of wages in each 4 locality for each separate occupational title.] A final 5 determination applicable to every locality to be contained in 6 an annual wage order shall be made annually on or before July 7 first of each year and shall remain in effect until 8 superseded by a new annual wage order or as otherwise 9 provided in this section. [In determining prevailing rates, 10 the department shall ascertain and consider the applicable 11 wage rates established by collective bargaining agreements, 12 if any, and the rates that are paid generally within the 13 locality, and shall, by March tenth of each year, make an 14 initial determination for each occupational title within the 15 locality.]

- 2. A certified copy of the initial determinations so made shall be filed immediately with the secretary of state and with the department in Jefferson City. Copies shall be supplied by the department to all persons requesting them within ten days after the filing.
- 3. At any time within thirty days after the certified copies of the determinations have been filed with the secretary of state and the department, any person who is affected thereby may object in writing to a determination or a part thereof that he deems objectionable by filing a written notice with the department, stating the specific grounds of the objection. If no objection is filed, the determination is final after thirty days.
- 29 4. After the receipt of the objection, the department

- 30 shall set a date for a hearing on the objection. The date
- $31\,$ for the hearing shall be within sixty days of the receipt of
- 32 the objection. Written notice of the time and place of the
- 33 hearing shall be given to the objectors at least ten days
- 34 prior to the date set for the hearing.
- 35 5. The department at its discretion may hear each
- 36 written objection separately or consolidate for hearing any
- 37 two or more written objections. At the hearing the
- $38\,$ department shall first introduce in evidence the investigation
- 39 it instituted and the other facts which were considered at
- 40 the time of the original determination which formed the basis
- 41 for its determination. The department, or the objector, or
- 42 any interested party, thereafter may introduce any evidence
- 43 that is material to the issues.
- 44 6. Within twenty days of the conclusion of the hearing,
- 45 the department shall rule on the written objection and make
- 46 the final determination that it believes the evidence
- 47 warrants. Immediately, the department shall file a certified
- $48\,$ copy of its final determination with the secretary of state
- 49 and with the department and shall serve a copy of the final
- 50 determination on all parties to the proceedings by personal
- 51 service or by registered mail.
- 52 7. This final decision of the department of the
- 53 prevailing wages in the locality for each occupational title
- 54 is subject to review in accordance with the provisions of
- $55\,$ chapter 536. Any person affected, whether or not the person
- 56 participated in the proceedings resulting in the final
- 57 determination, may have the decision of the department
- 58 reviewed. The filing of the final determination with the
- 59 secretary of state shall be considered a service of the final
- 60 determination on persons not participating in the
- 61 administrative proceedings resulting in the final
- 62 determination.
- 8. At any time before trial any person affected by the
- 64 final determination of the department may intervene in the
- $65\,$ proceedings to review under chapter 536 and be made a party
- 66 to the proceedings.
- 9. [Any annual wage order made for a particular
- 68 occupational title in a locality may be altered once each
- 69 year, as provided in this subsection. The prevailing wage
- 70 for each such occupational title may be adjusted on the

anniversary date of any collective bargaining agreement which covers all persons in that particular occupational title in the locality in accordance with any annual incremental wage increases set in the collective bargaining agreement. If the prevailing wage for an occupational title is adjusted pursuant to this subsection, the employee's representative or employer in regard to such collective bargaining agreement shall notify the department of this adjustment, including the effective date of the adjustment. The adjusted prevailing wage shall be in effect until the next final annual wage order is issued pursuant to this section.] The wage rates for any particular job, contracted and commenced within sixty days of the contract date, which were set as a result of the annual [or revised] wage order, shall remain in effect for the duration of that particular job.

10. In addition to all other reporting requirements of sections 290.210 to 290.340, each public body which is awarding a contract for a public works project shall, prior to beginning of any work on such public works project, notify the department, on a form prescribed by the department, of the scope of the work to be done, the various types of craftsmen who will be needed on the project, and the date work will commence on the project.

290.290. 1. The contractor and each subcontractor engaged in any construction of public works shall keep full and accurate records clearly indicating the names, occupations and crafts of every workman employed by them in connection with the public work together with an accurate record of the number of hours worked by each workman and the actual wages paid therefor. The payroll records required to be so kept shall be open to inspection by any authorized representative of the contracting public body or of the department at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary and such records shall not be destroyed or removed from the state for the period of one year following the completion of the public work in connection with which the records are made.

14 2. Each contractor and subcontractor shall file with 15 the contracting public body upon completion of the public 16 work and prior to final payment therefor an affidavit stating 17 that he had fully complied with the provisions and

- 18 requirements of this chapter, and no public body shall be 19 authorized to make final payment until such affidavit is 20 filed therewith in proper form and order.
- 21[3. Each contractor and subcontractor engaged in any 22 construction of public works shall have its name, acceptable 23 abbreviation or recognizable logo and the name of the city 24 and state of the mailing address of the principal office of 25 the company, on each motor vehicle and motorized 26 self-propelled piece of equipment which is used in connection 27 with such public works project during the time the contractor 28 or subcontractor is engaged on such project. The sign shall 29 be legible from a distance of twenty feet but the size of the 30 lettering need not be larger than two inches. In cases where 31 equipment is leased or where affixing a legible sign to the 32 equipment is impractical, the contractor may place a 33 temporary stationary sign, with the information required 34 pursuant to this subsection, at the main entrance of the 35 construction project in place of affixing the required 36 information on the equipment so long as such sign is not in 37 violation of any state or federal statute, rule 38 regulation. Motor vehicles which are required to have 39 similar information affixed thereto pursuant to requirements 40 of a regulatory agency of the state or federal government are 41 exempt from the provisions of this subsection.
- 42 4. The provisions of subsection 3 of this section shall 43 not apply to construction of public works for which the 44 contract awarded is in the amount of two hundred fifty 45 thousand dollars or less.]
- 290.337. Sections 290.210 to 290.340 shall not apply 2 in any county that receives federal disaster assistance under 3 a federal disaster declaration for public works projects 4 undertaken as a result of the disaster.

290.340. Any officer, official, member, agent or representative of any public body, contractor or subcontractor who willfully violates and omits to comply with any of the provisions and requirements of sections 290.210 to 290.340 shall be punished for each violation thereof by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars[, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment].

8 Each day such violation or omission continues shall

9 constitute a separate offense as contemplated by this 10 section.

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