#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# HOUSE BILL NOS. 294, 123, 125, 113, 271 & 215

#### 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on General Laws, April 27, 2011, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 50.535, 302.181, 407.500, 407.505, 571.020, 571.030, 571.101, 571.107, and 571.117, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirteen new sections relating to firearms, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 50.535, 302.181, 407.500, 407.505, 571.020, 571.030,

- 2 571.101, 571.107, and 571.117, RSMo, are repealed and thirteen new sections
- 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 50.535, 144.064, 302.181, 571.020,
- 4 571.030, 571.063, 571.085, 571.087, 571.101, 571.107, 571.117, 1, and 2, to read
- 5 as follows:
  - 50.535. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 50.525 to 50.745,
- 2 the fee collected pursuant to subsections 10 and 11 of section 571.101 shall be
- 3 deposited by the county treasurer into a separate interest-bearing fund to be
- 4 known as the "County Sheriff's Revolving Fund" to be expended at the direction
- 5 of the county or city sheriff or his or her designee as provided in this section.
- 6 2. No prior approval of the expenditures from this fund shall be required
  - by the governing body of the county or city not within a county, nor shall any
- 8 prior audit or encumbrance of the fund be required before any expenditure is
- 9 made by the sheriff from this fund. This fund shall only be used by law
- 10 enforcement agencies for the purchase of equipment, to provide training, and to
- 11 make necessary expenditures to process applications for concealed carry
- 12 endorsements or renewals, including but not limited to the purchase of

- equipment, **information and data exchange**, training, fingerprinting and background checks, employment of additional personnel, and any expenditure necessitated by an action under section 571.114 or 571.117. If the moneys collected and deposited into this fund are not totally expended annually, then the unexpended balance shall remain in said fund and the balance shall be kept in said fund to accumulate from year to year. This fund may be audited by the state auditor's office or the appropriate auditing agency.
- 20 3. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the sheriff of every county, regardless of classification, is authorized to pay, from the 2122 sheriff's revolving fund, all reasonable and necessary costs and expenses for 23 activities or services occasioned by compliance with sections 571.101 to 24571.121. Such was the intent of the general assembly in original enactment of this section and sections 571.101 to 571.121, and it is made express by this 25section in light of the decision in Brooks v. State of Missouri, (Mo. Sup. Ct. 26 27 February 26, 2004). The application and renewal fees to be charged pursuant to section 571.101 shall be based on the sheriff's good faith estimate, made during 2829 regular budgeting cycles, of the actual costs and expenses to be incurred by reason of compliance with sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the maximum fee 30 31 permitted by section 571.101 is inadequate to cover the actual reasonable and necessary expenses in a given year, and there are not sufficient accumulated 3233 unexpended funds in the revolving fund, a sheriff may present specific and 34 verified evidence of the unreimbursed expenses to the office of administration, 35 which upon certification by the attorney general shall reimburse such sheriff for 36 those expenses from an appropriation made for that purpose.
- 4. If pursuant to subsection 12 of section 571.101, the sheriff of a county of the first classification designates one or more chiefs of police of any town, city, or municipality within such county to accept and process applications for certificates of qualification to obtain a concealed carry endorsement, then that sheriff shall reimburse such chiefs of police, out of the moneys deposited into this fund, for any reasonable expenses related to accepting and processing such applications.

144.064. No sales tax levied under this chapter on any firearms or ammunition shall be levied at a rate that is higher than the sales tax levied under this chapter or any other excise tax levied on any sporting goods or equipment or any hunting equipment.

302.181. 1. The license issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.340 shall be in such form as the director shall prescribe, but the license shall be a card made of plastic or other comparable material. All licenses shall be manufactured of materials and processes that will prohibit, as nearly as possible, the ability to reproduce, alter, counterfeit, forge, or duplicate any license without ready detection. All licenses shall bear the licensee's Social Security number, if the licensee has one, and if not, a notarized affidavit must be signed 7 by the licensee stating that the licensee does not possess a Social Security 9 number, or, if applicable, a certified statement must be submitted as provided in 10 subsection 4 of this section. The license shall also bear the expiration date of the license, the classification of the license, the name, date of birth, residence address 11 12 including the county of residence or a code number corresponding to such county established by the department, and brief description and colored photograph or 13 digitized image of the licensee, and a facsimile of the signature of the 14 licensee. The director shall provide by administrative rule the procedure and 15 format for a licensee to indicate on the back of the license together with the 16 17 designation for an anatomical gift as provided in section 194.240 the name and 18 address of the person designated pursuant to sections 404.800 to 404.865 as the 19 licensee's attorney in fact for the purposes of a durable power of attorney for health care decisions. No license shall be valid until it has been so signed by the 20 21 licensee. If any portion of the license is prepared by a private firm, any contract with such firm shall be made in accordance with the competitive purchasing 22 23procedures as established by the state director of the division of purchasing. For all licenses issued or renewed after March 1, 1992, the applicant's Social Security 24 number shall serve as the applicant's license number. Where the licensee has no 25 26 Social Security number, or where the licensee is issued a license without a Social Security number in accordance with subsection 4 of this section, the director shall 27issue a license number for the licensee and such number shall also include an 28 indicator showing that the number is not a Social Security number. 29

- 2. All film involved in the production of photographs for licenses shallbecome the property of the department of revenue.
- 32 3. The license issued shall be carried at all times by the holder thereof 33 while driving a motor vehicle, and shall be displayed upon demand of any officer 34 of the highway patrol, or any police officer or peace officer, or any other duly 35 authorized person, for inspection when demand is made therefor. Failure of any

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- 36 operator of a motor vehicle to exhibit his or her license to any duly authorized officer shall be presumptive evidence that such person is not a duly licensed 37 38 operator.
- 39 4. The director of revenue shall issue a commercial or noncommercial driver's license without a Social Security number to an applicant therefor, who is otherwise qualified to be licensed, upon presentation to the director of a 41 certified statement that the applicant objects to the display of the Social Security 42 number on the license. The director shall assign an identification number, that 44 is not based on a Social Security number, to the applicant which shall be 45 displayed on the license in lieu of the Social Security number.
- 46 5. The director of revenue shall not issue a license without a facial 47 photograph or digital image of the license applicant, except as provided pursuant to subsection 8 of this section. A photograph or digital image of the applicant's 48 full facial features shall be taken in a manner prescribed by the director. No 49 50 photograph or digital image will be taken wearing anything which cloaks the 51 facial features of the individual.
  - 6. The department of revenue may issue a temporary license or a full license without the photograph or with the last photograph or digital image in the department's records to members of the armed forces, except that where such temporary license is issued it shall be valid only until the applicant shall have had time to appear and have his or her picture taken and a license with his or her photograph issued.
- 7. The department of revenue shall issue upon request a nondriver's license card containing essentially the same information and photograph or digital image, except as provided pursuant to subsection 8 of this section, as the 60 driver's license upon payment of six dollars. All nondriver's licenses shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the sixth year after issuance. A person who has passed his or her seventieth birthday shall upon application be issued a 63 nonexpiring nondriver's license card. Beginning January 1, 2013, 64 notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement shall expire three years from the date the certificate of qualification was issued pursuant to section 571.101. The fee for nondriver's licenses issued for a period 68exceeding three years is six dollars or three dollars for nondriver's licenses issued for a period of three years or less. The nondriver's license

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- 71 card shall be used for identification purposes only and shall not be valid as a 72 license.
- 8. If otherwise eligible, an applicant may receive a driver's license or nondriver's license without a photograph or digital image of the applicant's full facial features except that such applicant's photograph or digital image shall be taken and maintained by the director and not printed on such license. In order to qualify for a license without a photograph or digital image pursuant to this section the applicant must:
- (1) Present a form provided by the department of revenue requesting the applicant's photograph be omitted from the license or nondriver's license due to religious affiliations. The form shall be signed by the applicant and another member of the religious tenant verifying the photograph or digital image exemption on the license or nondriver's license is required as part of their religious affiliation. The required signatures on the prescribed form shall be properly notarized;
- 86 (2) Provide satisfactory proof to the director that the applicant has been 87 a U.S. citizen for at least five years and a resident of this state for at least one 88 year, except that an applicant moving to this state possessing a valid driver's 89 license from another state without a photograph, shall be exempt from the 90 one-year state residency requirement. The director may establish rules necessary 91 to determine satisfactory proof of citizenship and residency pursuant to this 92 section;
  - (3) Applications for a driver's license or nondriver's license without a photograph or digital image must be made in person at a license office determined by the director. The director is authorized to limit the number of offices that may issue a driver's or nondriver's license without a photograph or digital image pursuant to this section.
- 98 9. The department of revenue shall make available, at one or more 99 locations within the state, an opportunity for individuals to have their full facial 100 photograph taken by an employee of the department of revenue, or their designee, 101 who is of the same sex as the individual being photographed, in a segregated 102 location.
- 10. Beginning July 1, 2005, the director shall not issue a driver's license 104 or a nondriver's license for a period that exceeds an applicant's lawful presence 105 in the United States. The director may, by rule or regulation, establish

- 106 procedures to verify the lawful presence of the applicant and establish the
- 107 duration of any driver's license or nondriver's license issued under this section.
- 108 11. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of
- 109 this chapter shall become effective unless it is promulgated pursuant to the
- 110 provisions of chapter 536.
  - 571.020. 1. A person commits a crime if such person knowingly possesses,
  - 2 manufactures, transports, repairs, or sells:
  - 3 (1) An explosive weapon;
  - 4 (2) An explosive, incendiary or poison substance or material with the
  - 5 purpose to possess, manufacture or sell an explosive weapon;
  - 6 (3) [A machine gun;
  - 7 (4)] A gas gun;
  - 8 [(5) A short barreled rifle or shotgun;
  - 9 (6) A firearm silencer;
- 10 (7)] (4) A switchblade knife;
- 11 [(8)] (5) A bullet or projectile which explodes or detonates upon impact
- 12 because of an independent explosive charge after having been shot from a
- 13 firearm: or
- 14 [(9)] **(6)** Knuckles; **or**
- 15 (7) Any of the following in violation of federal law:
- 16 (a) A machine gun;
- 17 (b) A short barreled rifle or shotgun; or
- 18 (c) A firearm silencer.
- 19 2. A person does not commit a crime pursuant to this section if his
- 20 conduct involved any of the items in subdivisions (1) to (6) of subsection
- 21 1, the item was possessed in conformity with any applicable federal
- 22 law, and the conduct:
- 23 (1) Was incident to the performance of official duty by the armed forces,
- 24 national guard, a governmental law enforcement agency, or a penal institution;
- 25 or
- 26 (2) Was incident to engaging in a lawful commercial or business
- 27 transaction with an organization enumerated in subdivision (1) of this section; or
- 28 (3) Was incident to using an explosive weapon in a manner reasonably
- 29 related to a lawful industrial or commercial enterprise; or
- 30 (4) Was incident to displaying the weapon in a public museum or

31 exhibition; or

- 32 (5) Was incident to [dealing with] using the weapon [solely as a curio, 33 ornament, or keepsake, or to using it] in a manner reasonably related to a lawful 34 dramatic performance[; but if the weapon is a type described in subdivision (1) 35 or (4) of subsection 1 of this section it must be in such a nonfunctioning condition that it cannot readily be made operable. No short barreled rifle, short barreled 36 37 shotgun, machine gun, or firearm silencer may be possessed, manufactured, transported, repaired or sold as a curio, ornament, or keepsake, unless such 38 39 person is an importer, manufacturer, dealer, or collector licensed by the Secretary 40 of the Treasury pursuant to the Gun Control Act of 1968, U.S.C., Title 18, or unless such firearm is an antique firearm as defined in subsection 3 of section 41 42571.080, or unless such firearm has been designated a collectors item by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to the U.S.C., Title 26, Section 5845(a)]. 43
- 3. A crime pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)[, (4), (5) or (6)] or (7) of subsection 1 of this section is a class C felony; a crime pursuant to subdivision [(7), (8) or (9)] (4), (5) or (6) of subsection 1 of this section is a class A misdemeanor.
- 571.030. 1. A person commits the crime of unlawful use of weapons if he 2 or she knowingly:
- (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm,
  4 a blackjack or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use; or
- 5 (2) Sets a spring gun; or
- 6 (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, 7 boat, aircraft, or motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or 8 structure used for the assembling of people; or
- 9 (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily 10 capable of lethal use in an angry or threatening manner; or
- 11 (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his 12 or her person, while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such 13 firearm or projectile weapon in either a negligent or unlawful manner or 14 discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless acting in self-defense;
- 15 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied 16 schoolhouse, courthouse, or church building; or
- 17 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, 18 on, along or across a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any

19 outbuilding; or

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- 20 (8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use 21 into any church or place where people have assembled for worship, or into any 22 election precinct on any election day, or into any building owned or occupied by 23 any agency of the federal government, state government, or political subdivision 24 thereof; or
- 25 (9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined 26 in section 301.010, discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other 27 motor vehicle, or at any building or habitable structure, unless the person was 28 lawfully acting in self-defense; or
  - (10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board;
  - (11) Possesses a firearm while also in possession of controlled substances that are sufficient for a felony violation under section 195.202, unless such possession is reasonably associated with or is necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties.
- 2. Subdivisions (1), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to or affect any of the following [when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties]:
- 41 (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the 42training required by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050 and who possess the duty and power of 43 arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for violation of 44 ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, whether such officers are on 45or off duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law 46 enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or all qualified retired peace officers, as defined 4748 in subsection [10] 11 of this section, and who carry the identification defined in 49 subsection [11] 12 of this section, or any person summoned by such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in 50 assisting such officer; 51
- 52 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails 53 and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;

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- 54 (3) Members of the armed forces or national guard while performing their 55 official duty;
- 56 (4) Those persons vested by article V, section 1 of the Constitution of
  57 Missouri with the judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article
  58 III of the Constitution of the United States with the judicial power of the United
  59 States, the members of the federal judiciary;
- 60 (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or 61 criminal;
- 62 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined 63 under the federal flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921 whether 64 such officers are on or off duty, and whether such officers are within 65 or outside of the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;
- 66 (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and 67 members of the board of probation and parole;
- 68 (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the 69 requirements of the regulations established by the board of police commissioners 70 under section 84.340;
- 71 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner; [and]
  - (10) Any prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney or any circuit attorney or assistant circuit attorney who has completed the firearms safety training course required under subsection 2 of section 571.111[.]; and
  - (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district, who is employed on a full-time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement under section 571.111 when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties.
- 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply when the actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. Subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person twenty-one years of age or older transporting a concealable firearm in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile weapon for the lawful

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- 89 pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon premises over which the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous journey 90 peaceably through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does 91 92not apply if the firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while 93 traversing school premises for the purposes of transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a 94 95 school-sanctioned firearm-related event.
  - 4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any person who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 or a valid permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of another state.
  - 5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.
- 103 6. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually 104 participate in school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC 105 courses, or other school-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student 106 does not carry a firearm or other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any 107 school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board. 108
- 7. Unlawful use of weapons is a class D felony unless committed pursuant to subdivision (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section, in which cases it is a class B misdemeanor, or subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section, in 112which case it is a class A misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class D felony if the firearm is loaded, or subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section, 113 in which case it is a class B felony, except that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to another person, it is a class A felony.
- 8. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be 117 punished as follows: 118
- (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum 119 authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony; 120
- 121 (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for 122a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation or conditional release 123

- 124 for a term of ten years;
- 125 (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section
- 126 558.016, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of
- 127 imprisonment for a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation, or
- 128 conditional release;
- 129 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person,
- 130 a person shall be sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.
- 9. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the
- 132 violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the
- 133 same penalty as that prescribed by this section for violations by other persons.
- 134 10. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who
- 135 pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1
- 136 of this section shall receive a suspended imposition of sentence if such
- 137 person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence for
- any other firearms or weapons related felony offense.
- 139 11. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an
- 140 individual who:
- 141 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace
- 142 officer, other than for reasons of mental instability;
- 143 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or
- 144 supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the
- 145 incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and had statutory powers of
- 146 arrest:
- 147 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for
- 148 an aggregate of fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency,
- 149 after completing any applicable probationary period of such service, due to a
- 150 service-connected disability, as determined by such agency;
- 151 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the
- 152 agency if such a plan is available;
- 153 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense
- 154 of the individual, the standards for training and qualification for active peace
- 155 officers to carry firearms;
- 156 (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or
- 157 hallucinatory drug or substance; and
- 158 (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.

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- 159 [11.] **12.** The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 160 this section is:
- (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or
- 167 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the 168 individual retired from service as a peace officer; and
- (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the standards established by the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.
  - 571.063. 1. As used in this section the following terms shall mean:
  - 3 (1) "Ammunition", any cartridge, shell, or projectile designed for 4 use in a firearm;
  - 5 (2) "Licensed dealer", a person who is licensed under 18 U.S.C. 6 Section 923 to engage in the business of dealing in firearms;
  - 7 (3) "Materially false information", any information that portrays 8 an illegal transaction as legal or a legal transaction as illegal;
  - 9 (4) "Private seller", a person who sells or offers for sale any 10 firearm, as defined in section 571.010, or ammunition.
- 2. A person commits the crime of fraudulent purchase of a firearm if such person:
- 13 (1) Knowingly solicits, persuades, encourages or entices a 14 licensed dealer or private seller of firearms or ammunition to transfer 15 a firearm or ammunition under circumstances which the person knows 16 would violate the laws of this state or the United States; or
- 17 (2) Provides to a licensed dealer or private seller of firearms or 18 ammunition what the person knows to be materially false information 19 with intent to deceive the dealer or seller about the legality of a

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- 20 transfer of a firearm or ammunition; or
- 21 (3) Willfully procures another to violate the provisions of 22 subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection.
- 23 3. Fraudulent purchase of a firearm is a class D felony.

571.085. Residents of the state of Missouri may purchase firearms in any state, provided that such residents conform to the applicable provisions of the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968, and regulations thereunder, as administered by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, and provided further that such residents conform to the provisions of law applicable to such purchase in the state of Missouri and in the state in which the purchase is made.

571.087. Residents of any state may purchase firearms in the state of Missouri, provided that such residents conform to the applicable provisions of the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968, and regulations thereunder, as administered by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, and provided further that such residents conform to the provisions of law applicable to such purchase in the state of Missouri and in the state in which such persons reside.

571.101. 1. All applicants for concealed carry endorsements issued pursuant to subsection 7 of this section must satisfy the requirements of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the said applicant can show qualification as provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121, the county or city sheriff shall issue a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. Upon receipt of such certificate, the certificate holder shall apply for a driver's license or nondriver's license with the director of revenue in order to obtain a concealed carry endorsement. Any person who has been issued a concealed carry endorsement on a driver's license or nondriver's license and such endorsement or license has not been suspended, 10 revoked, canceled, or denied may carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or within a vehicle. A concealed carry endorsement shall be valid for a 11 period of three years from the date of issuance or renewal. The concealed carry 12endorsement is valid throughout this state. 13

(1) Is at least [twenty-three] eighteen years of age, is a citizen of the

pursuant to subsection 7 of this section shall be issued by the sheriff or his or her

designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, if the applicant:

2. A certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement issued

18 United States and either:

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- 19 (a) Has assumed residency in this state; or
- 20 (b) Is a member of the armed forces stationed in Missouri, or the spouse 21 of such member of the military;
- (2) Has not pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of one year or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer or gas gun;
- 28 (3) Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo 29 contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a certificate of 30 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement or if the applicant has not been 31 32 convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled 33 substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a 34 35 certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement;
  - (4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
- 42 (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the 43 United States armed forces;
- 44 (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public 45 records, that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant 46 presents a danger to himself or others;
- (7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;
- 52 (8) Submits a completed application for a certificate of qualification as

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#### 53 [defined] **described** in subsection 3 of this section;

- 54 (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the 55 concealed carry safety training requirement pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of 56 section 571.111;
- 57 (10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still 58 in effect.
- 59 3. The application for a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement issued by the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence shall 60 61 contain only the following information:
- 62 (1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, and date 63 and place of birth;
- 64 (2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri or is a member of the armed forces stationed in Missouri or the spouse of such a 65 member of the armed forces and is a citizen of the United States; 66
- 67 (3) An affirmation that the applicant is at least [twenty-three] eighteen 68 years of age;
- 69 (4) An affirmation that the applicant has not pled guilty to or been 70 convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified 71 as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of 7273 imprisonment of one year or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, 74firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
- 75 (5) An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of, pled guilty 76 to, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding 77application for a certificate of qualification to obtain a concealed carry 78 endorsement or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more 79 misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating 80 liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a 81 five-year period immediately preceding application for a certificate of qualification 82 to obtain a concealed carry endorsement; 83
- (6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any 86 state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor

- 88 under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two
- 89 years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer
- 90 or gas gun;
- 91 (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged under
- 92 dishonorable conditions from the United States armed forces;
- 93 (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally
- 94 incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has
- 95 not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or
- 96 a similar institution located in another state, except that a person whose release
- 97 or discharge from a facility in this state pursuant to chapter 632, or a similar
- 98 discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago
- 99 without subsequent recommitment may apply;
- 100 (9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety training
- 101 that meets the standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in
- 102 subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111;
- 103 (10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best knowledge
- and belief, is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still
- 105 in effect; and
- 106 (11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant
- 107 will result in prosecution for perjury pursuant to the laws of the state of
- 108 Missouri.
- 109 4. An application for a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry
- 110 endorsement shall be made to the sheriff of the county or any city not within a
- 111 county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing,
- 112 signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the
- 113 applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this
- 114 section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a certificate
- 115 of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement must also submit the following:
- 116 (1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of completion or
- 117 other evidence of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the
- 118 standards established in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and
- 119 (2) A nonrefundable certificate of qualification fee as provided by
- 120 subsection 10 or 11 of this section.
- 121 5. Before an application for a certificate of qualification for a concealed
- 122 carry endorsement is approved, the sheriff shall make only such inquiries as he

or she deems necessary into the accuracy of the statements made in the 123 124 application. The sheriff may require that the applicant display a Missouri 125 driver's license or nondriver's license or military identification and orders 126 showing the person being stationed in Missouri. In order to determine the 127 applicant's suitability for a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry 128 endorsement, the applicant shall be fingerprinted. The sheriff shall request a 129 criminal background check through the appropriate law enforcement agency 130 within three working days after submission of the properly completed application 131 for a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. If no 132 disqualifying record is identified by the fingerprint check at the state level, the 133 fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a 134 national criminal history record check. Upon receipt of the completed background 135 check, the sheriff shall issue a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement within three working days. The sheriff shall issue the certificate 136 137 within forty-five calendar days if the criminal background check has not been received, provided that the sheriff shall revoke any such certificate and 138 139 endorsement within twenty-four hours of receipt of any background check that results in a disqualifying record, and shall notify the department of revenue. 140

- 6. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a certificate of 141 142qualification for a concealed carry endorsement if he or she determines that any 143 of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section have not been met, or if he or she has a substantial and demonstrable reason to believe that the 144 145 applicant has rendered a false statement regarding any of the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the sheriff 146 is required to deny the application, and notify the applicant in writing, stating 147 the grounds for denial and informing the applicant of the right to submit, within 148 thirty days, any additional documentation relating to the grounds of the 149 denial. Upon receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider 150 his or her decision and inform the applicant within thirty days of the result of the 151 reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed in writing of the right 152153 to appeal the denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 571.114. After two additional reviews and denials by the sheriff, the person submitting the 154 application shall appeal the denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of 155156 section 571.114.
  - 7. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a certificate of

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158 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement to the applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after his or her approval of the application. The 159 160 applicant shall sign the certificate of qualification in the presence of the sheriff 161 or his or her designee and shall within seven days of receipt of the certificate of qualification take the certificate of qualification to the department of 162revenue. Upon verification of the certificate of qualification and completion of a 163164 driver's license or nondriver's license application pursuant to chapter 302, the director of revenue shall issue a new driver's license or nondriver's license with 165166 an endorsement which identifies that the applicant has received a certificate of 167 qualification to carry concealed weapons issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 if the applicant is otherwise qualified to receive such driver's license or 168 nondriver's license. Beginning January 1, 2013, a nondriver's license 169 containing a concealed carry endorsement shall expire three years from 170 171the date the certificate of qualification was issued pursuant to this section. The requirements for the director of revenue to issue a concealed carry endorsement pursuant to this subsection shall not be effective until July 1, 2004, 173 174and the certificate of qualification issued by a county sheriff pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall allow the person issued such certificate to carry 175 a concealed weapon pursuant to the requirements of subsection 1 of section 176 571.107 in lieu of the concealed carry endorsement issued by the director of 177revenue from October 11, 2003, until the concealed carry endorsement is issued 178 by the director of revenue on or after July 1, 2004, unless such certificate of 179 qualification has been suspended or revoked for cause. 180

8. The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and his or her action thereon. The sheriff shall report the issuance of a certificate of qualification to the Missouri uniform law enforcement system. All information on any such certificate that is protected information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same personal protection for purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121. An applicant's status as a holder of a certificate of qualification or a concealed carry endorsement shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected information. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection by disclosing protected information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

9. Information regarding any holder of a certificate of qualification or a

193 concealed carry endorsement is a closed record.

- 194 10. For processing an application for a certificate of qualification for a
  195 concealed carry endorsement pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff
  196 in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed one hundred dollars
  197 which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's
  198 revolving fund.
- 11. For processing a renewal for a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed fifty dollars which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund.
- 12. For the purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121, the term "sheriff"
  shall include the sheriff of any county or city not within a county or his or her
  designee and in counties of the first classification the sheriff may designate the
  chief of police of any city, town, or municipality within such county.
  - 571.107. 1. A concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections
    2 571.101 to 571.121 or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another
    3 state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize the person in whose
    4 name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms on or about
    5 his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No driver's license or
    6 nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to
    7 sections 571.101 to 571.121 or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by
    8 another state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person
    9 to carry concealed firearms into:
- 10 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the
  11 consent of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or
  12 station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the office or
  13 station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from
  14 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- 15 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day.
  16 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not
  17 be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
  18 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- 19 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional 20 institution, prison or jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of

- any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- 24(4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme 25court, or any courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such court solely occupies the building in 26 27 question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the courts 28or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business 29 30 within the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of 31 32this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction 33 and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 3435 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement 36 capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to 37 subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on 38 the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal 39 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while 40 41 the vehicle is on the premises;
- 42 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or 43 any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body 44 holding a valid concealed carry endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm 45 at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a firearm 46 in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm 47 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 48 premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the 49 general assembly, a full-time employee of the general assembly 50 employed under section 17, article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, 53holding a valid concealed carry endorsement, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether

## of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

- 58 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by 59 rule, administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of 60 concealed firearms by endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of government. Any portion of a building in 61 62 which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule 63 64 or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private 65 persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, 66 leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the 67 carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance shall not 68 specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, 69 ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be 70 subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, 71 72 rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government; 73
- 74(7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, 75without the consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision 76 shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment. The provisions of this 77 subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public 78 having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least 79 fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale 80 of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle 81 on the premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long 82 as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is 83 on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has 84 been issued a concealed carry endorsement to possess any firearm while 85 intoxicated; 86
- 87 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection 88 of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of 89 the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed 90 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

- 91 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;
- 92 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school 93 facility without the consent of the governing body of the higher education 94 institution or a school official or the district school board. Possession of a firearm 95 in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or 96 secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is 97 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
  - (11) Any portion of a building used as a child-care facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child-care facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a driver's license or nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement;
  - (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
  - (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
  - (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
  - off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer.

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- 126 If the building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the
  127 business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a
  128 concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
  129 premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed
  130 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer
  131 may prohibit employees or other persons holding a concealed carry endorsement
  132 from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;
  - (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
  - (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.
- 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions 141 142 (1) to (17) of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed 143 carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall not be a 144 criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is 145 146 summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation 147 occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined an amount not to 148 exceed two hundred dollars and his or her endorsement to carry concealed 149 firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a 150 151 similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall 152 be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed carry endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a 153 concealed carry endorsement for a period of three years. Upon conviction of 154 charges arising from a citation issued pursuant to this subsection, the court shall 155 156 notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff shall 157 suspend or revoke the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry 158 endorsement and the department of revenue shall issue a notice of such 159 160 suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to

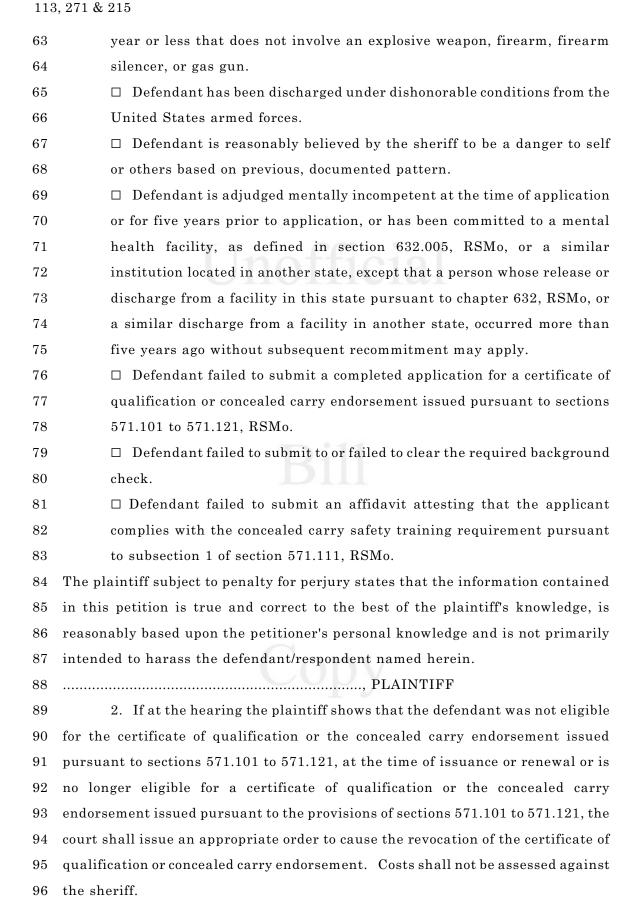
remove the concealed carry endorsement from the individual's driving 161 record. The director of revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must 162 163 apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not contain such 164 endorsement. A concealed carry endorsement suspension pursuant to sections 165 571.101 to 571.121 shall be reinstated at the time of the renewal of his or her 166 driver's license. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed 167 to the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice 168 is deemed received three days after mailing.

571.117. 1. Any person who has knowledge that another person, who was issued a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, never was or no longer is eligible for such endorsement under the criteria established in sections 571.101 to 571.121 may file a petition with the clerk of the small claims court to revoke that person's certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and such person's concealed carry endorsement. The petition shall be in a form substantially similar to the petition for revocation of concealed carry endorsement provided in this section. Appeal forms shall be provided by the clerk of the small claims court free of charge to any person:

SMALL CLAIMS COURT 11 In the Circuit Court of ....., Missouri 12.....PLAINTIFF 13 14 ) 15 16 vs. ) Case Number ..... ) 17 ) 18 ....., DEFENDANT, 19 Carry Endorsement Holder 20....., DEFENDANT, 2122 Sheriff of Issuance 23 PETITION FOR REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATION 24 OR CONCEALED CARRY ENDORSEMENT 2526 Plaintiff states to the court that the defendant, ...... has a 27 certificate of qualification or a concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to

28 sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, and that the defendant's certificate of 29 qualification or concealed carry endorsement should now be revoked because the 30 defendant either never was or no longer is eligible for such a certificate or 31 endorsement pursuant to the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, specifically plaintiff states that defendant, ....., never was or no longer is eligible for such certificate or endorsement for one or more of the following 33 34 reasons: (CHECK BELOW EACH REASON 35 36 THAT APPLIES TO THIS DEFENDANT) □ Defendant is not at least [twenty-three] eighteen years of age. 37 □ Defendant is not a citizen of the United States. 38 39 □ Defendant had not resided in this state [for at least six months] prior 40 to issuance of the permit and does not qualify as a military member or spouse of a military member stationed in Missouri. 41 42□ Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state 43 44 or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor 45 under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of one year or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, 46 47 firearm silencer, or gas gun. ☐ Defendant has been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo 48 contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of 49 50 violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a certificate of qualification or concealed carry endorsement issued 51 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, or if the applicant has 52been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving 53 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession 54or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately 55 preceding application for a certificate of qualification or a concealed carry 56 endorsement issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo. 5758 □ Defendant is a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an 59 information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by 60 imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state 61 of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under

the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of one



3. The finder of fact, in any action brought against an endorsement holder

- 98 pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, shall make findings of fact and the court
- 99 shall make conclusions of law addressing the issues at dispute.
- 100 If it is determined that the plaintiff in such an action acted without justification
- 101 or with malice or primarily with an intent to harass the endorsement holder or
- 102 that there was no reasonable basis to bring the action, the court shall order the
- 103 plaintiff to pay the defendant/respondent all reasonable costs incurred in
- 104 defending the action including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, deposition
- 105 costs, and lost wages. Once the court determines that the plaintiff is liable to the
- 106 defendant/respondent for costs and fees, the extent and type of fees and costs to
- 107 be awarded should be liberally calculated in defendant/respondent's
- 108 favor. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reasonable attorney's fees
- 109 shall be presumed to be at least one hundred fifty dollars per hour.
- 4. Any person aggrieved by any final judgment rendered by a small claims
- 111 court in a petition for revocation of a certificate of qualification or concealed carry
- 112 endorsement may have a right to trial de novo as provided in sections 512.180 to
- 113 512.320.
- 5. The office of the county sheriff or any employee or agent of the county
- 115 sheriff shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising from alleged
- 116 wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or failure to revoke a certificate of
- 117 qualification or a concealed carry endorsement issued pursuant to sections
- 118 571.101 to 571.121, so long as the sheriff acted in good faith.
  - Section 1. No political subdivision shall enact or enforce any
  - 2 order or ordinance that prohibits the use of pneumatic guns at
  - 3 facilities approved for shooting ranges, on other property where
  - 4 firearms may be discharged, or on or within private property with
  - 5 permission of the owner or legal possessor thereof when conducted
  - 6 with reasonable care to prevent a projectile from crossing the bounds
  - 7 of the property.
    - Section 2. The attorney general of the state of Missouri may
  - 2 establish a public website that publishes the names of municipalities
  - 3 and counties who do not allow the open carry of firearms. Such
  - 4 municipalities and counties, may forward their ordinances to the
  - 5 attorney general on their own volition.
    - [407.500. Residents of the state of Missouri may purchase
  - 2 rifles and shotguns in a state contiguous to the state of Missouri,

provided that such residents conform to the applicable provisions of the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968, and regulations thereunder, as administered by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, and provided further that such residents conform to the provisions of law applicable to such purchase in the state of Missouri and in the contiguous state in which the purchase is made.]

[407.505. Residents of a state contiguous to the state of Missouri may purchase rifles and shotguns in the state of Missouri, provided that such residents conform to the applicable provisions of the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968, and regulations thereunder, as administered by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, and provided further that such residents conform to the provisions of law applicable to such purchase in the state of Missouri and in the state in which such persons reside.]



