FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 55**

### 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BROWN.

Pre-filed December 9, 2010, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

#### 0329L.01I

## AN ACT

To repeal section 137.016, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to classification of certain real property.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 137.016, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 137.016, to read as follows:

137.016. 1. As used in section 4(b) of article X of the Missouri 2 Constitution, the following terms mean:

3 (1) "Agricultural and horticultural property", all real property used for 4 agricultural purposes and devoted primarily to the raising and harvesting of 5crops; to the feeding, breeding and management of livestock which shall include breeding, showing, and boarding of horses; to dairying, or to any other 6 combination thereof; and buildings and structures customarily associated with 7 8 farming, agricultural, and horticultural uses. Agricultural and horticultural property shall also include land devoted to and qualifying for payments or other 9 compensation under a soil conservation or agricultural assistance program under 10 an agreement with an agency of the federal government. Agricultural and 11 horticultural property shall further include land and improvements, exclusive of 1213structures, on privately owned airports that qualify as reliever airports under the Nation Plan of Integrated Airports System, to receive federal airport improvement 14 project funds through the Federal Aviation Administration. Real property 15classified as forest croplands shall not be agricultural or horticultural property 16 so long as it is classified as forest croplands and shall be taxed in accordance with 17the laws enacted to implement section 7 of article X of the Missouri 18 19 Constitution. Agricultural and horticultural property shall also include any sawmill or planing mill defined in the U.S. Department of Labor's 20Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual under Industry Group 21

#### 22 242 with the SIC numbers 2421, 2426, or 2429;

23(2) "Residential property", all real property improved by a structure which is used or intended to be used for residential living by human occupants, vacant 2425land in connection with an airport, land used as a golf course, and manufactured home parks, but residential property shall not include other similar facilities used 2627primarily for transient housing. For the purposes of this section, "transient 28housing" means all rooms available for rent or lease for which the receipts from the rent or lease of such rooms are subject to state sales tax pursuant to 2930subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 144.020;

31(3) "Utility, industrial, commercial, railroad and other real property", all 32real property used directly or indirectly, for any commercial, mining, industrial, 33manufacturing, trade, professional, business, or similar purpose, including all 34property centrally assessed by the state tax commission but shall not include 35floating docks, portions of which are separately owned and the remainder of which is designated for common ownership and in which no one person or 36 business entity owns more than five individual units. All other real property not 37included in the property listed in subclasses (1) and (2) of section 4(b) of article 38X of the Missouri Constitution, as such property is defined in this section, shall 39 be deemed to be included in the term "utility, industrial, commercial, railroad and 4041 other real property".

422. Pursuant to article X of the state constitution, any taxing district may adjust its operating levy to recoup any loss of property tax revenue, except 4344 revenues from the surtax imposed pursuant to article X, subsection 2 of section 6 of the constitution, as the result of changing the classification of structures 45intended to be used for residential living by human occupants which contain five 46or more dwelling units if such adjustment of the levy does not exceed the highest 47tax rate in effect subsequent to the 1980 tax year. For purposes of this section, 48loss in revenue shall include the difference between the revenue that would have 49been collected on such property under its classification prior to enactment of this 50section and the amount to be collected under its classification under this 5152section. The county assessor of each county or city not within a county shall 53provide information to each taxing district within its boundaries regarding the difference in assessed valuation of such property as the result of such change in 54classification. 55

56 3. All reclassification of property as the result of changing the 57 classification of structures intended to be used for residential living by human occupants which contain five or more dwelling units shall apply to assessmentsmade after December 31, 1994.

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4. Where real property is used or held for use for more than one purpose 60 61 and such uses result in different classifications, the county assessor shall allocate to each classification the percentage of the true value in money of the property 6263 devoted to each use; except that, where agricultural and horticultural property, as defined in this section, also contains a dwelling unit or units, the farm 6465dwelling, appurtenant residential-related structures and up to five acres 66 immediately surrounding such farm dwelling shall be residential property, as defined in this section. 67

5. All real property which is vacant, unused, or held for future use; which is used for a private club, a not-for-profit or other nonexempt lodge, club, business, trade, service organization, or similar entity; or for which a determination as to its classification cannot be made under the definitions set out in subsection 1 of this section, shall be classified according to its immediate most suitable economic use, which use shall be determined after consideration of:

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(1) Immediate prior use, if any, of such property;

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(2) Location of such property;

(3) Zoning classification of such property; except that, such zoning
classification shall not be considered conclusive if, upon consideration of all
factors, it is determined that such zoning classification does not reflect the
immediate most suitable economic use of the property;

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(4) Other legal restrictions on the use of such property;

81 (5) Availability of water, electricity, gas, sewers, street lighting, and other
82 public services for such property;

83 (6) Size of such property;

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(7) Access of such property to public thoroughfares; and

85 (8) Any other factors relevant to a determination of the immediate most86 suitable economic use of such property.

6. All lands classified as forest croplands shall not, for taxation purposes, be classified as subclass (1), subclass (2), or subclass (3) real property, as such classes are prescribed in section 4(b) of article X of the Missouri Constitution and defined in this section, but shall be taxed in accordance with the laws enacted to implement section 7 of article X of the Missouri Constitution.

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