FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 373

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR DEMPSEY.

Read 1st time February 28, 2011, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

1806S.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.120, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to workers' compensation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.120, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.120, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, to read as follows:

287.120. 1. Every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall be liable, irrespective of negligence, to furnish compensation under the provisions of this chapter for personal injury or death of the employee by accident arising out of and in the course of the employee's employment, and shall be released from all other liability therefor whatsoever, whether to the employee or any other person. The term "accident" as used in this section shall include, but not be limited to, injury or death of the employee caused by the unprovoked violence or assault against the employee by any person.

9 2. The rights and remedies herein granted to an employee shall exclude 10 all other rights and remedies of the employee, his wife, her husband, parents, 11 personal representatives, dependents, heirs or next kin, at common law or 12 otherwise, on account of such accidental injury or death, except such rights and 13 remedies as are not provided for by this chapter.

3. No compensation shall be allowed under this chapter for the injury or death due to the employee's intentional self-inflicted injury, but the burden of proof of intentional self-inflicted injury shall be on the employer or the person contesting the claim for allowance.

18 4. Where the injury is caused by the failure of the employer to comply

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

19 with any statute in this state or any lawful order of the division or the20 commission, the compensation and death benefit provided for under this chapter21 shall be increased fifteen percent.

225. Where the injury is caused by the failure of the employee to use safety 23devices where provided by the employer, or from the employee's failure to obey 24any reasonable rule adopted by the employer for the safety of employees, the 25compensation and death benefit provided for herein shall be reduced at least 26twenty-five but not more than fifty percent; provided, that it is shown that the 27employee had actual knowledge of the rule so adopted by the employer; and provided, further, that the employer had, prior to the injury, made a reasonable 2829effort to cause his or her employees to use the safety device or devices and to obey or follow the rule so adopted for the safety of the employees. 30

6. (1) Where the employee fails to obey any rule or policy adopted by the employer relating to a drug-free workplace or the use of alcohol or nonprescribed controlled drugs in the workplace, the compensation and death benefit provided for herein shall be reduced fifty percent if the injury was sustained in conjunction with the use of alcohol or nonprescribed controlled drugs.

(2) If, however, the use of alcohol or nonprescribed controlled drugs in
violation of the employer's rule or policy is the proximate cause of the injury, then
the benefits or compensation otherwise payable under this chapter for death or
disability shall be forfeited.

40(3) The voluntary use of alcohol to the percentage of blood alcohol 41 sufficient under Missouri law to constitute legal intoxication shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the voluntary use of alcohol under such 42circumstances was the proximate cause of the injury. A preponderance of the 43evidence standard shall apply to rebut such presumption. An employee's refusal 44to take a test for alcohol or a nonprescribed controlled substance, as defined by 45section 195.010, at the request of the employer shall result in the forfeiture of 46benefits under this chapter if the employer had sufficient cause to suspect use of 47alcohol or a nonprescribed controlled substance by the claimant or if the 4849employer's policy clearly authorizes post-injury testing.

50 7. Where the employee's participation in a recreational activity or 51 program is the prevailing cause of the injury, benefits or compensation otherwise 52 payable under this chapter for death or disability shall be forfeited regardless 53 that the employer may have promoted, sponsored or supported the recreational 54 activity or program, expressly or impliedly, in whole or in part. The forfeiture of 55 benefits or compensation shall not apply when:

56 (1) The employee was directly ordered by the employer to participate in57 such recreational activity or program;

58 (2) The employee was paid wages or travel expenses while participating59 in such recreational activity or program; or

60 (3) The injury from such recreational activity or program occurs on the 61 employer's premises due to an unsafe condition and the employer had actual 62 knowledge of the employee's participation in the recreational activity or program 63 and of the unsafe condition of the premises and failed to either curtail the 64 recreational activity or program or cure the unsafe condition.

8. Mental injury resulting from work-related stress does not arise out of and in the course of the employment, unless it is demonstrated that the stress is work related and was extraordinary and unusual. The amount of work stress shall be measured by objective standards and actual events.

9. A mental injury is not considered to arise out of and in the course of
the employment if it resulted from any disciplinary action, work evaluation, job
transfer, layoff, demotion, termination or any similar action taken in good faith
by the employer.

10. The ability of a firefighter to receive benefits for psychological stress
under section 287.067 shall not be diminished by the provisions of subsections 8
and 9 of this section.

11. If an employee who is receiving compensation under this
chapter becomes incarcerated, such compensation shall be suspended
for the duration of the incarceration.

To be eligible to receive compensation under this chapter, an
employee must be entitled to legally work in the United States.

287.220. 1. All cases of permanent disability where there has been previous disability shall be compensated as herein provided. Compensation shall 2be computed on the basis of the average earnings at the time of the last injury. If 3 any employee who has a preexisting permanent partial disability whether from 4 compensable injury or otherwise, of such seriousness as to constitute a hindrance $\mathbf{5}$ 6 or obstacle to employment or to obtaining reemployment if the employee becomes unemployed, and the preexisting permanent partial disability, if a body as a 78 whole injury, equals a minimum of fifty weeks of compensation or, if a major 9 extremity injury only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, according to the medical standards that are used in determining such 10

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compensation, receives a subsequent compensable injury resulting in additional 11 12permanent partial disability so that the degree or percentage of disability, in an amount equal to a minimum of fifty weeks compensation, if a body as a whole 1314injury or, if a major extremity injury only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, caused by the combined disabilities is substantially 1516greater than that which would have resulted from the last injury, considered 17alone and of itself, and if the employee is entitled to receive compensation on the 18basis of the combined disabilities, the employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the degree or percentage of disability which would have resulted 19from the last injury had there been no preexisting disability. After the 2021compensation liability of the employer for the last injury, considered alone, has been determined by an administrative law judge or the commission, the degree 2223or percentage of employee's disability that is attributable to all injuries or 24conditions existing at the time the last injury was sustained shall then be determined by that administrative law judge or by the commission and the degree 2526or percentage of disability which existed prior to the last injury plus the disability 27resulting from the last injury, if any, considered alone, shall be deducted from the 28combined disability, and compensation for the balance, if any, shall be paid out 29of a special fund known as the second injury fund, hereinafter provided for. If the 30 previous disability or disabilities, whether from compensable injury or otherwise, 31and the last injury together result in total and permanent disability, the 32minimum standards under this subsection for a body as a whole injury or a major 33 extremity injury shall not apply and the employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the disability resulting from the last injury considered 34alone and of itself; except that if the compensation for which the employer at the 35time of the last injury is liable is less than the compensation provided in this 36chapter for permanent total disability, then in addition to the compensation for 37which the employer is liable and after the completion of payment of the 3839compensation by the employer, the employee shall be paid the remainder of the 40compensation that would be due for permanent total disability under section 287.200 out of a special fund known as the "Second Injury Fund" hereby created 41 42exclusively for the purposes as in this section provided and for special weekly 43benefits in rehabilitation cases as provided in section 287.141. Maintenance of the second injury fund shall be as provided by section 287.710. The state 44treasurer shall be the custodian of the second injury fund which shall be 45deposited the same as are state funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be 46

47 added thereto. The fund shall be subject to audit the same as state funds and 48 accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given by the state 49 treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' 50 compensation, warrants on the state treasurer for the payment of all amounts 51 payable for compensation and benefits out of the second injury fund shall be 52 issued.

532. In all cases in which a recovery against the second injury fund is 54sought for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death, the 55state treasurer as custodian thereof shall be named as a party, and shall be entitled to defend against the claim. The state treasurer, with the advice and 56consent of the attorney general of Missouri, may enter into compromise 57settlements as contemplated by section 287.390, or agreed statements of fact that 58would affect the second injury fund. All awards for permanent partial disability, 5960 permanent total disability, or death affecting the second injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter governing review and appeal. For all 61claims filed against the second injury fund on or after July 1, 1994, the attorney 62 general shall use assistant attorneys general except in circumstances where an 63 actual or potential conflict of interest exists, to provide legal services as may be 64 required in all claims made for recovery against the fund. Any legal expenses 6566 incurred by the attorney general's office in the handling of such claims, including, 67 but not limited to, medical examination fees, expert witness fees, court reporter expenses, travel costs, and related legal expenses shall be paid by the fund. 68

Effective July 1, 1993, the payment of such legal expenses shall be contingent
upon annual appropriations made by the general assembly, from the fund, to the
attorney general's office for this specific purpose.

3. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent
temporary disabilities, compensation shall be payable only for the longest and
largest paying disability.

4. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent and consecutive permanent partial disability, compensation payments for each subsequent disability shall not begin until the end of the compensation period of the prior disability.

5. If an employer fails to insure or self-insure as required in section 80 287.280, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover the fair, 81 reasonable, and necessary expenses to cure and relieve the effects of the injury 82 or disability of an injured employee in the employ of an uninsured employer, or

in the case of death of an employee in the employ of an uninsured employer, 83 84 funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses in the manner required in sections 287.240 and 287.241. 85 86 In defense of claims arising under this subsection, the treasurer of the state of Missouri, as custodian of the second injury fund, shall have the same defenses to 87 88 such claims as would the uninsured employer. Any funds received by the 89 employee or the employee's dependents, through civil or other action, must go 90 towards reimbursement of the second injury fund, for all payments made to the 91employee, the employee's dependents, or paid on the employee's behalf, from the second injury fund pursuant to this subsection. The office of the attorney general 9293 of the state of Missouri shall bring suit in the circuit court of the county in which the accident occurred against any employer not covered by this chapter as 94 required in section 287.280. 95

96 6. Every three years the second injury fund shall have an actuarial study 97 made to determine the solvency of the fund, appropriate funding level of the fund, 98 and forecasted expenditures from the fund. The first actuarial study shall be 99 completed prior to July 1, 1988. The expenses of such actuarial studies shall be 100 paid out of the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation.

101 7. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall maintain the 102 financial data and records concerning the fund for the support of the division of 103 workers' compensation and the second injury fund. The division shall also 104 compile and report data on claims made pursuant to subsection 9 of this 105 section. The attorney general shall provide all necessary information to the 106 division for this purpose.

8. All claims for fees and expenses filed against the second injury fundand all records pertaining thereto shall be open to the public.

109 9. Any employee who at the time a compensable work-related injury is sustained is employed by more than one employer, the employer for whom the 110 employee was working when the injury was sustained shall be responsible for 111 wage loss benefits applicable only to the earnings in that employer's employment 112and the injured employee shall be entitled to file a claim against the second 113114injury fund for any additional wage loss benefits attributed to loss of earnings from the employment or employments where the injury did not occur, up to the 115maximum weekly benefit less those benefits paid by the employer in whose 116employment the employee sustained the injury. The employee shall be entitled 117to a total benefit based on the total average weekly wage of such employee 118

119 computed according to subsection 8 of section 287.250. The employee shall not 120 be entitled to a greater rate of compensation than allowed by law on the date of 121 the injury. The employer for whom the employee was working where the injury 122 was sustained shall be responsible for all medical costs incurred in regard to that 123 injury.

124 10. No compensation shall be payable from the second injury 125 fund if the employee elects to pursue compensation under the workers' 126 compensation law of another state with jurisdiction over the employees' 127 injury or accident or occupational disease.

128 11. When an injured employee receives an award for permanent total disability but by the use of glasses, prosthetic appliances, or 129130physical rehabilitation the employee is restored to his or her regular 131work or its equivalent, the life payment shall be suspended during the 132time in which the employee is restored to his or her regular work or its 133equivalent. The employer and the division shall keep the file open in 134the case during the lifetime of any injured employee who has received 135an award of permanent total disability. In any case where the life 136payment is suspended under this subsection, the commission may at reasonable times review the case and either the employee or the 137 138employer may request an informal conference with the commission relative to the resumption of the employee's weekly life payment in the 139140 case.

141 12. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the life 142 payments to an injured employee made from the fund shall be 143 suspended when the employee is able to obtain suitable gainful 144 employment or be self-employed in view of the nature and severity of 145 the injury. The division shall promulgate rules setting forth a 146 reasonable standard means test to determine if such employment 147 warrants the suspension of benefits.

14813. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the director may suspend, in whole or in part, the life payments to an 149150injured employee made from the fund when the employee becomes 151eligible to receive Social Security benefits attributable to the employee's injury. In no case shall the sum of the amount of monthly 152payments from the fund and the monthly Social Security benefits 153154attributable to the employee's injury, be less than the monthly life 155payments from the fund the employee has been receiving.

287.690. 1. Prior to December 31, 1993, for the purpose of providing for $\mathbf{2}$ the expense of administering this chapter and for the purpose set out in subsection 2 of this section, every person, partnership, association, corporation, 3 whether organized under the laws of this or any other state or country, the state 4 of Missouri, including any of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, $\mathbf{5}$ 6 and boards or any political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold themselves out to be any part self-insured, company, mutual company, the parties 7 8 to any interindemnity contract, or other plan or scheme, and every other 9 insurance carrier, insuring employers in this state against liability for personal injuries to their employees, or for death caused thereby, under this chapter, shall 10 pay, as provided in this chapter, tax upon the net deposits, net premiums or net 11 assessments received, whether in cash or notes in this state, or on account of 12business done in this state, for such insurance in this state at the rate of two 13percent in lieu of all other taxes on such net deposits, net premiums or net 14assessments, which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein 15provided. Beginning October 31, 1993, and every year thereafter, the director of 16the division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of revenue 17required to administer this chapter and the director shall determine the rate of 18tax to be paid in the following calendar year pursuant to this section commencing 1920with the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1994. If the balance of the fund estimated to be on hand on December thirty-first of the year each tax rate 2122determination is made is less than one hundred ten percent of the previous year's 23expenses plus any additional revenue required due to new statutory requirements 24given to the division by the general assembly, then the director shall impose a tax not to exceed two percent in lieu of all other taxes on net deposits, net premiums 2526or net assessments, rounded up to the nearest one-half of a percentage point, which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein provided. The 27net premium equivalent for individual self-insured employers and any group of 2829political subdivisions of this state qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant 30to this chapter as authorized by section 537.620 shall be based on average rate classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial institutions 3132and professional registration as taken from premium rates filed by the twenty 33insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation 34insurance coverage in this state. For employers qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter, the rates filed by such group of employers in 35accordance with subsection 2 of section 287.280 shall be the net premium 36

equivalent. Every entity required to pay the tax imposed pursuant to this section and section 287.730 shall be notified by the division of workers' compensation within ten calendar days of the date of the determination of the rate of tax to be imposed for the following year. Net premiums, net deposits or net assessments are defined as gross premiums, gross deposits or gross assessments less canceled or returned premiums, premium deposits or assessments and less dividends or savings, actually paid or credited.

44 2. After January 1, 1994, the director of the division shall make one or 45more loans to the Missouri employers mutual insurance company in an amount not to exceed an aggregate amount of five million dollars from the fund 46 maintained to administer this chapter for start-up funding and initial 47capitalization of the company. The board of the company shall make application 48 to the director for the loans, stating the amount to be loaned to the company. The 49 50loans shall be for a term of five years and, at the time the application for such loans is approved by the director, shall bear interest at the annual rate based on 51the rate for linked deposit loans as calculated by the state treasurer pursuant to 5253section 30.758.

287.715. 1. For the purpose of providing for revenue for the second injury fund, every authorized self-insurer, and every workers' compensation policyholder $\mathbf{2}$ 3 insured pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, shall be liable for payment of 4 an annual surcharge in accordance with the provisions of this section. The annual surcharge imposed under this section shall apply to all workers' $\mathbf{5}$ 6 compensation insurance policies and self-insurance coverages which are written or renewed on or after April 26, 1988, including the state of Missouri, including 7any of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, and boards or any 8 political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold themselves out to be any 9 part self-insured. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the surcharge 10 imposed pursuant to this section shall not apply to any reinsurance or 11 retrocessional transaction. 12

2. Beginning October 31, [2005] **2010**, and each year thereafter, the director of the division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of benefits payable from the second injury fund during the following calendar year and shall calculate the total amount of the annual surcharge to be imposed during the following calendar year upon all workers' compensation policyholders and authorized self-insurers. The amount of the annual surcharge percentage to be imposed upon each policyholder and self-insured for the following calendar 20year commencing with the calendar year beginning on January 1, [2006] 2011, 21shall be set at and calculated against a percentage, not to exceed three percent, 22of the policyholder's or self-insured's workers' compensation net deposits, net 23premiums, or net assessments for the previous policy year, rounded up to the nearest one-half of a percentage point, that shall generate, as nearly as possible, 2425one hundred ten percent of the moneys to be paid from the second injury fund in 26the following calendar year, less any moneys contained in the fund at the end of the previous [calendar] fiscal year. All policyholders and self-insurers shall be 27notified by the division of workers' compensation within ten calendar days of the 2829determination of the surcharge percent to be imposed for, and paid in, the 30following calendar year. The net premium equivalent for individual self-insured employers and any group of political subdivisions of this state qualified to 3132self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter as authorized by section 33 537.620 shall be based on average rate classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration as 34taken from premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing the 35greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage in this state. For 36 employers qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter, the 37rates filed by such group of employers in accordance with subsection 2 of section 3839287.280 shall be the net premium equivalent. The **division** director may 40advance [funds] moneys from the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund if surcharge collections prove to be insufficient. The outstanding 41 total of moneys advanced by the division director from the workers' 42compensation fund to the second injury fund shall not exceed thirty-43three and one-third percent of the total amount of the annual surcharge 44 as calculated in this section to be imposed in the year moneys are 45advanced to the second injury fund. Any [funds] moneys advanced from 46the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund [must] shall be 47reimbursed by the second injury fund no later than December thirty-first of the 4849fifth year following the advance. The surcharge shall be collected from policyholders by each insurer at the same time and in the same manner that the 50premium is collected, but no insurer or its agent shall be entitled to any portion 5152of the surcharge as a fee or commission for its collection. The surcharge is not 53subject to any taxes, licenses or fees.

54 3. All surcharge amounts imposed by this section shall be deposited to the 55 credit of the second injury fund. 564. Such surcharge amounts shall be paid quarterly by insurers and 57self-insurers, and insurers shall pay the amounts not later than the thirtieth day of the month following the end of the quarter in which the amount is received 58from policyholders. If the director of the division of workers' compensation fails 5960 to calculate the surcharge by the thirty-first day of October of any year for the 61following year, any increase in the surcharge ultimately set by the director shall 62 not be effective for any calendar quarter beginning less than sixty days from the date the director makes such determination. 63

5. If a policyholder or self-insured fails to make payment of the surcharge or an insurer fails to make timely transfer to the division of surcharges actually collected from policyholders, as required by this section, a penalty of one-half of one percent of the surcharge unpaid, or untransferred, shall be assessed against the liable policyholder, self-insured or insurer. Penalties assessed under this subsection shall be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding brought by the director of the division of workers' compensation.

6. Funds collected under the provisions of this section shall be
the sole funding source of the second injury fund.

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