FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 29

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

0331L.03C

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 197.705, 302.291, 324.043, 334.040, 334.070, 334.090, 334.100, 334.102, 334.103, 334.715, 338.010, 338.140, 338.150, 338.210, 338.220, 338.240, 339.190, 536.063, 536.067, 536.070, 621.045, 621.100, and 621.110, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty new sections relating to the licensing of certain professions, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 197.705, 302.291, 324.043, 334.040, 334.070, 334.090, 334.100, 2 334.102, 334.103, 334.715, 338.010, 338.140, 338.150, 338.210, 338.220, 338.240, 339.190, 3 536.063, 536.067, 536.070, 621.045, 621.100, and 621.110, RSMo, are repealed and thirty new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 197.705, 302.291, 324.013, 324.043, 4 5 324.045, 332.425, 334.001, 334.040, 334.070, 334.090, 334.099, 334.100, 334.102, 334.103, 334.108, 334.715, 338.010, 338.140, 338.150, 338.210, 338.220, 338.240, 339.190, 536.063, 6 7 536.067, 536.070, 537.033, 621.045, 621.100, and 621.110, to read as follows: 197.705. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of this section, all 2 hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, and health care facilities, defined in sections 197.020, 197.200, and [197.305] 197.366, shall require all personnel providing services in such facilities 3 to wear identification badges while acting within the scope of their employment. 4 The identification badges of all personnel shall prominently display the licensure status of such 5 personnel and shall include the following: 6 (1) A recent photograph of the employee, the employee's first name, the employee's 7

8 title, and the name of the health care facility or organization;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

9 (2) The title of the employee shall be as large as possible in a single line in block 10 type and shall occupy a one-half inch tall strip as close as practicable to the bottom edge 11 of the badge;

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(3) Titles shall be as follows:

(a) A medical doctor as defined in section 334.021 shall have the title "Physician"
at the bottom one-half inch margin of the name tag;

(b) Any nurse as defined in section 335.016 may have the title "Advanced Practice
Registered Nurse", "Certified Nurse Midwife", "Certified Nurse Practitioner", "Certified
Registered Nurse Anesthetist", "Licensed Practical Nurse", "Registered Nurse", or
"Clinical Nurse Specialist" as applicable for such nurse's level of nursing, licensure, and
certification; and

(c) All other titles shall be determined by rule by the department of health and
 senior services.

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Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health care provider from placing the provider's
 additional specialty or designation after the provider's name on the badge.

25 2. Personnel shall not be required to wear an identification badge while delivering
 26 direct care to a consumer if not clinically feasible.

3. The department of health and senior services may promulgate rules to implement 27 28 the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 29 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, 30 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 31 32 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 33 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted 34 35 after August 28, 2011, shall be invalid and void.

4. Nothing in this section shall require the immediate replacement of identification badges worn by personnel currently employed on or before August 28, 2011. Such identification badges shall be replaced within a reasonable time after August 28, 2011, such as at a regularly scheduled interval of reissuance; except that, all identification badges worn by personnel of hospitals and health care facilities shall comply with this section within five years from August 28, 2011.

302.291. 1. The director, having good cause to believe that an operator is incompetent
or unqualified to retain his or her license, after giving ten days' notice in writing by certified mail
directed to such person's present known address, may require the person to submit to an

examination as prescribed by the director. Upon conclusion of the examination, the director may 4 allow the person to retain his or her license, may suspend, deny or revoke the person's license, 5 or may issue the person a license subject to restrictions as provided in section 302.301. If an 6 7 examination indicates a condition that potentially impairs safe driving, the director, in addition to action with respect to the license, may require the person to submit to further periodic 8 examinations. The refusal or neglect of the person to submit to an examination within thirty days 9 after the date of such notice shall be grounds for suspension, denial or revocation of the person's 10 11 license by the director, an associate circuit or circuit court. Notice of any suspension, denial, 12 revocation or other restriction shall be provided by certified mail. As used in this section, the term "denial" means the act of not licensing a person who is currently suspended, revoked or 13 14 otherwise not licensed to operate a motor vehicle. Denial may also include the act of 15 withdrawing a previously issued license.

2. The examination provided for in subsection 1 of this section may include, but is not
limited to, a written test and tests of driving skills, vision, highway sign recognition and, if
appropriate, a physical and/or mental examination as provided in section 302.173.

19 3. The director shall have good cause to believe that an operator is incompetent or 20 unqualified to retain such person's license on the basis of, but not limited to, a report by:

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(1) Any certified peace officer;

(2) Any physician, physical therapist or occupational therapist licensed pursuant to
 chapter 334; any chiropractic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 331; any registered nurse
 licensed pursuant to chapter 335; any psychologist [or], social worker or professional
 counselor licensed pursuant to chapter 337; any optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 336;
 or

27 (3) Any member of the operator's family within three degrees of consanguinity, or the 28 operator's spouse, who has reached the age of eighteen, except that no person may report the 29 same family member pursuant to this section more than one time during a twelve-month period. 30 The report must state that the person reasonably and in good faith believes the driver cannot 31 safely operate a motor vehicle and must be based upon personal observation or physical evidence 32 which shall be described in the report, or the report shall be based upon an investigation by a law 33 enforcement officer. The report shall be a written declaration in the form prescribed by the 34 department of revenue and shall contain the name, address, telephone number, and signature of 35 the person making the report.

4. Any physician, physical therapist or occupational therapist licensed pursuant to chapter 334, any chiropractor licensed pursuant to chapter 331, any registered nurse licensed pursuant to chapter 335, any psychologist [or], social worker or professional counselor licensed pursuant to chapter 337, or any optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 336 may report 40 to the department any patient diagnosed or assessed as having a disorder or condition that may

41 prevent such person from safely operating a motor vehicle. Such report shall state the diagnosis 42 or assessment and whether the condition is permanent or temporary. The existence of a 43 physician-patient relationship shall not prevent the making of a report by such medical 44 professionals.

5. Any person who makes a report in good faith pursuant to this section shall be immune from any civil liability that otherwise might result from making the report. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 610 to the contrary, all reports made and all medical records reviewed and maintained by the department of revenue pursuant to this section shall be kept confidential except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction or in a review of the director's action pursuant to section 302.311.

51 6. The department of revenue shall keep records and statistics of reports made and 52 actions taken against driver's licenses pursuant to this section.

53 7. The department of revenue shall, in consultation with the medical advisory board 54 established by section 302.292, develop a standardized form and provide guidelines for the 55 reporting of cases and for the examination of drivers pursuant to this section. The guidelines 56 shall be published and adopted as required for rules and regulations pursuant to chapter 536. The department of revenue shall also adopt rules and regulations as necessary to carry out the other 57 58 provisions of this section. The director of revenue shall provide health care professionals and 59 law enforcement officers with information about the procedures authorized in this section. The 60 guidelines and regulations implementing this section shall be in compliance with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. 61

8. Any person who knowingly violates a confidentiality provision of this section or who
knowingly permits or encourages the unauthorized use of a report or reporting person's name in
violation of this section shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be liable for damages
which proximately result.

9. Any person who intentionally files a false report pursuant to this section shall be guiltyof a class A misdemeanor and shall be liable for damages which proximately result.

10. All appeals of license revocations, suspensions, denials and restrictions shall be made
 as required pursuant to section 302.311 within thirty days after the receipt of the notice of
 revocation, suspension, denial or restriction.

1 11. Any individual whose condition is temporary in nature as reported pursuant to the provisions of subsection 4 of this section shall have the right to petition the director of the department of revenue for total or partial reinstatement of his or her license. Such request shall be made on a form prescribed by the department of revenue and accompanied by a statement from a health care provider with the same or similar license as the health care provider who made

- the initial report resulting in the limitation or loss of the driver's license. Such petition shall be
- 77 decided by the director of the department of revenue within thirty days of receipt of the petition.
- 78 Such decision by the director is appealable pursuant to subsection 10 of this section.

324.013. Any board, commission, committee, council, or office within the division of professional registration shall notify any known current employer of a change in a 2 licensee's license or discipline status. Any employer may provide a list of current licensed 3 employees and request in writing to the board, commission, committee, council, or office 4 within the division of professional registration responsible for the licensee's license to be 5 notified upon a change in the licensure status of any such licensed employee. Nothing in 6 this section shall be construed as requiring the board, commission, committee, council, or 7 office within the division of professional registration to determine the current employer of 8 9 any person whose license is sanctioned under this section.

324.043. 1. Except as provided in this section, no disciplinary proceeding against any person or entity licensed, registered, or certified to practice a profession within the division of professional registration shall be initiated unless such action is commenced within three years of the date upon which the licensing, registering, or certifying agency received notice of an alleged violation of an applicable statute or regulation.

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2. For the purpose of this section, notice shall be limited to:

7 (1) A written complaint;

8 (2) Notice of final disposition of a malpractice claim, including exhaustion of all 9 extraordinary remedies and appeals;

(3) Notice of exhaustion of all extraordinary remedies and appeals of a conviction based
upon a criminal statute of this state, any other state, or the federal government;

(4) Notice of exhaustion of all extraordinary remedies and appeals in a disciplinary
 action by a hospital, state licensing, registering or certifying agency, or an agency of the federal
 government.

3. For the purposes of this section, an action is commenced when a complaint is filed by the agency with the administrative hearing commission, any other appropriate agency, or in a court; or when a complaint is filed by the agency's legal counsel with the agency in respect to an automatic revocation or a probation violation.

4. Disciplinary proceedings based upon repeated negligence shall be exempt from all
 limitations set forth in this section.

5. Disciplinary proceedings based upon a complaint involving sexual misconduct shall
be exempt from all limitations set forth in this section.

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6. Any time limitation provided in this section shall be tolled:

(1) During any time the accused licensee, registrant, or certificant is practicing
 exclusively outside the state of Missouri or residing outside the state of Missouri and not
 practicing in Missouri;

(2) As to an individual complainant, during the time when such complainant is less thaneighteen years of age;

(3) During any time the accused licensee, registrant, or certificant maintains legal action
 against the agency; or

(4) When a settlement agreement is offered to the accused licensee, registrant, or
 certificant, in an attempt to settle such disciplinary matter without formal proceeding pursuant
 to section 621.045 until the accused licensee, registrant, or certificant rejects or accepts the
 settlement agreement.

7. The licensing agency may, in its discretion, toll any time limitation when the accused
 applicant, licensee, registrant, or certificant enters into and participates in a treatment program
 for chemical dependency or mental impairment.

324.045. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 536, in any proceeding 2 initiated by the division of professional registration or any board, committee, commission, or office within the division of professional registration to determine the appropriate level 3 of discipline or additional discipline, if any, against a licensee of the board, committee, 4 5 commission, or office within the division, if the licensee against whom the proceeding has been initiated upon a properly pled writing filed to initiate the contested case and upon 6 proper notice fails to plead or otherwise defend against the proceeding, the board, 7 8 commission, committee, or office within the division shall enter a default decision against 9 the licensee without further proceedings. The terms of the default decision shall not exceed the terms of discipline authorized by law for the division, board, commission, or committee. 10 11 The division, office, board, commission, or committee shall provide the licensee notice of the default decision in writing. 12

13 2. Upon motion stating facts constituting a meritorious defense and for good cause 14 shown, a default decision may be set aside. The motion shall be made within a reasonable 15 time, not to exceed thirty days after entry of the default decision. "Good cause" includes 16 a mistake or conduct that is not intentionally or recklessly designed to impede the 17 administrative process.

332.425. 1. The dental board may issue a limited teaching license to a dentist
employed as an instructor in an accredited dental school in Missouri. The holder of a
limited teaching license shall be authorized to practice dentistry, in accordance with section
332.071, only within the confines of the accredited dental school programs. A limited
teaching license shall be renewed every two years and shall be subject to the same renewal

6	requirements contained in section 332.181. A limited teaching license shall be subject to
7	discipline in accordance with section 332.321 and shall be automatically cancelled and
8	nullified if the holder ceases to be employed as an instructor in the accredited dental
9	school.
10	2. To qualify for a limited teaching license, an applicant shall:
11	(1) Be a graduate of and hold a degree from a dental school. An applicant shall not
12	be required to be a graduate of an accredited dental school as defined in section 332.011;
13	(2) Have passed the National Board Examination in accordance with criteria
14	established by the sponsoring body;
15	(3) Have passed a state or regional entry level competency examination approved
16	by the Missouri dental board for licensure within the previous five years;
17	(4) Have passed a written jurisprudence examination given by the board on the
18	Missouri dental laws and rules with a grade of at least eighty percent;
19	(5) Hold current certification in the American Heart Association's Basic Life
20	Support (BLS), Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS), or certification equivalent to BLS
21	or ACLS;
22	(6) Submit to the board a completed application for licensure on forms provided
23	by the board and the applicable license fee; and
24	(7) Submit to the board evidence of spoken written proficiency in the English
25	language.
	334.001. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the
2	following information is an open record and shall be released upon request of any person
3	and may be published on the board's website:
4	(1) The name of a licensee or applicant;
5	(2) The licensee's business address;
6	(3) Registration type;
7	(4) Currency of the license, certificate, or registration;
8	(5) Professional schools attended;
9	(6) Degrees and certifications, including certification by the American Board of
10	Medical Specialties, the American Osteopathic Association, or other certifying agency
11	approved by the board by rule;
12	(7) To the extent provided to the board after August 28, 2011, discipline by another
13	state or administrative agency;
14	(8) Limitations on practice placed by a court of competent jurisdiction;
15	(9) Any final discipline by the board, including the content of the settlement
16	agreement or order issued; and

17 (10) Whether a discipline case brought by the board is pending in the 18 administrative hearing commission or any court.

All other information pertaining to a licensee or applicant not specifically
 denominated an open record in subsection 1 of this section is a closed record and
 confidential.

3. The board shall disclose confidential information without charge or fee upon
written request of the licensee or applicant if the information is less than five years old.
If the information requested is more than five years old, the board may charge a fee
equivalent to the fee specified by regulation.

4. At its discretion, the board may disclose confidential information, without the consent of the licensee or applicant, to a licensee or applicant for a license in order to further an investigation or to facilitate settlement negotiations, in the course of voluntary interstate exchange of information, in the course of any litigation concerning a licensee or applicant, pursuant to a lawful request, or to other administrative or law enforcement agencies acting within the scope of their statutory authority.

5. Information obtained from a federal administrative or law enforcement agency
 shall be disclosed only after the board has obtained written consent to the disclosure from
 the federal administrative or law enforcement agency.

6. The board is entitled to the attorney/client privilege and work product privilege
 to the same extent as any other person.

334.040. 1. Except as provided in section 334.260, all persons desiring to practice as
physicians and surgeons in this state shall be examined as to their fitness to engage in such
practice by the board. All persons applying for examination shall file a completed application
with the board [at least eighty days before the date set for examination upon blanks] upon forms
furnished by the board.

6 2. The examination shall be sufficient to test the applicant's fitness to practice as a 7 physician and surgeon. The examination shall be conducted in such a manner as to conceal the identity of the applicant until all examinations have been scored. In all such examinations an 8 9 average score of not less than seventy-five percent is required to pass; provided, however, that the board may require applicants to take the Federation Licensing Examination, also known as 10 11 FLEX, or the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE). If the FLEX examination is required, a weighted average score of no less than seventy-five [percent] is 12 required to pass. Scores from one test administration of the FLEX shall not be combined 13 or averaged with scores from other test administrations to achieve a passing score. The 14 15 passing score of the United States Medical Licensing Examination shall be determined by the 16 board through rule and regulation. The board shall not issue a permanent license as a physician

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17 and surgeon or allow the Missouri state board examination to be administered to any applicant 18 who has failed to achieve a passing score within three attempts on licensing examinations administered in one or more states or territories of the United States, the District of Columbia 19 20 or Canada. The steps one, two and three of the United States Medical Licensing Examination 21 shall be taken within a seven-year period with no more than three attempts on any step of the 22 examination; however, the board may grant an extension of the seven-year period if the applicant 23 has obtained a MD/PhD degree in a program accredited by the [liaison committee on medical 24 education] Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) and a regional university 25 accrediting body or a DO/PhD degree accredited by the American Osteopathic Association and a regional university accrediting body. The board may waive the provisions of this 26 27 section if the applicant is licensed to practice as a physician and surgeon in another state of the 28 United States, the District of Columbia or Canada and the applicant has achieved a passing score 29 on a licensing examination administered in a state or territory of the United States or the District 30 of Columbia and no license issued to the applicant has been disciplined in any state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia[. Prior to waiving the provisions of this section, 31 32 the board may require the applicant to achieve a passing score on one of the following: 33 (1) The American Specialty Board's certifying examination in the physician's field of 34 specialization;

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(2) Part II of the FLEX; or

36 (3) The Federation portion of the State Medical Board's Special Purpose Examination 37 (SPEX)] and the applicant is certified in the applicant's area of specialty by the American 38 Board of Medical Specialties, the American Osteopathic Association, or other certifying agency approved by the board by rule. 39

40 3. If the board waives the provisions of this section, then the license issued to the applicant may be limited or restricted to the applicant's board specialty. [Scores from one test 41 42 administration shall not be combined or averaged with scores from other test administrations to 43 achieve a passing score.] The board shall not be permitted to favor any particular school or 44 system of healing.

45 4. If an applicant has not actively engaged in the practice of clinical medicine or 46 held a teaching or faculty position in a medical or osteopathic school approved by the 47 American Medical Association, the Liaison Committee on Medical Education, or the 48 American Osteopathic Association for any two years in the three year period immediately 49 preceding the filing of his or her application for licensure, the board may require 50 successful completion of another examination, continuing medical education, or further 51 training before issuing a permanent license. The board shall adopt rules to prescribe the 52 form and manner of such reexamination, continuing medical education, and training.

334.070. 1. Upon due application therefor and upon submission by such person of evidence satisfactory to the board that he **or she** is licensed to practice in this state, and upon the payment of fees required to be paid by this chapter, the board shall issue to [him] **such person** a certificate of registration. The certificate of registration shall contain the name of the person to whom it is issued and his **or her** office address [and residence address], the expiration date, and the date and number of the license to practice.

2. [Every person shall, upon receiving such certificate, cause it to be conspicuously displayed at all times in every office maintained by him in the state. If he maintains more than one office in this state, the board shall without additional fee issue to him duplicate certificates of registration for each office so maintained.] If any registrant shall change the location of his **or her** office during the period for which any certificate of registration has been issued, [he] **the registrant** shall, within fifteen days thereafter, notify the board of such change [and it shall issue to him without additional fee a new registration certificate showing the new location].

334.090. 1. Each applicant for registration under this chapter shall accompany the 2 application for registration with a registration fee to be paid to the [director of revenue] board. If the application is filed and the fee paid after the registration renewal date, a delinquent fee 3 shall be paid; but whenever in the opinion of the board the applicant's failure to register is caused 4 by extenuating circumstances including illness of the applicant, as defined by rule and regulation, 5 the delinquent fee may be waived by the board. Whenever any new license is granted to any 6 person under the provisions of this chapter, the board shall, upon application therefor, issue to 7 such licensee a certificate of registration covering a period from the date of the issuance of the 8 9 license to the next renewal date without the payment of any registration fee.

2. The board shall set the amount of the fees which this chapter authorizes and requires
 by rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to section 536.021. The fees shall be set at a level
 to produce revenue which shall not substantially exceed the cost and expense of administering
 this chapter.

334.099. 1. Upon a showing of reasonable cause to believe that a licensee or applicant is unable to practice his or her profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason of medical or osteopathic incompetency, mental or physical incapacity, or due to the excessive use or abuse of alcohol or controlled substances, the following shall apply:

6 (1) The board shall require a licensee or applicant to submit to an examination. 7 The board shall maintain a list of facilities approved to perform such examinations. The 8 licensee or applicant may propose a facility not previously approved to the board and the 9 board may accept such facility as an approved facility for such licensee or applicant by a 10 majority vote; 11 (2) For purposes of this subsection, every licensee or applicant is deemed to have 12 consented to an examination upon a showing of reasonable cause. The applicant or 13 licensee shall be deemed to have waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony by 14 the provider of the examination and to the admissibility of examination reports on the 15 grounds that the provider of the examination's testimony or the examination is confidential

16 or privileged;

17 (3) Written notice of the order for an examination shall be sent to the applicant or 18 licensee by registered mail, addressed to the licensee or applicant at the licensee's or 19 applicant's last known address on file with the board, or shall be personally served on the 20 applicant or licensee. The order shall state the cause for the examination, how to obtain 21 information about approved facilities, and a time limit for obtaining the examination. The 22 licensee or applicant shall cause a report of the examination to be sent to the board;

(4) The licensee or applicant shall sign all necessary releases for the board to obtain
and use the examination during a hearing and to disclose the recommendations of the
examination as part of a disciplinary order;

(5) In addition to ordering an examination, the board may, notwithstanding any
 other law limiting access to medical or other health data, obtain medical data and health
 records relating to the licensee or applicant without the licensee's or applicant's consent,
 upon issuance of a subpoena by the board.

30 (6) After receiving the report of the examination ordered in subdivision (1) of this 31 subsection, the board may hold a hearing to determine if by a preponderance of the evidence the licensee or applicant is unable to practice with reasonable skill or safety to the 32 33 public by reasons of medical or osteopathic incompetency, reason of mental or physical 34 incapacity, or due to the excessive use or abuse of alcohol or controlled substances. If the board finds that the licensee or applicant is unable to practice with reasonable skill or 35 safety to the public by reasons of medical or osteopathic incompetency, reason of mental 36 37 or physical incapacity, or substance abuse, the board shall, after a hearing, enter an order 38 imposing one or more of the disciplinary measures set forth in subsection 4 of section 39 334.100; and

(7) The provisions of chapter 536 for a contested case, except those provisions or
amendments which are in conflict with this section, shall apply to and govern the
proceedings contained in this subsection and the rights and duties of the parties involved.
The person appealing such an action shall be entitled to present evidence under chapter
536 relevant to the allegations.

45 **2.** Failure to submit to the examination when directed shall be cause for the 46 revocation of the license of the licensee or denial of the application. No license may be

reinstated or application granted until such time as the examination is completed and
delivered to the board or the board withdraws its order.

3. Neither the record of proceedings nor the orders entered by the board shall be
used against a licensee or applicant in any other proceeding, except for a proceeding in
which the board or its members are a party.

4. A licensee or applicant whose right to practice has been affected under this section shall, at reasonable intervals not to exceed twelve months, be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume the competent practice of his or her profession or should be granted a license. The board may hear such motion more often upon good cause shown.

57 **5.** For purposes of this section, "examination" means a skills, multidisciplinary, or 58 substance abuse evaluation.

334.100. 1. The board may refuse to issue or renew any certificate of registration or 2 authority, permit or license required pursuant to this chapter for one or any combination of 3 causes stated in subsection 2 of this section. The board shall notify the applicant in writing of 4 the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of the applicant's right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621. As an 5 alternative to a refusal to issue or renew any certificate, registration or authority, the board may, 6 7 at its discretion, issue a license which is subject to probation, restriction or limitation to an 8 applicant for licensure for any one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this section. The board's order of probation, limitation or restriction shall contain a statement of the 9 discipline imposed, the basis therefor, the date such action shall become effective, and a 10 11 statement that the applicant has thirty days to request in writing a hearing before the administrative hearing commission. If the board issues a probationary, limited or restricted 12 license to an applicant for licensure, either party may file a written petition with the 13 administrative hearing commission within thirty days of the effective date of the probationary, 14 15 limited or restricted license seeking review of the board's determination. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the sole issue before the administrative hearing commission shall be 16 17 whether there is cause to deny the license. If the commission determines there is cause to deny the license, the decision of whether to deny the license, issue the license with 18 19 discipline, or issue the license with no discipline vests in the board. If no written request for 20 a hearing is received by the administrative hearing commission within the thirty-day period, the 21 right to seek review of the board's decision shall be considered as waived.

22 2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing 23 commission as provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any certificate of registration or 24 authority, permit or license required by this chapter or any person who has failed to renew or has

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surrendered the person's certificate of registration or authority, permit or license for any one orany combination of the following causes:

(1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, or alcoholic beverage to
an extent that such use impairs a person's ability to perform the work of any profession licensed
or regulated by this chapter;

30 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty 31 or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any state or of the United States 32 **or any municipal violation**, for any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions 33 or duties of any profession licensed or regulated pursuant to this chapter, for any offense [an 34 essential element of which is] **involving** fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any 35 offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;

(3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any certificate of
 registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining
 permission to take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter;

39 (4) Misconduct, fraud, misrepresentation, dishonesty, unethical conduct or
40 unprofessional conduct in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed
41 or regulated by this chapter, including, but not limited to, the following:

(a) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other compensation by
fraud, deception or misrepresentation; willfully and continually overcharging or overtreating
patients; or charging for visits to the physician's office which did not occur unless the services
were contracted for in advance, or for services which were not rendered or documented in the
patient's records;

47 (b) Attempting, directly or indirectly, by way of intimidation, coercion or deception, to48 obtain or retain a patient or discourage the use of a second opinion or consultation;

49 (c) Willfully and continually performing inappropriate or unnecessary treatment,50 diagnostic tests or medical or surgical services;

(d) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person who is not qualified by training,
skill, competency, age, experience or licensure to perform such responsibilities;

(e) Misrepresenting that any disease, ailment or infirmity can be cured by a method,
 procedure, treatment, medicine or device;

(f) Performing or prescribing medical services which have been declared by board ruleto be of no medical or osteopathic value;

(g) Final disciplinary action by any professional medical or osteopathic association or
society or licensed hospital or medical staff of such hospital in this or any other state or territory,
whether agreed to voluntarily or not, and including, but not limited to, any removal, suspension,

60 limitation, or restriction of the person's license or staff or hospital privileges, failure to renew

61 such privileges or license for cause, or other final disciplinary action, if the action was in any way

62 related to unprofessional conduct, professional incompetence, malpractice or any other violation

63 of any provision of this chapter;

(h) Signing a blank prescription form; or dispensing, prescribing, administering or
otherwise distributing any drug, controlled substance or other treatment without sufficient
examination including failing to establish a valid physician-patient relationship pursuant
to section 334.108, or for other than medically accepted therapeutic or experimental or
investigative purposes duly authorized by a state or federal agency, or not in the course of
professional practice, or not in good faith to relieve pain and suffering, or not to cure an ailment,
physical infirmity or disease, except as authorized in section 334.104;

(i) Exercising influence within a physician-patient relationship for purposes of engaging
 a patient in sexual activity;

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(j) Being listed on any state or federal sexual offender registry;

(k) Terminating the medical care of a patient without adequate notice or without making
 other arrangements for the continued care of the patient;

[(k)] (l) Failing to furnish details of a patient's medical records to other treating
physicians or hospitals upon proper request; or failing to comply with any other law relating to
medical records;

[(1)] (m) Failure of any applicant or licensee[, other than the licensee subject to the investigation,] to cooperate with the board during any investigation;

81 [(m)] (n) Failure to comply with any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum from the board 82 or an order of the board;

[(n)] (o) Failure to timely pay license renewal fees specified in this chapter;

[(o)] (**p**) Violating a probation agreement, **order**, **or other settlement agreement** with this board or any other licensing agency;

86 [(p)] (q) Failing to inform the board of the physician's current residence and business
87 address;

88 [(q)] (r) Advertising by an applicant or licensee which is false or misleading, or which 89 violates any rule of the board, or which claims without substantiation the positive cure of any 90 disease, or professional superiority to or greater skill than that possessed by any other physician. 91 An applicant or licensee shall also be in violation of this provision if the applicant or licensee 92 has a financial interest in any organization, corporation or association which issues or conducts 93 such advertising;

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(s) Any other conduct that is unethical or unprofessional involving a minor;

95 (5) Any conduct or practice which is or might be harmful or dangerous to the mental or 96 physical health of a patient or the public; or incompetency[, gross negligence] or [repeated] 97 negligence in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated

98 by this chapter. For the purposes of this subdivision, ["repeated negligence" means] the99 following terms shall mean:

(a) "Incompetency", lacking the requisite skills, abilities, and qualities to effectively
 perform an aspect of professional practice that the licensee has represented he or she can
 perform;

103 (b) "Negligence", the failure[, on more than one occasion,] to use that degree of skill 104 and learning ordinarily used under the same or similar circumstances by the member of the 105 applicant's or licensee's profession, in the treatment of one or more patients whether or not 106 actual injury or harm occurs to the patient as a result of any such negligence;

107 (6) Violation of, or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting or enabling
108 any person to violate, any provision of this chapter or chapter 324, or of any lawful rule or
109 regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or chapter 324;

(7) Impersonation of any person holding a certificate of registration or authority, permit
or license or allowing any person to use his or her certificate of registration or authority, permit,
license or diploma from any school;

113 (8) Revocation, suspension, restriction, modification, limitation, reprimand, warning, 114 censure, probation or other final disciplinary action against the holder of or applicant for a 115 license or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter by another state, 116 territory, federal agency or country, whether or not voluntarily agreed to by the licensee or 117 applicant, including, but not limited to, the denial of licensure, surrender of the license, allowing 118 the license to expire or lapse, or discontinuing or limiting the practice of medicine while subject 119 to an investigation or while actually under investigation by any licensing authority, medical 120 facility, branch of the armed forces of the United States of America, insurance company, court, 121 agency of the state or federal government, or employer;

(9) A person is finally adjudged incapacitated or disabled by a court of competentjurisdiction;

(10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not registered and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter; or knowingly performing any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or encourages any person to practice medicine who is not registered and currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter. A physician who works in accordance with standing orders or protocols or in accordance with the provisions of section 334.104 shall not be in violation of this subdivision;

(11) Issuance of a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license based upona material mistake of fact;

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133 (12) Failure to display a valid certificate or license if so required by this chapter or any134 rule promulgated pursuant to this chapter;

(13) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state, including but not
limited to any provision of chapter 195, any other state, or the federal government;

(14) Knowingly making, or causing to be made, or aiding, or abetting in the making of,
a false statement in any birth, death or other certificate or document executed in connection with
the practice of the person's profession;

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(15) Knowingly making a false statement, orally or in writing to the board;

(16) Soliciting patronage in person or by agents or representatives, or by any other means or manner, under the person's own name or under the name of another person or concern, actual or pretended, in such a manner as to confuse, deceive, or mislead the public as to the need or necessity for or appropriateness of health care services for all patients, or the qualifications of an individual person or persons to diagnose, render, or perform health care services;

[(16)] (17) Using, or permitting the use of, the person's name under the designation of
"Doctor", "Dr.", "M.D.", or "D.O.", or any similar designation with reference to the commercial
exploitation of any goods, wares or merchandise;

[(17)] (18) Knowingly making or causing to be made a false statement or misrepresentation of a material fact, with intent to defraud, for payment pursuant to the provisions of chapter 208 or chapter 630 or for payment from Title XVIII or Title XIX of the federal Medicare program;

[(18)] (19) Failure or refusal to properly guard against contagious, infectious or communicable diseases or the spread thereof; maintaining an unsanitary office or performing professional services under unsanitary conditions; or failure to report the existence of an unsanitary condition in the office of a physician or in any health care facility to the board, in writing, within thirty days after the discovery thereof;

158 [(19)] (20) Any candidate for licensure or person licensed to practice as a physical 159 therapist, paying or offering to pay a referral fee or, notwithstanding section 334.010 to the 160 contrary, practicing or offering to practice professional physical therapy independent of the prescription and direction of a person licensed and registered as a physician and surgeon pursuant 161 162 to this chapter, as a dentist pursuant to chapter 332, as a podiatrist pursuant to chapter 330, as 163 an advanced practice registered nurse under chapter 335, or any licensed and registered 164 physician, dentist, podiatrist, or advanced practice registered nurse practicing in another 165 jurisdiction, whose license is in good standing;

166 [(20)] (21) Any candidate for licensure or person licensed to practice as a physical 167 therapist, treating or attempting to treat ailments or other health conditions of human beings other 168 than by professional physical therapy and as authorized by sections 334.500 to 334.620; 169 [(21)] (22) Any person licensed to practice as a physician or surgeon, requiring, as a 170 condition of the physician-patient relationship, that the patient receive prescribed drugs, devices 171 or other professional services directly from facilities of that physician's office or other entities 172 under that physician's ownership or control. A physician shall provide the patient with a 173 prescription which may be taken to the facility selected by the patient and a physician knowingly 174 failing to disclose to a patient on a form approved by the advisory commission for professional 175 physical therapists as established by section 334.625 which is dated and signed by a patient or 176 guardian acknowledging that the patient or guardian has read and understands that the physician has a pecuniary interest in a physical therapy or rehabilitation service providing prescribed 177 178 treatment and that the prescribed treatment is available on a competitive basis. This subdivision 179 shall not apply to a referral by one physician to another physician within a group of physicians 180 practicing together;

[(22)] (23) A pattern of personal use or consumption of any controlled substance unless
it is prescribed, dispensed or administered by another physician who is authorized by law to do
so;

[(23)] (24) Habitual intoxication or dependence on alcohol, evidence of which may
 include more than one alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined by section 302.525;
 (25) Failure to comply with a treatment program or an aftercare program entered
 into as part of a board order, settlement agreement or licensee's professional health
 program;

(26) Revocation, suspension, limitation, probation, or restriction of any kind whatsoever
 of any controlled substance authority, whether agreed to voluntarily or not, or voluntary
 termination of a controlled substance authority while under investigation;

[(24)] (27) For a physician to operate, conduct, manage, or establish an abortion facility, or for a physician to perform an abortion in an abortion facility, if such facility comes under the definition of an ambulatory surgical center pursuant to sections 197.200 to 197.240, and such facility has failed to obtain or renew a license as an ambulatory surgical center;

196 [(25) Being unable to practice as a physician and surgeon or with a specialty with 197 reasonable skill and safety to patients by reasons of medical or osteopathic incompetency, or 198 because of illness, drunkenness, excessive use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or as a result of any 199 mental or physical condition. The following shall apply to this subdivision:

(a) In enforcing this subdivision the board shall, after a hearing by the board, upon a finding of probable cause, require a physician to submit to a reexamination for the purpose of establishing his or her competency to practice as a physician or surgeon or with a specialty conducted in accordance with rules adopted for this purpose by the board, including rules to allow the examination of the pattern and practice of such physician's or surgeon's professional

conduct, or to submit to a mental or physical examination or combination thereof by at least three 205 206 physicians, one selected by the physician compelled to take the examination, one selected by the 207 board, and one selected by the two physicians so selected who are graduates of a professional 208 school approved and accredited as reputable by the association which has approved and 209 accredited as reputable the professional school from which the licentiate graduated. However, 210 if the physician is a graduate of a medical school not accredited by the American Medical 211 Association or American Osteopathic Association, then each party shall choose any physician who is a graduate of a medical school accredited by the American Medical Association or the 212 213 American Osteopathic Association;

(b) For the purpose of this subdivision, every physician licensed pursuant to this chapter is deemed to have consented to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed in writing by the board and further to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the examining physician's testimony or examination reports on the ground that the examining physician's testimony or examination is privileged;

(c) In addition to ordering a physical or mental examination to determine competency,
the board may, notwithstanding any other law limiting access to medical or other health data,
obtain medical data and health records relating to a physician or applicant without the physician's
or applicant's consent;

223 (d) Written notice of the reexamination or the physical or mental examination shall be 224 sent to the physician, by registered mail, addressed to the physician at the physician's last known 225 address. Failure of a physician to designate an examining physician to the board or failure to 226 submit to the examination when directed shall constitute an admission of the allegations against 227 the physician, in which case the board may enter a final order without the presentation of 228 evidence, unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond the physician's control. A 229 physician whose right to practice has been affected under this subdivision shall, at reasonable 230 intervals, be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that the physician can resume the competent 231 practice as a physician and surgeon with reasonable skill and safety to patients;

(e) In any proceeding pursuant to this subdivision neither the record of proceedings nor
the orders entered by the board shall be used against a physician in any other proceeding.
Proceedings under this subdivision shall be conducted by the board without the filing of a
complaint with the administrative hearing commission;

(f) When the board finds any person unqualified because of any of the grounds set forth
in this subdivision, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the disciplinary measures set
forth in subsection 4 of this section.]

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(28) Violating any professional trust or confidence.

240 3. Collaborative practice arrangements, protocols and standing orders shall be in writing241 and signed and dated by a physician prior to their implementation.

242 4. After the filing of such complaint before the administrative hearing commission, the 243 proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621. Upon a finding 244 by the administrative hearing commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of this 245 section, for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in combination, warn, censure 246 or place the person named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed ten years, or may suspend the person's 247 248 license, certificate or permit for a period not to exceed three years, or restrict or limit the person's 249 license, certificate or permit for an indefinite period of time, or revoke the person's license, 250 certificate, or permit, or administer a public or private reprimand, or deny the person's 251 application for a license, or permanently withhold issuance of a license or require the person to 252 submit to the care, counseling or treatment of physicians designated by the board at the expense 253 of the individual to be examined, or require the person to attend such continuing educational 254 courses and pass such examinations as the board may direct.

5. In any order of revocation, the board may provide that the person may not apply for reinstatement of the person's license for a period of time ranging from two to seven years following the date of the order of revocation. All stay orders shall toll this time period.

6. Before restoring to good standing a license, certificate or permit issued pursuant to this chapter which has been in a revoked, suspended or inactive state for any cause for more than two years, the board may require the applicant to attend such continuing medical education courses and pass such examinations as the board may direct.

262 7. In any investigation, hearing or other proceeding to determine a licensee's or 263 applicant's fitness to practice, any record relating to any patient of the licensee or applicant shall 264 be discoverable by the board and admissible into evidence, regardless of any statutory or 265 common law privilege which such licensee, applicant, record custodian or patient might 266 otherwise invoke. In addition, no such licensee, applicant, or record custodian may withhold 267 records or testimony bearing upon a licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice on the ground of 268 privilege between such licensee, applicant or record custodian and a patient.

334.102. 1. [Upon receipt of information that the holder of any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to this chapter may present a clear and present danger to the public health and safety, the executive secretary or director shall direct that the information be brought to the board in the form of sworn testimony or affidavits during a meeting of the board.

6 2. The board may issue an order suspending and/or restricting the holder of a certificate
7 of registration or authority, permit or license if it believes:

8 (1) The licensee's acts, conduct or condition may have violated subsection 2 of section 9 334.100; and

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(2) A licensee is practicing, attempting or intending to practice in Missouri; and

(3) Either a licensee is unable by reason of any physical or mental condition to receive and evaluate information or to communicate decisions to the extent that the licensee's condition or actions significantly affect the licensee's ability to practice, or another state, territory, federal agency or country has issued an order suspending or restricting the holder of a license or other right to practice a profession regulated by this chapter, or the licensee has engaged in repeated acts of life-threatening negligence as defined in subsection 2 of section 334.100; and

17 (4) The acts, conduct or condition of the licensee constitute a clear and present danger18 to the public health and safety.

19 3. (1) The order of suspension or restriction:

20 (a) Shall be based on the sworn testimony or affidavits presented to the board;

21

(b) May be issued without notice and hearing to the licensee;

(c) Shall include the facts which lead the board to conclude that the acts, conduct orcondition of the licensee constitute a clear and present danger to the public health and safety; and

(2) The board or the administrative hearing commission shall serve the licensee, in person or by certified mail, with a copy of the order of suspension or restriction and all sworn testimony or affidavits presented to the board, a copy of the complaint and the request for expedited hearing, and a notice of the place of and the date upon which the preliminary hearing will be held.

(3) The order of restriction shall be effective upon service of the documents required insubdivision (2) of this subsection.

31 (4) The order of suspension shall become effective upon the entry of the preliminary32 order of the administrative hearing commission.

(5) The licensee may seek a stay order from the circuit court of Cole County from the
 preliminary order of suspension, pending the issuance of a final order by the administrative
 hearing commission.

36 4. The board shall file a complaint in the administrative hearing commission with a 37 request for expedited preliminary hearing and shall certify the order of suspension or restriction 38 and all sworn testimony or affidavits presented to the board. Immediately upon receipt of a 39 complaint filed pursuant to this section, the administrative hearing commission shall set the place 40 and date of the expedited preliminary hearing which shall be conducted as soon as possible, but 41 not later than five days after the date of service upon the licensee. The administrative hearing 42 commission shall grant a licensee's request for a continuance of the preliminary hearing; however, the board's order shall remain in full force and effect until the preliminary hearing, 43

which shall be held not later than forty-five days after service of the documents required insubdivision (2) of subsection 3.

46 5. At the preliminary hearing, the administrative hearing commission shall receive into 47 evidence all information certified by the board and shall only hear evidence on the issue of 48 whether the board's order of suspension or restriction should be terminated or modified. Within one hour after the preliminary hearing, the administrative hearing commission shall issue its oral 49 50 or written preliminary order, with or without findings of fact and conclusions of law, that either 51 adopts, terminates or modifies the board's order. The administrative hearing commission shall 52 reduce to writing any oral preliminary order within five business days, but the effective date of 53 the order shall be the date orally issued.

6. The preliminary order of the administrative hearing commission shall become a final order and shall remain in effect for three years unless either party files a request for a full hearing on the merits of the complaint filed by the board within thirty days from the date of the issuance of the preliminary order of the administrative hearing commission.

58 7. Upon receipt of a request for full hearing, the administrative hearing commission shall 59 set a date for hearing and notify the parties in writing of the time and place of the hearing. If a 60 request for full hearing is timely filed, the preliminary order of the administrative hearing 61 commission shall remain in effect until the administrative hearing commission enters an order 62 terminating, modifying, or dismissing its preliminary order or until the board issues an order of 63 discipline following its consideration of the decision of the administrative hearing commission 64 pursuant to section 621.110 and subsection 3 of section 334.100.

8. In cases where the board initiates summary suspension or restriction proceedings against a physician licensed pursuant to this chapter, and said petition is subsequently denied by the administrative hearing commission, in addition to any award made pursuant to sections 536.085 and 536.087, the board, but not individual members of the board, shall pay actual damages incurred during any period of suspension or restriction.

9. Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter or chapter 610 or chapter 621 to the
contrary, the proceedings under this section shall be closed and no order shall be made public
until it is final, for purposes of appeal.

The burden of proving the elements listed in subsection 2 of this section shall be
 upon the state board of registration for the healing arts.] The board may, upon a showing of
 probable cause, issue an emergency suspension or restriction to a licensee for the following
 causes:

(1) Engaging in sexual conduct, as defined in section 566.010, with a patient who
is not the licensee's spouse or significant other, regardless of whether the patient consented
to the contact;

law:

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81 82 to be a minor. "Sexual misconduct" means any conduct which would be illegal under state

(2) Engaging in sexual misconduct with a minor or a person the licensee believes

83 (3) Possession of a controlled substance in violation of chapter 195 or any other state or federal drug law, rule, or regulation; 84 (4) Use of a controlled substance without a valid prescription; 85 86 (5) The licensee is adjudicated incapacitated or disabled by court of competent 87 jurisdiction; 88 (6) Habitual intoxication or dependence on alcohol or controlled substances or 89 failure to comply with a treatment program or an aftercare program entered into as part 90 of a board order, settlement agreement, or a licensee's professional health program; or 91 (7) Any other conduct for which the board may otherwise impose discipline if such 92 conduct is a serious danger to the health, safety, or welfare of a patient or the public. 93 2. The board shall determine if probable cause exists on the basis of sworn affidavits or certified court records without notice to the licensee. 94 95 3. The emergency suspension or restriction shall be effective upon service pursuant to section 536.067 to the licensee of: 96 97 (1) The order of emergency suspension or restriction; 98 (2) A statement of the basis of the emergency suspension or restriction; 99 (3) Copies of any affidavits or certified records the board considered in making its 100 decision; and 101 (4) Notice of the hearing date. 102 4. (1) The suspension or restriction may be appealed to the circuit court of the 103 county of residence of the licensee or if the licensee is not a resident of Missouri, to the 104 circuit court of Cole County. 105 (2) Such appeal shall be filed within thirty days of the effective date of the 106 suspension or restriction. (3) The circuit court may modify or stay the emergency suspension or restriction 107 108 upon a finding that the board's action: 109 (a) Was unsupported by competent and substantial evidence upon the whole 110 record; 111 (b) Was arbitrary or capricious; or 112 (c) Involved an abuse of discretion.

113 (4) If the circuit court determines to vacate or modify the emergency suspension or

 $114 \quad \text{restriction pursuant to this section, the court shall issue its decision vacating or modifying}$

115 the suspension or restriction no later than five days after the appeal is filed.

5. (1) Unless the circuit court vacates the order, the board shall hold a hearing onthe causes pled for discipline within ninety days.

(2) The board shall grant a continuance on request of the petitioner; except that,
 the emergency suspension or restriction shall remain in effect unless otherwise ordered by
 a court under subsection 4 of this section.

(3) The board shall determine whether cause for discipline exists and, if so, may
impose any discipline otherwise authorized by state law.

123 (4) Th

(4) The board shall issue a final order within thirty days of hearing the case.

124 (5) The emergency suspension or restriction shall be terminated as of the date of125 the final order of the board.

6. Any action under subsections 1 to 7 of this section shall be in addition to and not
in lieu of any penalty otherwise in the board's power to impose and may be brought
concurrently with other actions.

7. Unless it conflicts with provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section, chapter 536
shall govern the hearings held under subsections 1 to 7 of this section.

131 8. (1) The board may initiate a hearing before the board for discipline of any
132 licensee's license or certificate upon receipt of:

(a) Certified court records of a finding of guilt or plea of guilty or nolo contendere
in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any state or the United States for any offense
involving the qualifications, functions, or duties of any profession licensed or regulated
under this chapter; for any offense involving fraud, dishonesty, or an act of violence; or
for any offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;

(b) Evidence of final discipline by any medical service provider, hospital, clinic, or
agency against the licensee's license, certification, or privileges to practice, if the discipline
was in any way related to unprofessional conduct, incompetence, malpractice, or any
violation of any provisions of this chapter;

142 (c) Evidence of failure to pay fees as required by rule or provide a current address
143 to the board;

(d) Evidence of final discipline against the licensee's license, certification, or
 registration to practice issued by any other state, the United States and its territories, or
 any other country;

147 (e) Evidence of certified court records finding the licensee has been judged
148 incapacitated or disabled under Missouri law or the laws of any other state or the United
149 States and its territories;

(f) Evidence of final discipline against a licensee by any other agency or entity of
this state or any other state or the United States and its territories.

152 (2) The board shall provide the licensee not less than ten days notice of any hearing153 held under chapter 536.

(3) Upon a finding that cause exists to discipline a licensee's license, the board may
 impose any discipline otherwise available when disciplining licensees of that same
 profession.

(4) The board's decision regarding discipline of a license shall be subject to judicial
 review under chapter 536.

334.103. 1. A license issued under this chapter by the Missouri State Board of 2 Registration for the Healing Arts shall be automatically revoked at such time as the final trial 3 proceedings are concluded whereby a licensee has been adjudicated and found guilty, or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a felony criminal prosecution under the laws of 4 5 the state of Missouri, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States of America for any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of their profession, or for 6 7 any felony offense[, an essential element of which is] involving fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any felony offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is 8 imposed, or, upon the final and unconditional revocation of the license to practice their 9 profession in another state or territory upon grounds for which revocation is authorized in this 10 state following a review of the record of the proceedings and upon a formal motion of the state 11 12 board of registration for the healing arts. The license of any such licensee shall be automatically 13 reinstated if the conviction or the revocation is ultimately set aside upon final appeal in any court 14 of competent jurisdiction.

2. Anyone who has been denied a license, permit or certificate to practice in another state
shall automatically be denied a license to practice in this state. However, the board of healing
arts may set up other qualifications by which such person may ultimately be qualified and
licensed to practice in Missouri.

334.108. 1. Prior to prescribing any drug, controlled substance, or other treatment
through the internet, a physician shall establish a valid physician-patient relationship.
This relationship shall include:

4 (1) Obtaining a reliable medical history and performing a physical examination of 5 the patient, adequate to establish the diagnosis for which the drug is being prescribed and 6 to identify underlying conditions or contraindications to the treatment recommended or 7 provided;

8 (2) Having sufficient dialogue with the patient regarding treatment options and the 9 risks and benefits of treatment or treatments;

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(3) If appropriate, following up with the patient to assess the therapeutic outcome;

(4) Maintaining a contemporaneous medical record that is readily available to the
 patient and, subject to the patient's consent, to the patient's other health care professionals;
 and

14 (5) Including the electronic prescription information as part of the patient's15 medical record.

2. The requirements of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to treatment provided in a hospital as defined in section 197.020, in a hospice program as defined in section 197.250, in accordance with a collaborative practice agreement as defined in section 334.104, in conjunction with a licensed physician assistant, or in consultation with another physician who has an ongoing professional relationship with the patient, and who has agreed to supervise the patient's treatment, including use of any prescribed medications, and on-call or cross-coverage situations.

334.715. 1. The board may refuse to **issue or renew any** license [any applicant or may 2 suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of any licensee for any one or any combination 3 of the causes provided in section 334.100, or if the applicant or licensee] required under sections 334.700 to 334.725 for one or any combination of causes listed in subsection 2 of 4 this section or any cause listed in section 334.100. The board shall notify the applicant in 5 writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of the applicant's right 6 to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as provided in chapter 621. 7 As an alternative to a refusal to issue or renew any certificate, registration, or authority, 8 the board may, in its discretion, issue a license which is subject to reprimand, probation, 9 restriction, or limitation to an applicant for licensure for any one or any combination of 10 causes listed in subsection 2 of this section or section 334.100. The board's order of 11 12 reprimand, probation, limitation, or restriction shall contain a statement of the discipline 13 imposed, the basis therefor, the date such action shall become effective, and a statement that the applicant has thirty days to request in writing a hearing before the administrative 14 hearing commission. If the board issues a probationary, limited, or restricted license to an 15 applicant for licensure, either party may file a written petition with the administrative 16 hearing commission within thirty days of the effective date of the probationary, limited, 17 18 or restricted license seeking review of the board's determination. If no written request for 19 a hearing is received by the administrative hearing commission within the thirty-day 20 period, the right to seek review of the board's decision shall be considered waived. 21 2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing

21 22. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing
 22 commission as provided in chapter 621 against any holder of a certificate of registration
 23 or authority, permit, or license required by sections 334.700 to 334.725 or any person who

has failed to renew or has surrendered the person's certification of registration or license 24 25 for any one or any combination of the following causes:

26 (1) Violated or conspired to violate any provision of sections 334.700 to 334.725 or any 27 provision of any rule promulgated pursuant to sections 334.700 to 334.725; or

28 (2) Has been found guilty of unethical conduct as defined in the ethical standards of the 29 National Athletic Trainers Association or the National Athletic Trainers Association Board of 30 Certification, or its successor agency, as adopted and published by the committee and the board 31 and filed with the secretary of state; or

32

(3) Any cause listed in section 334.100.

33 [2. Upon receipt of a written application made in the form and manner prescribed by the board, the board may reinstate any license which has expired, been suspended or been revoked 34 35 or may issue any license which has been denied; provided, that no application for reinstatement 36 or issuance of license or licensure shall be considered until at least six months have elapsed from 37 the date of denial, expiration, suspension, or revocation when the license to be reinstated or issued was denied issuance or renewal or was suspended or revoked for one of the causes listed 38 39 in subsection 1 of this section.]

40 3. After the filing of such complaint before the administrative hearing commission, 41 the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621. Upon 42 a finding by the administrative hearing commission that the grounds provided in 43 subsection 2 of this section for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in 44 combination:

45 (1) Warn, censure, or place the person named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed ten 46 47 years; or

48 (2) Suspend the person's license, certificate, or permit; or

49 (3) Administer a public or private reprimand; or

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(4) Deny the person's application for a license; or

51 (5) Permanently withhold issuance of a license or require the person to submit to 52 the care, counseling, or treatment of physicians designated by the board at the expense of 53 the individual to be examined; or

54 (6) Require the person to attend such continuing education courses and pass such examinations as the board may direct. 55

56 4. In any order of revocation, the board may provide that the person shall not apply 57 for reinstatement of the person's license for a period of time ranging from two to seven 58 years following the date of the order of revocation. All stay orders shall toll such time 59 period.

5. Before restoring to good standing a license, certificate, or permit issued under this chapter which has been in a revoked, suspended, or inactive state for any cause for more than two years, the board may require the applicant to attend such continuing education courses and pass such examinations as the board may direct.

338.010. 1. The "practice of pharmacy" means the interpretation, implementation, and 2 evaluation of medical prescription orders, including any legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 353; receipt, transmission, or handling of such orders or facilitating the dispensing of such 3 4 orders; the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined by the prescription order so long as the prescription order is specific to each patient 5 for care by a pharmacist; the compounding, dispensing, labeling, and administration of drugs and 6 devices pursuant to medical prescription orders and administration of viral influenza, pneumonia, 7 8 shingles and meningitis vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for persons 9 twelve years of age or older as authorized by rule or the administration of pneumonia, shingles, 10 and meningitis vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for a specific patient as authorized by rule; the participation in drug selection according to state law and participation in 11 12 drug utilization reviews; the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and the maintenance of proper records thereof; consultation with patients and other health care practitioners, and 13 14 veterinarians and their clients about legend drugs, about the safe and effective use of drugs and devices; and the offering or performing of those acts, services, operations, or transactions 15 necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control of a pharmacy. No person shall 16 17 engage in the practice of pharmacy unless he is licensed under the provisions of this chapter. This chapter shall not be construed to prohibit the use of auxiliary personnel under the direct 18 19 supervision of a pharmacist from assisting the pharmacist in any of his or her duties. This 20 assistance in no way is intended to relieve the pharmacist from his or her responsibilities for 21 compliance with this chapter and he or she will be responsible for the actions of the auxiliary personnel acting in his or her assistance. This chapter shall also not be construed to prohibit or 22 23 interfere with any legally registered practitioner of medicine, dentistry, or podiatry, or veterinary 24 medicine only for use in animals, or the practice of optometry in accordance with and as 25 provided in sections 195.070 and 336.220 in the compounding, administering, prescribing, or 26 dispensing of his or her own prescriptions.

27 2. Any pharmacist who accepts a prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan 28 shall have a written protocol from the physician who refers the patient for medication therapy 29 services. The written protocol and the prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall 30 come from the physician only, and shall not come from a nurse engaged in a collaborative 31 practice arrangement under section 334.104, or from a physician assistant engaged in a 32 supervision agreement under section 334.735.

33 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent any person, firm or corporation
34 from owning a pharmacy regulated by sections 338.210 to 338.315, provided that a licensed
35 pharmacist is in charge of such pharmacy.

4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to or interfere with the sale of
nonprescription drugs and the ordinary household remedies and such drugs or medicines as are
normally sold by those engaged in the sale of general merchandise.

5. No health carrier as defined in chapter 376 shall require any physician with which they
 contract to enter into a written protocol with a pharmacist for medication therapeutic services.

6. This section shall not be construed to allow a pharmacist to diagnose or independentlyprescribe pharmaceuticals.

43 7. The state board of registration for the healing arts, under section 334.125, and the state 44 board of pharmacy, under section 338.140, shall jointly promulgate rules regulating the use of 45 protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy services and administration of viral 46 influenza vaccines. Such rules shall require protocols to include provisions allowing for timely 47 communication between the pharmacist and the referring physician, and any other patient 48 protection provisions deemed appropriate by both boards. In order to take effect, such rules shall 49 be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each board. Neither board shall separately promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy 50 51 services and administration of viral influenza vaccines. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term 52 is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 53 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of 54 55 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 56 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 57 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be 58 invalid and void.

8. The state board of pharmacy may grant a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority to a licensed pharmacist who submits proof of successful completion of a board-approved course of academic clinical study beyond a bachelor of science in pharmacy, including but not limited to clinical assessment skills, from a nationally accredited college or university, or a certification of equivalence issued by a nationally recognized professional organization and approved by the board of pharmacy.

9. Any pharmacist who has received a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority may engage in the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined by a prescription order from a physician that is specific to each patient for care by a pharmacist.

10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a pharmacist to make a therapeutic
substitution of a pharmaceutical prescribed by a physician unless authorized by the written
protocol or the physician's prescription order.

338.140. 1. The board of pharmacy shall have a common seal, and shall have power to adopt such rules and bylaws not inconsistent with law as may be necessary for the regulation of its proceedings and for the discharge of the duties imposed pursuant to sections 338.010 to 338.198, and shall have power to employ an attorney to conduct prosecutions or to assist in the conduct of prosecutions pursuant to sections 338.010 to 338.198.

6

2. The board shall keep a record of its proceedings.

3. The board of pharmacy shall make annually to the governor and, upon written request,
to persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter a written report of its proceedings.

9 4. The board of pharmacy shall appoint an advisory committee composed of [five] six 10 members, one of whom shall be a representative of pharmacy but who shall not be a member of the pharmacy board, three of whom shall be representatives of wholesale drug distributors as 11 defined in section 338.330, [and] one of whom shall be a representative of drug manufacturers, 12 and one of whom shall be a licensed veterinarian recommended to the board of pharmacy 13 by the board of veterinary medicine. The committee shall review and make recommendations 14 15 to the board on the merit of all rules and regulations dealing with pharmacy distributors, wholesale drug distributors [and], drug manufacturers, and veterinary legend drugs which are 16

17 proposed by the board.

18

5. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

6. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the board may issue letters of reprimand, censure or warning to any holder of a license or registration required pursuant to this chapter for any violations that could result in disciplinary action as defined in section 338.055.

338.150. Any person authorized by the board of pharmacy is hereby given the right of entry and inspection upon all open premises purporting or appearing to be drug or chemical stores, apothecary shops, pharmacies or places of business for exposing for sale, or the dispensing or selling of drugs, pharmaceuticals, medicines, chemicals or poisons or for the compounding of physicians' or veterinarians' prescriptions.

338.210. 1. Pharmacy refers to any location where the practice of pharmacy occurs or
such activities are offered or provided by a pharmacist or another acting under the supervision
and authority of a pharmacist, including every premises or other place:

4

(1) Where the practice of pharmacy is offered or conducted;

5 (2) Where drugs, chemicals, medicines, any legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 6 353, prescriptions, or poisons are compounded, prepared, dispensed or sold or offered for sale 7 at retail:

8 (3) Where the words "pharmacist", "apothecary", "drugstore", "drugs", and any other 9 symbols, words or phrases of similar meaning or understanding are used in any form to advertise 10 retail products or services;

11 (4) Where patient records or other information is maintained for the purpose of engaging 12 or offering to engage in the practice of pharmacy or to comply with any relevant laws regulating the acquisition, possession, handling, transfer, sale or destruction of drugs, chemicals, medicines, 13 14 prescriptions or poisons.

15 2. All activity or conduct involving the practice of pharmacy as it relates to an 16 identifiable prescription or drug order shall occur at the pharmacy location where such identifiable prescription or drug order is first presented by the patient or the patient's authorized 17 18 agent for preparation or dispensing, unless otherwise expressly authorized by the board.

19 3. The requirements set forth in subsection 2 of this section shall not be construed to bar 20 the complete transfer of an identifiable prescription or drug order pursuant to a verbal request by or the written consent of the patient or the patient's authorized agent. 21

22 4. The board is hereby authorized to enact rules waiving the requirements of subsection 23 2 of this section and establishing such terms and conditions as it deems necessary, whereby any 24 activities related to the preparation, dispensing or recording of an identifiable prescription or 25 drug order may be shared between separately licensed facilities.

26 5. If a violation of this chapter or other relevant law occurs in connection with or adjunct 27 to the preparation or dispensing of a prescription or drug order, any permit holder or pharmacist-in-charge at any facility participating in the preparation, dispensing, or distribution 28 29 of a prescription or drug order may be deemed liable for such violation.

30 6. Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede the provisions of section 31 197.100.

338.220. 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, copartnership, association, corporation or any other business entity to open, establish, operate, or maintain any pharmacy as defined by 2 3 statute without first obtaining a permit or license to do so from the Missouri board of pharmacy. 4 A permit shall not be required for an individual licensed pharmacist to perform nondispensing activities outside of a pharmacy, as provided by the rules of the board. A permit shall not be 5 required for an individual licensed pharmacist to administer drugs, vaccines, and biologicals by 6 protocol, as permitted by law, outside of a pharmacy. The following classes of pharmacy permits 7 8 or licenses are hereby established: 9

(1) Class A: Community/ambulatory;

- 10 (2) Class B: Hospital outpatient pharmacy;
- 11 (3) Class C: Long-term care;
- 12 (4) Class D: Nonsterile compounding;
- 13 (5) Class E: Radio pharmaceutical;
- 14 (6) Class F: Renal dialysis;
- 15 (7) Class G: Medical gas;
- 16 (8) Class H: Sterile product compounding;
- 17 (9) Class I: Consultant services;
- 18 (10) Class J: Shared service;
- 19 (11) Class K: Internet;
- 20 (12) Class L: Veterinary.

21 2. Application for such permit or license shall be made upon a form furnished to the applicant; shall contain a statement that it is made under oath or affirmation and that its 22 23 representations are true and correct to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing same, 24 subject to the penalties of making a false affidavit or declaration; and shall be accompanied by 25 a permit or license fee. The permit or license issued shall be renewable upon payment of a 26 renewal fee. Separate applications shall be made and separate permits or licenses required for 27 each pharmacy opened, established, operated, or maintained by the same owner.

28 3. All permits, licenses or renewal fees collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 29 338.210 to 338.370 shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the Missouri board of pharmacy fund, to be used by the Missouri board of pharmacy in the enforcement of the 30 31 provisions of sections 338.210 to 338.370, when appropriated for that purpose by the general 32 assembly.

33 4. Class L: veterinary permit shall not be construed to prohibit or interfere with any legally registered practitioner of veterinary medicine in the compounding, administering, 34 prescribing, or dispensing of their own prescriptions, medicine, drug, or pharmaceutical 35 36 product to be used for animals.

- 37 5. [Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary] Except for any legend drugs under 38 21 U.S.C. Section 353, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the sale, dispensing, or 39 filling of a pharmaceutical product or drug used for treating animals.

338.240. 1. Upon evidence satisfactory to the said Missouri board of pharmacy:

2 (1) That the pharmacy for which a permit, or renewal thereof, is sought, will be 3 conducted in full compliance with sections 338.210 to 338.300, with existing laws, and with the 4 rules and regulations as established hereunder by said board;

5 (2) That the equipment and facilities of such pharmacy are such that it can be operated 6 in a manner not to endanger the public health or safety;

7 (3) That such pharmacy is equipped with proper pharmaceutical and sanitary appliances8 and kept in a clean, sanitary and orderly manner;

9 (4) That the management of said pharmacy is under the supervision of either a registered 10 pharmacist, or an owner or employee of the owner, who has at his **or her** place of business a 11 registered pharmacist employed for the purpose of compounding physician's **or veterinarian's** 12 prescriptions in the event any such prescriptions are compounded or sold;

(5) That said pharmacy is operated in compliance with the rules and regulations legally
 prescribed with respect thereto by the Missouri board of pharmacy, a permit or renewal thereof
 shall be issued to such persons as the said board of pharmacy shall deem qualified to conduct
 such pharmacy.

17 2. In lieu of a registered pharmacist as required by subdivision (4) of subsection 1 18 of this section, a pharmacy permit holder that only holds a class L veterinary permit and no other pharmacy permit, may designate a supervising registered pharmacist who shall 19 20 be responsible for reviewing the activities and records of the class L pharmacy permit 21 holder as established by the board by rule. The supervising registered pharmacist shall 22 not be required to be physically present on site during the business operations of a class 23 L pharmacy permit holder identified in subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section when 24 noncontrolled legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 353 are being dispensed for use in 25 animals, but shall be specifically present on site when any noncontrolled drugs for use in 26 animals are being compounded.

339.190. 1. A real estate licensee shall be immune from liability for statements made
by engineers, land surveyors, geologists, environmental hazard experts, wood- destroying
inspection and control experts, termite inspectors, mortgage brokers, home inspectors, or other
home inspection experts unless:

5 (1) The statement was made by a person employed by the licensee or the broker with 6 whom the licensee is associated;

7 (2) The person making the statement was selected by and engaged by the licensee. For
8 purposes of this section, the ordering of a report or inspection alone shall not constitute
9 selecting or engaging a person; or

(3) The licensee knew prior to closing that the statement was false or the licensee actedin reckless disregard as to whether the statement was true or false.

2. A real estate licensee shall not be the subject of any action and no action shall be instituted against a real estate licensee for any information contained in a seller's disclosure for residential, commercial, industrial, farm, or vacant real estate furnished to a buyer, unless the real estate licensee is a signatory to such or the licensee knew prior to closing that the statement was false or the licensee acted in reckless disregard as to whether the statement was true or false.

3. A real estate licensee acting as a courier of documents referenced in this section shallnot be considered to be making the statements contained in such documents.

536.063. In any contested case:

2 (1) The contested case shall be commenced by the filing of a writing by which the party or agency instituting the proceeding seeks such action as by law can be taken by the agency only 3 after opportunity for hearing, or seeks a hearing for the purpose of obtaining a decision 4 reviewable upon the record of the proceedings and evidence at such hearing, or upon such record 5 6 and additional evidence, either by a court or by another agency. Answering, intervening and 7 amendatory writings and motions may be filed in any case and shall be filed where required by rule of the agency, except that no answering instrument shall be required unless the notice of 8 9 institution of the case states such requirement. Entries of appearance shall be permitted[.];

10 (2) Any writing filed whereby affirmative relief is sought shall state what relief is sought 11 or proposed and the reason for granting it, and shall not consist merely of statements or charges 12 phrased in the language of a statute or rule; provided, however, that this subdivision shall not 13 apply when the writing is a notice of appeal as authorized by law[.];

(3) Reasonable opportunity shall be given for the preparation and presentation of
evidence bearing on any issue raised or decided or relief sought or granted. Where issues are
tried without objection or by consent, such issues shall be deemed to have been properly before
the agency. Any formality of procedure may be waived by mutual consent[.];

(4) Every writing seeking relief or answering any other writing, and any motion shall
state the name and address of the attorney, if any, filing it; otherwise the name and address of the
party filing it[.];

21 (5) By rule the agency may require any party filing such a writing to furnish, in addition 22 to the original of such writing, the number of copies required for the agency's own use and the 23 number of copies necessary to enable the agency to comply with the provisions of this 24 subdivision hereinafter set forth. The agency shall, without charge therefor, mail one copy of 25 each such writing, as promptly as possible after it is filed, to every party or his or her attorney 26 who has filed a writing or who has entered his or her appearance in the case, and who has not 27 theretofore been furnished with a copy of such writing and shall have requested copies of the 28 writings; provided that in any case where the parties are so numerous that the requirements of 29 this subdivision would be unduly onerous, the agency may in lieu thereof (a) notify all parties 30 of the fact of the filing of such writing, and (b) permit any party to copy such writing[.];

(6) When a holder of a license, registration, permit, or certificate of authority issued
by the division of professional registration or a board, commission, or committee of the
division of professional registration against whom an affirmative decision is sought has
failed to plead or otherwise respond in the contested case and adequate notice has been

given under section 536.067 upon a properly pled writing filed to initiate the contested case 35 36 under this chapter, a default decision shall be entered against the licensee without further proceedings. The default decision shall grant such relief as requested by the division of 37 professional registration, board, committee, commission, or office in the writing initiating 38 the contested case as allowed by law. Upon motion stating facts constituting a meritorious 39 defense and for good cause shown, a default decision may be set aside. The motion shall 40 be made within a reasonable time, not to exceed thirty days after entry of the default 41 42 decision. "Good cause" includes a mistake or conduct that is not intentionally or recklessly 43 designed to impede the administrative process.

536.067. In any contested case:

2 (1) The agency shall promptly mail a notice of institution of the case to all necessary 3 parties, if any, and to all persons designated by the moving party and to any other persons to whom the agency may determine that notice should be given. The agency or its clerk or secretary 4 5 shall keep a permanent record of the persons to whom such notice was sent and of the addresses to which sent and the time when sent. Where a contested case would affect the rights, privileges 6 or duties of a large number of persons whose interests are sufficiently similar that they may be 7 considered as a class, notice may in a proper case be given to a reasonable number thereof as 8 9 representatives of such class. In any case where the name or address of any proper or designated 10 party or person is not known to the agency, and where notice by publication is permitted by law, then notice by publication may be given in accordance with any rule or regulation of the agency 11 12 or if there is no such rule or regulation, then, in a proper case, the agency may by a special order 13 fix the time and manner of such publication[.]:

14 (2) The notice of institution of the case to be mailed as provided in this section shall state15 in substance:

16 (a) The caption and number of the case;

(b) That a writing seeking relief has been filed in such case, the date it was filed, and thename of the party filing the same;

(c) A brief statement of the matter involved in the case unless a copy of the writingaccompanies said notice;

21

(d) Whether an answer to the writing is required, and if so the date when it must be filed;

(e) That a copy of the writing may be obtained from the agency, giving the address to
which application for such a copy may be made. This may be omitted if the notice is
accompanied by a copy of such writing;

(f) The location in the Code of State Regulations of any rules of the agency regarding
discovery or a statement that the agency shall send a copy of such rules on request;

(3) Unless the notice of hearing hereinafter provided for shall have been included in the
notice of institution of the case, the agency shall, as promptly as possible after the time and place
of hearing have been determined, mail a notice of hearing to the moving party and to all persons
and parties to whom a notice of institution of the case was required to be or was mailed, and also
to any other persons who may thereafter have become or have been made parties to the
proceeding. The notice of hearing shall state:

33

(a) The caption and number of the case;

34

(b) The time and place of hearing;

(4) No hearing in a contested case shall be had, except by consent, until a notice of hearing shall have been given substantially as provided in this section, and such notice shall in every case be given a reasonable time before the hearing. Such reasonable time shall be at least ten days except in cases where the public morals, health, safety or interest may make a shorter time reasonable; provided that when a longer time than ten days is prescribed by statute, no time shorter than that so prescribed shall be deemed reasonable;

41 (5) When a holder of a license, registration, permit, or certificate of authority issued 42 by the division of professional registration or a board, commission, or committee of the division of professional registration against whom an affirmative decision is sought has 43 44 failed to plead or otherwise respond in the contested case and adequate notice has been 45 given under this section upon a properly pled writing filed to initiate the contested case under this chapter, a default decision shall be entered against the holder of a license, 46 registration, permit, or certificate of authority without further proceedings. The default 47 48 decision shall grant such relief as requested by the division of professional registration, 49 board, committee, commission, or office in the writing initiating the contested case as allowed by law. Upon motion stating facts constituting a meritorious defense and for good 50 51 cause shown, a default decision may be set aside. The motion shall be made within a reasonable time, not to exceed thirty days after entry of the default decision. "Good cause" 52 53 includes a mistake or conduct that is not intentionally or recklessly designed to impede the 54 administrative process.

536.070. In any contested case:

2

(1) Oral evidence shall be taken only on oath or affirmation[.];

3 (2) Each party shall have the right to call and examine witnesses, to introduce exhibits,

4 to cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues even though that matter
5 was not the subject of the direct examination, to impeach any witness regardless of which party

6 first called him **or her** to testify, and to rebut the evidence against him[.] **or her**;

7 (3) A party who does not testify in his **or her** own behalf may be called and examined 8 as if under cross-examination[.]; 9 (4) Each agency shall cause all proceedings in hearings before it to be suitably recorded 10 and preserved. A copy of the transcript of such a proceeding shall be made available to any 11 interested person upon the payment of a fee which shall in no case exceed the reasonable cost 12 of preparation and supply[.];

(5) Records and documents of the agency which are to be considered in the case shall
be offered in evidence so as to become a part of the record, the same as any other evidence, but
the records and documents may be considered as a part of the record by reference thereto when
so offered[.];

17 (6) Agencies shall take official notice of all matters of which the courts take judicial 18 notice. They may also take official notice of technical or scientific facts, not judicially 19 cognizable, within their competence, if they notify the parties, either during a hearing or in 20 writing before a hearing, or before findings are made after hearing, of the facts of which they 21 propose to take such notice and give the parties reasonable opportunity to contest such facts or 22 otherwise show that it would not be proper for the agency to take such notice of them[.];

(7) Evidence to which an objection is sustained shall, at the request of the party seeking
to introduce the same, or at the instance of the agency, nevertheless be heard and preserved in
the record, together with any cross-examination with respect thereto and any rebuttal thereof,
unless it is wholly irrelevant, repetitious, privileged, or unduly long[.];

27 (8) Any evidence received without objection which has probative value shall be 28 considered by the agency along with the other evidence in the case. The rules of privilege shall 29 be effective to the same extent that they are now or may hereafter be in civil actions. Irrelevant 30 and unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded. Evidence contesting or challenging the 31 basis or merits of a guilty finding or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere in a criminal 32 prosecution under the laws of any state or the United States or any of its territories or the basis or merits of any disciplinary action taken by any other state or territory shall be 33 34 excluded when evidence establishing the existence of such guilty finding, plea of guilty or 35 nolo contendere, or disciplinary action has been admitted in the case;

36 (9) Copies of writings, documents and records shall be admissible without proof that the 37 originals thereof cannot be produced, if it shall appear by testimony or otherwise that the copy 38 offered is a true copy of the original, but the agency may, nevertheless, if it believes the interests of justice so require, sustain any objection to such evidence which would be sustained were the 39 40 proffered evidence offered in a civil action in the circuit court, but if it does sustain such an 41 objection, it shall give the party offering such evidence reasonable opportunity and, if necessary, 42 opportunity at a later date, to establish by evidence the facts sought to be proved by the evidence 43 to which such objection is sustained[.];

44 (10) Any writing or record, whether in the form of an entry in a book or otherwise, made 45 as a memorandum or record of an act, transaction, occurrence or event, shall be admissible as 46 evidence of the act, transaction, occurrence or event, if it shall appear that it was made in the 47 regular course of any business, and that it was the regular course of such business to make such 48 memorandum or record at the time of such act, transaction, occurrence, or event or within a reasonable time thereafter. All other circumstances of the making of such writing or record, 49 50 including lack of personal knowledge by the entrant or maker, may be shown to affect the weight 51 of such evidence, but such showing shall not affect its admissibility. The term "business" shall 52 include business, profession, occupation and calling of every kind[.];

53 (11) The results of statistical examinations or studies, or of audits, compilations of 54 figures, or surveys, involving interviews with many persons, or examination of many records, 55 or of long or complicated accounts, or of a large number of figures, or involving the 56 ascertainment of many related facts, shall be admissible as evidence of such results, if it shall 57 appear that such examination, study, audit, compilation of figures, or survey was made by or 58 under the supervision of a witness, who is present at the hearing, who testifies to the accuracy 59 of such results, and who is subject to cross-examination, and if it shall further appear by evidence 60 adduced that the witness making or under whose supervision such examination, study, audit, 61 compilation of figures, or survey was made was basically qualified to make it. All the 62 circumstances relating to the making of such an examination, study, audit, compilation of figures 63 or survey, including the nature and extent of the qualifications of the maker, may be shown to affect the weight of such evidence but such showing shall not affect its admissibility[.]; 64

65 (12) Any party or the agency desiring to introduce an affidavit in evidence at a hearing 66 in a contested case may serve on all other parties (including, in a proper case, the agency) copies of such affidavit in the manner hereinafter provided, at any time before the hearing, or at such 67 68 later time as may be stipulated. Not later than seven days after such service, or at such later time 69 as may be stipulated, any other party (or, in a proper case, the agency) may serve on the party or 70 the agency who served such affidavit an objection to the use of the affidavit or some designated 71 portion or portions thereof on the ground that it is in the form of an affidavit; provided, however, 72 that if such affidavit shall have been served less than eight days before the hearing such objection 73 may be served at any time before the hearing or may be made orally at the hearing. If such 74 objection is so served, the affidavit or the part thereof to which objection was made, may not be 75 used except in ways that would have been permissible in the absence of this subdivision; 76 provided, however, that such objection may be waived by the party or the agency making the same. Failure to serve an objection as aforesaid, based on the ground aforesaid, shall constitute 77 78 a waiver of all objections to the introduction of such affidavit, or of the parts thereof with respect 79 to which no such objection was so served, on the ground that it is in the form of an affidavit, or 80 that it constitutes or contains hearsay evidence, or that it is not, or contains matters which are not,

81 the best evidence, but any and all other objections may be made at the hearing. Nothing herein 82 contained shall prevent the cross-examination of the affiant if he or she is present in obedience to a subpoena or otherwise and if he or she is present, he or she may be called for 83 84 cross-examination during the case of the party who introduced the affidavit in evidence. If the 85 affidavit is admissible in part only it shall be admitted as to such part, without the necessity of preparing a new affidavit. The manner of service of such affidavit and of such objection shall 86 87 be by delivering or mailing copies thereof to the attorneys of record of the parties being served, 88 if any, otherwise, to such parties, and service shall be deemed complete upon mailing; provided, 89 however, that when the parties are so numerous as to make service of copies of the affidavit on all of them unduly onerous, the agency may make an order specifying on what parties service of 90 91 copies of such affidavit shall be made, and in that case a copy of such affidavit shall be filed with 92 the agency and kept available for inspection and copying. Nothing in this subdivision shall 93 prevent any use of affidavits that would be proper in the absence of this subdivision.

537.033. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, 2 the following words shall mean:

3 (1) "Design professional", an architect, landscape architect, professional land
4 surveyor or professional engineer, licensed under the provisions of chapter 327 or any
5 corporation authorized to practice architecture, landscape architecture, land surveying,
6 or engineering under section 327.401 while acting within his or her scope of practice;

7 (2) "Peer review process", a process through which design professionals evaluate,
8 maintain, or monitor the quality and utilization of architectural, landscape architectural,
9 land surveying or engineering services, prepare internal lessons-learned, or exercise any
10 combination of such responsibilities.

A peer review process may be performed by the following, each of whom shall
 be deemed a peer reviewer:

13 (l) An individual design professional or committee of design professionals
 14 appointed by a state, county or local society of design professionals;

(2) An individual design professional or committee of design professionals
 appointed by the partners, shareholders, or employed design professionals of a partnership
 or of a corporation authorized under section 327.401;

(3) Any individual design professional or committee of design professionals
 appointed by the partners, board of directors, chief executive officer, or the quality control
 director of a partnership or a corporation authorized under section 327.401 to practice
 architecture, landscape architecture, land surveying, or engineering, or by the owner of a
 sole proprietorship engaged in one or more of such professions.

3. Each peer reviewer, member of a peer review committee, and each person, corporate director, partner, quality control director, or other design professional who testifies before, or provides information to, acts upon the recommendation of, or otherwise participates in the operation of, such a process shall be immune from civil liability for such acts so long as the acts are performed in good faith, without malice, and are reasonably related to the scope of inquiry of the peer review process.

29 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the interviews, memoranda, 30 proceedings, findings, deliberations, reports, and minutes of the peer review process, or the 31 existence of the same, concerning the professional services provided to a client or member 32 of the public are privileged and shall not be subject to discovery, subpoena, or other means 33 of legal compulsion for their release to any person or entity or be admissible into evidence 34 in any judicial or administrative action for failure to provide appropriate architectural, 35 landscape architectural, land surveying, or engineering services. Except as otherwise 36 provided in this section, no person who was in attendance at or participated in any peer review process or proceedings shall be permitted or required to disclose any information 37 38 acquired in connection with or in the course of such proceeding, or to disclose any opinion, 39 recommendation, or evaluation of the peer reviewer or any member of a peer review 40 committee; provided, however, that information otherwise discoverable or admissible from 41 original sources shall not be construed as immune from discovery or use in any proceeding 42 merely because it was presented during proceedings before a peer reviewer, nor shall a member, employee, or agent involved in any such process, or other person appearing 43 before a peer reviewer be prevented from testifying as to matters within his or her personal 44 knowledge and in accordance with the other provisions of this section; except that, such 45 46 witness shall not be questioned about testimony or other proceedings before any peer review process or peer reviewer or about opinions formed as a result of such process. The 47 48 disclosure of any interview, memoranda, proceedings, findings, deliberations, reports, or 49 minutes to any person or entity, including but not limited to governmental agencies, professional accrediting agencies, or other design professionals, whether proper or 50 51 improper, shall not waive or have any effect upon its confidentiality, nondiscoverability, 52 or nonadmissibility.

53 5. Nothing in this section shall limit authority otherwise provided by law of the 54 Missouri board for architects, professional engineers, professional land surveyors and 55 landscape architects to obtain information by subpoena or other authorized process from 56 a peer reviewer or to require disclosure of otherwise confidential information developed 57 outside of the peer review process which relate to matters and investigations within the 58 jurisdiction of such licensing board. 621.045. 1. The administrative hearing commission shall conduct hearings and make

- 2 findings of fact and conclusions of law in those cases when, under the law, a license issued by any of the following agencies may be revoked or suspended or when the licensee may be placed 3 4 on probation or when an agency refuses to permit an applicant to be examined upon his or her qualifications or refuses to issue or renew a license of an applicant who has passed an 5 6 examination for licensure or who possesses the qualifications for licensure without examination: 7 Missouri State Board of Accountancy 8 Missouri State Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Professional Land Surveyors 9 and Landscape Architects 10 **Board of Barber Examiners** 11 Board of Cosmetology 12 Board of Chiropody and Podiatry **Board of Chiropractic Examiners** 13 Missouri Dental Board 14 15 Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors 16 Board of Registration for the Healing Arts 17 **Board of Nursing** 18 Board of Optometry 19 **Board of Pharmacy** 20 Missouri Real Estate Commission 21 Missouri Veterinary Medical Board 22 Supervisor of Liquor Control 23 Department of Health and Senior Services 24 Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration 25 Department of Mental Health 26 Board of Private Investigator Examiners. 27 2. If in the future there are created by law any new or additional administrative agencies 28 which have the power to issue, revoke, suspend, or place on probation any license, then those 29 agencies are under the provisions of this law.
- 30 3. The administrative hearing commission is authorized to conduct hearings and make 31 findings of fact and conclusions of law in those cases brought by the Missouri state board for 32 architects, professional engineers, professional land surveyors and landscape architects against 33 unlicensed persons under section 327.076.
- 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, after August 28,
 1995, in order to encourage settlement of disputes between any agency described in subsection
 1 or 2 of this section and its licensees, any such agency shall:

(1) Provide the licensee with a written description of the specific conduct for which
discipline is sought and a citation to the law and rules allegedly violated, together with copies
of any documents which are the basis thereof and the agency's initial settlement offer, or file a
contested case against the licensee;

(2) If no contested case has been filed against the licensee, allow the licensee at least
sixty days, from the date of mailing, to consider the agency's initial settlement offer and to
contact the agency to discuss the terms of such settlement offer;

(3) If no contested case has been filed against the licensee, advise the licensee that the licensee may, either at the time the settlement agreement is signed by all parties, or within fifteen days thereafter, submit the agreement to the administrative hearing commission for determination that the facts agreed to by the parties to the settlement constitute grounds for denying or disciplining the license of the licensee; and

(4) In any contact under this subsection by the agency or its counsel with a licensee who
is not represented by counsel, advise the licensee that the licensee has the right to consult an
attorney at the licensee's own expense.

52 5. If the licensee desires review by the administrative hearing commission under 53 subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section at any time prior to the settlement becoming final, the licensee may rescind and withdraw from the settlement and any admissions of fact or law in 54 55 the agreement shall be deemed withdrawn and not admissible for any purposes under the law 56 against the licensee. Any settlement submitted to the administrative hearing commission shall not be effective and final unless and until findings of fact and conclusions of law are entered by 57 58 the administrative hearing commission that the facts agreed to by the parties to the settlement 59 constitute grounds for denying or disciplining the license of the licensee.

60 6. When a holder of a license, registration, permit, or certificate of authority issued by the division of professional registration or a board, commission, or committee of the 61 62 division of professional registration against whom an affirmative decision is sought has 63 failed to plead or otherwise respond in the contested case and adequate notice has been given under sections 536.067 and 621.100 upon a properly pled writing filed to initiate the 64 65 contested case under this chapter or chapter 536, a default decision shall be entered against the licensee without further proceedings. The default decision shall grant such relief as 66 67 requested by the division of professional registration, board, committee, commission, or 68 office in the writing initiating the contested case as allowed by law. Upon motion stating 69 facts constituting a meritorious defense and for good cause shown, a default decision may be set aside. The motion shall be made within a reasonable time, not to exceed thirty days 70 71 after entry of the default decision. "Good cause" includes a mistake or conduct that is not intentionally or recklessly designed to impede the administrative process. 72

621.100. 1. Upon receipt of a written complaint from an agency named in section 2 621.045 in a case relating to a holder of a license granted by such agency, or upon receipt of such complaint from the attorney general, the administrative hearing commission shall cause a copy 3 4 of said complaint to be served upon such licensee in person, or by leaving a copy of the 5 complaint at the licensee's dwelling house or usual place of abode or last address given to the agency by the licensee with some person residing or present therein over the age of 6 fifteen, or by certified mail, together with a notice of the place of and the date upon which the 7 8 hearing on said complaint will be held. If service cannot be accomplished [in person or by 9 certified mail] as described in this section, notice by publication as described in subsection 3 of section 506.160 shall be allowed; any commissioner is authorized to act as a court or judge 10 would in that section, and any employee of the commission is authorized to act as a clerk would 11 in that section. In any case initiated upon complaint of the attorney general, the agency which 12 issued the license shall be given notice of such complaint and the date upon which the hearing 13 14 will be held by delivery of a copy of such complaint and notice to the office of such agency or by certified mail. Such agency may intervene and may retain the services of legal counsel to 15 16 represent it in such case.

17 2. When a holder of a license, registration, permit, or certificate of authority issued by the division of professional registration or a board, commission, or committee of the 18 19 division of professional registration against whom an affirmative decision is sought has 20 failed to plead or otherwise respond in the contested case and adequate notice has been 21 given under this section and section 536.067 upon a properly pled writing filed to initiate the contested case under this chapter or chapter 536, a default decision shall be entered 22 23 against the licensee without further proceedings. The default decision shall grant such 24 relief as requested by the division of professional registration, board, committee, 25 commission, or office in the writing initiating the contested case as allowed by law. Upon 26 motion stating facts constituting a meritorious defense and for good cause shown, a default 27 decision may be set aside. The motion shall be made within a reasonable time, not to 28 exceed thirty days after entry of the default decision. "Good cause" includes a mistake or 29 conduct that is not intentionally or recklessly designed to impede the administrative 30 process.

31 **3.** In any case initiated under this section, the custodian of the records of an agency may 32 prepare a sworn affidavit stating truthfully pertinent information regarding the license status of 33 the licensee charged in the complaint, including only: the name of the licensee; his **or her** 34 license number; its designated date of expiration; the date of his **or her** original Missouri 35 licensure; the particular profession, practice or privilege licensed; and the status of his **or her** 36 license as current and active or otherwise. This affidavit shall be received as substantial and

37 competent evidence of the facts stated therein notwithstanding any objection as to the form, 38 manner of presentment or admissibility of this evidence, and shall create a rebuttable 39 presumption of the veracity of the statements therein; provided, however, that the procedures 40 specified in section 536.070 shall apply to the introduction of this affidavit in any case where the 41 status of this license constitutes a material issue of fact in the proof of the cause charged in the 42 complaint.

621.110. Upon a finding in any cause charged by the complaint for which the license may be suspended or revoked as provided in the statutes and regulations relating to the 2 3 profession or vocation of the licensee and within one hundred twenty days of the date the 4 case became ready for decision, the commission shall deliver or transmit by mail to the agency which issued the license the record and a transcript of the proceedings before the commission 5 together with the commission's findings of fact and conclusions of law. The commission may 6 make recommendations as to appropriate disciplinary action but any such recommendations shall 7 not be binding upon the agency. A copy of the findings of fact, conclusions of law and the 8 9 commission's recommendations, if any, shall be delivered or transmitted by mail to the licensee if the licensee's whereabouts are known, and to any attorney who represented the licensee. 10 Within thirty days after receipt of the record of the proceedings before the commission and the 11 findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations, if any, of the commission, the agency 12 13 shall set the matter for hearing upon the issue of appropriate disciplinary action and shall notify the licensee of the time and place of the hearing, provided that such hearing may be waived by 14 consent of the agency and licensee where the commission has made recommendations as to 15 appropriate disciplinary action. In case of such waiver by the agency and licensee, the 16 17 recommendations of the commission shall become the order of the agency. The licensee may 18 appear at said hearing and be represented by counsel. The agency may receive evidence relevant 19 to said issue from the licensee or any other source. After such hearing the agency may order any 20 disciplinary measure it deems appropriate and which is authorized by law. In any case where the 21 commission fails to find any cause charged by the complaint for which the license may be 22 suspended or revoked, the commission shall dismiss the complaint, and so notify all parties.