SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 2048

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means, April 22, 2010, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4879S.06C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.110, 67.2000, 137.243, 143.782, 143.790, and 144.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to taxation, with an emergency clause for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.110, 67.2000, 137.243, 143.782 and 143.790, and

- 2 144.030, RSMo, are repealed and seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 67.110, 67.2000, 137.243, 143.782, 144.018, 144.030, and 1,
- 4 to read as follows:

67.110. 1. Each political subdivision in the state, except counties and any

- 2 political subdivision located at least partially within any county with a charter
- 3 form of government or any political subdivision located at least partially within
- 4 any city not within a county, shall fix its ad valorem property tax rates as
- 5 provided in this section not later than September first for entry in the tax
- 6 books. Each political subdivision located, at least partially, within a county with
- 7 a charter form of government or within a city not within a county shall fix its ad
- 8 valorem property tax rates as provided in this section not later than October first
- 9 for entry in the tax books for each calendar year after December 31, 2008. Before
- 10 the governing body of each political subdivision of the state, except counties, as
- 11 defined in section 70.120, RSMo, fixes its rate of taxation, its budget officer shall
- 12 present to its governing body the following information for each tax rate to be
- 13 levied: the assessed valuation by category of real, personal and other tangible
- 14 property in the political subdivision as entered in the tax book for the fiscal year

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for which the tax is to be levied, as provided by subsection 3 of section 137.245, 15 16 RSMo, the assessed valuation by category of real, personal and other tangible property in the political subdivisions for the preceding taxable year, the amount 17 18 of revenue required to be provided from the property tax as set forth in the annual budget adopted as provided by this chapter, and the tax rate proposed to 19 20 be set. Should any political subdivision whose taxes are collected by the county 21 collector of revenue fail to fix its ad valorem property tax rate by [September first] the date provided under this section for such political subdivision, 2223 then no tax rate other than the rate, if any, necessary to pay the interest and principal on any outstanding bonds shall be certified for that year. 24

2. The governing body shall hold at least one public hearing on the proposed rates of taxes at which citizens shall be heard prior to their approval. The governing body shall determine the time and place for such hearing. A notice stating the hour, date and place of the hearing shall be published in at least one newspaper qualified under the laws of the state of Missouri of general circulation in the county within which all or the largest portion of the political subdivision is situated, or such notice shall be posted in at least three public places within the political subdivision; except that, in any county of the first class having a charter form of government, such notice may be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the political subdivision even though such newspaper is not qualified under the laws of Missouri for other legal notices. Such notice shall be published or posted at least seven days prior to the date of the hearing. The notice shall include the assessed valuation by category of real, personal and other tangible property in the political subdivision for the fiscal year for which the tax is to be levied as provided by subsection 3 of section 137.245, RSMo, the assessed valuation by category of real, personal and other tangible property in the political subdivision for the preceding taxable year, for each rate to be levied the amount of revenue required to be provided from the property tax as set forth in the annual budget adopted as provided by this chapter, and the tax rates proposed to be set for the various purposes of taxation. The tax rates shall be calculated to produce substantially the same revenues as required in the annual budget adopted as provided in this chapter. Following the hearing the governing body of each political subdivision shall fix the rates of taxes, the same to be entered in the tax book. Failure of any taxpayer to appear at such hearing shall not prevent the taxpayer from pursuit of any other legal remedy otherwise available to the taxpayer. Nothing in this

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51 section absolves political subdivisions of responsibilities under section 137.073,

52 RSMo, nor to adjust tax rates in event changes in assessed valuation occur that

53 would alter the tax rate calculations.

- 3. Each political subdivision of the state shall fix its property tax rates in the manner provided in this section for each fiscal year which begins after December 31, 1976. New or increased tax rates for political subdivisions whose taxes are collected by the county collector approved by voters after September first of any year shall not be included in that year's tax levy except for any new tax rate ceiling approved pursuant to section 71.800, RSMo.
- 4. In addition to the information required under subsections 1 and 2 of this section, each political subdivision shall also include the increase in tax revenue due to an increase in assessed value as a result of new construction and improvement and the increase, both in dollar value and percentage, in tax revenue as a result of reassessment if the proposed tax rate is adopted.

67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and 2 Recreational Facility District Act".

3 2. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one thousand three 4 hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred 7 inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five 9 thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants, or any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two thousand six hundred 10 but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred inhabitants, or any county of the 11 first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but 12 less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants, or any county 13 of the third classification without a township form of government and with more 14 than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than eighteen thousand 15 inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven 16 17 thousand but less than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants, or any 18 county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three 19 20 thousand six hundred inhabitants, or any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than nineteen thousand 2122three hundred but less than nineteen thousand four hundred inhabitants, or any

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23 county of the first classification with more than two hundred forty thousand three 24 hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four hundred inhabitants, or any county of the third classification with a township form of 25government and with more than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer 26 than nine thousand inhabitants, or any county of the third 27classification without a township form of government and with more 28 29 than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than nineteen thousand inhabitants, or any county of the third classification with a 30 township form of government and with more than eight thousand but 31 32fewer than eight thousand one hundred inhabitants, or any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with 33 more than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than eleven 3435 thousand six hundred inhabitants, desire to create an exhibition center and 36 recreational facility district, the property owners shall file a petition with the 37 governing body of each county located within the boundaries of the proposed 38 district requesting the creation of the district. The district boundaries may include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall 39 contain the following information: 40

- 41 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real 42 property owned by the petitioner;
 - (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a map illustrating the boundaries; and
- 45 (3) The name of the proposed district.
- 3. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:
 - (1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;
- 52 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment 53 of the proposed district;
- 54 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; 55 and
- 56 (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.
- 57 4. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing 58 body of each county located within the proposed district shall:

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- 59 (1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one 60 newspaper of general circulation in each county located within the proposed district, with the first publication to occur not more than thirty days before the 61 62 hearing, and the second publication to occur not more than fifteen days or less 63 than ten days before the hearing;
- 64 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment of the proposed district; and 65
 - (3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.
- 67 5. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located within the proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall 68 69 adopt an order to that effect; if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish the proposed district, the boundaries 70 of the proposed district shall not include that county. The order shall contain the 71 72following:
 - (1) The description of the boundaries of the district;
- 74 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district has been established; 75
- 76 (3) The name of the district;
- (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuant 77 78 to this section; and
- 79 (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.
- 80 6. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, 81 primary, or special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district 82 boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, which are subject to 83 taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, to fund the acquisition, 84 construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an 85 exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be in 86 substantially the following form: 87
- 88 Shall the (name of district) impose a sales tax of one-fourth of one 89 percent to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, 90 improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities, for a period of (insert number of years)? 91
- \square YES
- If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 93 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 94

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95 If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the 96 proposed district favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county that is part of the proposed district on the first day of 9798 the first calendar quarter immediately following the election. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of a county that is a part of the proposed district oppose 99 100 the proposal, then that portion of such county shall not impose the sales tax 101 authorized in this section until after the county governing body has submitted 102another such sales tax proposal and the proposal is approved by a majority of the 103 qualified voters voting thereon.

However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing body of the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant to this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that have contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to become one district.

7. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district created and the expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section consisting of four individuals to represent each county approving the district, as provided in this subsection. The governing body of each county located within the district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall appoint four members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall be an owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and all members shall reside in the district except that one nonlodging business owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility owner, or their designee, may reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five years of age and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four years. Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed to a four-year term by the governing body of the county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a successor is appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and other officers necessary for

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- 131 its membership. Trustees may be removed if:
- 132 (1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and submits such motion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee 134 was appointed; and
- 135 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was 136 appointed, by a majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.
- 137 8. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and 138 privileges:
 - (1) To have and use a corporate seal;
 - (2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;
 - (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a single exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or athletic activities;
 - (4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful funding methods the district may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest as the district may determine. Any bonds, notes, and other obligations issued or delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may be pledged, assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be authorized by resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon

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- or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such resolution may provide, notwithstanding section 108.170, RSMo. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine;
- 173 (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber 174 real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;
 - (6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;
 - (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services or for the use of any of its facilities;
- 185 (8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 186 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of 187 property;
- 188 (10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not 189 in conflict with the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying 190 on of the business, objects, and affairs of the board and of the district; and
- 191 (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental 192 to or implied from the specific powers granted by this section.
- 9. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational 193 Facility District Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax 194 revenue collected pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall be 195196 custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be 197 198 considered nonstate funds pursuant to section 15, article IV, Constitution of 199 Missouri. The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the 200 same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by 201 the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the district, less one 202

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203 percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 204 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 205 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall 206 keep accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was 207 collected in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the 208 records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the 209 general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 210 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 211 preceding month to the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds 212 from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous 213 payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of the district. 214

- 10. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other sales taxes allowed by law. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, apply to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 11. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend past
 the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is
 submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner
 provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not
 to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in
 substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.

12. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used

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solely for the purposes approved in the ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax provided in this section or more than ten years after any voter-approved extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection 1 of section 30.270, RSMo, or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

13. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the district, whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the

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275 district all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

137.243. 1. To determine the "projected tax liability" required by subsections 2 and 3 of section 137.180, subsection 2 of section 137.355, and 3 subsection 2 of section 137.490, the assessor, on or before March first of each odd-numbered tax year, shall provide the clerk with the assessment book which for this purpose shall contain the real estate values for that year, the prior year's state assessed values, and the prior year's personal property values. On or before 6 7 March fifteenth, the clerk shall make out an abstract of the assessment book 8 showing the aggregate amounts of different kinds of real, personal, and other tangible property and the valuations of each for each political subdivision in the county, or in the city for any city not within a county, entitled to levy ad valorem 10 taxes on property except for municipalities maintaining their own tax or 11 assessment books. The governing body of each political subdivision or a person 12designated by the governing body shall use such information to informally project 13 14 a nonbinding tax levy for that year and return such projected tax levy to the clerk no later than April eighth. The clerk shall forward such information to the 15 collector who shall then calculate and, no later than April thirtieth, provide to the 16 assessor the projected tax liability for each real estate parcel for which the 17 assessor intends to mail a notice of increase pursuant to sections 137.180, 18 19 137.355, and 137.490.

- 2. Political subdivisions located at least partially within two or more counties, which are subject to divergent time requirements, shall comply with all requirements applicable to each such county and may utilize the most recent available information to satisfy such requirements.
- 3. Failure by an assessor to timely provide the assessment book or notice of increased assessed value, as provided in this section, may result in the state tax commission withholding all or a part of the moneys provided under section 137.720 and all state per-parcel reimbursement funds which would otherwise be made available to such assessor.
- 4. Failure by a political subdivision to provide the clerk with a projected tax levy in the time prescribed under this section shall result in a twenty percent reduction in such political subdivision's tax rate for the tax year, unless such failure is a direct result of a delinquency in the provision of, or failure to provide, information required by this section by the assessor or the clerk. If a political subdivision fails to provide the projected tax rate as provided in this section, the clerk shall notify the state auditor who shall, within seven days of receiving such

36 notice, estimate a nonbinding tax levy for such political subdivision and return 37 such to the clerk. The clerk shall notify the state auditor of any applicable 38 reduction to a political subdivision's tax rate.

- 5. Any taxing district wholly within a county with a township form of government may, through a request submitted by the county clerk, request that the state auditor's office estimate a nonbinding projected tax rate based on the information provided by the county clerk. The auditor's office shall return the projected tax rate to the county clerk no later than April eighth.
- 6. The clerk shall deliver the abstract of the assessment book to each taxing district with a notice stating that their projected tax rates be returned to the clerk by April eighth.

143.782. As used in sections 143.782 to 143.788, unless the context clearly 2 requires otherwise, the following terms shall mean and include:

- 3 (1) "Court", the supreme court, court of appeals, or any circuit court of the 4 state;
- 5 (2) "Debt", any sum due and legally owed to any state agency which has accrued through contract, subrogation, tort, or operation of law regardless of 6 whether there is an outstanding judgment for that sum, court costs as defined in 7 section 488.010, RSMo, fines and fees owed, or any support obligation which is being enforced by the division of family services on behalf of a person who is 10 receiving support enforcement services pursuant to section 454.425, RSMo[, or any claim for unpaid health care services which is being enforced by the 11 12 department of health and senior services on behalf of a hospital or health care 13 provider under section 143.790];
- 14 (3) "Debtor", any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation 15 or other legal entity owing a debt;
- 16 (4) "Department", the department of revenue of the state of Missouri;
- 17 (5) "Refund", the Missouri income tax refund which the department 18 determines to be due any taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of this 19 chapter. The amount of a refund shall not include any senior citizens property 20 tax credit provided by sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo, unless such refund is 21 being offset for a delinquency or debt relating to individual income tax or a 22 property tax credit; and
- 23 (6) "State agency", any department, division, board, commission, office, or 24 other agency of the state of Missouri, including public community college districts 25 and housing authorities as defined in section 99.020, RSMo.

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144.018. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, except as provided under subsections 2 or 3 of this section, when a purchase of tangible personal property or service subject to tax is made for the purpose of resale, such purchase shall be either exempt or excluded under this chapter if the subsequent sale is:

- (1) Subject to a tax in this or any other state;
- (2) For resale;
- (3) Excluded from tax under this chapter;
- 9 (4) Subject to tax but exempt under this chapter; or
- 10 (5) Exempt from the sales tax laws of another state, if the 11 subsequent sale is in such other state.

The purchase of tangible personal property by a taxpayer shall not be deemed to be for resale if such property is used or consumed by the taxpayer in providing a service on which tax is not imposed by subsection 1 of section 144.020, except purchases made in fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with the United States government.

- 2. For purposes of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 144.020, a place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, including games or athletic events, shall remit tax on the amount paid for admissions or seating accommodations, or fees paid to, or in such place of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Any subsequent sale of such admissions or seating accommodations shall not be subject to tax if the initial sale was an arms length transaction for fair market value with an unaffiliated entity. If the sale of such admissions or seating accommodations is exempt or excluded from payment of sales and use taxes, the provisions of this subsection shall not require the place of amusement, entertainment, or recreation to remit tax on that sale.
- 3. For purposes of subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 2930 144.020, a hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp, or other place in which rooms, 31 meals, or drinks are regularly served to the public shall remit tax on 32the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, meals, and drinks 33 furnished at such hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp, or other place in 3536 which rooms, meals, or drinks are regularly served to the public. Any subsequent sale of such rooms, meals, or drinks shall not be subject to 37

tax if the initial sale was an arms length transaction for fair market value with an unaffiliated entity. If the sale of such rooms, meals, or drinks is exempt or excluded from payment of sales and use taxes, the provisions of this subsection shall not require the hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp, or other place in which rooms, meals, or drinks are regularly served to the public to remit tax on that sale.

4. The provisions of this section are intended to reject and abrogate earlier case law interpretations of the state's sales and use tax law with regard to sales for resale as extended in Music City Centre Management, LLC v. Director of Revenue, 295 S.W.3d 465, (Mo. 2009) and ICC Management, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 290 S.W.3d 699, (Mo. 2009).

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824, RSMo; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold

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- 24 ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to 25 the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310, RSMo) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production 26 27of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs 28 29 which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- 30 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
 - (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;
 - (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a useable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to

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- section 301.010, RSMo. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a 61 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material 62 recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section 63 regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;
 - (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
 - (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
 - (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes;
- 74 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, 75 printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies 76 used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general 77 public;
- 78 (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture 79 transcriptions for public commercial display;
 - (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
 - (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, RSMo, in the transportation of persons or property;
 - (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200, RSMo. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at

the production facility;

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- least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at
- 101 (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, 102 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of 103 less than one year;
 - (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
 - (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
 - (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
- 114 (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other 115 fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, 116 entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, 117 zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political 118 subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or 119 other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or 120 corporation;
 - January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales of manual and powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased by

or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable
them to function more independently, all sales of scooters, reading machines,
electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative
communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit
the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of
over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities;

- (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;
- (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530, RSMo;
- (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of

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fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, RSMo, natural gas, propane, and 168 169 electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, RSMo, and all sales 170 171 of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and 172 trailers. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible 173 personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be 174 used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term 175 "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and 176 other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a 177 pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides 178 for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such 179 other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement 180 181 parts thereon, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly 182 for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field 183 184 drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which 185 is:

- 186 (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
- 187 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 188 products; and
 - (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
 - (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:
- 196 (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, 197 electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or 198 home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered 199 water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for 200 nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through 201 a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including 202 service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be 203 for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby

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204 individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

- 205 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate 206 207 classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri 208 public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate 209 classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the 210 occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall 211212 be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases 213214 classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the 215 216 utility must charge sales tax;
 - (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;
- 233 (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse 234 if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total 235 gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross 236 income of the seller;
- 237 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 238 4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United 239 States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter

- 240 536, RSMo, to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
- 241 (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or 242 waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of 243 property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers 244 bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller
- $\,\,245\,\,$ to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such
- 246 river;
- 247 (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to 248 sections 70.370 to 70.441, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, in the 249 exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the
- 250 compact;
- 251 (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems
- 252 purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this
- 253 state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means
- 254 the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities
- 255 operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
- 256 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing,
- 257 producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of
- 258 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 259 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the
- 260 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- 261 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water,
- 262 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the
- 263 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing
- 264 plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection;
- 265 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of
- 266 pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or
- 267 poultry;
- 268 (33) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or
- 269 consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of
- 270 agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription
- 271 pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
- 272 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- 273 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of
- 274 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial
- 275 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, RSMo, and licensed pursuant to sections

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276 273.325 to 273.357, RSMo;

- (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:
- 293 (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those 294 entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the 295 provisions of section 144.062; or
 - (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- 299 (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor 300 who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect 301 at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created 302 pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, 303 RSMo;
 - (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;

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- 312 (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 313 64.920, RSMo;
- 314 (40) Beginning January 1, 2009, but not after January 1, 2015, materials, 315 replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the 316 modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power 317 plants, and aircraft accessories;
 - (41) All gratuities, whether mandatory or voluntary, provided in conjunction with the receipt of property or services regardless of whether such property or service may be subject to tax under the provisions of this chapter.

Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any tax imposed or collected by any municipality, any county or any taxing entity on or related to any transient accommodations, whether imposed as a hotel tax, occupancy tax or otherwise, shall apply solely to amounts actually received by the operator of a hotel, motel, tavern, inn, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms are furnished to the public. Under no circumstances shall a travel agent or intermediary be deemed an operator of a hotel. This section shall not apply if the purchaser of such rooms is an entity that is exempt from payment of the tax.

[143.790. 1. Any hospital or health care provider who has provided health care services to an individual who was not covered by a health insurance policy or was not eligible to receive benefits under the state's medical assistance program of needy persons, Title XIX, P.L. 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq., under chapter 208, RSMo, and the health insurance for uninsured children under sections 208.631 to 208.657, RSMo, at the time such health care services were administered, and such person has failed to pay for such services for a period greater than ninety days, may submit a claim to the director of the department of health and senior services for the unpaid health care services. The director of the department of health and senior services shall review such claim.If the claim appears meritorious on its face, the claim for the unpaid medical services shall constitute a debt of the department of health and senior services for purposes of sections 143.782 to 143.788, and

the director may certify the debt to the department of revenue in order to set off the debtor's income tax refund. Once the debt has been certified, the director of the department of health and senior services shall submit the debt to the department of revenue under the setoff procedure established under section 143.783.

- 2. At the time of certification, the director of the department of health and senior services shall supply any information necessary to identify each debtor whose refund is sought to be set off pursuant to section 143.784 and certify the amount of the debt or debts owed by each such debtor.
- 3. If a debtor identified by the director of the department of health and senior services is determined by the department of revenue to be entitled to a refund, the department of revenue shall notify the department of health and senior services that a refund has been set off on behalf of the department of health and senior services for purposes of this section and shall certify the amount of such setoff, which shall not exceed the amount of the claimed debt certified. When the refund owed exceeds the claimed debt, the department shall send the excess amount to the debtor within a reasonable time after such excess is determined.
- 4. The department of revenue shall notify the debtor by certified mail the taxpayer whose refund is sought to be set off that such setoff will be made. The notice shall contain the provisions contained in subsection 3 of section 143.794, including the opportunity for a hearing to contest the setoff provided therein, and shall otherwise substantially comply with the provisions of subsection 3 of section 143.784.
- 5. Once a debt has been set off and finally determined under the applicable provisions of sections 143.782 to 143.788, and the department of health and senior services has received the funds transferred from the department of revenue, the department of health and senior services shall settle with each hospital or health care provider for the amounts that the department of revenue set off for such party. At the time of each settlement, each hospital or health care provider shall be charged for administration expenses which shall not exceed twenty percent of the collected amount.

- 6. Lottery prize payouts made under section 313.321, RSMo, shall also be subject to the setoff procedures established in this section and any rules and regulations promulgated thereto.
- 7. The director of the department of revenue shall have priority to offset any delinquent tax owed to the state of Missouri. Any remaining refund shall be offset to pay a state agency debt or to meet a child support obligation that is enforced by the division of family services on behalf of a person who is receiving support enforcement services under section 454.425, RSMo.
- 8. The director of the department of revenue and the director of the department of health and senior services shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.]

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to prevent the imposition of sales and use taxes on items that are intended to be exempted or excluded from sales and use taxes, the enactment of sections 144.018 and 1 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of sections 144.018 and 1 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.

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