SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE BILL NO. 779

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BARTLE.

Read 1st time January 14, 2010, and ordered printed.

3561S.02P

Read 2nd time January 19, 2010, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and Civil and Criminal Jurisprudence.

Reported from the Committee February 11, 2010, with recommendation that the bill do pass.

Taken up for Perfection February 22, 2010. Bill declared Perfected and Ordered Printed, as amended.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 488.5050, 556.036, and 650.055, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to DNA profiling, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause for a certain section.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 488.5050, 556.036, and 650.055, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 488.5050, 556.036, and 650.055, to read as follows:

488.5050. 1. In addition to any other surcharges authorized by statute, 2 the clerk of each court of this state shall collect the surcharges provided for in 3 subsection 2 of this section.

4 2. A surcharge of thirty dollars shall be assessed as costs in each circuit court proceeding filed within this state in all criminal cases in which the 5defendant pleads guilty to or [nolo contendere to] is found guilty or [is] 6 convicted of a felony, except when the defendant pleads guilty or is found guilty 7 8 of a class B felony, class A felony, or an unclassified felony, under chapter 195, 9 RSMo, in which case, the surcharge shall be sixty dollars. A surcharge of fifteen 10 dollars shall be assessed as costs in each court proceeding filed within this state 11 in all **other** criminal cases, except for traffic violations cases in which the defendant pleads guilty to or [nolo contendere to] is found guilty or [is] 1213convicted of a misdemeanor.

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3. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the moneys collected by

clerks of the courts pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall
be collected and disbursed in accordance with sections 488.010 to 488.020, and
shall be payable to the state treasurer.

4. [If in the immediate previous fiscal year, the state's general revenue did not increase by two percent or more, the state treasurer shall deposit such moneys or other gifts, grants, or moneys received on a monthly basis into the state general revenue fund. Otherwise the state treasurer shall deposit such moneys in accordance with the provisions of subsection 5 of this section.

235.] The state treasurer shall deposit such moneys or other gifts, grants, or moneys received on a monthly basis into the "DNA Profiling Analysis Fund", 2425which is hereby created in the state treasury. The fund shall be administered by the department of public safety. The moneys deposited into the DNA profiling 26analysis fund shall be used only [for DNA profiling analysis of convicted offender 27samples performed] by the highway patrol crime laboratory to fulfill the 28purposes of the DNA profiling system pursuant to section 650.052, 2930 RSMo. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to 31the credit of the general revenue fund. 32

[6.] 5. The provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall expire
on August 28, 2013.

556.036. 1. A prosecution for murder, forcible rape, attempted forcible 2 rape, forcible sodomy, attempted forcible sodomy, or any class A felony may be 3 commenced at any time.

4 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, prosecutions for other 5 offenses must be commenced within the following periods of limitation:

6 (1) For any felony, three years, except as provided in subdivision (4) of 7 this subsection;

8 (2) For any misdemeanor, one year;

9 (3) For any infraction, six months;

10 (4) For any violation of section 569.040, RSMo, when classified as a class
11 B felony, or any violation of section 569.050 or 569.055, RSMo, five years.

3. If the period prescribed in subsection 2 of this section has expired, aprosecution may nevertheless be commenced for:

(1) Any offense a material element of which is either fraud or a breach of
fiduciary obligation within one year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved
party or by a person who has a legal duty to represent an aggrieved party and

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who is himself or herself not a party to the offense, but in no case shall this provision extend the period of limitation by more than three years. As used in this subdivision, the term "person who has a legal duty to represent an aggrieved party" shall mean the attorney general or the prosecuting or circuit attorney having jurisdiction pursuant to section 407.553, RSMo, for purposes of offenses committed pursuant to sections 407.511 to 407.556, RSMo; and

(2) Any offense based upon misconduct in office by a public officer or
employee at any time when the defendant is in public office or employment or
within two years thereafter, but in no case shall this provision extend the period
of limitation by more than three years; and

(3) Any offense based upon an intentional and willful fraudulent claim of
child support arrearage to a public servant in the performance of his or her duties
within one year after discovery of the offense, but in no case shall this provision
extend the period of limitation by more than three years.

4. An offense is committed either when every element occurs, or, if a legislative purpose to prohibit a continuing course of conduct plainly appears, at the time when the course of conduct or the defendant's complicity therein is terminated. Time starts to run on the day after the offense is committed.

5. A prosecution is commenced for a misdemeanor or infraction when the information is filed and for a felony when the complaint or indictment is filed.

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6. The period of limitation does not run:

(1) During any time when the accused is absent from the state, but in no
case shall this provision extend the period of limitation otherwise applicable by
more than three years; or

(2) During any time when the accused is concealing himself from justiceeither within or without this state; or

43 (3) During any time when a prosecution against the accused for the44 offense is pending in this state; or

45 (4) During any time when the accused is found to lack mental fitness to
46 proceed pursuant to section 552.020, RSMo;

(5) During any period of time after a DNA profile is developed and reported from evidence collected in relation to the commission of an offense until the time when the accused is identified by name based upon a match between that DNA evidence profile and the known DNA profile of the accused. For purposes of this section, the term "DNA profile" means the collective results of the DNA analysis of a sample.

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650.055. 1. Every individual, in a Missouri circuit court, who: $\mathbf{2}$ (1) Pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a felony or any offense under chapter 566[, RSMo, or who]; or 3 4 (2) Is seventeen years of age or older and [who is] arrested for robbery in the first degree under section 569.020, robbery in the second degree 56 under section 569.030, burglary in the first degree under section 569.160, 7 RSMo, or burglary in the second degree under section 569.170, RSMo, or a felony offense under chapters 565, [566,] 567, 568, or 573, RSMo, or any offense 8 under chapter 566; or 9 10(3) Has been determined to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to 11 sections 632.480 to 632.513, RSMo[,]; or 12(4) Is an individual required to register as a sexual offender under sections 589.400 to 589.425, RSMo[,]; 13shall have a fingerprint and blood or scientifically accepted biological sample 14collected for purposes of DNA profiling analysis. 15162. Any individual subject to DNA collection and profiling analysis 17under this section shall provide a DNA sample: 18(1) Upon booking at a county jail or detention facility; or 19 (2) Upon entering or before release from the department of corrections 20reception and diagnostic centers; or 21(3) Upon entering or before release from a county jail or detention facility, 22state correctional facility, or any other detention facility or institution, whether 23operated by private, local, or state agency, or any mental health facility if 24committed as a sexually violent predator pursuant to sections 632.480 to 632.513, 25RSMo; or 26(4) When the state accepts a person from another state under any interstate compact, or under any other reciprocal agreement with any county, 27state, or federal agency, or any other provision of law, whether or not the person 28is confined or released, the acceptance is conditional on the person providing a

DNA sample if the person was convicted of, found guilty of, or pleaded guilty

to[, or pleaded nolo contendere to an] a felony offense [in any other jurisdiction

which would be considered a qualifying offense as defined in this section if

committed in this state, or if the person was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or

pleaded nolo contendere to any equivalent offense] in any other jurisdiction; or

corrections. Such jurisdiction includes persons currently incarcerated, persons

(5) If such individual is under the jurisdiction of the department of

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37 on probation, as defined in section 217.650, RSMo, and on parole, as also defined 38 in section 217.650, RSMo; or

39 (6) At the time of registering as a sexual offender pursuant to 40 sections 589.400 to 589.425.

[2.] 3. The Missouri state highway patrol and department of corrections 4142shall be responsible for ensuring adherence to the law. Any person required to 43provide a DNA sample pursuant to this section shall be required to provide such sample, without the right of refusal, at a collection site designated by the 44 Missouri state highway patrol and the department of corrections. Authorized 45personnel collecting or assisting in the collection of samples shall not be liable in 46 47any civil or criminal action when the act is performed in a reasonable manner. Such force may be used as necessary to the effectual carrying out and 48application of such processes and operations. The enforcement of these provisions 49by the authorities in charge of state correctional institutions and others having 50custody or jurisdiction over [those who have been arrested for, convicted of, 5152pleaded guilty to, or pleaded nolo contendere to felony offenses] individuals 53included in subsection 1 of this section, which shall not be set aside or reversed, is hereby made mandatory. The board of probation or parole shall 54recommend that an individual on probation or parole who refuses to provide 5556a DNA sample have his or her probation or parole revoked. In the event that a 57person's DNA sample is not adequate for any reason, the person shall provide 58another sample for analysis.

59[3.] 4. The procedure and rules for the collection, analysis, storage, expungement, use of DNA database records and privacy concerns shall not 60 conflict with procedures and rules applicable to the Missouri DNA profiling 61 62 system and the Federal Bureau of Investigation's DNA databank system.

[4.] 5. Unauthorized [uses] use or dissemination of individually 63 identifiable DNA information in a database for purposes other than criminal 64 justice or law enforcement is a class A misdemeanor. 65

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[5.] 6. Implementation of sections 650.050 to 650.100 shall be subject to future appropriations to keep Missouri's DNA system compatible with the Federal 67 68 Bureau of Investigation's DNA databank system.

69 [6.] 7. All DNA records and biological materials retained in the DNA 70profiling system are considered closed records pursuant to chapter 610, RSMo. All records containing any information held or maintained by any person or by any 7172agency, department, or political subdivision of the state concerning an

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individual's DNA profile shall be strictly confidential and shall not be disclosed,except to:

(1) Peace officers, as defined in section 590.010, RSMo, and other
employees of law enforcement agencies who need to obtain such records to
perform their public duties;

78 (2) The attorney general or any assistant attorneys general acting on his
79 or her behalf, as defined in chapter 27, RSMo;

80 (3) Prosecuting attorneys or circuit attorneys as defined in chapter 56,
81 RSMo, and their employees who need to obtain such records to perform their
82 public duties;

83 (4) The individual whose DNA sample has been collected, or his or her84 attorney; or

(5) Associate circuit judges, circuit judges, judges of the courts of appeals,
supreme court judges, and their employees who need to obtain such records to
perform their public duties.

88 [7.] 8. Any person who obtains records pursuant to the provisions of this 89 section shall use such records only for investigative and prosecutorial purposes, 90 including but not limited to use at any criminal trial, hearing, or proceeding; or 91 for law enforcement identification purposes, including identification of human 92 remains. Such records shall be considered strictly confidential and shall only be 93 released as authorized by this section.

[8. Within ninety days of warrant refusal, the arresting agency shall notify the Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory which shall expunge all DNA records taken at the arrest for which the warrant was refused in the database pertaining to the person and destroy the DNA sample of the person, unless the Missouri state highway patrol determines that the person is otherwise obligated to submit a DNA sample.]

100 9. An individual may request expungement of his or her DNA sample and 101 DNA profile through the court issuing the reversal or dismissal. A certified copy of the court order establishing that such conviction has been reversed or guilty 102103plea [or plea of nolo contendere] has been set aside shall be sent to the Missouri 104state highway patrol crime laboratory. Upon receipt of the court order, the 105laboratory will determine that the requesting individual has no other qualifying 106offense as a result of any separate plea or conviction and no other qualifying 107 arrest prior to expungement.

108 (1) A person whose DNA record or DNA profile has been included in the

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109 state DNA database in accordance with this section[, section 488.5050, RSMo,] 110 and sections 650.050, 650.052, and 650.100 may request expungement on the 111 grounds that the conviction has been reversed, or the guilty plea [or plea of nolo 112 contendere] on which the authority for including that person's DNA record or 113 DNA profile was based has been set aside.

114(2) Upon receipt of a written request for expungement, a certified copy of 115the final court order reversing the conviction or setting aside the plea and any 116 other information necessary to ascertain the validity of the request, the Missouri 117state highway patrol crime laboratory shall expunge all DNA records and 118 identifiable information in the state DNA database pertaining to the person and 119 destroy the DNA sample of the person, unless the Missouri state highway patrol determines that the person is otherwise obligated to submit a DNA 120sample. Within thirty days after the receipt of the court order, the Missouri state 121122highway patrol shall notify the individual that it has expunged his or her DNA sample and DNA profile, or the basis for its determination that the person is 123124 otherwise obligated to submit a DNA sample.

(3) The Missouri state highway patrol is not required to destroy any item
of physical evidence obtained from a DNA sample if evidence relating to another
person would thereby be destroyed.

(4) Any identification, warrant, arrest, or evidentiary use of a DNA match
derived from the database shall not be excluded or suppressed from evidence, nor
shall any conviction be invalidated or reversed or plea set aside due to the failure
to expunge or a delay in expunging DNA records.

10. When a DNA sample is taken of an arrestee for any offense 132133 listed under subsection 1 of this section and the warrant is refused, within thirty days of warrant refusal, the arresting agency shall notify 134135the Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory, which shall 136 expunge all DNA records taken at the arrest for which the warrant was 137 refused in the database pertaining to the person and destroy the DNA 138sample of the person, unless the Missouri state highway patrol 139determines that the person is otherwise obligated to submit a DNA sample. Prior to expungement, the state highway patrol crime 140laboratory shall determine whether the individual has any other 141qualifying offenses or arrests that would require a DNA sample to be 142taken and retained prior to expungement under this subsection. The 143Missouri state highway patrol crime laboratory shall have thirty days 144

145 from the date it receives notice to determine whether the DNA sample
146 shall be expunged.

147 [9.] 11. When a DNA sample is taken of an arrestee for any offense listed148 under subsection 1 of this section and charges are filed:

(1) If the charges are later withdrawn, the prosecutor shall notify the
state highway patrol crime laboratory that such charges have been withdrawn;
(2) If the case is dismissed, the court shall notify the state highway patrol

152 crime laboratory of such dismissal;

(3) If the court finds at the preliminary hearing that there is no probable
cause that the defendant committed the offense, the court shall notify the state
highway patrol crime laboratory of such finding;

(4) If the defendant is found not guilty, the court shall notify the statehighway patrol crime laboratory of such verdict.

If the state highway patrol crime laboratory receives a notice of expungement 158under this subsection [that the charges have been withdrawn, the case has been 159160dismissed, there is a finding that the necessary probable cause does not exist, or 161the defendant is found not guilty] or subsection 10 of this section, such crime laboratory shall expunge the DNA sample and DNA profile of the arrestee within 162163thirty days. Prior to such expungement, the state highway patrol crime laboratory shall determine whether the individual has any other qualifying 164165offenses or arrests that would require a DNA sample to be taken and retained 166 prior to expungement under this subsection.

Section B. Because this legislation is necessary to ensure the continued operation of the DNA profiling system which dramatically contributes to the safety of citizens of this state and others, the repeal and reenactment of section 4 488.5050 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 488.5050 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.

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