SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 829

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Jobs, Economic Development and Local Government, March 4, 2010, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass and be placed on the Consent Calendar.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.402 and 71.285, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to nuisance abatement ordinances.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.402 and 71.285, RSMo, are repealed and two new 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.402 and 71.285, to 3 read as follows:

67.402. 1. The governing body of the following counties may enact nuisance abatement ordinances as provided in this section:

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3 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred 4 thirty-five thousand four hundred but [less] **fewer** than one hundred thirty-five 5 thousand five hundred inhabitants[,];

6 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one 7 thousand three hundred but [less] fewer than seventy-one thousand four 8 hundred inhabitants[, and];

9 (3) Any county of the first classification without a charter form of 10 government and with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but [less] 11 fewer than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants;

(4) Any county of the first classification with more than
eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand
inhabitants;

(5) Any county of the third classification without a township
form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred
but fewer than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants;

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(6) Any county of the third classification with a township form
of government and with more than fourteen thousand five hundred but
fewer than fourteen thousand six hundred inhabitants.

212. The governing body of any county described in subsection 1 22of this section may enact ordinances to provide for the abatement of a condition of any lot or land that has the presence of rubbish and trash, lumber, bricks, tin, 23steel, parts of derelict motorcycles, derelict cars, derelict trucks, derelict 2425construction equipment, derelict appliances, broken furniture, tires, storm water runoff conditions resulting in damage to buildings or 26infrastructure, or overgrown or noxious weeds in residential subdivisions or 2728districts which may endanger public safety or which is unhealthy or unsafe and 29declared to be a public nuisance.

30 [2.] 3. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section shall:

(1) Set forth those conditions which constitute a nuisance and which are
detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county;

(2) Provide for duties of inspectors with regard to those conditions which
may be declared a nuisance, and shall provide for duties of the building
commissioner or designated officer or officers to supervise all inspectors and to
hold hearings regarding such property;

37(3) Provide for service of adequate notice of the declaration of nuisance, 38which notice shall specify that the nuisance is to be abated, listing a reasonable time for commencement, and may provide that such notice be served either by 3940personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, but if service cannot be had by either of these modes of service, then service may be had by 41 publication. The ordinances shall further provide that the owner, occupant, 42lessee, mortgagee, agent, and all other persons having an interest in the property 43as shown by the land records of the recorder of deeds of the county wherein the 44 property is located shall be made parties; 45

46 (4) Provide that upon failure to commence work of abating the nuisance within the time specified or upon failure to proceed continuously with the work 47without unnecessary delay, the building commissioner or designated officer or 4849officers shall call and have a full and adequate hearing upon the matter before the county commission, giving the affected parties at least ten days' written 5051notice of the hearing. Any party may be represented by counsel, and all parties 52shall have an opportunity to be heard. After the hearings, if evidence supports a finding that the property is a nuisance or detrimental to the health, safety, or 53

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welfare of the residents of the county, the county commission shall issue an order making specific findings of fact, based upon competent and substantial evidence, which shows the property to be a nuisance and detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county and ordering the nuisance abated. If the evidence does not support a finding that the property is a nuisance or detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the county, no order shall be issued.

61[3.] 4. Any ordinance authorized by this section may provide that if the 62owner fails to begin abating the nuisance within a specific time which shall not be longer than seven days of receiving notice that the nuisance has been ordered 63 removed, the building commissioner or designated officer shall cause the 64 condition which constitutes the nuisance to be removed. If the building 65 commissioner or designated officer causes such condition to be removed or abated, 66 67 the cost of such removal shall be certified to the county clerk or officer in charge of finance who shall cause the certified cost to be included in a special tax bill or 68 added to the annual real estate tax bill, at the county collector's option, for the 69 70property and the certified cost shall be collected by the county collector in the same manner and procedure for collecting real estate taxes. If the certified cost 71is not paid, the tax bill shall be considered delinquent, and the collection of the 7273delinquent bill shall be governed by the laws governing delinquent and back 74taxes. The tax bill from the date of its issuance shall be deemed a personal debt against the owner and shall also be a lien on the property until paid. 75

5. No county shall have the power to adopt any ordinance, resolution, or regulation pursuant to this section governing any railroad company.

71.285. 1. Whenever weeds or trash, in violation of an ordinance, are allowed to grow or accumulate, as the case may be, on any part of any lot or $\mathbf{2}$ ground within any city, town or village in this state, the owner of the ground, or 3 in case of joint tenancy, tenancy by entireties or tenancy in common, each owner 4 thereof, shall be liable. The marshal or other city official as designated in such 5ordinance shall give a hearing after ten days' notice thereof, either personally or 6 7 by United States mail to the owner or owners, or the owner's agents, or by posting 8 such notice on the premises; thereupon, the marshal or other designated city 9 official may declare the weeds or trash to be a nuisance and order the same to be 10 abated within five days; and in case the weeds or trash are not removed within the five days, the marshal or other designated city official shall have the weeds 11

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or trash removed, and shall certify the costs of same to the city clerk, who shall 1213cause a special tax bill therefor against the property to be prepared and to be collected by the collector, with other taxes assessed against the property; and the 1415tax bill from the date of its issuance shall be a first lien on the property until paid and shall be prima facie evidence of the recitals therein and of its validity, 1617and no mere clerical error or informality in the same, or in the proceedings leading up to the issuance, shall be a defense thereto. Each special tax bill shall 1819be issued by the city clerk and delivered to the collector on or before the first day of June of each year. Such tax bills if not paid when due shall bear interest at 20the rate of eight percent per annum. Notwithstanding the time limitations of this 2122section, any city, town or village located in a county of the first classification may hold the hearing provided in this section four days after notice is sent or posted, 23and may order at the hearing that the weeds or trash shall be abated within five 2425business days after the hearing and if such weeds or trash are not removed within five business days after the hearing, the order shall allow the city to 26immediately remove the weeds or trash pursuant to this section. Except for lands 27owned by a public utility, rights-of-way, and easements appurtenant or incidental 2829to lands controlled by any railroad, the department of transportation, the department of natural resources or the department of conservation, the provisions 30 31of this subsection shall not apply to any city with a population of at least seventy 32thousand inhabitants which is located in a county of the first classification with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants which adjoins a 3334county with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants that contains part of a city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more 35inhabitants, any city with a population of one hundred thousand or more 36inhabitants which is located within a county of the first classification that adjoins 37no other county of the first classification, or any city, town or village located 38within a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with 39a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants, or any city with a 40population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is located 41in more than one county, or the City of St. Louis, where such city, town or village 4243establishes its own procedures for abatement of weeds or trash, and such city may charge its costs of collecting the tax bill, including attorney fees, in the event a 44 lawsuit is required to enforce a tax bill. 45

46 2. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, if weeds are allowed47 to grow, or if trash is allowed to accumulate, on the same property in violation of

an ordinance more than once during the same growing season in the case of 4849weeds, or more than once during a calendar year in the case of trash, in any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is 5051located in more than one county, in the City of St. Louis, in any city, town or village located in a county of the first classification with a charter form of 52government with a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants, in 53any fourth class city located in a county of the first classification with a charter 5455form of government and a population of less than three hundred thousand, or in 56any home rule city with more than one hundred thirteen thousand two hundred but less than one hundred thirteen thousand three hundred inhabitants located 57in a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred 58thousand but less than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, the marshal or other 59designated city official may order that the weeds or trash be abated within five 60 business days after notice is sent to or posted on the property. In case the weeds 61or trash are not removed within the five days, the marshal or other designated 62city official may have the weeds or trash removed and the cost of the same shall 63 be billed in the manner described in subsection 1 of this section. 64

3. If weeds are allowed to grow, or if trash is allowed to accumulate, on 65 the same property in violation of an ordinance more than once during the same 66 67 growing season in the case of weeds, or more than once during a calendar year 68in the case of trash, in any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand 69 or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county, in the City of St. 70Louis, in any city, town or village located in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population of nine hundred thousand 71or more inhabitants, in any fourth class city located in a county of the first 72classification with a charter form of government and a population of less than 7374three hundred thousand, in any home rule city with more than one hundred thirteen thousand two hundred but less than one hundred thirteen thousand 75three hundred inhabitants located in a county with a charter form of government 76 77and with more than six hundred thousand but less than seven hundred thousand 78inhabitants, [in any third class city with a population of at least ten thousand 79inhabitants but less than fifteen thousand inhabitants with the greater part of 80 the population located in a county of the first classification, in any city of the third classification with more than sixteen thousand nine hundred but less than 81 seventeen thousand inhabitants, or in any city of the third classification with 82more than eight thousand but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants] or in any 83

84 city of the third classification, the marshal or other designated official may, 85 without further notification, have the weeds or trash removed and the cost of the 86 same shall be billed in the manner described in subsection 1 of this section. The 87 provisions of subsection 2 and this subsection do not apply to lands owned by a 88 public utility and lands, rights-of-way, and easements appurtenant or incidental 89 to lands controlled by any railroad.

90 4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any city with a 91 population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants which is located within 92 a county of the first classification that adjoins no other county of the first 93 classification where such city establishes its own procedures for abatement of 94 weeds or trash, and such city may charge its costs of collecting the tax bill, 95 including attorney fees, in the event a lawsuit is required to enforce a tax bill.

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