## SENATE BILL NO. 321

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATORS DAYS AND BRAY.

Read 1st time February 5, 2009, and ordered printed.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 565, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to the creation of a death penalty commission.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 565, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section 565.047, to read as follows:

565.047. 1. A commission on the death penalty is hereby created within the office of administration to consist of ten members: two members from the house of representatives with one from each party, the majority party member shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and the minority party member shall be appointed by the minority floor leader; two members from the senate, one from each party, the majority party member shall be appointed by the president pro tem and the minority party member shall be appointed by the minority floor leader; a county prosecutor appointed by the Missouri Association of Prosecuting Attorneys and a criminal 10 11 defense lawyer appointed by the Missouri Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers; the state public defender or his or her designee; the 12attorney general or his or her designee; a murder victim's family 13 member and a family member of an individual on death row appointed 15 by the director of the department of corrections. Commission members shall be comprised equally of individuals in favor and those opposed to 16 17 the death penalty. The members of the commission shall serve without 18 compensation, but the members shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the work of the commission. The commission 20 shall be appointed and staffed on or before December 1, 2009.

2. The commission on the death penalty shall elect a chair. The

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commission shall be assisted in its work by the staff of the Missouri supreme court and the personnel and staff of the state public universities.

- 3. The commission on the death penalty shall hold public hearings throughout the state, calling before it witnesses to testify and allowing other interested citizens to comment on issues relevant to the administration of the death penalty in Missouri.
- 29 4. The commission shall study all aspects of the death penalty as 30 administered in the state. As part of this study, the commission on the death penalty shall review and analyze all cases in which the death 31 32penalty was sought and use a scientific method of random sampling to 33 review and analyze a statistical representation of cases in which charges of first degree murder, second degree murder, or voluntary 34manslaughter were filed on or after January 1, 1977. The sampling 35shall have geographic representation across the state based on population distribution. Such review and analyses shall examine all 37 available data concerning: 38
- 39 (1) The facts of the offense including mitigating and aggravating 40 circumstances;
  - (2) The county in which the charges were filed;
- 42 (3) The charges originally filed;
- 43 (4) The crime for which the defendant was convicted, or to which 44 the defendant entered a plea of guilty or for which the defendant was 45 tried and acquitted;
- 46 (5) The sentence imposed;

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- 47 (6) The age, race, gender, religious preference, and economic 48 status of the defendant and the victim;
- 49 (7) Whether evidence exists that the defendant was mentally 50 retarded or mentally ill or both;
- 51 (8) Whether the defendant had a prior criminal record and 52 detailing that record if one exists;
- 53 (9) The identity, number, and experience level of defense counsel at trial, appeal, and post conviction;
- 55 (10) The identity, number, and experience level of trial and 56 appellate prosecutors, including, where appropriate, members of the 57 staff of the attorney general;
- 58 (11) The body of evidence assembled to obtain a homicide

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conviction, including physical evidence, eyewitness testimony, 59 60 informant testimony, etc.;

- (12) The results of any appellate review;
- 62 (13) The results of any post-conviction review in state or federal 63 court; and
- 64 (14) The cost per disposition and implementation of sentence. A cost analysis shall include comparison costs, both direct and indirect, 65 born by county and state governments in the prosecution and defense 66 of the defendant in all homicide cases where a death sentence was 67 sought and in at least an equal number of homicide cases where a death 68 69 sentence was not sought.
- 70 5. In considering the experience level of attorneys and the adequacy of resources as described in subdivisions (9) and (10) of 71subsection 4 of this section, the commission shall consider the 72experience and training levels required by the Missouri supreme court, the experience and training levels required by the courts and 74legislatures of other jurisdictions in which the death penalty is 75 76 imposed, and the recommendations of national associations.
- 77 6. The review conducted by the commission shall include all such 78 charges filed during the study period.
  - 7. The commission shall study whether alternatives to the death penalty exist that would sufficiently ensure public safety and address other legitimate social and penological interests, including the interests of families of victims.
- 83 8. The commission shall report its findings and recommendations regarding the death penalty, including remedies for any deficiencies 84 85 found by the commission, to the governor, members of the legislature, and the Missouri supreme court by January 1, 2012. 86
- 9. The commission shall make recommendations for amendments 87 to the statutes and court rules pertaining to cases in which the death 88 penalty is sought or imposed to provide assurances that: 89
- (1) Defendants who are sentenced to death are in fact guilty of 90 first degree murder; 91
- (2) Defendants in cases in which the death penalty is sought are provided adequate and experienced counsel and adequate resources for 93 the defense of their cases at trial and at the appellate and post-94 conviction stages; 95

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- 96 (3) Race does not play an impermissible role in determining 97 which defendants are sentenced to death;
- 98 (4) Appellate and post-conviction procedures are adequate to 99 provide a fair opportunity for the courts of this state to correct errors 100 and injustices that occurred at trial in cases in which the death penalty 101 is imposed, including but not limited to allowing access to physical 102 evidence for later testing and analysis; and
- 103 (5) All prosecutors throughout the state use similar criteria to 104 determine whether to seek the death penalty in a case involving 105 criminal homicide.
- 106 10. No execution of a defendant shall take place between the 107 effective date of this section and January 1, 2013.
- 11. During the moratorium period, the special procedures in cases of first degree murder provided in sections 565.030 to 565.040 and any other proceedings related to capital cases, including motions for post-conviction relief, shall continue to be operative and shall proceed as if no such moratorium were in place, except that no day certain for execution shall be appointed that falls during the moratorium.

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