SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[P E R F E C T E D]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 724

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Financial and Governmental Organizations and Elections, February 7, 2008, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 724, adopted February 12, 2008.

Taken up for Perfection February 12, 2008. Bill declared Perfected and Ordered Printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

3351S.03P

AN ACT

To repeal sections 195.070, 195.100, 334.104, and 335.016, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to nurses.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 195.070, 195.100, 334.104, and 335.016, RSMo, are

- 2 repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 195.070, 195.100, 334.104, 335.016, and 335.019, to read as follows:

195.070. 1. A physician, podiatrist, dentist, or a registered optometrist

- 2 certified to administer pharmaceutical agents as provided in section 336.220,
- 3 RSMo, in good faith and in the course of his or her professional practice only, may
- 4 prescribe, administer, and dispense controlled substances or he or she may cause
- 5 the same to be administered or dispensed by an individual as authorized by
- 6 statute.
- 7 2. An advanced practice registered nurse, as defined in section
- 8 335.016, RSMo, who holds a certificate of controlled substance
- 9 prescriptive authority from the board of nursing under section 335.019,
- 10 RSMo, and who is delegated the authority to prescribe controlled
- 11 substances under a collaborative practice arrangement under section
- 12 334.104, RSMo, may prescribe any controlled substances listed in
- 13 Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017. However, no such certified
- 14 advanced practice registered nurse shall prescribe controlled substance
- 15 for his or her own self or family.

12

13

14

16

17

18 19

20

2122

26

- 16 3. A veterinarian, in good faith and in the course of his professional 17 practice only, and not for use by a human being, may prescribe, administer, and dispense controlled substances and he may cause them to be administered by an 18 19 assistant or orderly under his direction and supervision.
- 20 [3.] 4. A practitioner shall not accept any portion of a controlled 21 substance unused by a patient, for any reason, if such practitioner did not 22 originally dispense the drug.
- 23 [4.] 5. An individual practitioner may not prescribe or dispense a 24controlled substance for such practitioner's personal use except in a medical 25emergency.
- 195.100. 1. It shall be unlawful to distribute any controlled substance in a commercial container unless such container bears a label containing an identifying symbol for such substance in accordance with federal laws. 3
- 4 2. It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer of any controlled substance to distribute such substance unless the labeling thereof conforms to the 5 requirements of federal law and contains the identifying symbol required in subsection 1 of this section.
- 8 3. The label of a controlled substance in Schedule II, III or IV shall, when dispensed to or for a patient, contain a clear, concise warning that it is a criminal 10 offense to transfer such narcotic or dangerous drug to any person other than the 11 patient.
- 4. Whenever a manufacturer sells or dispenses a controlled substance and whenever a wholesaler sells or dispenses a controlled substance in a package prepared by him, he shall securely affix to each package in which that drug is contained, a label showing in legible English the name and address of the vendor 15and the quantity, kind, and form of controlled substance contained therein. No person except a pharmacist for the purpose of filling a prescription under sections 195.005 to 195.425, shall alter, deface, or remove any label so affixed.
- 5. Whenever a pharmacist or practitioner sells or dispenses any controlled substance on a prescription issued by a physician, dentist, podiatrist [or], veterinarian, or advanced practice registered nurse, he shall affix to the container in which such drug is sold or dispensed, a label showing his own name 23and address of the pharmacy or practitioner for whom he is lawfully acting; the 24name of the patient or, if the patient is an animal, the name of the owner of the animal and the species of the animal; the name of the physician, dentist, 25podiatrist [or], advanced practice registered nurse, or veterinarian by whom

27 the prescription was written; the name of the collaborating physician if the

- 28 prescription is written by an advanced practice registered nurse, and
- 29 such directions as may be stated on the prescription. No person shall alter,
- 30 deface, or remove any label so affixed.
 - 334.104. 1. A physician may enter into collaborative practice
- 2 arrangements with registered professional nurses. Collaborative practice
- 3 arrangements shall be in the form of written agreements, jointly agreed-upon
- 4 protocols, or standing orders for the delivery of health care
- 5 services. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may
- 6 delegate to a registered professional nurse the authority to administer or dispense
- 7 drugs and provide treatment as long as the delivery of such health care services
- 8 is within the scope of practice of the registered professional nurse and is
- 9 consistent with that nurse's skill, training and competence.
- 10 2. Collaborative practice arrangements, which shall be in writing, may
- 11 delegate to a registered professional nurse the authority to administer, dispense
- 12 or prescribe drugs and provide treatment if the registered professional nurse is
- 13 an advanced practice nurse as defined in subdivision (2) of section 335.016,
- 14 RSMo. Collaborative practice arrangements may delegate to an
 - 5 advanced practice registered nurse, as defined in section 335.016,
- 16 RSMo, the authority to administer, dispense, or prescribe controlled
- 17 substances listed in Schedules III, IV, and V of section 195.017,
- 18 RSMo. Such collaborative practice arrangements shall be in the form of written
- 19 agreements, jointly agreed-upon protocols or standing orders for the delivery of
- 20 health care services.
- 3. The written collaborative practice arrangement shall contain
- 22 at least the following provisions:
- 23 (1) Complete names, home and business addresses, zip codes, and
- 24 telephone numbers of the collaborating physician and the advanced
- 25 practice registered nurse;
- 26 (2) A list of all other offices or locations besides those listed in
- 27 subdivision (1) of this subsection where the collaborating physician
- 28 authorized the advanced practice registered nurse to prescribe;
- 29 (3) A requirement that there shall be posted at every office
- 30 where the advanced practice registered nurse is authorized to
- 31 prescribe, in collaboration with a physician, a prominently displayed
- 32 disclosure statement informing patients that they may be seen by an

SCS SB 724

44

33 advanced practice registered nurse and have the right to see the 34 collaborating physician;

- 35 (4) All specialty or board certifications of the collaborating 36 physician and all certifications of the advanced practice registered 37 nurse;
- 38 (5) The manner of collaboration between the collaborating 39 physician and the advanced practice registered nurse, including how 40 the collaborating physician and the advanced practice registered nurse 41 will:
- 42 (a) Engage in collaborative practice consistent with each 43 professional's skill, training, education, and competence;
 - (b) Maintain geographic proximity; and
- 45 (c) Provide coverage during absence, incapacity, infirmity, or 46 emergency by the collaborating physician;
- (6) A description of the advanced practice registered nurse's controlled substance prescriptive authority in collaboration with the physician, including a list of the controlled substances the physician authorizes the nurse to prescribe and documentation that it is consistent with each professional's education, knowledge, skill, and competence;
- 53 (7) A list of all other written practice agreements of the 54 collaborating physician and the advanced practice registered nurse;
- 55 (8) The duration of the written practice agreement between the 56 collaborating physician and the advanced practice registered nurse; 57 and
- 58 (9) A description of the time and manner of the collaborating physician's review of the advanced practice registered nurse's 60 prescribing practices. The description shall include provisions that the advanced practice registered nurse shall submit documentation of the 61 advanced practice registered nurse's prescribing practices to the 62collaborating physician within fourteen days. The documentation shall 63 include, but not be limited to, a random sample review by the 64collaborating physician of at least twenty percent of the charts and 65medications prescribed. 66
- 4. The state board of registration for the healing arts pursuant to section 334.125 and the board of nursing pursuant to section 335.036, RSMo, may jointly promulgate rules regulating the use of collaborative practice arrangements. Such

85

86

87

88 89

90

91 92

93

94

95

96

97

9899

100101

102

103

104105

70 rules shall be limited to specifying geographic areas to be covered, the methods 71 of treatment that may be covered by collaborative practice arrangements and the requirements for review of services provided pursuant to collaborative practice 7273 arrangements including delegating authority to prescribe controlled substances. Any rules relating to dispensing or distribution of medications or 74devices by prescription or prescription drug orders under this section shall be 75 subject to the approval of the state board of pharmacy. In order to take effect, 76 such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each 77 78 board. Neither the state board of registration for the healing arts nor the board of nursing may separately promulgate rules relating to collaborative practice 79 80 arrangements. Such jointly promulgated rules shall be consistent with guidelines for federally funded clinics. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection 81 shall not extend to collaborative practice arrangements of hospital employees 82 83 providing inpatient care within hospitals as defined pursuant to chapter 197, RSMo. 84

[4.] 5. The state board of registration for the healing arts shall not deny, revoke, suspend or otherwise take disciplinary action against a physician for health care services delegated to a registered professional nurse provided the provisions of this section and the rules promulgated thereunder are satisfied. Upon the written request of a physician subject to a disciplinary action imposed as a result of an agreement between a physician and a registered professional nurse or registered physician assistant, whether written or not, prior to August 28, 1993, all records of such disciplinary licensure action and all records pertaining to the filing, investigation or review of an alleged violation of this chapter incurred as a result of such an agreement shall be removed from the records of the state board of registration for the healing arts and the division of professional registration and shall not be disclosed to any public or private entity seeking such information from the board or the division. The state board of registration for the healing arts shall take action to correct reports of alleged violations and disciplinary actions as described in this section which have been submitted to the National Practitioner Data Bank. In subsequent applications or representations relating to his medical practice, a physician completing forms or documents shall not be required to report any actions of the state board of registration for the healing arts for which the records are subject to removal under this section.

[5.] 6. Within thirty days of any change and on each renewal, the state

board of registration for the healing arts shall require every physician to identify whether the physician is engaged in any collaborative practice agreement, including collaborative practice agreements delegating the authority to prescribe controlled substances, or physician assistant agreement and also report to the board the name of each licensed professional with whom the physician has entered into such agreement. The board may make this information available to the public. The board shall track the reported information and may routinely conduct random reviews of such agreements to ensure that agreements are carried out for compliance under this chapter.

- [6.] 7. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, a registered nurse who has graduated from a school of nurse anesthesia accredited by the Council on Accreditation of Educational Programs of Nurse Anesthesia or its predecessor and has been certified or is eligible for certification as a nurse anesthetist by the Council on Certification of Nurse Anesthetists shall be permitted to provide anesthesia services without a collaborative practice arrangement provided that he or she is under the supervision of an anesthesiologist or other physician, dentist, or podiatrist who is immediately available if needed.
- 8. A collaborating physician shall not enter into a collaborative practice arrangement with more than three full-time equivalent advanced practice registered nurses. This limitation shall not apply to collaborative arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care service in hospitals as defined in chapter 197, RSMo.
 - 9. It is the responsibility of the collaborating physician to determine and document the completion of at least a one-month period of time during which the advanced practice registered nurse shall practice with the collaborating physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where the collaborating physician is not continuously present.
 - 10. No agreement made under this section shall supersede current hospital licensing regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital as defined in section 197.020, RSMo, if such protocols or standing orders have been approved by the hospital's medical staff and pharmaceutical therapeutics committee.

153

154155

156

157

158

 2

142 11. No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to 143 act as a collaborating physician for an advanced practice registered nurse against the physician's will. A physician shall have the right to 144 145 refuse to act as a collaborating physician, without penalty, for a 146 particular advanced practice registered nurse. No contract or other agreement shall limit the collaborating physician's ultimate authority 147 over any protocols or standing orders or in the delegation of the 148 149 physician's authority to any advanced practice registered nurse, but 150 this requirement shall not authorize a physician in implementing such protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards 151 for safe medical practice established by hospital's medical staff. 152

12. No contract or other agreement shall require any advanced practice registered nurse to serve as a collaborating advanced practice registered nurse for any collaborating physician against the advanced practice registered nurse's will. An advanced practice registered nurse shall have the right to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

335.016. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words and terms mean:

- 3 (1) "Accredited", the official authorization or status granted by an agency 4 for a program through a voluntary process;
- 5 (2) "Advanced practice registered nurse", a nurse who has [had] education beyond the basic nursing education and is certified by a nationally 6 recognized professional organization [as having a nursing specialty, or who meets 7 criteria for advanced practice nurses established by the board of nursing. The board of nursing may promulgate rules specifying which professional nursing organization certifications are to be recognized as advanced practice nurses, and 10 may set standards for education, training and experience required for those 11 without such specialty certification to become advanced practice nurses] as a 13 certified nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, certified 14 registered nurse anesthetist, or a certified clinical nurse 15 specialist. The board shall promulgate rules specifying which 16 nationally recognized professional organization certifications are to be recognized for the purposes of this section. Advanced practice nurses and 17 18 only such individuals may use the title "Advanced Practice Registered Nurse" and the abbreviation "APRN"; 19

- 20 (3) "Approval", official recognition of nursing education programs which 21 meet standards established by the board of nursing;
- 22 (4) "Board" or "state board", the state board of nursing;
- 23 (5) "Certified nurse practitioner", a registered nurse who is 24 currently certified as a nurse practitioner by a nationally recognized 25 certifying body approved by the board of nursing;
- 26 (6) "Certified clinical nurse specialist", a registered nurse who is 27 currently certified as a clinical nurse specialist by a nationally 28 recognized certifying board approved by the board of nursing;
- (7) "Certified nurse midwife", a registered nurse who is currently certified as a nurse midwife by the American College of Nurse Midwives, or other nationally recognized certifying body approved by the board of nursing;
- 33 (8) "Certified registered nurse anesthetist", a registered nurse 34 who is currently certified as a nurse anesthetist by the Council on 35 Certification of Nurse Anesthetists, the Council on Recertification of 36 Nurse Anesthetists, or other nationally recognized certifying body 37 approved by the board of nursing;
- [(5)] (9) "Executive director", a qualified individual employed by the board as executive secretary or otherwise to administer the provisions of this chapter under the board's direction. Such person employed as executive director shall not be a member of the board;
- 42 [(6)] (10) "Inactive nurse", as defined by rule pursuant to section 43 335.061;
- 44 [(7)] (11) "Lapsed license status", as defined by rule under section 45 335.061;
- [(8)] (12) "Licensed practical nurse" or "practical nurse", a person licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to engage in the practice of practical nursing;
- [(9)] (13) "Licensure", the issuing of a license to practice professional or practical nursing to candidates who have met the specified requirements and the recording of the names of those persons as holders of a license to practice professional or practical nursing;
- [(10)] (14) "Practical nursing", the performance for compensation of selected acts for the promotion of health and in the care of persons who are ill, injured, or experiencing alterations in normal health processes. Such

68 69

70

71

79

80 81

82

performance requires substantial specialized skill, judgment and knowledge. All 57 such nursing care shall be given under the direction of a person licensed by a state regulatory board to prescribe medications and treatments or under the 58 59 direction of a registered professional nurse. For the purposes of this chapter, the term "direction" shall mean guidance or supervision provided by a person licensed 60 61 by a state regulatory board to prescribe medications and treatments or a registered professional nurse, including, but not limited to, oral, written, or 62 63 otherwise communicated orders or directives for patient care. When practical 64 nursing care is delivered pursuant to the direction of a person licensed by a state regulatory board to prescribe medications and treatments or under the direction 65 of a registered professional nurse, such care may be delivered by a licensed 66 practical nurse without direct physical oversight; 67

- [(11)] (15) "Professional nursing", the performance for compensation of any act which requires substantial specialized education, judgment and skill based on knowledge and application of principles derived from the biological, physical, social and nursing sciences, including, but not limited to:
- 72 (a) Responsibility for the teaching of health care and the prevention of 73 illness to the patient and his or her family;
- 74 (b) Assessment, nursing diagnosis, nursing care, and counsel of persons 75 who are ill, injured or experiencing alterations in normal health processes;
- 76 (c) The administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a 77 person licensed by a state regulatory board to prescribe medications and 78 treatments;
 - (d) The coordination and assistance in the delivery of a plan of health care with all members of a health team;
 - (e) The teaching and supervision of other persons in the performance of any of the foregoing;
- [(12)] (16) A "registered professional nurse" or "registered nurse", a person licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to engage in the practice of professional nursing;
- [(13)] (17) "Retired license status", any person licensed in this state under this chapter who retires from such practice. Such person shall file with the board an affidavit, on a form to be furnished by the board, which states the date on which the licensee retired from such practice, an intent to retire from the practice for at least two years, and such other facts as tend to verify the retirement as the board may deem necessary; but if the licensee thereafter

10

11

12

17

19

2021

22

92 reengages in the practice, the licensee shall renew his or her license with the board as provided by this chapter and by rule and regulation.

335.019. The board of nursing may grant a certificate of controlled substance prescriptive authority to an advanced practice registered nurse who: 3

- (1) Submits proof of successful completion of an advanced 4 pharmacology course that shall include preceptorial experience in the 5 prescription of drugs, medicines and therapeutic devices; and
- 7 (2) Provides documentation of a minimum of three hundred clock hours preceptorial experience in the prescription of drugs, medicines, 9 and therapeutic devices with a qualified preceptor; and
- (3) Provides evidence of a minimum of one thousand hours of practice in an advanced practice nursing category prior to application for a certificate of prescriptive authority. The one thousand hours 13 shall not include clinical hours obtained in the advanced practice nursing education program. The one thousand hours of practice in an 14 15advanced practice nursing category may include transmitting a 16 prescription order orally or telephonically or to an inpatient medical record from protocols developed in collaboration with and signed by a licensed physician; and
- (4) Has a controlled substance prescribing authority delegated in the collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.104, RSMo, with a physician who has an unrestricted federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration number and who is actively engaged in a practice comparable in scope, specialty, or expertise to that of the 24 advanced practice registered nurse.