SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILLS NOS. 1225 & 1226

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Education, March 13, 2008, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass and be placed on the Consent Calendar.

Senate Committee Substitute adopted April 2, 2008.

Taken up April 2, 2008. Read 3rd time and placed upon its final passage; bill passed.

4694S.02P

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 162.961 and 162.963, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to special education due process hearings.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 162.961 and 162.963, RSMo, are repealed and two new

- 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 162.961 and 162.963, to
- 3 read as follows:

162.961. 1. A parent, guardian or the responsible educational agency may

- 2 request a due process hearing by the state board of education with respect to any
- 3 matter relating to identification, evaluation, educational placement, or the
- 4 provision of a free appropriate public education of the child. Such request shall
- 5 include the child's name, address, school, issue, and suggested resolution of
- 6 dispute if known. Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, the board
- 7 or its delegated representative shall within fifteen days after receiving notice
- 8 empower a hearing panel of three persons who are not directly connected with the
- 9 original decision and who are not employees of the board to which the appeal has
- 10 been made. All of the panel members shall have some knowledge or training
- 11 involving children with disabilities, none shall have a personal or professional
- 12 interest which would conflict with his or her objectivity in the hearing, and all
- 13 shall meet the department of elementary and secondary education's training and

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assessment requirements pursuant to state regulations and federal law and regulation requirements of the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act. One person shall be chosen by the local school district board or its delegated 16 17representative or the responsible educational agency, and one person shall be chosen at the recommendation of the parent or guardian. If either party has not 18 chosen a panel member ten days after the receipt by the department of 20 elementary and secondary education of the request for a due process hearing, 21such panel member shall be chosen instead by the department of elementary and 22secondary education. Each of these two panel members shall be compensated pursuant to a rate set by the department of elementary and secondary 2324education. The third person shall be appointed by the state board of education and shall serve as the chairperson of the panel. The chairperson shall be an 25 attorney licensed to practice law in this state. During the pendency of any 2627three-member panel hearing, or prior to the empowerment of the panel, the 28 parties may, by mutual agreement, submit their dispute to a mediator pursuant to section 162.959. 29

- 2. The parent or guardian, school official, and other persons affected by the action in question shall present to the hearing panel all pertinent evidence relative to the matter under appeal. All rights and privileges as described in section 162.963 shall be permitted.
- 3. After review of all evidence presented and a proper deliberation, the hearing panel, within the time lines required by the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Section 1415 and any amendments thereto, shall by majority vote determine its findings, conclusions, and decision in the matter in question and forward the written decision to the parents or guardian of the child 38 and to the president of the appropriate local board of education or responsible 39 educational agency and to the department of elementary and secondary education. 40 A specific extension of the time line may be made by the chairman at the request of either party, except in the case of an expedited hearing as provided in subsection 4 of this section.
- 4. An expedited due process hearing by the state board of education may be requested by a parent to challenge a disciplinary change of placement or to challenge a manifestation determination in connection with a disciplinary change 46 47 of placement or by a responsible educational agency to seek a forty-five school day alternative educational placement for a dangerous or violent student. The board 48 or its delegated representative shall appoint a hearing officer to hear the case and

render a decision within the time line required by federal law and state regulations implementing federal law. The hearing officer shall be an attorney licensed to practice law in this state. The hearing officer shall have some knowledge or training involving children with disabilities, shall not have a personal or professional interest which would conflict with his or her objectivity in the hearing, and shall meet the department of elementary and secondary education's training and assessment requirements pursuant to state regulations and federal law and regulation requirements of the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act. A specific extension of the time line is only permissible to the extent consistent with federal law and pursuant to state regulations.

- 5. If the responsible public agency requests a due process hearing to seek a forty-five school day alternative educational placement for a dangerous or violent student, the agency shall show by substantial evidence that there is a substantial likelihood the student will injure himself or others and that the agency made reasonable efforts to minimize that risk, and shall show that the forty-five school day alternative educational placement will provide a free appropriate public education which includes services and modifications to address the behavior so that it does not reoccur, and continue to allow progress in the general education curriculum.
- 6. Any due process hearing request and responses to the request shall conform to the requirements of the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Determination of the sufficiency shall be made by the chairperson of the three-member hearing panel, or in the case of an expedited due process hearing, by the hearing officer. The chairperson or hearing officer shall implement the process and procedures, including time lines, required by the IDEA, related to sufficiency of notice, response to notice, determination of sufficiency dispute, and amendments of the notice.
- 7. A preliminary meeting, known as a resolution session, shall be convened by the responsible public agency, under the requirements of the IDEA. The process and procedures required by the IDEA in connection to the resolution session and any resulting written settlement agreement shall be implemented. The responsible public agency or its designee shall sign the agreement. The designee identified by the responsible public agency shall have the authority to bind the agency. A local board of education, as a responsible public agency, shall identify a designee with authority to bind the school district.

162.963. 1. At any hearing held pursuant to the provisions of section 2 162.961, except as otherwise provided in this section, either party or a 3 representative shall be entitled to:

- 4 (1) Be accompanied and advised by counsel and by individuals with 5 special knowledge or training with respect to the problems of children with 6 disabilities;
- 7 (2) Present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the 8 attendance of witnesses;
- 9 (3) Prohibit the introduction of any evidence, including all evaluations and 10 recommendations based on the offering party's evaluation, at the hearing that has 11 not been disclosed to that party at least five business days before the hearing[, 12 except this shall not be applicable in the case of an expedited hearing where no 13 discovery shall take place];
- 14 (4) Obtain a written or, at the option of the parents, electronic verbatim 15 record of the hearing; and
- 16 (5) Obtain written or, at the option of the parents, electronic findings of fact and decision.
- 2. Parents involved in hearings have the right to have the child who is the subject of the hearing present and the right to open the hearing to the public.
- 3. Prior to the resolution conference or hearing, the parent or guardian or a representative of the parent or guardian shall have access to any reports, records, clinical evaluations or other materials upon which the action to be reviewed was wholly or partially based which could reasonably have a bearing on the correctness of the determination.
- 4. A complete record shall be made of all proceedings unless otherwise specified by statute, which records shall include verbatim transcription of all testimony and shall include all documents, writings, or other evidence presented by any party. Costs incurred during these proceedings, except those of the parties for purchasing diagnostic services or legal counsel or other services of a personal nature, shall be the responsibility of the state board of education.

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