SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 884

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR GRAHAM.

Pre-filed December 18, 2007, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

3975S.01I

AN ACT

To repeal section 307.178, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to safety belts, with a penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 307.178, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 307.178, to read as follows:

307.178. 1. As used in this section, the term "passenger car" means every 2 motor vehicle designed for carrying ten persons or less and used for the 3 transportation of persons; except that, the term "passenger car" shall not include 4 motorcycles, motorized bicycles, or motor tricycles[, and trucks with a licensed 5 gross weight of twelve thousand pounds or more].

6 2. Each driver[, except persons employed by the United States Postal 7 Service while performing duties for that federal agency which require the 8 operator to service postal boxes from their vehicles, or which require frequent entry into and exit from their vehicles,] and [front seat] passenger of a passenger 9 10 car manufactured after January 1, 1968, operated on a street or highway in this state, and persons [less than eighteen years of age] operating or riding in a truck, 11 12as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, on a street or highway of this state shall wear a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt that meets federal National 1314 Highway, Transportation and Safety Act requirements. [No person shall be stopped, inspected, or detained solely to determine compliance with this 1516 subsection.] The provisions of this section and section 307.179 shall not be applicable to [persons] any person who [have] possesses documentation 1718from a physician that such person has a medical reason for failing to have 19a seat belt fastened about their body[, nor shall]. No person shall be found 20guilty of violating this section or section 307.179 if such person 21demonstrates to the court that he or she has a medical reason for 22failing to have a seat belt fastened about their body. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to persons while operating or riding a motor 23vehicle being used in agricultural work-related activities. Noncompliance with 2425this subsection shall not constitute probable cause for violation of any other 26provision of law. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the transporting of children under sixteen years of age, as provided in section 2728307.179. Persons employed by the United States Postal Service while 29performing duties for that federal agency which require the operator 30 to service postal boxes from their vehicles, or which require frequent 31entry into and exit from their vehicles are exempt from the provisions 32of this subsection.

33 3. Each driver of a motor vehicle transporting a child less than sixteen
34 years of age shall secure the child in a properly adjusted and fastened restraint
35 under section 307.179.

4. In any action to recover damages arising out of the ownership, common maintenance or operation of a motor vehicle, failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section shall not be considered evidence of comparative negligence. Failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section may be admitted to mitigate damages, but only under the following circumstances:

41 (1) Parties seeking to introduce evidence of the failure to wear a safety
42 belt in violation of this section must first introduce expert evidence proving that
43 a failure to wear a safety belt contributed to the injuries claimed by plaintiff;

44 (2) If the evidence supports such a finding, the trier of fact may find that 45 the plaintiff's failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section contributed 46 to the plaintiff's claimed injuries, and may reduce the amount of the plaintiff's 47 recovery by an amount not to exceed one percent of the damages awarded after 48 any reductions for comparative negligence.

5. Except as otherwise provided for in section 307.179, each person who violates the provisions of subsection 2 of this section is guilty of an infraction for which a fine not to exceed ten dollars may be imposed. All other provisions of law and court rules to the contrary notwithstanding, no court costs shall be imposed on any person due to a violation of this section. In no case shall points be assessed against any person, pursuant to section 302.302, RSMo, for a violation of this section. 3

6. The state highways and transportation commission shall initiate and develop a program of public information to develop understanding of, and ensure compliance with, the provisions of this section. The commission shall evaluate the effectiveness of this section and shall include a report of its findings in the annual evaluation report on its highway safety plan that it submits to NHTSA and FHWA pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 402.

62 7. If there are more persons than there are seat belts in the enclosed area of a motor vehicle, then the passengers who are unable to wear seat belts 63 because all existing seat belts are in use shall sit [in the area] on the 64seats behind the front seat of the motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is 6566 designed only for a front-seated area. The passenger or passengers occupying a seat location referred to in this subsection is not in violation of this section. This 67subsection shall not apply to passengers who are accompanying a driver of a 68motor vehicle who is licensed under section 302.178, RSMo. 69

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