## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## **SENATE BILL NO. 1202**

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CROWELL.

Read 1st time February 27, 2008, and ordered printed.

5334S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 408.052, 408.140, and 408.233, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to home and automobile security plans, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 408.052, 408.140, and 408.233, RSMo, are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 408.052, 408.140, and 408.233, to read as follows:

408.052. 1. No lender shall charge, require or receive, on any residential real estate loan, any points or other fees of any nature whatsoever, excepting  $\mathbf{2}$ insurance, including insurance for involuntary unemployment coverage, and a 3 one-percent origination fee, whether from the buyer or the seller or any other 4 person, except that the lender may charge bona fide expenses paid by the lender 56 to any other person or entity except to an officer, employee, or director of the lender or to any business in which any officer, employee or director of the lender 7 8 owns any substantial interest for services actually performed in connection with a loan. In addition to the foregoing, if the loan is for the construction, repair, or 9 10 improvement of residential real estate, the lender may charge a fee not to exceed one percent of the loan amount for inspection and disbursement of the proceeds 11 12of the loan to third parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the parties may contract for a default charge for any installment not paid in full within fifteen 1314days of its scheduled due date. The restrictions of this section shall not apply: 15(1) To any loan which is insured or covered by guarantee made by any 16department, board, bureau, commission, agency or establishment of the United 17States, pursuant to the authority of any act of Congress heretofore or hereafter

18 adopted; and

19 (2) To any loan for which an offer or commitment or agreement to 20 purchase has been received from and which is made with the intention of 21 reselling such loan to the Federal Housing Administration, Farmers Home 22 Administration, Federal National Mortgage Association, Government National 23 Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or to any 24 successor to the above-mentioned organizations, to any other state or federal 25 governmental or quasi-governmental organization; and

(3) Provided that the 1994 reenactment of this section shall not be
construed to be action taken in accordance with Public Law 96-221, Section
501(b)(4). Any points or fees received in excess of those permitted under this
section shall be returned to the person from whom received upon demand.

2. Notwithstanding the language in subsection 1 of this section, a lender may pay to an officer, employee or director of the lender, or to any business in which such person has an interest, bona fide fees for services actually and necessarily performed in good faith in connection with a residential real estate loan, provided:

35 (1) Such services are individually listed by amount and payee on the
36 loan-closing documents; and

37 (2) Such lender may use the preemption of Public Law 96-221, Section 501
38 with respect to the residential real estate loan in question.

When fees charged need not be disclosed in the annual percentage rate required by Title 15, U.S.C. Sections 1601, et seq., and regulations thereunder because such fees are de minimis amounts or for other reasons, such fees need not be included in the annual percentage rate for state examination purposes.

3. The lender may charge and collect bona fide fees for services actually and necessarily performed in good faith in connection with a residential real estate loan as provided in subsection 2 of this section; however, the lender's board of directors shall determine whether such bona fide fees shall be paid to the lender or businesses related to the lender in subsection 2 of this section, but may allow current contractual relationships to continue for up to two years.

49 4. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, a lender may sell, 50 charge a fee for, or finance as part of a loan, automobile security plans 51 which provide the purchaser with certain services or items which may 52 include, but not be limited to, full or partial reimbursement of certain 53 costs incurred because of automobile related emergencies such as

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towing, lost or stolen key service, or other access device protection; automobile insurance deductibles; emergency transportation; stolen automobile expenses; emergency treatment expenses; legal consultation and referral; and similar or related services or items. Such automobile security plans may also include travel discounts and other service items.

60 5. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, a lender may sell, charge a fee for, or finance as part of a loan, home security plans which 6162 provide the purchaser with certain services or items which may include, but not be limited to, full or partial reimbursement of certain 63 costs incurred because of home emergencies and accidents such as 64 medical costs, insurance deductibles, or legal consultation and referral; 65lost or stolen key service or other access device protection; and similar 66 or related services. Such home security plans may also include 67pharmacy and vision discounts, travel discounts, and other service 68 69 items.

6. If any points or fees are charged, required or received, which are in excess of those permitted by this section, or which are not returned upon demand when required by this section, then the person paying the same points or fees or his or her legal representative may recover twice the amount paid together with costs of the suit and reasonable attorney's fees, provided that the action is brought within five years of such payment.

76 [5.] 7. Any lender who knowingly violates the provisions of this section77 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

408.140. 1. No further or other charge or amount whatsoever shall be 2 directly or indirectly charged, contracted for or received for interest, service 3 charges or other fees as an incident to any such extension of credit except as 4 provided and regulated by sections 367.100 to 367.200, RSMo, and except:

5 (1) On loans for thirty days or longer which are other than "open-end 6 credit" as such term is defined in the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act and 7 regulations thereunder, a fee, not to exceed five percent of the principal amount 8 loaned not to exceed seventy-five dollars may be charged by the lender; however, 9 no such fee shall be permitted on any extension, refinance, restructure or renewal 10 of any such loan, unless any investigation is made on the application to extend, 11 refinance, restructure or renew the loan;

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(2) The lawful fees actually and necessarily paid out by the lender to any

public officer for filing, recording, or releasing in any public office any instrument securing the loan, which fees may be collected when the loan is made or at any time thereafter; however, premiums for insurance in lieu of perfecting a security interest required by the lender may be charged if the premium does not exceed the fees which would otherwise be payable;

(3) If the contract so provides, a charge for late payment on each installment or minimum payment in default for a period of not less than fifteen days in an amount not to exceed five percent of each installment due or the minimum payment due or fifteen dollars, whichever is greater, not to exceed fifty dollars. If the contract so provides, a charge for late payment on each twenty-five dollars or less installment in default for a period of not less than fifteen days shall not exceed five dollars;

(4) If the contract so provides, a charge for late payment for a single
payment note in default for a period of not less than fifteen days in an amount
not to exceed five percent of the payment due; provided that, the late charge for
a single payment note shall not exceed fifty dollars;

(5) Charges or premiums for insurance written in connection with any loan against loss of or damage to property or against liability arising out of ownership or use of property as provided in section 367.170, RSMo; however, notwithstanding any other provision of law, with the consent of the borrower, such insurance may cover property all or part of which is pledged as security for the loan, and charges or premiums for insurance providing life, health, accident, or involuntary unemployment coverage;

36 (6) Reasonable towing costs and expenses of retaking, holding, preparing
37 for sale, and selling any personal property in accordance with section 400.9,
38 RSMo;

39 (7) Charges assessed by any institution for processing a refused
40 instrument plus a handling fee of not more than twenty-five dollars;

(8) If the contract or promissory note, signed by the borrower, provides for attorney fees, and if it is necessary to bring suit, such attorney fees may not exceed fifteen percent of the amount due and payable under such contract or promissory note, together with any court costs assessed. The attorney fees shall only be applicable where the contract or promissory note is referred for collection to an attorney, and is not handled by a salaried employee of the holder of the contract;

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(9) Provided the debtor agrees in writing, the lender may collect a fee in

49 advance for allowing the debtor to defer up to three monthly loan payments, so 50 long as the fee is no more than the lesser of fifty dollars or ten percent of the loan 51 payments deferred, no extensions are made until the first loan payment is 52 collected and no more than one deferral in a twelve-month period is agreed to and 53 collected on any one loan; this subdivision applies to nonprecomputed loans only 54 and does not affect any other subdivision;

55(10) If the open-end credit contract is tied to a transaction account in a depository institution, such account is in the institution's assets and such 5657contract provides for loans of thirty-one days or longer which are "open-end credit", as such term is defined in the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act and 58regulations thereunder, the creditor may charge a credit advance fee of the lesser 59of twenty-five dollars or five percent of the credit advanced from time to time 60 from the line of credit; such credit advance fee may be added to the open-end 6162 credit outstanding along with any interest, and shall not be considered the unlawful compounding of interest as that term is defined in section 408.120; 63

64 (11) A lender may sell, charge a fee for, or finance as part of an 65 extension of credit, automobile security plans which provide the purchaser with certain services or items which may include, but not be 66 67 limited to, full or partial reimbursement of certain costs incurred because of automobile related emergencies such as towing, lost or 68 stolen key service, or other access device protection; automobile 69 insurance deductibles; emergency transportation; stolen automobile 70expenses; emergency treatment expenses; legal consultation and 71referral; and similar or related services or items. Such automobile 72security plans may also include travel discounts and other service 7374items;

75(12) A lender may sell, charge a fee for, or finance as part of an 76extension of credit, home security plans which provide the purchaser 77with certain services or items which may include, but not be limited to, full or partial reimbursement of certain costs incurred because of home 78 79emergencies and accidents such as medical costs, insurance deductibles, or legal consultation and referral; lost or stolen key 80 service or other access device protection; and similar or related 81 services. Such home security plans may also include pharmacy and 82vision discounts, travel discounts, and other service items. 83

2. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, an open-end

85 credit contract under which a credit card is issued by a company, financial 86 institution, savings and loan or other credit issuing company whose credit card 87 operations are located in Missouri may charge an annual fee, provided that no 88 finance charge shall be assessed on new purchases other than cash advances if 89 such purchases are paid for within twenty-five days of the date of the periodic 90 statement therefor.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in addition
to charges allowed pursuant to section 408.100, an open-end credit contract
provided by a company, financial institution, savings and loan or other credit
issuing company which is regulated pursuant to this chapter may charge an
annual fee not to exceed fifty dollars.

408.233. 1. No charge other than that permitted by section 408.232 shall 2 be directly or indirectly charged, contracted for or received in connection with any 3 second mortgage loan, except as provided in this section:

4 (1) Fees and charges prescribed by law actually and necessarily paid to 5 public officials for perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest related 6 to the second mortgage loan;

7 (2) Taxes;

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(3) Bona fide closing costs paid to third parties, which shall include:

9 (a) Fees or premiums for title examination, title insurance, or similar 10 purposes including survey;

(b) Fees for preparation of a deed, settlement statement, or otherdocuments;

13 (c) Fees for notarizing deeds and other documents;

14 (d) Appraisal fees; and

15 (e) Fees for credit reports;

16 (4) Charges for insurance as described in subsection 2 of this section;

17 (5) A nonrefundable origination fee not to exceed five percent of the
18 principal which may be used by the lender to reduce the rate on a second
19 mortgage loan;

(6) Any amounts paid to the lender by any person, corporation or entity,
other than the borrower, to reduce the rate on a second mortgage loan or to assist
the borrower in qualifying for the loan;

23 (7) For revolving loans, an annual fee not to exceed fifty dollars may be24 assessed.

25 2. An additional charge may be made for insurance written in connection

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with the loan, including insurance protecting the lender against the borrower'sdefault or other credit loss, and:

(1) For insurance against loss of or damage to property where no suchcoverage already exists; and

30 (2) For insurance providing life, accident, health or involuntary31 unemployment coverage.

32 3. The cost of any insurance shall not exceed the rates filed with the 33 division of insurance, and the insurance shall be obtained from an insurance 34 company duly authorized to conduct business in this state. Any person or entity 35 making second mortgage loans, or any of its employees, may be licensed to sell 36 insurance permitted in this section.

37 4. On any second mortgage loan, a default charge may be contracted for and received for any installment or minimum payment not paid in full within 3839 fifteen days of its scheduled due date equal to five percent of the amount or fifteen dollars, whichever is greater, not to exceed fifty dollars. A default charge 40may be collected only once on an installment or a payment due however long it 41 remains in default. A default charge may be collected at the time it accrues or 42at any time thereafter and for purposes of subsection 3 of section 408.234 a 43default charge shall be treated as a payment. No default charge may be collected 44 45on an installment or a payment due which is paid in full within fifteen days of its 46 scheduled due date even though an earlier installment or payment or a default 47charge on earlier installment or payments may not have been paid in full.

485. The lender shall, in addition to the charge authorized by subsection 4 49 of this section, be allowed to assess the borrower or other maker of refused instrument the actual charge made by any institution for processing the 50negotiable instrument, plus a handling fee of not more than twenty-five dollars; 51and, if the contract or promissory note, signed by the borrower, provides for 52attorney fees, and if it is necessary to bring suit, such attorney fees may not 53exceed fifteen percent of the amount due and payable under such contract or 54promissory note, together with any court costs assessed. The attorney fees shall 5556only be applicable where the contract or promissory note is referred for collection 57to an attorney, and are not handled by a salaried employee of the holder of the 58contract or note.

6. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, a lender may sell,
charge a fee for, or finance as part of a loan automobile security plans
which provide the purchaser with certain services or items which may

62 include but not be limited to full or partial reimbursement of certain 63 costs incurred because of automobile related emergencies such as 64 towing, lost or stolen key service, or other access device protection; 65 automobile insurance deductibles; emergency transportation; stolen 66 automobile expenses; emergency treatment expenses; legal consultation 67 and referral; and similar or related services or items. Such automobile 68 security plans may also include travel discounts and other service 69 items.

707. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, a lender may sell, 71charge a fee for, or finance as part of a loan home security plans which provide the purchaser with certain services or items which may 7273 include, but not be limited to, full or partial reimbursement of certain costs incurred because of home emergencies and accidents such as 74medical costs, insurance deductibles, or legal consultation and referral; 7576 lost or stolen key service or other access device protection; and similar 77 or related services. Such home security plans may also include 78 pharmacy and vision discounts, travel discounts, and other service 79 items.