

SECOND REGULAR SESSION
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE BILLS NOS. 818 & 795
94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on the Judiciary and Civil and Criminal Jurisprudence, February 14, 2008, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

3614S.03C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.261, 542.276, 565.090, and 565.225, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to crime, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 160.261, 542.276, 565.090, and 565.225, RSMo, are
2 repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
3 160.261, 542.276, 565.090, and 565.225, to read as follows:

160.261. 1. The local board of education of each school district shall
2 clearly establish a written policy of discipline, including the district's
3 determination on the use of corporal punishment and the procedures in which
4 punishment will be applied. A written copy of the district's discipline policy and
5 corporal punishment procedures, if applicable, shall be provided to the pupil and
6 parent or legal guardian of every pupil enrolled in the district at the beginning
7 of each school year and also made available in the office of the superintendent of
8 such district, during normal business hours, for public inspection. All employees
9 of the district shall annually receive instruction related to the specific contents
10 of the policy of discipline and any interpretations necessary to implement the
11 provisions of the policy in the course of their duties, including but not limited to
12 approved methods of dealing with acts of school violence, disciplining students
13 with disabilities and instruction in the necessity and requirements for
14 confidentiality.

15 2. The policy shall require school administrators to report acts of school
16 violence to teachers and other school district employees with a need to know. For
17 the purposes of this chapter or chapter 167, RSMo, "need to know" is defined as

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

18 school personnel who are directly responsible for the student's education or who
19 otherwise interact with the student on a professional basis while acting within
20 the scope of their assigned duties. As used in this section, the phrase "act of
21 school violence" or "violent behavior" means the exertion of physical force by a
22 student with the intent to do serious physical injury as defined in subdivision (6)
23 of section 565.002, RSMo, to another person while on school property, including
24 a school bus in service on behalf of the district, or while involved in school
25 activities. The policy shall at a minimum require school administrators to report,
26 as soon as reasonably practical, to the appropriate law enforcement agency any
27 of the following [felonies] **crimes**, or any act which if committed by an adult
28 would be one of the following [felonies] **crimes**:

- 29 (1) First degree murder under section 565.020, RSMo;
- 30 (2) Second degree murder under section 565.021, RSMo;
- 31 (3) Kidnapping under section 565.110, RSMo;
- 32 (4) First degree assault under section 565.050, RSMo;
- 33 (5) Forcible rape under section 566.030, RSMo;
- 34 (6) Forcible sodomy under section 566.060, RSMo;
- 35 (7) Burglary in the first degree under section 569.160, RSMo;
- 36 (8) Burglary in the second degree under section 569.170, RSMo;
- 37 (9) Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020, RSMo;
- 38 (10) Distribution of drugs under section 195.211, RSMo;
- 39 (11) Distribution of drugs to a minor under section 195.212, RSMo;
- 40 (12) Arson in the first degree under section 569.040, RSMo;
- 41 (13) Voluntary manslaughter under section 565.023, RSMo;
- 42 (14) Involuntary manslaughter under section 565.024, RSMo;
- 43 (15) Second degree assault under section 565.060, RSMo;
- 44 (16) Sexual assault under section 566.040, RSMo;
- 45 (17) Felonious restraint under section 565.120, RSMo;
- 46 (18) Property damage in the first degree under section 569.100, RSMo;
- 47 (19) The possession of a weapon under chapter 571, RSMo;
- 48 (20) Child molestation in the first degree pursuant to section 566.067,
49 RSMo;
- 50 (21) Deviate sexual assault pursuant to section 566.070, RSMo;
- 51 (22) Sexual misconduct involving a child pursuant to section 566.083,
52 RSMo; [or]
- 53 (23) Sexual abuse pursuant to section 566.100, RSMo;

54 **(24) Harassment under section 565.090, RSMo; or**

55 **(25) Stalking under section 565.225, RSMo;**

56 committed on school property, including but not limited to actions on any school
57 bus in service on behalf of the district or while involved in school activities. The
58 policy shall require that any portion of a student's individualized education
59 program that is related to demonstrated or potentially violent behavior shall be
60 provided to any teacher and other school district employees who are directly
61 responsible for the student's education or who otherwise interact with the student
62 on an educational basis while acting within the scope of their assigned
63 duties. The policy shall also contain the consequences of failure to obey
64 standards of conduct set by the local board of education, and the importance of
65 the standards to the maintenance of an atmosphere where orderly learning is
66 possible and encouraged.

67 3. The policy shall provide that any student who is on suspension for any
68 of the offenses listed in subsection 2 of this section or any act of violence or
69 drug-related activity defined by school district policy as a serious violation of
70 school discipline pursuant to subsection 9 of this section shall have as a condition
71 of his or her suspension the requirement that such student is not allowed, while
72 on such suspension, to be within one thousand feet of any public school in the
73 school district where such student attended school unless:

74 (1) Such student is under the direct supervision of the student's parent,
75 legal guardian, or custodian;

76 (2) Such student is under the direct supervision of another adult
77 designated by the student's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, in advance, in
78 writing, to the principal of the school which suspended the student;

79 (3) Such student is in an alternative school that is located within one
80 thousand feet of a public school in the school district where such student attended
81 school; or

82 (4) Such student resides within one thousand feet of any public school in
83 the school district where such student attended school in which case such student
84 may be on the property of his or her residence without direct adult supervision.

85 4. Any student who violates the condition of suspension required pursuant
86 to subsection 3 of this section may be subject to expulsion or further suspension
87 pursuant to the provisions of sections 167.161, 167.164, and 167.171, RSMo. In
88 making this determination consideration shall be given to whether the student
89 poses a threat to the safety of any child or school employee and whether such

90 student's unsupervised presence within one thousand feet of the school is
91 disruptive to the educational process or undermines the effectiveness of the
92 school's disciplinary policy. Removal of any pupil who is a student with a
93 disability is subject to state and federal procedural rights.

94 5. The policy shall provide for a suspension for a period of not less than
95 one year, or expulsion, for a student who is determined to have brought a weapon
96 to school, including but not limited to the school playground or the school parking
97 lot, brought a weapon on a school bus or brought a weapon to a school activity
98 whether on or off of the school property in violation of district policy, except that:

99 (1) The superintendent or, in a school district with no high school, the
100 principal of the school which such child attends may modify such suspension on
101 a case-by-case basis; and

102 (2) This section shall not prevent the school district from providing
103 educational services in an alternative setting to a student suspended under the
104 provisions of this section.

105 6. For the purpose of this section, the term "weapon" shall mean a firearm
106 as defined under 18 U.S.C. 921 and the following items, as defined in section
107 571.010, RSMo: a blackjack, a concealable firearm, an explosive weapon, a
108 firearm, a firearm silencer, a gas gun, a knife, knuckles, a machine gun, a
109 projectile weapon, a rifle, a shotgun, a spring gun or a switchblade knife; except
110 that this section shall not be construed to prohibit a school board from adopting
111 a policy to allow a Civil War reenactor to carry a Civil War era weapon on school
112 property for educational purposes so long as the firearm is unloaded. The local
113 board of education shall define weapon in the discipline policy. Such definition
114 shall include the weapons defined in this subsection but may also include other
115 weapons.

116 7. All school district personnel responsible for the care and supervision
117 of students are authorized to hold every pupil strictly accountable for any
118 disorderly conduct in school or on any property of the school, on any school bus
119 going to or returning from school, during school-sponsored activities, or during
120 intermission or recess periods.

121 8. Teachers and other authorized district personnel in public schools
122 responsible for the care, supervision, and discipline of schoolchildren, including
123 volunteers selected with reasonable care by the school district, shall not be civilly
124 liable when acting in conformity with the established policy of discipline
125 developed by each board under this section, or when reporting to his or her

126 supervisor or other person as mandated by state law acts of school violence or
127 threatened acts of school violence, within the course and scope of the duties of the
128 teacher, authorized district personnel or volunteer, when such individual is acting
129 in conformity with the established policies developed by the board. Nothing in
130 this section shall be construed to create a new cause of action against such school
131 district, or to relieve the school district from liability for the negligent acts of
132 such persons.

133 9. Each school board shall define in its discipline policy acts of violence
134 and any other acts that constitute a serious violation of that policy. Acts of
135 violence as defined by school boards shall include but not be limited to exertion
136 of physical force by a student with the intent to do serious bodily harm to another
137 person while on school property, including a school bus in service on behalf of the
138 district, or while involved in school activities. School districts shall for each
139 student enrolled in the school district compile and maintain records of any
140 serious violation of the district's discipline policy. Such records shall be made
141 available to teachers and other school district employees with a need to know
142 while acting within the scope of their assigned duties, and shall be provided as
143 required in section 167.020, RSMo, to any school district in which the student
144 subsequently attempts to enroll.

145 10. Spanking, when administered by certificated personnel of a school
146 district in a reasonable manner in accordance with the local board of education's
147 written policy of discipline, is not abuse within the meaning of chapter 210,
148 RSMo. The provisions of sections 210.110 to 210.165, RSMo, notwithstanding, the
149 division of family services shall not have jurisdiction over or investigate any
150 report of alleged child abuse arising out of or related to any spanking
151 administered in a reasonable manner by any certificated school personnel
152 pursuant to a written policy of discipline established by the board of education
153 of the school district. Upon receipt of any reports of child abuse by the division
154 of family services pursuant to sections 210.110 to 210.165, RSMo, which allegedly
155 involves personnel of a school district, the division of family services shall notify
156 the superintendent of schools of the district or, if the person named in the alleged
157 incident is the superintendent of schools, the president of the school board of the
158 school district where the alleged incident occurred. If, after an initial
159 investigation, the superintendent of schools or the president of the school board
160 finds that the report involves an alleged incident of child abuse other than the
161 administration of a spanking by certificated school personnel pursuant to a

162 written policy of discipline or a report made for the sole purpose of harassing a
163 public school employee, the superintendent of schools or the president of the
164 school board shall immediately refer the matter back to the division of family
165 services and take no further action. In all matters referred back to the division
166 of family services, the division of family services shall treat the report in the
167 same manner as other reports of alleged child abuse received by the division. If
168 the report pertains to an alleged incident which arose out of or is related to a
169 spanking administered by certificated personnel of a school district pursuant to
170 a written policy of discipline or a report made for the sole purpose of harassing
171 a public school employee, a notification of the reported child abuse shall be sent
172 by the superintendent of schools or the president of the school board to the
173 juvenile officer of the county in which the alleged incident occurred. The report
174 shall be jointly investigated by the juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer
175 designated by the juvenile officer and the superintendent of schools or, if the
176 subject of the report is the superintendent of schools, by the juvenile officer or a
177 law enforcement officer designated by the juvenile officer and the president of the
178 school board or such president's designee. The investigation shall begin no later
179 than forty-eight hours after notification from the division of family services is
180 received, and shall consist of, but need not be limited to, interviewing and
181 recording statements of the child and the child's parents or guardian within two
182 working days after the start of the investigation, of the school district personnel
183 allegedly involved in the report, and of any witnesses to the alleged incident. The
184 juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the juvenile officer and
185 the investigating school district personnel shall issue separate reports of their
186 findings and recommendations after the conclusion of the investigation to the
187 school board of the school district within seven days after receiving notice from
188 the division of family services. The reports shall contain a statement of
189 conclusion as to whether the report of alleged child abuse is substantiated or is
190 unsubstantiated. The school board shall consider the separate reports and shall
191 issue its findings and conclusions and the action to be taken, if any, within seven
192 days after receiving the last of the two reports. The findings and conclusions
193 shall be made in substantially the following form:

194 (1) The report of the alleged child abuse is unsubstantiated. The juvenile
195 officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the juvenile officer and the
196 investigating school board personnel agree that the evidence shows that no abuse
197 occurred;

198 (2) The report of the alleged child abuse is substantiated. The juvenile
199 officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the juvenile officer and the
200 investigating school district personnel agree that the evidence is sufficient to
201 support a finding that the alleged incident of child abuse did occur;

202 (3) The issue involved in the alleged incident of child abuse is
203 unresolved. The juvenile officer or a law enforcement officer designated by the
204 juvenile officer and the investigating school personnel are unable to agree on
205 their findings and conclusions on the alleged incident.

206 11. The findings and conclusions of the school board shall be sent to the
207 division of family services. If the findings and conclusions of the school board are
208 that the report of the alleged child abuse is unsubstantiated, the investigation
209 shall be terminated, the case closed, and no record shall be entered in the
210 division of family services' central registry. If the findings and conclusions of the
211 school board are that the report of the alleged child abuse is substantiated, the
212 division of family services shall report the incident to the prosecuting attorney
213 of the appropriate county along with the findings and conclusions of the school
214 district and shall include the information in the division's central registry. If the
215 findings and conclusions of the school board are that the issue involved in the
216 alleged incident of child abuse is unresolved, the division of family services shall
217 report the incident to the prosecuting attorney of the appropriate county along
218 with the findings and conclusions of the school board, however, the incident and
219 the names of the parties allegedly involved shall not be entered into the central
220 registry of the division of family services unless and until the alleged child abuse
221 is substantiated by a court of competent jurisdiction.

222 12. Any superintendent of schools, president of a school board or such
223 person's designee or juvenile officer who knowingly falsifies any report of any
224 matter pursuant to this section or who knowingly withholds any information
225 relative to any investigation or report pursuant to this section is guilty of a class
226 A misdemeanor.

227 13. In order to ensure the safety of all students, should a student be
228 expelled for bringing a weapon to school, violent behavior, or for an act of school
229 violence, that student shall not, for the purposes of the accreditation process of
230 the Missouri school improvement plan, be considered a dropout or be included in
231 the calculation of that district's educational persistence ratio.

 542.276. 1. Any peace officer or prosecuting attorney may make
2 application under section 542.271 for the issuance of a search warrant.

3 2. The application shall:

4 (1) Be in writing;

5 (2) State the time and date of the making of the application;

6 (3) Identify the property, article, material, substance or person which is

7 to be searched for and seized, in sufficient detail and particularity that the officer

8 executing the warrant can readily ascertain it;

9 (4) Identify the person, place, or thing which is to be searched, in

10 sufficient detail and particularity that the officer executing the warrant can

11 readily ascertain whom or what he or she is to search;

12 (5) State facts sufficient to show probable cause for the issuance of a

13 search warrant;

14 (6) Be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant;

15 (7) Be filed in the proper court;

16 (8) Be signed by the prosecuting attorney of the county where the search

17 is to take place, or his or her designated assistant.

18 3. The application may be supplemented by a written affidavit verified by

19 oath or affirmation. Such affidavit shall be considered in determining whether

20 there is probable cause for the issuance of a search warrant and in filling out any

21 deficiencies in the description of the person, place, or thing to be searched or of

22 the property, article, material, substance, or person to be seized. Oral testimony

23 shall not be considered. The application may be submitted by facsimile or other

24 electronic means.

25 4. The judge shall determine whether sufficient facts have been stated to

26 justify the issuance of a search warrant. If it appears from the application and

27 any supporting affidavit that there is probable cause to believe that property,

28 article, material, substance, or person subject to seizure is on the person or at the

29 place or in the thing described, a search warrant shall immediately be

30 issued. The warrant shall be issued in the form of an original and two copies.

31 5. The application and any supporting affidavit and a copy of the warrant

32 shall be retained in the records of the court from which the warrant was issued.

33 6. The search warrant shall:

34 (1) Be in writing and in the name of the state of Missouri;

35 (2) Be directed to any peace officer in the state;

36 (3) State the time and date the warrant is issued;

37 (4) Identify the property, article, material, substance or person which is

38 to be searched for and seized, in sufficient detail and particularity that the officer

39 executing the warrant can readily ascertain it;

40 (5) Identify the person, place, or thing which is to be searched, in
41 sufficient detail and particularity that the officer executing the warrant can
42 readily ascertain whom or what he or she is to search;

43 (6) Command that the described person, place, or thing be searched and
44 that any of the described property, article, material, substance, or person found
45 thereon or therein be seized or photographed or copied and within ten days after
46 filing of the application, any photographs or copies of the items may be filed with
47 the issuing court;

48 (7) Be signed by the judge, with his or her title of office indicated.

49 7. A search warrant issued under this section may be executed only by a
50 peace officer. The warrant shall be executed by conducting the search and
51 seizure commanded. The search warrant issued under this section may be issued
52 by facsimile or other electronic means.

53 8. A search warrant shall be executed as soon as practicable and shall
54 expire if it is not executed and the return made within ten days after the date of
55 the making of the application. **A search and any subsequent searches of**
56 **the contents of any property, article, material, or substance seized and**
57 **removed from the location of the execution of any search warrant**
58 **during its execution may be conducted at any time during or after the**
59 **execution of the warrant, subject to the continued existence of probable**
60 **cause to search the property, article, material, or substance seized and**
61 **removed. A search and any subsequent searches of the property,**
62 **article, material, or substance seized and removed may be conducted**
63 **after the time for delivering the warrant, return, and receipt to the**
64 **issuing judge has expired. A supplemental return and receipt shall be**
65 **delivered to the issuing judge upon final completion of any search**
66 **which concludes after the expiration of time for delivering the original**
67 **return and receipt.**

68 9. After execution of the search warrant, the warrant with a return
69 thereon, signed by the officer making the search, shall be delivered to the judge
70 who issued the warrant. The return shall show the date and manner of
71 execution, what was seized, and the name of the possessor and of the owner,
72 when he or she is not the same person, if known. The return shall be
73 accompanied by a copy of the itemized receipt required by subsection 6 of section
74 542.291. The judge or clerk shall, upon request, deliver a copy of such receipt to

75 the person from whose possession the property was taken and to the applicant for
76 the warrant.

77 10. A search warrant shall be deemed invalid:

78 (1) If it was not issued by a judge; or

79 (2) If it was issued without a written application having been filed and
80 verified; or

81 (3) If it was issued without probable cause; or

82 (4) If it was not issued in the proper county; or

83 (5) If it does not describe the person, place, or thing to be searched or the
84 property, article, material, substance, or person to be seized with sufficient
85 certainty; or

86 (6) If it is not signed by the judge who issued it; or

87 (7) If it was not executed within the time prescribed by subsection 8 of
88 this section.

565.090. 1. A person commits the crime of harassment if [for the purpose
2 of frightening or disturbing another person,] **he or she:**

3 (1) **Knowingly** communicates [in writing or by telephone] a threat to
4 commit any felony **to another person and in so doing, frightens,**
5 **intimidates, or causes emotional distress to such other person;** or

6 (2) [Makes a telephone call or communicates in writing and] **When**
7 **communicating with another person, knowingly** uses coarse language **or**
8 **an expression that is unwanted and** offensive to one of average sensibility
9 **and thereby puts such person in reasonable apprehension of offensive**
10 **physical contact or harm;** or

11 (3) [Makes] **Knowingly frightens, intimidates, or causes emotional**
12 **distress to another person by making** a telephone call anonymously **or by**
13 **any electronic communication;** or

14 (4) **Knowingly communicates with another person who is, or who**
15 **purports to be, seventeen years of age or younger and in so doing and**
16 **without good cause:**

17 (a) **Recklessly frightens, intimidates, or causes emotional distress**
18 **to such other person;** or

19 (b) **Knowingly makes a misrepresentation or conceals a material**
20 **fact relating to the identity, age, residence, or location of himself or**
21 **herself;** or

22 (5) **Knowingly** makes repeated [telephone calls] **unwanted**

23 **communication to another person; or**

24 **(6) Knowingly and without good cause engages in any other act**
25 **that frightens, intimidates, or causes emotional distress to another**
26 **person.**

27 2. Harassment is a class A misdemeanor **unless:**

28 **(1) Committed by a person twenty-one years of age or older**
29 **against a person seventeen years of age or younger;**

30 **(2) The person commits the acts in subsection 1 of this section**
31 **with the purpose of frightening, intimidating, disturbing, or causing**
32 **emotional distress to such other person; or**

33 **(3) The person has previously pleaded guilty to or been found**
34 **guilty of a violation of this section or of any offense committed in**
35 **violation of any county or municipal ordinance in any state, any state**
36 **law, any federal law, or any military law which, if committed in this**
37 **state, would be chargeable or indictable as a violation of any offense**
38 **listed in this subsection. In such cases, harassment shall be a class D**
39 **felony.**

40 **3. This section shall not apply to activities of federal, state,**
41 **county, or municipal law enforcement officers conducting**
42 **investigations of violation of federal, state, county, or municipal law.**

565.225. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

2 **(1) "Course of conduct", a pattern of conduct composed of [a series of] two**
3 **or more** acts, which may include [electronic or other communications]
4 **communication by any means**, over a period of time, however short,
5 evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not
6 included within the meaning of "course of conduct". Such constitutionally
7 protected activity includes picketing or other organized protests;

8 **(2) "Credible threat", a threat [made] communicated** with the intent to
9 cause the person who is the target of the threat to reasonably fear for his or her
10 safety, **or the safety of his or her family, or household members or**
11 **domestic animals kept at such person's residence.** The threat must be
12 against the life of, or a threat to cause physical injury to, **[a] or the kidnapping**
13 **of, the person** [and may include a threat communicated to the targeted person
14 in writing, including electronic communications, by telephone, or by the posting
15 of a site or message that is accessible via computer], **the person's family, or**
16 **the person's household members or domestic animals kept at such**

17 **person's residence;**

18 (3) "Harasses", to engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific
19 person that serves no legitimate purpose, that would cause a reasonable person
20 [to suffer substantial emotional distress, and that actually causes substantial
21 emotional distress to that person] **under the circumstances to be frightened,**
22 **intimidated, or emotionally disturbed or distressed.**

23 2. [Any] A person [who] **commits the crime of stalking if he or she**
24 **purposely [and repeatedly] harasses or follows with the intent of harassing**
25 **another person [commits the crime of stalking].**

26 3. [Any] A person [who] **commits the crime of aggravated stalking**
27 **if he or she** purposely [and repeatedly] harasses or follows with the intent of
28 harassing [or harasses] another person, and:

29 (1) Makes a credible threat [with the intent to place that person in
30 reasonable fear of death or serious physical injury, commits the crime of
31 aggravated stalking]; **or**

32 (2) **At least one of the acts constituting the course of conduct is**
33 **in violation of an order of protection and the person has received**
34 **actual notice of such order; or**

35 (3) **At least one of the actions constituting the course of conduct**
36 **is in violation of a condition of probation, parole, pretrial release, or**
37 **release on bond pending appeal; or**

38 (4) **At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is**
39 **seventeen years of age or younger and the person harassing the other**
40 **person is twenty-one years of age or older; or**

41 (5) **He or she has previously pleaded guilty to or been found**
42 **guilty of domestic assault, violation of an order of protection, or any**
43 **other crime where the other person was the victim.**

44 4. The crime of stalking shall be a class A misdemeanor [for the first
45 offense. A second or subsequent offense within five years of a previous finding
46 or plea of guilt against any victim] **unless the person has previously**
47 **pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of a violation of this section, or**
48 **of any offense committed in violation of any county or municipal**
49 **ordinance in any state, any state law, any federal law, or any military**
50 **law which, if committed in this state, would be chargeable or indictable**
51 **as a violation of any offense listed in this section, in which case**
52 **stalking** shall be a class D felony.

53 5. The crime of aggravated stalking shall be a class [D] C felony [for the
54 first offense. A second or subsequent offense within five years of a previous
55 finding or plea of guilt against any victim] **unless the person has previously**
56 **pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of a violation of this section, or**
57 **of any offense committed in violation of any county or municipal**
58 **ordinance in any state, any state law, any federal law, or any military**
59 **law which, if committed in this state, would be chargeable or indictable**
60 **as a violation of any offense listed in this section, aggravated stalking**
61 shall be a class [C] B felony.

62 6. Any law enforcement officer may arrest, without a warrant, any person
63 he or she has probable cause to believe has violated the provisions of this section.

64 7. **This section shall not apply to activities of federal, state,**
65 **county, or municipal law enforcement officers conducting**
66 **investigations of violation of federal, state, county, or municipal law.**

✓

Bill

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