SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILLS NOS. 747 & 736

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on the Judiciary and Civil and Criminal Jurisprudence, February 7, 2008, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

3364S.03C

AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.545, 311.310, 311.325, 577.021, 577.500, and 578.255, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to substance abuse, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 160.545, 311.310, 311.325, 577.021, and 577.500, and

- 2 578.255, RSMo, are repealed and seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 160.545, 167.628, 311.310, 311.325, 577.021, 577.500, and
- 4 578.255, to read as follows:
 - 160.545. 1. There is hereby established within the department of
- 2 elementary and secondary education the "A+ Schools Program" to be administered
- 3 by the commissioner of education. The program shall consist of grant awards
- 4 made to public secondary schools that demonstrate a commitment to ensure that:
- 5 (1) All students be graduated from school;
- 6 (2) All students complete a selection of high school studies that is
- 7 challenging and for which there are identified learning expectations; and
- 8 (3) All students proceed from high school graduation to a college or
- 9 postsecondary vocational or technical school or high-wage job with work place
- 10 skill development opportunities.
- 11 2. The state board of education shall promulgate rules and regulations for
- 12 the approval of grants made under the program to schools that:
- 13 (1) Establish measurable districtwide performance standards for the goals
- 14 of the program outlined in subsection 1 of this section; and
- 15 (2) Specify the knowledge, skills and competencies, in measurable terms,

that students must demonstrate to successfully complete any individual course offered by the school, and any course of studies which will qualify a student for graduation from the school; and

- 19 (3) Do not offer a general track of courses that, upon completion, can lead 20 to a high school diploma; and
- 21 (4) Require rigorous coursework with standards of competency in basic 22 academic subjects for students pursuing vocational and technical education as 23 prescribed by rule and regulation of the state board of education; and
 - of local business persons, labor leaders, parents, and representatives of college and postsecondary vocational and technical school representatives, with the plan then approved by the local board of education. The plan shall specify a mechanism to receive information on an annual basis from those who developed the plan in addition to senior citizens, community leaders, and teachers to update the plan in order to best meet the goals of the program as provided in subsection 1 of this section. Further, the plan shall detail the procedures used in the school to identify students that may drop out of school and the intervention services to be used to meet the needs of such students. The plan shall outline counseling and mentoring services provided to students who will enter the work force upon graduation from high school, address apprenticeship and intern programs, and shall contain procedures for the recruitment of volunteers from the community of the school to serve in schools receiving program grants.
 - 3. By rule and regulation, the state board of education may determine a local school district variable fund match requirement in order for a school or schools in the district to receive a grant under the program. However, no school in any district shall receive a grant under the program unless the district designates a salaried employee to serve as the program coordinator, with the district assuming a minimum of one-half the cost of the salary and other benefits provided to the coordinator. Further, no school in any district shall receive a grant under the program unless the district makes available facilities and services for adult literacy training as specified by rule of the state board of education.
 - 4. For any school that meets the requirements for the approval of the grants authorized by this section and specified in subsection 2 of this section for three successive school years, by August first following the third such school year, the commissioner of education shall present a plan to the superintendent of the

school district in which such school is located for the waiver of rules and regulations to promote flexibility in the operations of the school and to enhance and encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional services in the school. The provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan presented to the superintendent shall provide a summary waiver, with no conditions, for the pupil testing requirements pursuant to section 160.257 in the school. Further, the provisions of other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the plan shall detail a means for the waiver of requirements otherwise imposed on the school related to the authority of the state board of education to classify school districts pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 161.092, RSMo, and such other rules and regulations as determined by the commissioner of education, except such waivers shall be confined to the school and not other schools in the school district unless such other schools meet the requirements of this subsection. However, any waiver provided to any school as outlined in this subsection shall be void on June thirtieth of any school year in which the school fails to meet the requirements for the approval of the grants authorized by this section as specified in subsection 2 of this section.

- 5. For any school year, grants authorized by subsections 1 to 3 of this section shall be funded with the amount appropriated for this program, less those funds necessary to reimburse eligible students pursuant to subsection 6 of this section.
- 6. The commissioner of education shall, by rule and regulation of the state board of education and with the advice of the coordinating board for higher education, establish a procedure for the reimbursement of the cost of tuition, books and fees to any public community college or vocational or technical school for any student:
- (1) Who has attended a public high school in the state for at least three years immediately prior to graduation that meets the requirements of subsection 2 of this section, except that students who are active duty military dependents who, in the school year immediately preceding graduation, meet all other requirements of this subsection and are attending a school that meets the requirements of subsection 2 of this section shall be exempt from the three-year attendance requirement of this subdivision; and
- (2) Who has made a good faith effort to first secure all available federal sources of funding that could be applied to the reimbursement described in this subsection; and

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- 88 (3) Who has earned a minimal grade average while in high school as 89 determined by rule of the state board of education, and other requirements for the 90 reimbursement authorized by this subsection as determined by rule and 91 regulation of said board.
- 7. Any person who pleads guilty to, is found guilty of, or is adjudicated for violating section 311.325, RSMo, as a third offense shall not be eligible for initial or continual reimbursement under subsection 6 of this section.
- 8. The commissioner of education shall develop a procedure for evaluating the effectiveness of the program described in this section. Such evaluation shall be conducted annually with the results of the evaluation provided to the governor, speaker of the house, and president pro tempore of the senate.
 - 167.628. 1. The board of education of any school district may adopt a policy for the random testing of the district's students in grades nine to twelve who participate in interscholastic athletics for the unlawful use of controlled substances, as the term "controlled substances" is defined in section 195.010, RSMo, including but not limited to anabolic steroids.
 - 2. The Missouri state high school activities association, or any successor organization, shall conduct random testing of students in grades nine to twelve who participate in post-season athletic play or athletic tournaments and shall pay for the costs of such testing. Such testing shall be done on a statistically significant sampling of such students. The Missouri state high school activities association shall develop a list of substances for which to test, including but not limited to anabolic steroids. Testing shall be conducted by means of a urine sample. Each urine sample shall be split into an "A" sample and a "B" sample. If the "A" sample yields a positive test for a controlled substance, the Missouri state high school activities association shall notify the student's parents or guardian. The parents or guardian may then have the "B" sample tested. No result shall be considered positive unless both samples test positive. A licensed physician selected by the Missouri state high school activities association shall review any positive results to confirm that no proper medical reason exists for such positive result. Results shall be confidential except as otherwise provided in this section.
 - 3. A student who tests positive under subsection 2 of this section

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may appeal the positive result to a panel consisting of two members of the Missouri state high school activities association executive staff and a licensed physician.

- 4. Any student participating in interscholastic athletics or postseason athletic play or athletic tournaments shall provide written consent to random testing for the unlawful use of controlled substances. The student's parent or guardian shall also provide written consent to testing.
- 5. Any student who tests positive for unlawful use of a controlled substance or anabolic steroid shall not be allowed to participate in interscholastic athletics or intramural sports. The Missouri state high school activities association shall report a positive test to the local prosecuting attorney in the jurisdiction where the student resides.
- 311.310. 1. Any licensee under this chapter, or his employee, who shall sell, vend, give away or otherwise supply any intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatsoever to any person under the age of twenty-one years, or to any person 3 intoxicated or appearing to be in a state of intoxication, or to a habitual drunkard, and any person whomsoever except his parent or guardian who shall procure for, sell, give away or otherwise supply intoxicating liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years, or to any intoxicated person or any person appearing to be in a state of intoxication, or to a habitual drunkard, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, except that this section shall not apply to the supplying of intoxicating liquor to a person under the age of twenty-one years for 11 medical purposes only, or to the administering of such intoxicating liquor to any person by a duly licensed physician. No person shall be denied a license or 12renewal of a license issued under this chapter solely due to a conviction for 13 14 unlawful sale or supply to a minor when serving in the capacity as an employee of a licensed establishment. 15
- 2. Any owner, occupant, or other person or legal entity with a lawful right to the exclusive use and enjoyment of any property who knowingly allows a person under the age of twenty-one to drink or possess intoxicating liquor or knowingly fails to stop a person under the age of twenty-one from drinking or possessing intoxicating liquor on such property, unless such person allowing the person under the age of twenty-one to drink or possess intoxicating liquor is his or her parent or guardian, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Any second or subsequent violation of this subsection is a class A misdemeanor.

- 3. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of this section for:
- 26 (1) Procuring, selling, giving away, or otherwise supplying 27 intoxicating liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years of 28 age;
- 29 (2) Knowingly allowing a person under the age of twenty-one 30 years of age to drink or possess intoxicating liquor on property as 31 described in subsection 2 of this section; or
- 32 (3) Knowingly failing to stop a person under the age of twenty-33 one from drinking or possessing intoxicating liquor on property as 34 described under subsection 2 of this section;
- may be subject to a claim by the parent or legal guardian of the person under the age of twenty-one for any resulting damages suffered by the person under the age of twenty-one.
- 38 4. It shall be a defense to prosecution under this section if:
- 39 (1) The defendant is a licensed retailer, club, drinking establishment, or 40 caterer or holds a temporary permit, or an employee thereof;
- 41 (2) The defendant sold the intoxicating liquor to the minor with 42 reasonable cause to believe that the minor was twenty-one or more years of age; 43 and
- 44 (3) To purchase the intoxicating liquor, the person exhibited to the 45 defendant a driver's license, Missouri nondriver's identification card, or other 46 official or apparently official document, containing a photograph of the minor and 47 purporting to establish that such minor was twenty-one years of age and of the 48 legal age for consumption of intoxicating liquor.
- 311.325. 1. Any person under the age of twenty-one years, who purchases or attempts to purchase, or has in his or her possession, any intoxicating liquor as defined in section 311.020 or who is visibly intoxicated as defined in section 577.001, RSMo, or has a detectable blood alcohol content of more than two-hundredths of one percent or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood is guilty of a misdemeanor. For purposes of prosecution under this section or any other provision of this chapter involving an alleged illegal sale or transfer of intoxicating liquor to a person under twenty-one years of age, a manufacturer-sealed container describing that there is intoxicating liquor therein need not be opened or the contents therein tested to verify that there is intoxicating liquor in such container. The alleged violator may allege that there

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was not intoxicating liquor in such container, but the burden of proof of such allegation is on such person, as it shall be presumed that such a sealed container describing that there is intoxicating liquor therein contains intoxicating liquor.

- 15 2. For purposes of determining violations of any provision of this chapter, or of any rule or regulation of the supervisor of alcohol and tobacco control, a 16 17 manufacturer-sealed container describing that there is intoxicating liquor therein need not be opened or the contents therein tested to verify that there is 18 19 intoxicating liquor in such container. The alleged violator may allege that there 20was not intoxicating liquor in such container, but the burden of proof of such allegation is on such person, as it shall be presumed that such a sealed container 2122 describing that there is intoxicating liquor therein contains intoxicating liquor.
 - 3. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a student who:
 - (1) Is eighteen years of age or older;
- 25 (2) Is enrolled in an accredited college or university and is a student in 26 a culinary course;
- 27 (3) Is required to taste, but not consume or imbibe, any beer, ale, porter, 28 wine, or other similar malt or fermented beverage as part of the required 29 curriculum; and
- 30 (4) Tastes a beverage under subdivision (3) of this subsection only for 31 instructional purposes during classes that are part of the curriculum of the 32 accredited college or university.
 - The beverage must at all times remain in the possession and control of an authorized instructor of the college or university, who must be twenty-one years of age or older. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to allow a student under the age of twenty-one to receive any beer, ale, porter, wine, or other similar malt or fermented beverage unless the beverage is delivered as part of the student's required curriculum and the beverage is used only for instructional purposes during classes conducted as part of the curriculum.
 - 4. Any peace officer, as defined in section 590.010, RSMo, who believes that a person less than twenty-one years of age is in violation of this section by being intoxicated, may request that such person submit to a chemical test prescribed under section 577.021, RSMo. Any person less then twenty-one years of age who refuses, upon the request of the peace officer, to submit to such chemical test to determine his or her blood alcohol content shall be deemed visibly intoxicated for the purposes of this section.

48 5. As of August 28, 2008, the clerks of the courts shall forward a 49 copy of the judgement and date of birth of any person who is convicted of, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, is found guilty of, or is 50adjudicated for violating section 311.325. The information shall be 51forwarded to the highway patrol within twenty days of the date of 52judgement. The highway patrol shall enter the information into the 53Missouri uniform laws enforcement system (MULES) where it is 54available to members of the criminal justice system, and other entities as provided by law, upon request. No record or information shall be 56made public in violation of chapter 610, RSMo. 57

577.021. 1. Any state, county or municipal law enforcement officer who has the power of arrest for violations of section 311.325, RSMo, section 577.010, or section 577.012 and who is certified pursuant to chapter 590, RSMo, may, prior to arrest, administer a chemical test to any person suspected of operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 577.010 or 577.012 or any person suspected of being intoxicated in violation of section 311.325, RSMo.

- 2. Any state, county, or municipal law enforcement officer who has the power of arrest for violations of section 577.010 or 577.012 and who is certified under chapter 590, RSMo, shall make all reasonable efforts to administer a chemical test to any person suspected of driving a motor vehicle involved in a collision which resulted in a fatality or serious physical injury as defined in section 565.002, RSMo.
- 3. A test administered pursuant to this section shall be admissible as evidence of probable cause to arrest and as exculpatory evidence, but shall not be admissible as evidence of blood alcohol content. The provisions of sections 577.019 and 577.020 shall not apply to a test administered prior to arrest pursuant to this section.
- 18 [The provisions changing chapter 577 are severable from this legislation. The general assembly would have enacted the remainder of this legislation without the changes made to chapter 577, and the remainder of the legislation is not essentially and inseparably connected with or dependent upon the changes to chapter 577.]

577.500. 1. A court of competent jurisdiction shall, upon a plea of guilty, conviction or finding of guilt, or, if the court is a juvenile court, upon a finding of fact that the offense was committed by a juvenile, enter an order suspending or revoking the driving privileges of any person determined to have committed one

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- 5 of the following offenses and who, at the time said offense was committed, was 6 under twenty-one years of age:
- 7 (1) Any alcohol-related traffic offense in violation of state law or a county 8 or, beginning July 1, 1992, municipal ordinance, where the defendant was 9 represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing;
- 10 (2) Any offense in violation of state law or, beginning July 1, 1992, a 11 county or municipal ordinance, where the defendant was represented by or 12 waived the right to an attorney in writing, involving the possession or use of 13 alcohol, committed while operating a motor vehicle;
 - (3) Any offense involving the possession or use of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 195, RSMo, in violation of the state law or, beginning July 1, 1992, a county or municipal ordinance, where the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing;
 - (4) Any offense involving the alteration, modification or misrepresentation of a license to operate a motor vehicle in violation of section 311.328, RSMo;
 - (5) Any offense in violation of state law or, beginning July 1, 1992, a county or municipal ordinance, where the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, involving the possession or use of alcohol for a second time; except that a determination of guilt or its equivalent shall have been made for the first offense and both offenses shall have been committed by the person when the person was under eighteen years of age.
 - 2. A court of competent jurisdiction shall, upon a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, conviction or finding of guilt, or, if the court is a juvenile court, upon a finding of fact that the offense was committed by a juvenile, enter an order suspending or revoking the driving privileges of any person determined to have committed a crime or violation of section 311.325, RSMo, and who, at the time said crime or violation was committed, was more than fifteen years of age and under twenty-one years of age.
- 33 3. The court shall require the surrender to it of any license to operate a 34 motor vehicle, temporary instruction permit, intermediate driver's license or any 35 other driving privilege then held by any person against whom a court has entered 36 an order suspending or revoking driving privileges under subsections 1 and 2 of 37 this section.
- 4. The court, if other than a juvenile court, shall forward to the director of revenue the order of suspension or revocation of driving privileges and any licenses, temporary instruction permits, intermediate driver's licenses, or any

- 41 other driving privilege acquired under subsection 3 of this section.
- 5. (1) The court, if a juvenile court, shall forward to the director of revenue the order of suspension or revocation of driving privileges and any
- 44 licenses, temporary instruction permits, intermediate driver's licenses, or any
- 45 other driving privilege acquired under subsection 3 of this section for any person
- 46 sixteen years of age or older, the provision of chapter 211, RSMo, to the contrary
- 47 notwithstanding.
- 48 (2) The court, if a juvenile court, shall hold the order of suspension or
- 49 revocation of driving privileges for any person less than sixteen years of age until
- 50 thirty days before the person's sixteenth birthday, at which time the juvenile
- 51 court shall forward to the director of revenue the order of suspension or
- 52 revocation of driving privileges, the provision of chapter 211, RSMo, to the
- 53 contrary notwithstanding.
- 6. The period of suspension for a first offense under subsection 1 of this
- 55 section shall be ninety days. Any second or subsequent offense under subsection
- 56 1 of this section shall result in revocation of the offender's driving privileges for
- 57 one year. The period of suspension for a first offense under subsection 2 of this
- 58 section shall be thirty days. The period of suspension for a second offense under
- 59 subsection 2 of this section shall be ninety days. Any third or subsequent offense
- 60 under subsection 2 of this section shall result in revocation of the offender's
- 61 driving privileges for one year. The suspension of driving privileges for a
- 62 first offense under this subsection shall not be included on the person's
- 63 driving record. However, internal use of such information by the
- 64 department of revenue for administrative purposes shall be allowed.
 - 578.255. 1. As used in this section "alcohol beverage vaporizer"
 - 2 means any device which, by means of heat, a vibrating element, or any
 - 3 other method, is capable of producing a breathable mixture containing
 - 4 one or more alcoholic beverages to be dispensed for inhalation into the
 - 5 lungs via the nose or mouth or both.
 - 6 2. No person shall intentionally or willfully induce the symptoms of
 - 7 intoxication, elation, euphoria, dizziness, excitement, irrational behavior,
 - 8 exhilaration, paralysis, stupefaction, or dulling of the senses or nervous system,
 - 9 distortion of audio, visual or mental processes by the use of any [solvent,
- 10 particularly toluol of the following substances:
- 11 (1) Solvents, particularly toluol; or
- 12 (2) Ethyl alcohol.

- 3. This section shall not apply to substances that have been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as therapeutic drug products or are contained in approved over-the-counter drug products or administered lawfully pursuant to the order of an authorized medical practitioner.
- [2.] 4. No person shall intentionally possess any solvent, particularly toluol, for the purpose of using it in the manner prohibited by section 578.250 and this section.
- 5. No person shall possess or use an alcoholic beverage vaporizer.
- 6. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the legal consumption of intoxicating liquor, as defined by section 311.020, RSMo, or nonintoxicating beer, as defined by section 312.010, RSMo.

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