SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 1071

91ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR KLINDT.

Read 1st time January 30, 2002, and 1,000 copies ordered printed.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

To repeal sections 413.005, 413.015, 413.055, 413.065, 413.075, 413.085, 413.115, 413.125, 413.135, 413.145, 413.155, 413.165, 413.225, 413.227 and 413.229, RSMo, relating to weights and measures, and to enact in lieu thereof fifteen new sections relating to the same subject, with penalty provisions.

AN ACT

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 413.005, 413.015, 413.055, 413.065, 413.075, 413.085, 413.115, 413.125, 413.135, 413.145, 413.155, 413.165, 413.225, 413.227 and 413.229, RSMo, are repealed and fifteen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 413.005, 413.015, 413.055, 413.065, 413.075, 413.085, 413.115, 413.125, 413.135, 413.145, 413.155, 413.165, 413.225, 413.227 and 413.229, to read as follows:

413.005. As used in sections 413.005 to 413.229, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and terms mean: \sim

(1) "Accurate", a piece of equipment is "accurate" when its performance or value, its indications, its deliveries, its recorded representations, or its capacity or actual value, as determined by tests made with suitable standards, conforms to the standard within applicable tolerance and other performance requirements. Equipment that fails so to conform is "inaccurate".

[(1)] (2) "Commercial [device] weighing and measuring equipment", any weighing [or] and measuring [device] devices commercially used in [commerce] or employed to establish the size, quantity, extent, area or measurement of quantities, things produced or articles for distribution or consumption, purchased, offered or submitted for sale, hire or award, or in computing any basic charge or payment for services rendered on the basis of weight or measure, and includes any accessory attached to or used in connection with a commercial **weighing or measuring** device when such accessory is so designed or installed that its operation affects [or may affect] the accuracy of the weighing or measuring device;

[(2)] (3) "Correct", a piece of equipment is "correct" when [that], in addition to being accurate, [a device] it meets all applicable specifications[, performance and installation] and requirements. Equipment that fails to meet any of the requirements for correct equipment is "incorrect";

[(3)] **(4)** "Director", the director of the department of agriculture, or his or her designated representative;

[(4)] (5) "Division", the division of weights and measures of the department of agriculture;

[(5)] (6) "Net mass" or "net weight", the weight of a commodity excluding any materials, substances, or items not considered to be part of the commodity, which include but are not limited to containers, conveyances, bags, wrappers, packaging material, labels, individual piece coverings, decorative accompaniments and coupons, except that, depending on the type of service rendered, packaging materials may be considered to be part of the service. For example, the service of shipping includes the weight of packing materials;

[(6)] (7) "Package", whether standard package or random package, means any commodity enclosed in a container or wrapped in any manner in advance of wholesale or retail sales, or whose weight or measure has been determined in advance of wholesale or retail sale, and an individual item or lot of any commodity on which there is marked a selling price based on an established price per unit of weight or of measure, shall be considered a package (or packages);

[(7)] (8) "Person", both plural and the singular, as the case demands, and includes individuals, partnerships, corporations, companies, societies, and associations;

[(8)] (9) "Point-of-sale system", [a point-of-sale system includes cash registers or devices and systems capable of recovering stored information related to the price of individual retail items] an assembly of elements including a weighing or measuring element, and indicating element, and a recording element (and may also be equipped with a "scanner") used to complete a direct sales transaction;

[(9)] (10) "Primary standards", the physical standards of the state [which] **that** serve as the legal reference from which all other standards [of] **for** weights and measures are derived;

[(10)] (11) "Random [package] weight packages", a package that is one of a lot, shipment or delivery of packages of the same consumer commodity with no fixed pattern of [weight or measure] weights;

[(11)] (12) "Sale from bulk", the sale of commodities when the quantity is determined

at the time of sale;

[(12)] (13) "Secondary standards", the physical standards used in the enforcement of weights and measures laws and regulations which are traceable to the primary standards through comparisons, using acceptable laboratory procedures;

[(13)] **(14)** "Standard package", a package that is one of a lot, shipment or delivery of packages of the same commodity with identical net contents declarations;

[(14)] (15) "Weight", as used in connection with any commodity [,] or service means net weight. Where the label declares that the product is sold by drained weight, the term means net drained weight;

[(15)] (16) "Weights and measures", instruments and devices of every kind, used for weighing, measuring and counting, and any appliance, accessory or object used with or associated with the use of all such instruments and devices.

413.015. 1. There is established a "Division of Weights and Measures" within the department of agriculture. There shall be a director of weights and measures and such other necessary technical, supervisory and clerical personnel as may be required.

2. The compensation of all employees, the cost of all necessary equipment and supplies, travel and contingent expenses for the division shall be paid from appropriations for these purposes, made by the general assembly.

3. The division is charged with, but not limited to, performing the following functions on behalf of the citizens of the state:

(1) Assuring that **weights and measures in** commercial [devices] **service** within the state are suitable for their intended use, properly installed, accurate and are so maintained by their owner or user;

(2) Preventing unfair or deceptive dealing by weight or measure in any commodity or service advertised, **packaged**, sold or purchased within this state;

(3) Making available to all users of physical standards or weighing and measuring equipment the precision calibration and **related** metrological certification capabilities of the weights and measures facilities of the division;

(4) Promoting uniformity, to the extent practicable and desirable, between [the] **weights and measures** requirements of this state and those of other states and federal agencies; and

(5) Encouraging and promoting **desirable** economic and agricultural growth while protecting the public through the adoption by rule of weights and measures requirements as necessary to assure equity among buyers and sellers.

413.055. The specification, tolerances, and other technical requirements for commercial weighing and measuring devices as adopted by the National Conference on Weights and Measures and published in the most recent edition of National Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 44, "Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for

Commercial Weighing and Measuring Devices", **and supplement thereto or revision thereof**, shall apply to commercial weighing and measuring devices in this state, except insofar as modified or rejected by state regulations.

413.065. **[1.]** The director shall:

(1) Maintain the traceability of the state standards to the **national standards in the possession of the** National Institute of Standards and Technology;

(2) Enforce the provisions of sections 413.005 to 413.229;

(3) Promulgate reasonable regulations for the enforcement of sections 413.005 to 413.229 in accordance with this section and chapter 536, RSMo;

(4) Prescribe, by regulation, requirements for packaging and labeling and method of sale of commodities, adopt the Uniform Regulation for National Type Evaluation (NTEP) as published by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in Handbook 130, **and supplements thereto or revisions there of [**pertaining to weighing and measuring devices], and may establish standards of weight, measure or count, requirements for unit pricing, open dating information, and reasonable standards of fill for any packaged commodity;

(5) Test [the secondary] **annually the** standards **for weights and measures** used by any city or county within this state, approve the same when found to be correct, reject those found to be incorrect and not capable of adjustment, adjust any incorrect standard which is capable of adjustment and approve same for use;

(6) Inspect and test weights and measures [kept,] commercially used in determining the weight, measure, or count of commodities or things sold, or offered, or exposed for sale in computing the basic charge or payment for services rendered on the basis of weight, measure, or count;

(7) Inspect and test all commercial devices at intervals deemed appropriate by the director and specified by regulations promulgated under the authority of this chapter, except that any subsequent test of the same device in the same calendar year shall be to retest a rejected device, conducted in conjunction with an investigation, or at the request of the owner/operator of the device;

(8) Test all [weighing and measuring devices] weights and measures used in checking the receipts or disbursements [for] of supplies in every institution which is maintained with funds appropriated by the general assembly;

(9) Approve for use, and mark **such commercial** weights and measures **as are** found to be correct. Reject and mark as rejected **and order to be corrected, replaced, or removed such commercial** weights and measures found to be incorrect. The director may seize **such commercial** weights and measures that have been rejected and not corrected within the time specified and have continued in commercial use, or are disposed of in a manner not specifically authorized and may condemn and may seize **such** commercial weights and measures that are

not capable of being corrected;

(10) Weigh, measure, or inspect packaged commodities kept, offered, or exposed for sale, sold, or in the process of delivery, to determine whether they contain the amounts represented and whether they are kept, offered, or exposed for sale in accordance with sections 413.005 to 413.229 or regulations promulgated pursuant to sections 413.005 to 413.229. In carrying out the provisions of this subdivision, the director shall employ recognized sampling procedures, such as are [designated] adopted by the National Conference on Weights and Measures and are published in the National Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 133, "Checking the Net Contents of Packaged Goods";

(11) Prescribe, by regulation, the appropriate term or unit of weight [and] or measure to be used, whenever [it is determined] **the director determines** in the case of a specific commodity that an existing practice of declaring the quantity by weight, measure, numerical count, or any combination thereof, does not facilitate value comparisons by consumers or offers an opportunity for consumer confusion.

[2.] (12) No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.

[3.] (13) The director may establish requirements for open dating information and may promulgate regulations establishing a method of sale of commodities.

413.075. [1.] When necessary for the enforcement of sections 413.005 to 413.229 or regulations promulgated under sections 413.005 to 413.229, the director may:

(1) Enter any commercial premises during normal business hours; except that, in the event such premises are not open to the public, she/he shall first present his or her credentials and obtain consent before making entry thereto, unless a search warrant has previously been obtained;

(2) Seize, for use as evidence, without formal warrant, any incorrect or unapproved weight, measure, package, or commodity found to be used, retained, offered, or exposed for sale or sold in violation of the provisions of sections 413.005 to 413.229 or regulations promulgated thereunder;

(3) Stop any commercial vehicle, present his or her credentials, inspect the contents, and require the person in charge of that vehicle to produce any documents in his or her possession concerning the contents, and may require such person to proceed with the vehicle to some specified place for a more thorough inspection;

(4) Verify advertised prices and point-of-sale systems, as deemed necessary to determine the accuracy of prices and computations and the correct [operation] **use** of the equipment, and if such systems utilize scanning or coding means in lieu of manual entry, the accuracy of [the] **price printed or recalled from a** database. In carrying out the provisions of this section, the director shall employ recognized procedures, such as are designated in the most recent edition of National Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 130, "**Examination Procedures for** Price Verification"; issue necessary rules and regulations regarding the accuracy of advertised prices and automated systems for retail price charging **(referred to as "point-of-sale systems")** for the enforcement of this section which shall have the force and effect of law; and conduct investigations to ensure compliance;

(5) Grant any exemptions from the provisions of sections 413.005 to 413.229 or any regulations promulgated thereunder, when appropriate to the maintenance of good commercial practices.

[2.] (6) The director may issue stop sale, stop use, hold or removal orders with respect to any weights and measures [unlawfully] **commercially** used, to any packaged or bulk commodities kept, offered or exposed for sale contrary to the provisions of this act, and cease and desist orders with respect to any practices made unlawful by this chapter, which order shall remain in effect until sections 413.005 to 413.229 have been complied with. The owner or operator of the business or operation to which the order was issued shall have the right to take such steps necessary to bring the device, commodity or practice into compliance, and shall also have the right to appeal from such order to the circuit court of the county in which the order was issued. Failure to comply with the provisions of the order shall be deemed an unlawful act.

413.085. Weights and measures officials of any county or city shall perform the same duties as are imposed on the director by subdivisions (7) to (11) of subsection 1 of section 413.065, and except for subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of section 413.075 shall have the same powers granted to the director by section 413.075. These powers and duties shall extend to their respective jurisdictions; except that, the jurisdiction of a county **official** shall not extend into a city nor a city into a county which has a weights and measures program of its own. The foregoing provisions notwithstanding, the director shall have concurrent authority to enforce the provisions of sections 413.005 to 413.229 in any city or county within this state.

413.115. A person commits the crime of deceptive business practice if in the course of engaging in a business, occupation or profession, he or she [recklessly]:

(1) Uses commercially an incorrect, rejected or condemned weight or measure, or any other device for falsely determining or recording any quality or quantity; or

(2) Sells, offers or exposes for sale, or delivers less than the represented quantity of any commodity or service; or

(3) Takes or attempts to take more than the represented quantity of any commodity or service when as buyer he or she furnishes the weight or measure by means of which the quantity is determined; or

(4) Sells, offers or exposes for sale misbranded commodities; or

(5) Misrepresents the quantity or price of any commodity or service sold, offered, exposed

or advertised for sale, rent or lease by weight, measure or count.

413.125. All bulk sales in which the buyer and seller are not both present to witness the measurement shall be accompanied by a delivery ticket containing the following information:

(1) The name and address of the buyer and the seller;

(2) The date delivered;

(3) The quantity delivered and the quantity upon which the price is based, if this differs from the delivered quantity;

(4) The identity in the most descriptive terms commercially practicable, including any quality representation made in connection with the sale;

(5) The count of [individual] individually wrapped packages, if more than one, in the instance of commodities bought from the bulk but delivered in packages.

413.135. No person shall:

(1) Sell, offer for sale or install for use as a commercial device any incorrect weight or measure;

(2) Remove from any weight or measure any tag, seal or mark placed thereon by the director, without written authorization from the director;

(3) Dispose of any rejected or condemned weight or measure in a manner contrary to law or regulation;

(4) Obstruct, hinder, impair or prevent the performance of a governmental function by a weights and measures official by the use or threat of violence, force or other physical interference or obstacle;

(5) Use, or have in possession for current use as a commercial device, any weight or measure that has not been inspected and sealed by the director within the time specified by this act or regulation promulgated hereunder, except that this subdivision does not apply if the director has been notified that a device is available for inspection or reinspection and the director grants or has granted authorization for its temporary commercial use pending an official inspection;

(6) Use in retail trade a weight or measure that is not positioned so that its indications may be accurately read and the weighing or measuring operation observed from some position which may be reasonably assumed by [a] **the** customer **and operator**. Devices used for medical prescription and those used exclusively to prepare packages in advance of retail sale are exempt from this requirement;

(7) Keep for the purpose of sale, advertise, offer or expose for sale or sell any commodity, thing or service in a condition or manner contrary to law or regulation.

413.145. Except as otherwise provided in sections 413.005 to 413.229 or by regulations promulgated thereunder, any package **whether a random or a standard package**, kept for the purpose of sale, or offer or exposure for sale, shall bear on the outside of the package a

definite, plain, and conspicuous declaration of:

(1) The identity of the commodity in the package, unless the same can easily be identified through the wrapper or container;

(2) The quantity of contents in terms of weight, measure, or count; and

(3) The name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer or distributor, in the case of any package kept, offered or exposed for sale, or sold in any place other than on the premises where packed.

413.155. In addition to the declarations required by section 413.145, any package [which is] **being** one of a lot containing random weights of the same commodity [and bearing the total selling price of the package], **at the time it is offered or exposed for sale at retail**, shall bear on the outside of the package a plain and conspicuous declaration of the price per [single unit of weight] **kilogram or pound and the total selling price of the package**.

413.165. A representation or an advertisement for the sale of a commodity by weight, measure or count, whether packaged or unpackaged, which states the retail price, shall also contain a clear and conspicuous declaration of the quantity in terms of weight, measure or count, to include any size or dimension designation. Where a dual declaration is required, only the declaration that sets forth the quantity in terms of the [smaller] largest whole unit with any remainder expressed in fractions of weight or measure as is required by law or regulation to appear on the package need appear in the advertisement.

413.225. 1. There is established a fee for registration, inspection and calibration services performed by the division of weights and measures. The fees are due at the time the service is rendered and shall be paid to the director by the person receiving the service. The director shall collect fees according to the following schedule and shall deposit them with the state treasurer into general revenue for the use of the state of Missouri:

(1) From August 28, 1994, until the next January first, laboratory fees for metrology calibrations shall be at the rate of twenty-five dollars per hour for tolerance testing and thirty-five dollars per hour for precision calibration. Time periods over one hour shall be computed to the nearest hour. On the first day of January, 1995, and each year thereafter, the director of agriculture shall ascertain the total receipts and expenses for the metrology calibrations during the preceding year and shall fix a fee schedule for the ensuing year at a rate per hour which shall not exceed sixty dollars per hour for either method but shall not be less than twenty-five dollars per hour for tolerance testing and thirty-five dollars per hour for precision calibration, as will yield revenue not more than the total cost of operating the metrology laboratory during the ensuing year;

(2) From August 28, 1994, until the next January first, all scale test fees shall be charged as follows:

(a) Small scales shall be five dollars for each counter scale, ten dollars for platform scales

up to one thousand-pound capacity, and twenty dollars for each platform scale over one thousand-pound capacity;

(b) Vehicle scales shall be fifty dollars each for the initial test and seventy-five dollars for each subsequent test within the same calendar year;

(c) Livestock scales shall be seventy-five dollars each for the initial test, and one hundred dollars for each subsequent test within the same calendar year;

(d) Hopper scales with a capacity of one thousand pounds or less shall be ten dollars each; for each hopper scale with a capacity of more than one thousand pounds up to and including two thousand pounds, the fee shall be twenty dollars; for each hopper scale with a capacity of more than two thousand pounds up to and including ten thousand pounds, the fee shall be fifty dollars; and for those hopper scales with a capacity of more than ten thousand pounds, the test fee shall be seventy-five dollars each;

(e) Railroad scales shall be fifty dollars each;

(f) Monorail scales shall be twenty-five dollars each for the initial test and fifty dollars for each subsequent test in the same calendar year;

(g) Participation in on-site field evaluations of devices for National Type Evaluation Program certification and all tests of in-motion scales including but not limited to vehicle, railroad and belt conveyor scales will be charged at the rate of thirty dollars per hour, plus mileage from the inspector's official domicile to and from the inspection site. The time shall begin when the state inspector performing the inspection arrives at the site to be inspected and shall end when the final report is signed by the owner/operator and the inspector departs;

(3) From August 28, 1994, until the next January first, certification of taximeters shall be five dollars per meter; timing devices, five dollars per device; fabric-measuring devices, wireand cordage-measuring devices, five dollars per device; milk for quantity determination, twenty-five dollars per plant inspected;

(4) From August 28, 1994, until the next January first, certification of vehicle tank meters shall be twenty-five dollars each for the initial test and fifty dollars for each subsequent test in the same calendar year;

(5) Every person shall register each location of such person's place of business where devices or instruments are used to ascertain the moisture content of grains and seeds offered for sale, processing or storage in this state with the director and shall pay a registration fee of ten dollars for each location so registered and a fee of five dollars for each additional device or instrument at such location. Thereafter, by January thirty-first of each year, each person who is required to register pursuant to this subdivision shall pay an annual fee of ten dollars for each location so registered and an additional five dollars for each additional machine at each location. The fee on newly purchased devices shall be paid within thirty days after the date of purchase. Application for registration of a place of business shall be made on forms provided by

the director and shall require information concerning the make, model and serial number of the device and such other information as the director shall deem necessary. Provided, however, this subsection shall not apply to moisture-measuring devices used exclusively for the purpose of obtaining information necessary to manufacturing processes involving plant products. In addition to fees required by this subdivision, a fee of ten dollars shall be charged for each device subject to retest.

2. On the first day of January, 1995, and each year thereafter, the director of agriculture shall ascertain the total receipts and expenses for the testing of weighing and measuring devices referred to in subdivisions (2), (3), (4) and (5) of subsection 1 of this section and shall fix the fees or rate per hour for such weighing and measuring devices to derive revenue not more than the total cost of the operation, but such fees shall not be fixed in amounts less than the amounts contained in subdivisions (2), (3), (4) and (5) of subsection 1 of this section.

3. Except as indicated in subdivision (2)(b)(c) and (f) and subdivisions (4) and (5) of subsection 1, retests for any device within the same calendar year will be charged at the same rate as the initial test. Devices being retested in the same calendar year as a result of rejection and repair are exempt from the requirements of this subsection.

4. All device inspection fees shall be paid within thirty days of the issuance of the original invoice. [Fees not paid within thirty days from the date of the original invoice shall bear interest of one percent per month until the total amount is paid.] Any fee not paid within ninety days after the date of the original invoice [will be assessed a penalty of one hundred dollars in addition to the one percent interest per month. Fees plus interest and penalty not paid prior to the next scheduled inspection] will be cause for the director to deem the device as incorrect and it [shall] may be condemned and taken out of service, and may be seized by the director until all fees and penalties are paid.

5. No fee provided for by this section shall be required of any person owning or operating a moisture-measuring device or instrument who uses such device or instrument solely in agricultural or horticultural operations on such person's own land, and not in performing services, whether with or without compensation, for another person.

413.227. 1. Any person found to be in violation of any provision of this chapter shall be issued a notice of violation. The notice shall state the date issued, the name and address of the person to whom issued, the nature of the violation, the statute or regulation violated, and the name and position of the person issuing the notice. The notice shall also contain a warning that the violation may result in an informal or formal administrative hearing or both.

2. Any person issued a notice of violation may be afforded an opportunity by the director to explain such facts at an informal hearing to be conducted within fourteen days of such notification. In the event that such person fails to timely respond to such notification or upon unsuccessful resolution of any issues relating to an alleged violation, such person may be summoned to a formal administrative hearing before the director or a designated hearing officer conducted in conformance with chapter 536, RSMo, and [if found to have committed two or more violations within twelve months,] may be ordered to cease and desist from such violations, such order may be enforced in the circuit court, and, in addition, may be required to pay a penalty of not more than five hundred dollars per violation. Any party to such hearing aggrieved by a determination of a hearing officer may appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the party resides, or if the party is the state, in Cole County, in accordance with chapter 536, RSMo.

3. Any penalty assessed and collected by the director shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the credit of the general revenue fund of the state.

4. Undercharges to consumers are not violations pursuant to this section.

413.229. 1. Any person found in violation of any provisions of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

2. Any person found to have [purposely] violated any provisions of this chapter, has been previously convicted twice for the same offense under the misdemeanor provisions of this section, or uses or has in his or her possession for use a commercial device which has been altered to facilitate the commission of fraud shall be deemed guilty of a class D felony.

3. The prosecutor of each county in which a violation occurs shall be empowered to bring an action hereunder. If a prosecutor declines to bring such action, the attorney general may bring an action instead, and in so doing shall have all of the powers and jurisdiction of such prosecutor.

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