3553S.05F

SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 704

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.730, 67.1360, 94.838, 94.900, 94.902, 99.805, 99.810, 99.825, 99.843, 105.145, 135.550, 137.115, 137.180, 137.275, 137.355, 137.385, 138.060, 138.090, 138.434, 143.121, 143.171, 143.991, 144.757, 205.202, 321.552, 326.289, 347.179, 347.183, 358.460, and 358.470, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-eight new sections relating to taxation, with penalty provisions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section A. Sections 67.730, 67.1360, 94.838, 94.900,
- 2 94.902, 99.805, 99.810, 99.825, 99.843, 105.145, 135.550,
- 3 137.115, 137.180, 137.275, 137.355, 137.385, 138.060, 138.090,
- 4 138.434, 143.121, 143.171, 143.991, 144.757, 205.202, 321.552,
- 5 326.289, 347.179, 347.183, 358.460, and 358.470, RSMo, are
- 6 repealed and thirty-eight new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 7 to be known as sections 67.730, 67.1011, 67.1360, 67.1790,
- 8 94.838, 94.842, 94.844, 94.900, 94.902, 94.1014, 99.805, 99.810,
- 9 99.825, 99.843, 105.145, 135.550, 137.115, 137.180, 137.275,
- 10 137.355, 137.385, 138.060, 138.090, 138.434, 143.121, 143.171,
- 11 143.425, 143.991, 144.757, 205.202, 321.552, 326.289, 347.044,
- 12 347.179, 347.183, 358.460, 358.470, and 620.3210, to read as
- 13 follows:
- 14 67.730. 1. Any county of the first [class] classification
- or any county having a charter form of government, and containing

1 [the major] a portion of a city with a population of over three 2 hundred fifty thousand may, upon the vote of a majority of the 3 qualified voters of the county voting thereon, issue and sell its negotiable interest-bearing revenue bonds for the purpose of 4 paying all or part of the cost of any capital improvements 5 6 project or projects designated by the governing body of the 7 county. The bonds shall be retired from the proceeds of a 8 countywide sales tax on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 9 10 144.010 to 144.525. The sales tax to retire the revenue bonds 11 shall be approved as a part of the proposal to issue the bonds 12 submitted to the qualified voters of the county and may be 13 imposed in addition to or in lieu of all and any other sales tax 14 authorized by law to be imposed by the county. 15 The proposal to issue negotiable interest-bearing revenue bonds for the purpose of capital improvement projects and 16 the imposition of a sales tax to pay the principal and interest 17 18 on such bonds may be submitted by the governing body of the 19 county to the voters of the county at a county or state general, 20 primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language: 21 Shall the county of issue its negotiable 22 interest-bearing revenue bonds in the total face amount 23 of \$ payable in years for the purpose of 24 25 funding capital improvement projects in the county and impose a countywide sales tax at the rate of to 26 pay the principal and interest on such bonds? 27

□ NO

☐ YES

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- 3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the bonds may be issued by the county from time to time and in such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the county's program of capital improvements, but not to exceed the total amount of bonds authorized by the vote of the qualified voters. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the county shall have no power to issue the revenue bonds or impose the sales tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted the proposal and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
- 4. The governing body of any county authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020, shall:
 - (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
 - (2) Include information on the county website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
 - 67.1011. 1. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification with a township form of government and

1	with more than sixteen thousand but fewer than eighteen thousand
2	inhabitants may impose a tax as provided in this section.
3	2. The governing body of any city described under
4	subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges for
5	all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or
6	motels situated in the city, which shall be no more than six
7	percent per occupied room per night. The tax shall not become
8	effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the
9	voters of the city on a general election day not earlier than the
10	2022 general election a question to authorize the governing body
11	of the city to impose the tax. The tax shall be in addition to
12	the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any
13	and all other taxes. The tax shall be stated separately from all
14	other charges and taxes.
15	3. The question for the tax shall be in substantially the
16	<pre>following form:</pre>
17	Shall (city name) impose a tax on the
18	charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient
19	guests of hotels and motels situated in
20	(city name) at a rate of percent?
21	□ YES □ NO
22	
23	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
24	voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, the tax shall
25	become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter
26	following the calendar quarter in which the election was held.
27	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
28	voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, the tax shall

- not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted
 under this section to the qualified voters and such question is
- 3 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
- 4 4. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a

 5 sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on

 6 the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the
- 7 <u>tax is levied.</u>

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- 8 <u>5. As used in this section, "transient quests" means a</u>
 9 <u>person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or motel</u>
 10 for thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter.
- 11 67.1360. 1. The governing body of the following cities and 12 counties may impose a tax as provided in this section:
- 13 (1) A city with a population of more than seven thousand 14 and less than seven thousand five hundred;
 - (2) A county with a population of over nine thousand six hundred and less than twelve thousand which has a total assessed valuation of at least sixty-three million dollars, if the county submits the issue to the voters of such county prior to January 1, 2003;
 - (3) A third class city which is the county seat of a county of the third classification without a township form of government with a population of at least twenty-five thousand but not more than thirty thousand inhabitants;
 - (4) Any fourth class city having, according to the last federal decennial census, a population of more than one thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants but less than one thousand nine hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government and having a population of

greater than six hundred thousand but less than nine hundred thousand inhabitants;

- (5) Any city having a population of more than three thousand but less than eight thousand inhabitants in a county of the fourth classification having a population of greater than forty-eight thousand inhabitants;
 - (6) Any city having a population of less than two hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the fourth classification having a population of greater than forty-eight thousand inhabitants;
 - (7) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand five hundred but less than three thousand inhabitants in a county of the third classification having a population of more than twenty-five thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand inhabitants;
 - (8) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand two hundred but less than three thousand three hundred located in a county of the third classification having a population of more than thirty-five thousand but less than thirty-six thousand;
- (9) Any county of the second classification without a township form of government and a population of less than thirty thousand;
- (10) Any city of the fourth class in a county of the second classification without a township form of government and a population of less than thirty thousand;
- (11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and a population of at least twenty-eight thousand but not more than thirty thousand;

1 (12) Any city of the fourth class with a population of more 2 than one thousand eight hundred but less than two thousand in a 3 county of the third classification with a township form of 4 government and a population of at least twenty-eight thousand but 5 not more than thirty thousand;

- (13) Any city of the third class with a population of more than seven thousand two hundred but less than seven thousand five hundred within a county of the third classification with a population of more than twenty-one thousand but less than twenty-three thousand;
- (14) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand eight hundred but less than three thousand one hundred inhabitants in a county of the third classification with a township form of government having a population of more than eight thousand four hundred but less than nine thousand inhabitants;
- (15) Any fourth class city with a population of more than four hundred seventy but less than five hundred twenty inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;
- (16) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand eight hundred but less than four thousand inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less than sixteen thousand inhabitants;
- (17) Any fourth class city with a population of more than four thousand three hundred but less than four thousand five

- 1 hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third
- 2 classification without a township form of government with a
- 3 population greater than sixteen thousand but less than sixteen
- 4 thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- 5 (18) Any fourth class city with a population of more than
- 6 two thousand four hundred but less than two thousand six hundred
- 7 inhabitants located in a county of the first classification
- 8 without a charter form of government with a population of more
- 9 than fifty-five thousand but less than sixty thousand
- 10 inhabitants;
- 11 (19) Any fourth class city with a population of more than
- 12 two thousand five hundred but less than two thousand six hundred
- inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with
- 14 a population of more than nineteen thousand one hundred but less
- than nineteen thousand two hundred inhabitants:
- 16 (20) Any county of the third classification without a
- township form of government with a population greater than
- 18 sixteen thousand but less than sixteen thousand two hundred
- 19 inhabitants;
- 20 (21) Any county of the second classification with a
- 21 population of more than forty-four thousand but less than fifty
- 22 thousand inhabitants;
- 23 (22) Any third class city with a population of more than
- 24 nine thousand five hundred but less than nine thousand seven
- 25 hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first
- 26 classification without a charter form of government and with a
- 27 population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but
- 28 less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred

- 1 inhabitants;
- 2 (23) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 3 five thousand two hundred but less than five thousand three
- 4 hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third
- 5 classification without a township form of government and with
- 6 more than twenty-four thousand five hundred but less than
- 7 twenty-four thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- 8 (24) Any third class city with a population of more than
- 9 nineteen thousand nine hundred but less than twenty thousand in a
- 10 county of the first classification without a charter form of
- 11 government and with a population of more than one hundred
- 12 ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight
- 13 thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- 14 (25) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 15 two thousand six hundred but less than two thousand seven hundred
- 16 inhabitants located in any county of the third classification
- 17 without a township form of government and with more than fifteen
- 18 thousand three hundred but less than fifteen thousand four
- 19 hundred inhabitants;
- 20 (26) Any county of the third classification without a
- 21 township form of government and with more than fourteen thousand
- 22 nine hundred but less than fifteen thousand inhabitants;
- 23 (27) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 24 five thousand four hundred but fewer than five thousand five
- 25 hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county;
- 26 (28) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 27 six thousand three hundred but fewer than six thousand five
- hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county through

to the geographic area of such city, the area encompassed by the portion of the school district, located within a county of the first classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight

the creation of a tourism district which may include, in addition

- 5 hundred but fewer than ninety-three thousand nine hundred
- 6 inhabitants, having an average daily attendance for school year
- 7 2005-06 between one thousand eight hundred and one thousand nine
- 8 hundred;

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- 9 (29) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
 10 seven thousand seven hundred but less than seven thousand eight
 11 hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first
 12 classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred
 13 but less than ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants;
 - (30) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand nine hundred but less than three thousand inhabitants located in a county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants;
 - (31) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand three hundred but less than nine thousand four hundred inhabitants;
 - (32) Any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand eight hundred but fewer than three thousand nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than thirty-nine thousand seven hundred but fewer than thirty-nine thousand eight hundred inhabitants;
 - (33) Any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand eight hundred but fewer than one thousand nine

- 1 hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first
- 2 classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand
- 3 four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five
- 4 hundred inhabitants;
- 5 (34) Any county of the third classification without a
- 6 township form of government and with more than twelve thousand
- 7 one hundred but fewer than twelve thousand two hundred
- 8 inhabitants:
- 9 (35) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 10 three thousand eight hundred but fewer than four thousand
- inhabitants and located in more than one county; provided,
- however, that motels owned by not-for-profit organizations are
- 13 exempt;
- 14 (36) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 15 five thousand but fewer than five thousand five hundred
- 16 inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of
- 17 government and with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than
- three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants; [or]
- 19 (37) Any city with more than four thousand but fewer than
- 20 five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county
- 21 of the fourth classification with more than thirty thousand but
- fewer than forty-two thousand inhabitants; or
- 23 (38) Any city of the third classification with more than
- 24 <u>nine thousand but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants and located</u>
- in more than one county.
- 26 2. The governing body of any city or county listed in
- 27 subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges for
- 28 all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels,

motels, bed and breakfast inns, and campgrounds and any docking facility that rents slips to recreational boats that are used by transients for sleeping, which shall be at least two percent but not more than five percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at a state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city or county to impose a tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and section 67.1362. The tax authorized by this section and section 67.1362 shall be in addition to any charge paid to the owner or operator and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by the city or county solely for funding the promotion of tourism. Such tax

3. The governing body of any city or county authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020, shall:

shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

- (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
- (2) Include information on the city or county website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 67.1790. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than two hundred sixty thousand but fewer than three hundred thousand inhabitants, or any city within such county, may impose by order or ordinance a sales tax on all

Τ.	retail sales made within the county of city that are subject to
2	sales tax under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding early
3	childhood education programs in the county or city. The tax
4	shall not exceed one-quarter of one percent and shall be imposed
5	solely for the purpose of funding early childhood education
6	programs in the county or city. The tax authorized in this
7	section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by
8	law and shall be stated separately from all other charges and
9	taxes. The order or ordinance imposing a sales tax under this
10	section shall not become effective unless the governing body of
11	the county or city submits to the voters residing within the
12	county or city, on a general election day not earlier than the
13	2022 general election, a proposal to authorize the governing body
14	of the county or city to impose a tax under this section.
15	2. The question of whether the tax authorized by this
16	section shall be imposed shall be submitted in substantially the
17	following form:
18	Shall (name of county/city) impose a
19	(countywide/citywide) sales tax at a rate of
20	(insert percentage) percent for the purpose of funding
21	early childhood education in the (county/city)?
22	□ YES □ NO
23	
24	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
25	voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, the order or
26	ordinance shall become effective on the first day of the second
27	calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of
28	adoption of the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the

- question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to
 the question, the county or city shall not impose the sales tax
 authorized under this section unless and until the question is
 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such
 question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting
 on the question.
- 7 3. On or after the effective date of any tax authorized 8 under this section, the county or city that imposed the tax shall 9 enter into an agreement with the director of revenue for the 10 purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue 11 12 shall be responsible for the administration, collection, 13 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and sections 32.085 and 14 32.087 shall apply. All revenue collected under this section by 15 the director of revenue on behalf of any county or city, less one 16 percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in 17 the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special 18 trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the 19 "Early Childhood Education Sales Tax Trust Fund" and shall be 20 used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund 21 shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 22 with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from 23 the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county or city 24 for erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem 25 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 26 county or city. Any funds in the special trust fund that are not 27 needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same 28 manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys

earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

4. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county or city may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized under section 144.285, and, notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions. Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county or city shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.

5. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.527 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 144.527 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.527 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit, exemption certificate, or retail certificate shall be

Τ	required, except that the director of revenue may prescribe a
2	form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All
3	discounts allowed the retailer under the state sales tax for the
4	collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and
5	made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations
6	provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.527 are
7	hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any
8	person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be
9	paid under this section, or in the event a determination has been
10	made against the person for taxes and penalties under this
11	section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of
12	the delinquent tax and penalties shall be the same as that
13	provided in sections 144.010 to 144.527.
14	6. The governing body of any county or city that has
15	adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the
16	question of repeal of the tax to the voters at a general
17	election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the
18	<pre>following form:</pre>
19	Shall (name of county/city) repeal the sales
20	tax imposed at a rate of (insert percentage)
21	percent for the purpose of funding early childhood
22	education in the (county/city)?
23	☐ YES ☐ NO
24	
25	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
26	voters voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall
27	become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in
28	which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast

on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are

opposed to the repeal, the sales tax authorized in this section

shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under

this section to the qualified voters and is approved by a

majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

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- 7. If the governing body of any county or city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition signed by at least ten percent of the registered voters of the county or city voting in the last gubernatorial election calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county or city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes; the county or city shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least thirty days before the effective date of the repeal; and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice

- 1 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem
- 2 <u>dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such</u>
- 3 accounts. After one year has elapsed from the effective date of
- 4 abolition of the tax in such county or city, the director shall
- 5 remit the balance in the account to the county or city and close
- 6 the account of that county or city. The director shall notify
- 7 each county or city of each instance of any amount refunded or
- 8 any check redeemed from receipts due the county or city.
- 9. The governing body of each county or city imposing the
- 10 tax authorized under this section shall select an existing
- 11 community task force to administer the revenue from the tax
- received by the county or city. Such revenue shall be expended
- only upon approval of an existing community task force selected
- by the governing body of the county or city to administer the
- funds and only in accordance with a budget approved by the county
- or city governing body.
- 17 10. The governing body of any city or county authorized to
- 18 levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall include
- information on the city's or county's website on the tax rate and
- 20 the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 94.838. 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 22 mean:
- 23 (1) "Food", all articles commonly used for food or drink,
- including alcoholic beverages, the provisions of chapter 311
- 25 notwithstanding;
- 26 (2) "Food establishment", any café, cafeteria, lunchroom,
- or restaurant which sells food at retail:
- 28 (3) "Municipality", any village or fourth class city with

- 1 more than two hundred but less than three hundred inhabitants and
- 2 located in any county of the third classification with a township
- 3 form of government and with more than twelve thousand five
- 4 hundred but less than twelve thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- 5 (4) "Transient guest", a person or persons who occupy a
- 6 room or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one days or less
- 7 during any calendar quarter.
- 8 2. The governing body of any municipality may impose, by
- 9 order or ordinance:
- 10 (1) A tax, not to exceed six percent per room per night, on
- 11 the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests
- of hotels or motels situated in the municipality or a portion
- 13 thereof; and

- 14 (2) A tax, not to exceed [two] <u>six</u> percent, on the gross
- 15 receipts derived from the retail sales of food by every person
- operating a food establishment in the municipality.
- 18 The taxes shall be imposed solely for [the purpose of funding the
- 19 construction, maintenance, and operation of capital improvements]
- 20 general revenue purposes. The order or ordinance shall not
- 21 become effective unless the governing body of the municipality
- 22 submits to the voters of the municipality at a state general or
- 23 primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body of
- 24 the municipality to impose taxes under this section. The taxes
- 25 authorized in this section shall be in addition to the charge for
- the sleeping room, the retail sales of food at a food
- 27 establishment, and all other taxes imposed by law, and shall be
- 28 stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

Т	3	. The parrot of submission for the taxes authorized in
2	this s	ection shall be in substantially the following form:
3	Sl	hall (insert the name of the municipality)
4	ir	mpose a tax on the charges for all retail sales of
5	f	ood at a food establishment situated in (name
6	0:	f municipality) at a rate of (insert rate of
7	р	ercent) percent, and for all sleeping rooms paid by
8	t]	he transient guests of hotels and motels situated in
9		(name of municipality) at a rate of
10	(:	insert rate of percent) percent, solely for the
11	pı	urpose of [funding the construction, maintenance, and
12	Ol	peration of capital improvements] increasing general
13	re	evenue funds?
14		□ YES □ NO

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If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the taxes shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the taxes. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the taxes shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of

Any tax on the retail sales of food imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in section 32.087, and any transient guest tax

the qualified voters voting on the question.

- imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, 1 2 enforced, and operated by the municipality imposing the tax. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special 3 trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. 5 If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust 6 fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated 7 purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not 8 needed for current expenditures may be invested in the same 9 manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys 10 earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund. 5. Once the initial bonds, if any, have been satisfied, 11 12 then the governing body of any municipality that has adopted the taxes authorized in this section may submit the question of 13 14 repeal of the taxes to the voters on any date available for 15 elections for the municipality. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 16 17 Shall (insert the name of the municipality) repeal the taxes imposed at the rates of (insert 18 rate of percent) and _____ (insert rate of percent) 19 percent for the purpose of [funding the construction, 20 maintenance, and operation of capital improvements] 21 22 increasing general revenue funds? ☐ YES □ NO 23 24
- If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the

- qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then
 the tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until
 the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified
 voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified
 voters voting on the question.
- 6 6. Once the initial bonds, if any, have been satisfied, 7 then, whenever the governing body of any municipality that has 8 adopted the taxes authorized in this section receives a petition, 9 signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the 10 municipality voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the taxes imposed under this section, 11 12 the governing body shall submit to the voters of the municipality 13 a proposal to repeal the taxes. If a majority of the votes cast 14 on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in 15 favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on 16 December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by 17 18 the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, 19 then the tax shall remain effective until the question is 20 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the 21 repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 22 on the question.
 - 7. The governing body of any municipality authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall:

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- (1) Submit the question of an increase in the rate of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
 - (2) Include information on the municipality's website on

Τ	the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
2	94.842. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with
3	more than one hundred fifty-five thousand but fewer than two
4	hundred thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for
5	all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or
6	motels situated in the city, which shall not be more than seven
7	and one-half percent per occupied room per night, except that
8	such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of
9	the city submits to the voters of the city on a general election
10	day not earlier than the 2022 general election, a proposal to
11	authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax under
12	the provisions of this section. The tax authorized by this
13	section shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room
14	and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law, and
15	the proceeds of such tax shall be used solely for capital
16	investments that can be demonstrated to increase the number of
17	overnight visitors. Such tax shall be stated separately from all
18	other charges and taxes.
19	2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the
20	<pre>following form:</pre>
21	Shall the (city) levy a tax of percent on
22	each sleeping room occupied and rented by transient
23	guests of hotels and motels located in the city, where
24	the proceeds of which shall be expended for capital
25	investments to increase tourism?
26	☐ YES ☐ NO
27	

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified

- voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the governing body for the city shall have no power to impose the tax authorized by this section unless and until the governing body of the city again submits the question to the qualified voters of the city and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
 - 3. On and after the effective date of any tax authorized under the provisions of this section, the city which levied the tax may adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax:

- (1) The city which levied the tax may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the city officers usually responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; or
- (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized under the provisions of this section. The tax authorized under the provisions of this section

shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such

administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the

director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain not

more than one percent for cost of collection.

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- 4. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 5. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel, motel, or tourist court consecutively for thirty-one days or less.
- 94.844. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than forty-seven thousand but fewer than fifty-two thousand inhabitants and partially located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifteen thousand but fewer than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient quests of hotels or motels situated in the city, which shall not be more than seven percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax under the provisions of this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law, and the proceeds of such tax shall be used solely for the construction, maintenance, and operation of convention and

1	tourism facilities. Such tax shall be stated separately from all
2	other charges and taxes.
3	2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the
4	following form:
5	Shall the (city) levy a tax of
6	percent on each sleeping room occupied and rented by
7	transient guests of hotels and motels located in the
8	city, where the proceeds of which shall be expended for
9	the construction, maintenance, and operation of
10	convention and tourism facilities?
11	□ YES □ NO
12	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
13	voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax
14	shall become effective on the first day of the calendar quarter
15	following the calendar quarter in which the election was held.
16	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
17	voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the
18	governing body for the city shall have no power to impose the tax
19	authorized by this section unless and until the governing body of
20	the city again submits the question to the qualified voters of
21	the city and such question is approved by a majority of the
22	qualified voters voting on the question.
23	3. On and after the effective date of any tax authorized
24	under the provisions of this section, the city which levied the
25	tax may adopt one of the two following provisions for the
26	collection and administration of the tax:
27	(1) The city which levied the tax may adopt rules and
28	regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the city

- officers usually responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; or
- 3 (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director 4 of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting 5 the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city enters 6 into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of 7 Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this 8 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions 9 incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 10 operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized under the provisions of this 11 12 section. The tax authorized under the provisions of this section 13 shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such 14 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the 15 director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain not 16 more than one percent for cost of collection.
 - 4. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 5. As used in this section, "transient quests" means a

 person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel, motel,

 or tourist court consecutively for thirty-one days or less.

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- 94.900. 1. (1) The governing body of the following cities may impose a tax as provided in this section:
 - (a) Any city of the third classification with more than ten thousand eight hundred but less than ten thousand nine hundred inhabitants located at least partly within a county of the first

- classification with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand 1 2 but less than one hundred eighty-eight thousand inhabitants;
- Any city of the fourth classification with more than 3
- four thousand five hundred but fewer than five thousand 4
- 5 inhabitants;

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- 6 (c) Any city of the fourth classification with more than 7 eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants;
- 9 Any home rule city with more than forty-eight thousand 10 but fewer than forty-nine thousand inhabitants;
 - Any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants;
 - Any city of the fourth classification with more than thirteen thousand five hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand inhabitants;
 - Any city of the fourth classification with more than seven thousand but fewer than eight thousand inhabitants;
 - Any city of the fourth classification with more than (h) four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants:
 - Any city of the third classification with more than thirteen thousand but fewer than fifteen thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than thirty-three thousand but fewer than thirty-seven thousand inhabitants; [or]
 - Any city of the fourth classification with more than (j)

- three thousand but fewer than three thousand three hundred
 inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification
- 3 without a township form of government and with more than eighteen
- 4 thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants and that is
- 5 not the county seat of such county;

6 (k) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
7 one thousand three hundred fifty but fewer than one thousand five
8 hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first
9 classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but

fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants;

- (1) Any city of the fourth classification with more than eight thousand but fewer than twelve thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants; or
- (m) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four hundred fifty but fewer than five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty-nine thousand but fewer than thirty-three thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than four hundred but fewer than four hundred fifty inhabitants as the county seat.
- (2) The governing body of any city listed in subdivision
 (1) of this subsection is hereby authorized to impose, by
 ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half
 of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are
 subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to

- 144.525 for the purpose of improving the public safety for such city[,] including, but not limited to, expenditures on equipment, city employee salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, fire and emergency medical providers. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax.
- 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the city of _____ (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of _____ (insert amount) for the purpose of improving the public safety of the city?

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives

- notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the city shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.
 - 3. All revenue received by a city from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for improving the public safety for such city for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for improving the public safety for the city. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of [the department of] revenue under this section on behalf of any city, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in

a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director of [the department of] revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each city imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of [the department of] revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the city treasurer of each such city, and all expenditures of funds arising from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such city. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.

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6. The director of [the department of] revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of [the department of] revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of [the department of] revenue may order retention in

the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 1 2 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks 3 and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 4 5 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax 6 in such city, the director of [the department of] revenue shall 7 remit the balance in the account to the city and close the 8 account of that city. The director of [the department of]

revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount

7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.

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- 8. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020, shall:
 - (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
- 20 (2) Include information on the city's website on the tax
 21 rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 94.902. 1. The governing bodies of the following cities <u>or</u>
 villages may impose a tax as provided in this section:
 - (1) Any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but less than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
 - (2) Any city of the fourth classification with more than thirty thousand three hundred but fewer than thirty thousand

1 seven hundred inhabitants;

- 2 (3) Any city of the fourth classification with more than 3 twenty-four thousand eight hundred but fewer than twenty-five 4 thousand inhabitants;
 - (4) Any special charter city with more than twenty-nine thousand but fewer than thirty-two thousand inhabitants;
 - (5) Any city of the third classification with more than four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants;
 - (6) Any city of the fourth classification with more than nine thousand five hundred but fewer than ten thousand eight hundred inhabitants;
 - (7) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five hundred eighty but fewer than six hundred fifty inhabitants;
 - (8) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand seven hundred but fewer than three thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants; [or]
 - (9) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand four hundred but fewer than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand but fewer than twelve thousand inhabitants;
 - (10) Any city of the third classification with more than

- nine thousand but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants and located
 in any county of the third classification with a township form of
 government and with more than twenty thousand but fewer than
- 4 twenty-three thousand inhabitants;

- (11) Any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand fifty but fewer than one thousand two hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand one hundred but fewer than two thousand four hundred inhabitants as the county seat; or
 - (12) Any village with more than one thousand three hundred fifty but fewer than one thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants.
 - 2. The governing body of any city or village listed in subsection 1 of this section may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or village which are subject to taxation under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed in an amount of up to one-half of one percent, [and] except that a city listed under subdivision (10) or (11) of subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax of one-fourth, one-half, three-fourths, or one percent. The tax shall be imposed solely for the purpose of improving the public safety for such city[,] or village including, but not limited to, expenditures on equipment, city or village employee salaries and

- benefits, and facilities for police, fire, and emergency medical providers. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The order or ordinance imposing a sales tax under this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or village submits to the voters residing within the city or village, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city or village to impose
 - 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the <u>(city/village)</u> of _____ ([city's] <u>insert</u>

name) impose a <u>(citywide/villagewide)</u> sales tax at a

rate of _____ (insert [rate of percent] <u>percentage</u>)

percent for the purpose of improving the public safety

of the <u>(city/village)</u>?

18 ☐ YES ☐ NO

a tax under this section.

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments to the order or ordinance shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on

the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the tax shall not become effective unless the proposal is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the proposal. However, in no event shall a proposal under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal under this section.

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Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in section 32.087. All sales taxes collected by the director of the department of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or village, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, to be known as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or village imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or village and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the

- 1 preceding month to the city or village which levied the tax.
- 2 Such funds shall be deposited with the city or village treasurer
- 3 of each such city or village, and all expenditures of funds
- 4 arising from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to
- 5 be enacted by the governing body of each such city or village.
- 6 Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions
- 7 authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing
- 8 body submitting the tax to the voters. If the tax is repealed,
- 9 all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to
- 10 be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the
- 11 special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures
- shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested.
- 13 Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be
- 14 credited to the fund.
- 15 The director of [the department of] revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in 16 the trust fund and credited to any city or village for erroneous 17 18 payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 19 and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or villages. 20 If any city or village abolishes the tax, the city or village 21 shall notify the director of the action at least ninety days 22 before the effective date of the repeal, and the director may 23 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of 24 two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice 25 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 26 27 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 28 abolition of the tax in such city or village, the director shall

remit the balance in the account to the city and close the
account of that city <u>or village</u>. The director shall notify each
city <u>or village</u> of each instance of any amount refunded or any
check redeemed from receipts due the city or village.

6. The governing body of any city <u>or village</u> that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city <u>or village</u>. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

7. Whenever the governing body of any city or village that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city or village voting in the last gubernatorial election,

calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city or village a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

- 8. Any sales tax imposed under this section by a city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section that is in effect as of December 31, 2038, shall automatically expire. No city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section shall collect a sales tax pursuant to this section on or after January 1, 2039. Subsection 7 of this section shall not apply to a sales tax imposed under this section by a city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section.
- 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
 - 10. The governing body of any city or village authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020, shall:

- 1 (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax
 2 to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022
 3 general election; and
- 4 (2) Include information on the city or village website on 5 the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.

- 94.1014. 1. (1) The governing body of any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand seven hundred but fewer than four thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the city or a portion thereof. The tax shall not be more than five percent per occupied room per night.
- (2) The tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city, on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election, submits to the voters of the city a proposal to authorize the city to impose a tax under this section, and the voters approve the tax.
- (3) The tax shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and all other taxes imposed by law. The tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
- (4) The proceeds of the tax shall be used by the city for the promotion of tourism; growth of the region; economic development purposes; and public safety purposes including, but not limited to, equipment expenditures, employee salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, firefighters, or emergency medical providers.

1	2. The ballot for authorization of the tax shall be in
2	substantially the following form:
3	Shall (name of the city) impose a tax on the
4	charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient
5	guests of hotels and motels situated in (name of
6	the city) at a rate of percent for the promotion
7	of tourism, growth of the region, economic development,
8	and public safety?
9	□ YES □ NO
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11	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by qualified
12	voters approve the proposal, the tax shall become effective on
13	the first day of the second calendar quarter following the
14	election. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by
15	qualified voters opposed the proposal, the tax shall not become
16	effective unless and until the proposal is again submitted to the
17	voters of the city and is approved by a majority of the qualified
18	<pre>voters voting thereon.</pre>
19	3. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a
20	sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on
21	the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the
22	tax is levied.
23	4. As used in this section, "transient guest" means any
24	person who occupies a room or rooms in a hotel or motel for
25	thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter.
26	99.805. As used in sections 99.800 to 99.865, unless the
27	context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall
28	mean:

- "Blighted area", an area which, by reason of the (1)predominance of [defective or inadequate street layout,] insanitary or unsafe conditions, [deterioration of site improvements, improper subdivision or obsolete platting,] or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, retards the provision of housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or social liability or a menace to the public health, safety, [morals,] or welfare in its present condition and use, and, for redevelopment areas located in a city not within a county, which has a median household income less than or equal to two hundred percent of the federal poverty level, as determined by the most current five-year figures published by the American Community Survey conducted by the United States Census Bureau;
 - (2) "Collecting officer", the officer of the municipality responsible for receiving and processing payments in lieu of taxes or economic activity taxes from taxpayers or the department of revenue;

(3) ["Conservation area", any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment area located within the territorial limits of a municipality in which fifty percent or more of the structures in the area have an age of thirty-five years or more. Such an area is not yet a blighted area but is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare and may become a blighted area because of any one or more of the following factors: dilapidation; obsolescence; deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of

- structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light
 or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land
 coverage; deleterious land use or layout; depreciation of
 physical maintenance; and lack of community planning. A
 conservation area shall meet at least three of the factors
 provided in this subdivision for projects approved on or after
 December 23, 1997;
- 8 "Economic activity taxes", the total additional 9 revenue from taxes which are imposed by a municipality and other 10 taxing districts, and which are generated by economic activities 11 within a redevelopment area over the amount of such taxes 12 generated by economic activities within such redevelopment area 13 in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the ordinance 14 designating such a redevelopment area, while tax increment 15 financing remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid 16 by transient quests of hotels and motels, licenses, fees or 17 18 special assessments. For redevelopment projects or redevelopment 19 plans approved after December 23, 1997, if a retail establishment 20 relocates within one year from one facility to another facility 21 within the same county and the governing body of the municipality 22 finds that the relocation is a direct beneficiary of tax 23 increment financing, then for purposes of this definition, the 24 economic activity taxes generated by the retail establishment 25 shall equal the total additional revenues from economic activity 26 taxes which are imposed by a municipality or other taxing 27 district over the amount of economic activity taxes generated by 28 the retail establishment in the calendar year prior to its

1 relocation to the redevelopment area;

[(5) "Economic development area", any area or portion of an area located within the territorial limits of a municipality, which does not meet the requirements of subdivisions (1) and (3) of this section, and in which the governing body of the municipality finds that redevelopment will not be solely used for development of commercial businesses which unfairly compete in

the local economy and is in the public interest because it will:

- 9 (a) Discourage commerce, industry or manufacturing from moving their operations to another state; or
 - (b) Result in increased employment in the municipality; or
- 12 (c) Result in preservation or enhancement of the tax base 13 of the municipality;
 - (6)] (4) "Gambling establishment", an excursion gambling boat as defined in section 313.800 and any related business facility including any real property improvements which are directly and solely related to such business facility, whose sole purpose is to provide goods or services to an excursion gambling boat and whose majority ownership interest is held by a person licensed to conduct gambling games on an excursion gambling boat or licensed to operate an excursion gambling boat as provided in sections 313.800 to 313.850. This subdivision shall be applicable only to a redevelopment area designated by ordinance adopted after December 23, 1997;
 - [(7)] (5) "Greenfield area", any vacant, unimproved, or agricultural property that is located wholly outside the incorporated limits of a city, town, or village, or that is substantially surrounded by contiguous properties with

- 1 agricultural zoning classifications or uses unless said property
- 2 was annexed into the incorporated limits of a city, town, or
- 3 village ten years prior to the adoption of the ordinance
- 4 approving the redevelopment plan for such greenfield area;
- 5 [(8)] (6) "Municipality", a city, village, or incorporated
- 6 town or any county of this state. For redevelopment areas or
- 7 projects approved on or after December 23, 1997, municipality
- 8 applies only to cities, villages, incorporated towns or counties
- 9 established for at least one year prior to such date;
- [(9)] (7) "Obligations", bonds, loans, debentures, notes,
- 11 special certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness issued
- by a municipality to carry out a redevelopment project or to
- 13 refund outstanding obligations;
- [(10)] (8) "Ordinance", an ordinance enacted by the
- 15 governing body of a city, town, or village or a county or an
- order of the governing body of a county whose governing body is
- 17 not authorized to enact ordinances;
- [(11)] (9) "Payment in lieu of taxes", those estimated
- 19 revenues from real property in the area selected for a
- 20 redevelopment project, which revenues according to the
- 21 redevelopment project or plan are to be used for a private use,
- 22 which taxing districts would have received had a municipality not
- 23 adopted tax increment allocation financing, and which would
- 24 result from levies made after the time of the adoption of tax
- 25 increment allocation financing during the time the current
- 26 equalized value of real property in the area selected for the
- 27 redevelopment project exceeds the total initial equalized value
- of real property in such area until the designation is terminated

- 1 pursuant to subsection 2 of section 99.850;
- [(12)] (10) "Redevelopment area", an area designated by a
- 3 municipality, in respect to which the municipality has made a
- 4 finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be
- 5 classified as a blighted area, [a conservation area, an economic
- 6 development area, an enterprise zone pursuant to sections 135.200
- 7 to 135.256, or a combination thereof,] which area includes only
- 8 those parcels of real property directly and substantially
- 9 benefitted by the proposed redevelopment project;
- [(13)] (11) "Redevelopment plan", the comprehensive program
- of a municipality for redevelopment intended by the payment of
- 12 redevelopment costs to reduce or eliminate those conditions, the
- existence of which qualified the redevelopment area as a blighted
- 14 area, [conservation area, economic development area, or
- combination thereof, and to thereby enhance the tax bases of the
- 16 taxing districts which extend into the redevelopment area. Each
- 17 redevelopment plan shall conform to the requirements of section
- 18 99.810;
- [(14)] (12) "Redevelopment project", any development
- 20 project within a redevelopment area in furtherance of the
- 21 objectives of the redevelopment plan; any such redevelopment
- 22 project shall include a legal description of the area selected
- 23 for the redevelopment project;
- [(15)] (13) "Redevelopment project costs" include the sum
- 25 total of all reasonable or necessary costs incurred or estimated
- to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a redevelopment
- 27 plan or redevelopment project, as applicable. Such costs
- include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1 (a) Costs of studies, surveys, plans, and specifications;
- 2 (b) Professional service costs, including, but not limited
- 3 to, architectural, engineering, legal, marketing, financial,
- 4 planning or special services. Except the reasonable costs
- 5 incurred by the commission established in section 99.820 for the
- 6 administration of sections 99.800 to 99.865, such costs shall be
- 7 allowed only as an initial expense which, to be recoverable,
- 8 shall be included in the costs of a redevelopment plan or
- 9 project;
- 10 (c) Property assembly costs, including, but not limited to:
- 11 a. Acquisition of land and other property, real or
- 12 personal, or rights or interests therein;
- b. Demolition of buildings; and
- 14 c. The clearing and grading of land;
- 15 (d) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction, or repair or 16 remodeling of existing buildings and fixtures;
- 17 (e) [Initial costs for an economic development area;
- (f) Costs of construction of public works or improvements;
- [(g)] (f) Financing costs, including, but not limited to,
- 20 all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance of
- 21 obligations, and which may include payment of interest on any
- obligations issued pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865 accruing
- 23 during the estimated period of construction of any redevelopment
- 24 project for which such obligations are issued and for not more
- 25 than eighteen months thereafter, and including reasonable
- 26 reserves related thereto;
- [(h)] (g) All or a portion of a taxing district's capital
- 28 costs resulting from the redevelopment project necessarily

- 1 incurred or to be incurred in furtherance of the objectives of
- 2 the redevelopment plan and project, to the extent the
- 3 municipality by written agreement accepts and approves such
- 4 costs;
- 5 [(i)] (h) Relocation costs to the extent that a
- 6 municipality determines that relocation costs shall be paid or
- 7 are required to be paid by federal or state law;
- 8 [(j)] (i) Payments in lieu of taxes;
- 9 [(16)] (14) "Special allocation fund", the fund of a
- 10 municipality or its commission which contains at least two
- 11 separate segregated accounts for each redevelopment plan,
- maintained by the treasurer of the municipality or the treasurer
- of the commission into which payments in lieu of taxes are
- deposited in one account, and economic activity taxes and other
- 15 revenues are deposited in the other account;
- [(17)] (15) "Taxing districts", any political subdivision
- of this state having the power to levy taxes;
- [(18)] (16) "Taxing districts' capital costs", those costs
- of taxing districts for capital improvements that are found by
- the municipal governing bodies to be necessary and to directly
- 21 result from the redevelopment project; and
- [(19)] (17) "Vacant land", any parcel or combination of
- 23 parcels of real property not used for industrial, commercial, or
- 24 residential buildings.
- 25 99.810. 1. Each redevelopment plan shall set forth in
- 26 writing a general description of the program to be undertaken to
- accomplish the objectives and shall include, but need not be
- 28 limited to, the estimated redevelopment project costs, the

anticipated sources of funds to pay the costs, evidence of the commitments to finance the project costs, the anticipated type and term of the sources of funds to pay costs, the anticipated type and terms of the obligations to be issued, the most recent equalized assessed valuation of the property within the redevelopment area which is to be subjected to payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes pursuant to section 99.845, an estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after redevelopment, and the general land uses to apply in the redevelopment area. No redevelopment plan shall be adopted by a municipality without findings that:

- area[, a conservation area, or an economic development area,] and has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed without the adoption of tax increment financing. Such a finding shall include, but not be limited to, a study conducted by a third party which includes a detailed description of the factors that qualify the redevelopment area or project pursuant to this subdivision and an affidavit, signed by the developer or developers and submitted with the redevelopment plan, attesting that the provisions of this subdivision have been met;
 - (2) The redevelopment plan conforms to the comprehensive plan for the development of the municipality as a whole;
 - (3) The estimated dates, which shall not be more than twenty-three years from the adoption of the ordinance approving a redevelopment project within a redevelopment area, of completion

- of any redevelopment project and retirement of obligations
- 2 incurred to finance redevelopment project costs have been stated,
- 3 provided that no ordinance approving a redevelopment project
- 4 shall be adopted later than ten years from the adoption of the
- 5 ordinance approving the redevelopment plan under which such
- 6 project is authorized and provided that no property for a
- 7 redevelopment project shall be acquired by eminent domain later
- 8 than five years from the adoption of the ordinance approving such
- 9 redevelopment project;
- 10 (4) A plan has been developed for relocation assistance for businesses and residences;
- 12 (5) A cost-benefit analysis showing the economic impact of
- the plan on each taxing district which is at least partially
- 14 within the boundaries of the redevelopment area. The analysis
- shall show the impact on the economy if the project is not built,
- and is built pursuant to the redevelopment plan under
- 17 consideration. The cost-benefit analysis shall include a fiscal
- 18 impact study on every affected political subdivision, and
- 19 sufficient information from the developer for the commission
- established in section 99.820 to evaluate whether the project as
- 21 proposed is financially feasible;
- 22 (6) A finding that the plan does not include the initial
- development or redevelopment of any gambling establishment,
- 24 provided however, that this subdivision shall be applicable only
- to a redevelopment plan adopted for a redevelopment area
- designated by ordinance after December 23, 1997.
- 2. By the last day of February each year, each commission
- 28 shall report to the director of economic development the name,

address, phone number and primary line of business of any 1 2 business which relocates to the district. The director of the department of economic development shall compile and report the 3 4 same to the governor, the speaker of the house and the president 5 pro tempore of the senate on the last day of April each year. 6 99.825. 1. Prior to the adoption of an ordinance proposing 7 the designation of a redevelopment area, or approving a 8 redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, the commission shall 9 fix a time and place for a public hearing as required in 10 subsection 4 of section 99.820 and notify each taxing district located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the proposed 11 12 redevelopment area, plan or project. At the public hearing any 13 interested person or affected taxing district may file with the 14 commission written objections to, or comments on, and may be 15 heard orally in respect to, any issues embodied in the notice. 16 The commission shall hear and consider all protests, objections, 17 comments and other evidence presented at the hearing. The 18 hearing may be continued to another date without further notice 19 other than a motion to be entered upon the minutes fixing the 20 time and place of the subsequent hearing; provided, if the 21 commission is created under subsection 3 of section 99.820, the 22 hearing shall not be continued for more than thirty days beyond 23 the date on which it is originally opened unless such longer 24 period is requested by the chief elected official of the 25 municipality creating the commission and approved by a majority of the commission. Prior to the conclusion of the hearing, 26 27 changes may be made in the redevelopment plan, redevelopment 28 project, or redevelopment area, provided that each affected

taxing district is given written notice of such changes at least 1 2 seven days prior to the conclusion of the hearing. After the 3 public hearing but prior to the adoption of an ordinance 4 approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, or 5 designating a redevelopment area, changes may be made to the 6 redevelopment plan, redevelopment projects or redevelopment areas 7 without a further hearing, if such changes do not enlarge the 8 exterior boundaries of the redevelopment area or areas, and do 9 not substantially affect the general land uses established in the 10 redevelopment plan or substantially change the nature of the redevelopment projects, provided that notice of such changes 11 12 shall be given by mail to each affected taxing district and by 13 publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of 14 the proposed redevelopment not less than ten days prior to the 15 adoption of the changes by ordinance. After the adoption of an 16 ordinance approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment 17 project, or designating a redevelopment area, no ordinance shall 18 be adopted altering the exterior boundaries, affecting the 19 general land uses established pursuant to the redevelopment plan 20 or changing the nature of the redevelopment project without 21 complying with the procedures provided in this section pertaining 22 to the initial approval of a redevelopment plan or redevelopment 23 project and designation of a redevelopment area. Hearings with 24 regard to a redevelopment project, redevelopment area, or 25 redevelopment plan may be held simultaneously.

2. If, after concluding the hearing required under this section, the commission makes a recommendation under section 99.820 in opposition to a proposed redevelopment plan,

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redevelopment project, or designation of a redevelopment area, or any amendments thereto, a municipality desiring to approve such project, plan, designation, or amendments shall do so only upon a two-thirds majority vote of the governing body of such municipality. For plans, projects, designations, or amendments approved by a municipality over the recommendation in opposition by the commission formed under subsection 3 of section 99.820, the economic activity taxes and payments in lieu of taxes generated by such plan, project, designation, or amendment shall

[3. Tax incremental financing projects within an economic development area shall apply to and fund only the following infrastructure projects: highways, roads, streets, bridges, sewers, traffic control systems and devices, water distribution and supply systems, curbing, sidewalks and any other similar public improvements, but in no case shall it include buildings.]

be restricted to paying only those redevelopment project costs

subdivision (15) of section 99.805 per redevelopment project.

contained in subparagraphs b. and c. of paragraph (c) of

- 99.843. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 99.800 to 99.865 to the contrary, no new tax increment financing project shall be authorized in any greenfield area, as such term is defined in section 99.805[, that is located within a city not within a county or any county subject to the authority of the East-West Gateway Council of Governments. Municipalities not subject to the authority of the East-West Gateway Council of Governments may authorize tax increment finance projects in greenfield areas].
- 28 105.145. 1. The following definitions shall be applied to

- 1 the terms used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Governing body", the board, body, or persons in which
- 3 the powers of a political subdivision as a body corporate, or
- 4 otherwise, are vested;
- 5 (2) "Political subdivision", any agency or unit of this
- 6 state, except counties and school districts, which now is, or
- 7 hereafter shall be, authorized to levy taxes or empowered to
- 8 cause taxes to be levied.
- 9 2. The governing body of each political subdivision in the
- 10 state shall cause to be prepared an annual report of the
- 11 financial transactions of the political subdivision in such
- summary form as the state auditor shall prescribe by rule, except
- that the annual report of political subdivisions whose cash
- 14 receipts for the reporting period are ten thousand dollars or
- less shall only be required to contain the cash balance at the
- 16 beginning of the reporting period, a summary of cash receipts, a
- summary of cash disbursements and the cash balance at the end of
- 18 the reporting period.
- 3. Within such time following the end of the fiscal year as
- 20 the state auditor shall prescribe by rule, the governing body of
- 21 each political subdivision shall cause a copy of the annual
- 22 financial report to be remitted to the state auditor.
- 23 4. The state auditor shall immediately on receipt of each
- 24 financial report acknowledge the receipt of the report.
- 5. In any fiscal year no member of the governing body of
- 26 any political subdivision of the state shall receive any
- 27 compensation or payment of expenses after the end of the time
- within which the financial statement of the political subdivision

- is required to be filed with the state auditor and until such time as the notice from the state auditor of the filing of the annual financial report for the fiscal year has been received.
 - 6. The state auditor shall prepare sample forms for financial reports and shall mail the same to the political subdivisions of the state. Failure of the auditor to supply such forms shall not in any way excuse any person from the performance of any duty imposed by this section.
- 9 7. All reports or financial statements herein above 10 mentioned shall be considered to be public records.

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- 8. The provisions of this section apply to the board of directors of every transportation development district organized under sections 238.200 to 238.275.
 - 9. Any political subdivision that fails to timely submit a copy of the annual financial statement to the state auditor shall be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars per day.
 - 10. The state auditor shall report any violation of subsection 9 of this section to the department of revenue. Upon notification from the state auditor's office that a political subdivision failed to timely submit a copy of the annual financial statement, the department of revenue shall notify such political subdivision by certified mail that the statement has not been received. Such notice shall clearly set forth the following:
 - (1) The name of the political subdivision;
- 26 (2) That the political subdivision shall be subject to a 27 fine of five hundred dollars per day if the political subdivision 28 does not submit a copy of the annual financial statement to the

- state auditor's office within thirty days from the postmarked date stamped on the certified mail envelope;
- 3 (3) That the fine will be enforced and collected as 4 provided under subsection 11 of this section; and
- 5 (4) That the fine will begin accruing on the thirty-first 6 day from the postmarked date stamped on the certified mail 7 envelope and will continue to accrue until the state auditor's 8 office receives a copy of the financial statement.

- 10 In the event a copy of the annual financial statement is received
- 11 within such thirty-day period, no fine shall accrue or be
- 12 imposed. The state auditor shall report receipt of the financial
- 13 statement to the department of revenue within ten business days.
- 14 Failure of the political subdivision to submit the required
- annual financial statement within such thirty-day period shall
- cause the fine to be collected as provided under subsection 11 of
- 17 this section.
- 18 11. The department of revenue may collect the fine
- 19 authorized under the provisions of subsection 9 of this section
- 20 by offsetting any sales or use tax distributions due to the
- 21 political subdivision. The director of revenue shall retain two
- 22 percent for the cost of such collection. The remaining revenues
- 23 collected from such violations shall be distributed annually to
- 24 the schools of the county in the same manner that proceeds for
- 25 all penalties, forfeitures, and fines collected for any breach of
- 26 the penal laws of the state are distributed.
- 27 12. Any [transportation development district organized
- under sections 238.200 to 238.275 having political subdivision

- that has gross revenues of less than five thousand dollars or
- 2 <u>that has not levied or collected sales or use taxes</u> in the fiscal
- 3 year for which the annual financial statement was not timely
- filed shall not be subject to the fine authorized in this
- 5 section.
- 6 <u>13. If a failure to timely submit the annual financial</u>
 7 statement is the result of fraud or other illegal conduct by an
- 8 <u>employee or officer of the political subdivision, the failure</u>
- 9 shall not be subject to a fine authorized under this section if
- 10 the statement is filed within thirty days of the discovery of the
- fraud or illegal conduct. If a fine is assessed and paid prior
- 12 <u>to the filing of the statement, the department of revenue shall</u>
- 13 <u>refund the fine upon notification from the political subdivision.</u>
- 14. If a political subdivision has an outstanding balance
- for fines or penalties at the time it files its first annual
- financial statement after January 1, 2021, the director of
- 17 revenue shall make a one-time downward adjustment to such
- 18 <u>outstanding balance in an amount that reduces the outstanding</u>
- balance by ninety percent.
- 20 15. The director of revenue shall have the authority to
- 21 <u>make a one-time downward adjustment to any outstanding penalty</u>
- 22 imposed under this section on a political subdivision if the
- 23 director determines the fine is uncollectible. The director of
- 24 revenue may prescribe rules and regulations necessary to carry
- out the provisions of this subsection. Any rule or portion of a
- 26 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created
- 27 under the authority delegated in this section shall become
- effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the

- 1 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028.
- 2 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the
- 3 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536
- 4 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and
- 5 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 6 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted
- 7 after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void.
- 8 <u>16. If a political subdivision with an outstanding balance</u>
- 9 for fines or penalties:
- 10 (1) Fails to file an annual financial statement after
- 11 August 28, 2020, and before January 1, 2021; or
- 12 (2) Files an annual financial statement after August 28,
- 2020, and before January 1, 2021, but fails to file any annual
- 14 <u>financial statement thereafter</u>,
- then the director of revenue shall initiate the process to
- disincorporate the political subdivision as provided in this
- 18 section.

- 19 17. If any resident of a political subdivision believes or
- 20 knows that the political subdivision has failed to file the
- 21 annual financial report required under subsection 2 of this
- 22 section, the resident may file an affidavit with the director of
- 23 revenue that attests to the alleged failure. The director of
- revenue shall evaluate the allegation and, if true, notify the
- 25 political subdivision and any municipality or county encompassing
- the political subdivision by both certified mail and first-class
- 27 mail that the political subdivision has ninety days to comply
- 28 <u>with subsection 2 of this section.</u> If the political subdivision

1	has not complied after ninety days, the director of revenue shall
2	initiate the process to disincorporate the political subdivision
3	as provided in this section.
4	18. (1) The question of whether a political subdivision
5	subject to possible disincorporation under subsection 16 or 17 of
6	this section shall be disincorporated shall be submitted to the
7	voters of the political subdivision. The election upon the
8	question shall be held on the next general election day.
9	(2) No later than five o'clock p.m. on the tenth Tuesday
10	prior to the election, the director of revenue shall notify the
11	election authorities responsible for conducting the election
12	according to the provisions of section 115.125 and the county
13	governing body in which the political subdivision is located.
14	(3) The election authority shall give notice of the
15	election for eight consecutive weeks prior to the election by
16	publication in a newspaper of general circulation published in
17	the political subdivision or, if there is no such newspaper in
18	the political subdivision, in the newspaper in the county
19	published nearest the political subdivision.
20	(4) Any costs of submitting the question shall be paid by
21	the political subdivision.
22	(5) The question shall be submitted to the voters of such
23	city, town, or village in substantially the following form:
24	The (city/town/village) of (has an
25	outstanding balance for fines or penalties and) has
26	failed to file an annual financial statement, as
27	required by law. Shall the (city/town/village) of
28	be disincorporated?

1	□ YES □ NO
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3	Upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified voters
4	voting on the question, the director of revenue shall file an
5	action to disincorporate the political subdivision in the circuit
6	court with jurisdiction over the political subdivision.
7	19. In an action to disincorporate a political subdivision,
8	the circuit court shall order:
9	(1) The appointment of an administrative authority for the
10	political subdivision, which may be another political
11	subdivision, the state, a qualified private party, or other
12	qualified entity;
13	(2) All financial and other institutions holding funds of
14	the political subdivision, as identified by the director of
15	revenue, to honor the directives of the administrative authority;
16	(3) The director of revenue or other party charged with
17	distributing tax revenue to distribute the revenues and funds of
18	the political subdivision to the administrative authority; and
19	(4) The disincorporation of the political subdivision and
20	the effective date of the disincorporation, taking into
21	consideration a reasonable transition period.
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23	The administrative authority shall administer all revenues under
24	the name of the political subdivision or its agents and
25	administer all funds collected on behalf of the political
26	subdivision. The administrative authority shall use the revenues
27	and existing funds to pay all debts and obligations of the
28	political subdivision other than the penalties accrued under this

- 1 <u>section</u>. The circuit court shall have ongoing jurisdiction to
- 2 <u>enforce its orders and carry out the remedies under this</u>
- 3 <u>subsection</u>.
- 4 20. The attorney general shall have the authority to file
- 5 <u>an action in a court of competent jurisdiction against any</u>
- 6 political subdivision that fails to comply with this section in
- 7 order to force the political subdivision into compliance.
- 8 135.550. 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 9 shall mean:
- 10 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds or
- other marketable securities, or real property;
- 12 (2) "Rape crisis center", a community-based nonprofit rape
- crisis center, as defined in section 455.003, located in this
- state and that provides the twenty-four hour core services of
- 15 <u>hospital advocacy and crisis hotline support to survivors of rape</u>
- 16 and sexual assault;
- 17 (3) "Shelter for victims of domestic violence", a facility
- 18 located in this state which meets the definition of a shelter for
- victims of domestic violence pursuant to section 455.200 and
- 20 which meets the requirements of section 455.220, or a nonprofit
- 21 organization established and operating exclusively for the
- 22 purpose of supporting a shelter for victims of domestic violence
- operated by the state or one of its political subdivisions;
- [(3)] (4) "State tax liability", in the case of a business
- 25 taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the
- 26 provisions of chapter 143, chapter 147, chapter 148, and chapter
- 27 153, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of
- tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related

- provisions, and in the case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143;
- [(4)] (5) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, a partner in a firm, 5 corporation or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business 6 in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax 7 imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or a corporation 8 subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the 9 provisions of chapter 147, including any charitable organization 10 which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri 11 unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to 12 the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, or an insurance 13 company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in 14 this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the 15 state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company 16 17 which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state 18 pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject to the state 19 income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143.
 - 2. A taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a shelter for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center for all fiscal years ending on or before June 30, 2021, and seventy percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a shelter for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center for all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2021.

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3. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed

the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed, and such taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per taxable year. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the taxable year the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four succeeding taxable years until the full credit has been claimed.

- 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a shelter or shelters for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center in such taxpayer's taxable year has a value of at least one hundred dollars.
- 5. The director of the department of social services shall determine, at least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as shelters for victims of domestic violence and rape crisis centers. The director of the department of social services may require of a facility seeking to be classified as a shelter for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center whatever information is reasonably necessary to make such a determination. The director of the department of social services shall classify a facility as a shelter for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center if such facility meets the definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
 - 6. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a shelter for victims of domestic

violence or rape crisis center, and by which such taxpayer can then contribute to such shelter for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center and claim a tax credit. Shelters for victims of domestic violence and rape crisis centers shall be permitted to decline a contribution from a taxpayer. cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to shelters for victims of domestic violence and rape crisis centers in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars for all fiscal years ending on or before June 30, 2021. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2021, the cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to shelters for victims of domestic violence and rape crisis centers in any one fiscal year shall not exceed four million dollars.

7. For all fiscal years ending on or before June 30, 2021, the director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined by the director of the department of social services, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned among all facilities classified as shelters for victims of domestic violence and rape crisis centers. If a shelter for victims of domestic violence or rape crisis center fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time, the director of the department of social services may reapportion these unused tax credits to those shelters for victims of domestic violence and rape crisis centers

- 1 that have used all, or some percentage to be determined by the
- 2 director of the department of social services, of their
- 3 apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time.
- 4 The director of the department of social services may establish
- 5 more than one period of time and reapportion more than once
- 6 during each fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the
- 7 director of the department of social services shall establish the
- 8 procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to
- 9 ensure that taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up
- 10 to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal
- 11 year.
- 12 8. This section shall become effective January 1, 2000, and
- shall apply to all tax years after December 31, 1999.
- 14 137.115. 1. All other laws to the contrary
- notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in all
- 16 counties of this state including the City of St. Louis shall
- annually make a list of all real and tangible personal property
- 18 taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or district. Except
- as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of this section and section
- 20 137.078, the assessor shall annually assess all personal property
- 21 at thirty-three and one-third percent of its true value in money
- as of January first of each calendar year. The assessor shall
- annually assess all real property, including any new construction
- and improvements to real property, and possessory interests in
- 25 real property at the percent of its true value in money set in
- 26 subsection 5 of this section. The true value in money of any
- 27 possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), where such
- 28 real property is on or lies within the ultimate airport boundary

as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 1 2 151.5, of a commercial airport having a FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political subdivision, shall be the 3 otherwise applicable true value in money of any such possessory 5 interest in real property, less the total dollar amount of costs 6 paid by a party, other than the political subdivision, towards 7 any new construction or improvements on such real property completed after January 1, 2008, and which are included in the 8 9 above-mentioned possessory interest, regardless of the year in 10 which such costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess 11 12 all real property in the following manner: new assessed values 13 shall be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year 14 and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same assessed 15 values shall apply in the following even-numbered year, except 16 for new construction and property improvements which shall be 17 valued as though they had been completed as of January first of 18 the preceding odd-numbered year. The assessor may call at the 19 office, place of doing business, or residence of each person 20 required by this chapter to list property, and require the person 21 to make a correct statement of all taxable tangible personal 22 property owned by the person or under his or her care, charge or 23 management, taxable in the county. On or before January first of 24 each even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a 25 two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing body 26 and the state tax commission for their respective approval or 27 modification. The county governing body shall approve and 28 forward such plan or its alternative to the plan to the state tax

- commission by February first. If the county governing body fails 1 2 to forward the plan or its alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by February first, the assessor's plan shall be 3 considered approved by the county governing body. If the state 5 tax commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax 6 commission and the assessor and the governing body of the county 7 involved are unable to resolve the differences, in order to 8 receive state cost-share funds outlined in section 137.750, the 9 county or the assessor shall petition the administrative hearing 10 commission, by May first, to decide all matters in dispute 11 regarding the assessment maintenance plan. Upon agreement of the 12 parties, the matter may be stayed while the parties proceed with 13 mediation or arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. 14 The final decision of the administrative hearing commission shall 15 be subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the county 16 involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) real property 17 within any county with a charter form of government, or within a city not within a county, is made by a computer, 18 19 computer-assisted method or a computer program, the burden of 20 proof, supported by clear, convincing and cogent evidence to 21 sustain such valuation, shall be on the assessor at any hearing 22 or appeal. In any such county, unless the assessor proves 23 otherwise, there shall be a presumption that the assessment was 24 made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer 25 program. Such evidence shall include, but shall not be limited 26 to, the following:
 - (1) The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques; and

- 1 (2) The purchase prices from sales of at least three 2 comparable properties and the address or location thereof. As 3 used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means that:
- 4 (a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the property valuation; and
 - (b) Such properties are not more than one mile from the site of the disputed property, except where no similar properties exist within one mile of the disputed property, the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant characteristics.
- 2. Assessors in each county of this state and the City of

 St. Louis may send personal property assessment forms through the

 mail.
 - 3. The following items of personal property shall each constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal property and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes of taxation at the following percentages of their true value in money:
- 20 (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an unmanufactured 21 condition, one-half of one percent;
 - (2) Livestock, twelve percent;
 - (3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;

(4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five years old and which are used solely for noncommercial purposes and are operated less than fifty hours per year or aircraft that are home built

- 1 from a kit, five percent;
- 2 (5) Poultry, twelve percent; and
- 3 (6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and
- 4 tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of
- 5 introducing new product lines or used for making improvements to
- 6 existing products by any company which is located in a state
- 7 enterprise zone and which is identified by any standard
- 8 industrial classification number cited in subdivision [(5)] (7)
- 9 of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.
- 10 4. The person listing the property shall enter a true and
- 11 correct statement of the property, in a printed blank prepared
- 12 for that purpose. The statement, after being filled out, shall
- be signed and either affirmed or sworn to as provided in section
- 14 137.155. The list shall then be delivered to the assessor.
- 15 5. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such subclasses
- are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of the Missouri
- 17 Constitution and defined in section 137.016, shall be assessed at
- 18 the following percentages of true value:

- (a) For real property in subclass (1), nineteen percent;
- 20 (b) For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent; and
- 21 (c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two percent.
- 22 (2) A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or, if not
- 23 located within a county, then the assessor of such city, for the
- 24 reclassification of such taxpayer's real property if the use or
- 25 purpose of such real property is changed after such property is
- 26 assessed under the provisions of this chapter. If the assessor
- 27 determines that such property shall be reclassified, he or she
- 28 shall determine the assessment under this subsection based on the

percentage of the tax year that such property was classified in each subclassification.

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- Manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, which 3 are actually used as dwelling units shall be assessed at the same 5 percentage of true value as residential real property for the 6 purpose of taxation. The percentage of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes shall be the same as for residential 7 8 real property. If the county collector cannot identify or find 9 the manufactured home when attempting to attach the manufactured 10 home for payment of taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the county collector may request the county commission to have 11 12 the manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such 13 request shall be granted within thirty days after the request is 14 made; however, the removal from the tax books does not remove the 15 tax lien on the manufactured home if it is later identified or 16 found. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located 17 in a manufactured home rental park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the manufactured home owner shall be 18 19 considered personal property. For purposes of this section, a 20 manufactured home located on real estate owned by the 21 manufactured home owner may be considered real property.
 - 7. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015 and assessed as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel.
 - 8. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the personal property

- tax statement of the manufactured home owner unless the
 manufactured home is real estate as defined in subsection 7 of
 section 442.015, in which case the amount of tax due and owing on
 the assessment of the manufactured home as a realty improvement
 to the existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real
 property tax statement of the real estate owner.
- 7 The assessor of each county and each city not within a 8 county shall use the trade-in value published in the October 9 issue of the National Automobile Dealers' Association Official 10 Used Car Guide, or its successor publication, as the recommended quide of information for determining the true value of motor 11 12 vehicles described in such publication. The assessor shall not 13 use a value that is greater than the average trade-in value in 14 determining the true value of the motor vehicle without 15 performing a physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For 16 vehicles two years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the 17 assessor may use a value other than average without performing a physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of a 18 19 listing for a particular motor vehicle in such publication, the 20 assessor shall use such information or publications which in the 21 assessor's judgment will fairly estimate the true value in money 22 of the motor vehicle.
 - 10. Before the assessor may increase the assessed valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real property by more than fifteen percent since the last assessment, excluding increases due to new construction or improvements, the assessor shall conduct a physical inspection of such property.

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11. If a physical inspection is required, pursuant to

property owner of that fact in writing and shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical inspection is required, the

subsection 10 of this section, the assessor shall notify the

- 5 property owner may request that an interior inspection be
- 6 performed during the physical inspection. The owner shall have
- 7 no less than thirty days to notify the assessor of a request for
- 8 an interior physical inspection.

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- 9 12. A physical inspection, as required by subsection 10 of 10 this section, shall include, but not be limited to, an on-site personal observation and review of all exterior portions of the 11 12 land and any buildings and improvements to which the inspector 13 has or may reasonably and lawfully gain external access, and 14 shall include an observation and review of the interior of any 15 buildings or improvements on the property upon the timely request of the owner pursuant to subsection 11 of this section. Mere 16 17 observation of the property via a drive-by inspection or the like 18 shall not be considered sufficient to constitute a physical
 - 13. [The provisions of subsections 11 and 12 of this section shall only apply in any county with a charter form of government with more than one million inhabitants.

inspection as required by this section.

14.] A county or city collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or issuer for its service. A county or city collector may accept payment by electronic

- transfers of funds in payment of any tax or license and charge the person making such payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment.
- 5 [15.] 14. Any county or city not within a county in this 6 state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of such 7 county, opt out of the provisions of this section and sections 8 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 9 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and 10 section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for 11 senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill 12 no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, 13 for the next year of the general reassessment, prior to January 14 first of any year. No county or city not within a county shall 15 exercise this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as 16 enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general 17 18 assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified 19 by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate 20 committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second 21 general assembly, second regular session, in a year of general 22 reassessment. For the purposes of applying the provisions of 23 this subsection, a political subdivision contained within two or 24 more counties where at least one of such counties has opted out 25 and at least one of such counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate as in effect prior to the enactment 26 27 of house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, 28 second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a

county or a county that has opted out under the provisions of this subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year.

- [16.] 15. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection [15] 14 of this section may levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal property only if such city bills and collects its own property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling.
- [17.] 16. Any portion of real property that is available as reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that has not been bonded and permitted under chapter 444 shall be assessed based upon how the real property is currently being used. Any information provided to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision responsible for the administration of tax policies shall, in the performance of its

- duties, make available all books, records, and information
- 2 requested, except such books, records, and information as are by
- 3 law declared confidential in nature, including individually
- 4 identifiable information regarding a specific taxpayer or
- 5 taxpayer's mine property. For purposes of this subsection, "mine
- 6 property" shall mean all real property that is in use or readily
- 7 available as a reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for
- 8 minerals for purposes of excavation for current or future use or
- 9 sale to others that has been bonded and permitted under chapter
- 10 444.
- 11 137.180. 1. Whenever any assessor shall increase the
- valuation of any real property he shall forthwith notify the
- 13 record owner of such increase, either in person, or by mail
- 14 directed to the last known address; every such increase in
- assessed valuation made by the assessor shall be subject to
- 16 review by the county board of equalization whereat the landowner
- shall be entitled to be heard, and the notice to the landowner
- 18 shall so state.
- 19 2. Effective January 1, 2009, for all counties with a
- 20 charter form of government, other than any county adopting a
- 21 charter form of government after January 1, 2008, whenever any
- 22 assessor shall increase the valuation of any real property, he or
- 23 she shall forthwith notify the record owner on or before June
- 24 [fifteenth] <u>first</u> of such increase and, in a year of general
- 25 reassessment, the county shall notify the record owner of the
- 26 projected tax liability likely to result from such an increase,
- 27 either in person, or by mail directed to the last known address;
- every such increase in assessed valuation made by the assessor

shall be subject to review by the county board of equalization
whereat the landowner shall be entitled to be heard, and the
notice to the landowner shall so state. Notice of the projected
tax liability from the county shall accompany the notice of
increased valuation from the assessor.

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- 3. For all calendar years prior to the first day of January of the year following receipt of software necessary for the implementation of the requirements provided under subsections 4 and 5 of this section from the state tax commission, for any county not subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section or subsection 2 of section 137.355, whenever any assessor shall increase the valuation of any real property, he or she shall forthwith notify the record owner on or before June [fifteenth] first of the previous assessed value and such increase either in person, or by mail directed to the last known address and include in such notice a statement indicating that the change in assessed value may impact the record owner's tax liability and provide all processes and deadlines for appealing determinations of the assessed value of such property. Such notice shall be provided in a font and format sufficient to alert a record owner of the potential impact upon tax liability and the appellate processes available.
 - 4. Effective January first of the year following receipt of software necessary for the implementation of the requirements provided under this subsection and subsection 5 of this section from the state tax commission, for all counties not subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section or subsection 2 of section 137.355, whenever any assessor shall increase the

- 1 valuation of any real property, he or she shall forthwith notify
- the record owner on or before June [fifteenth] first of such
- 3 increase and, in a year of general reassessment, the county shall
- 4 notify the record owner of the projected tax liability likely to
- 5 result from such an increase, either in person, or by mail
- 6 directed to the last known address; every such increase in
- 7 assessed valuation made by the assessor shall be subject to
- 8 review by the county board of equalization whereat the landowner
- 9 shall be entitled to be heard, and the notice to the landowner
- shall so state. Notice of the projected tax liability from the
- 11 county shall accompany the notice of increased valuation from the
- 12 assessor.
- 13 5. The notice of projected tax liability, required under
- subsections 2 and 4 of this section, from the county shall
- 15 include:
- 16 (1) The record owner's name, address, and the parcel number
- of the property;
- 18 (2) A list of all political subdivisions levying a tax upon
- 19 the property of the record owner;
- 20 (3) The projected tax rate for each political subdivision
- levying a tax upon the property of the record owner, and the
- 22 purpose for each levy of such political subdivisions;
- 23 (4) The previous year's tax rates for each individual tax
- levy imposed by each political subdivision levying a tax upon the
- 25 property of the record owner;
- 26 (5) The tax rate ceiling for each levy imposed by each
- 27 political subdivision levying a tax upon the property of the
- 28 record owner;

- 1 (6) The contact information for each political subdivision 2 levying a tax upon the property of the record owner;
- 3 (7) A statement identifying any projected tax rates for 4 political subdivisions levying a tax upon the property of the 5 record owner, which were not calculated and provided by the 6 political subdivision levying the tax; and
- 7 (8) The total projected property tax liability of the 8 taxpayer.

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- In addition to the requirements provided under subsections 1, 2, and 5 of this section, effective January 1, 2011, in any county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants, whenever any assessor shall notify a record owner of any change in assessed value, such assessor shall provide notice that information regarding the assessment method and computation of value for such property is available on the assessor's website and provide the exact website address at which such information may be accessed. Such notification shall provide the assessor's contact information to enable taxpayers without internet access to request and receive information regarding the assessment method and computation of value for such property. Beginning January 1, 2021, such notice shall also include, in the case of a property valued using sales of comparable properties, a list of such comparable properties and the address or location and purchase prices from sales thereof that the assessor used in determining the assessed valuation of the owner's property. As used in this subsection, the word "comparable" means that:
 - (1) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the property

valuation; and

- 2 (2) Such properties are not more than one mile from the
 3 site of the disputed property, except where no similar properties
 4 exist within one mile of the disputed property, the nearest
 5 comparable property shall be used. Such property shall be within
 6 five hundred square feet in size of the disputed property, and
 7 resemble the disputed property in age, floor plan, number of
 8 rooms, and other relevant characteristics.
 - 137.275. Every person who thinks himself aggrieved by the assessment of his property may appeal to the county board of equalization, in person, by attorney or agent, or in writing. Such appeals shall be lodged with the county board of equalization on or before the [second] <u>first</u> Monday in July.
 - 137.355. 1. If an assessor increases the valuation of any tangible personal property as estimated in the itemized list furnished to the assessor, and if an assessor increases the valuation of any real property, he shall forthwith notify the record owner of the increase either in person or by mail directed to the last known address, and if the address of the owner is unknown notice shall be given by publication in two newspapers published in the county.
 - 2. For all calendar years prior to the first day of January of the year following receipt of software necessary for the implementation of the requirements provided under subsections 3 and 4 of this section from the state tax commission, whenever any assessor shall increase the valuation of any real property, he or she shall forthwith notify the record owner on or before June [fifteenth] first of the previous assessed value and such

increase either in person, or by mail directed to the last known address and include on the face of such notice, in no less than

3 twelve-point font, the following statement:

CONTACTING YOUR COUNTY ASSESSOR.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYER: IF YOUR ASSESSED VALUE HAS

INCREASED, IT MAY INCREASE YOUR REAL PROPERTY TAXES

WHICH ARE DUE DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST. IF YOU DO NOT

AGREE THAT THE VALUE OF YOUR PROPERTY HAS INCREASED,

YOU MUST CHALLENGE THE VALUE ON OR BEFORE ______

(INSERT DATE BY WHICH APPEAL MUST BE FILED) BY

- 3. Effective January first of the year following receipt of software necessary for the implementation of the requirements provided under this subsection and subsection 4 of this section from the state tax commission, if an assessor increases the valuation of any real property, the assessor, on or before June [fifteenth] first, shall notify the record owner of the increase and, in a year of general reassessment, the county shall notify the record owner of the projected tax liability likely to result from such an increase either in person or by mail directed to the last known address, and, if the address of the owner is unknown, notice shall be given by publication in two newspapers published in the county. Notice of the projected tax liability from the county shall accompany the notice of increased valuation from the assessor.
- 4. The notice of projected tax liability, required under subsection 3 of this section, from the county shall include:
- (1) Record owner's name, address, and the parcel number of the property;

- 1 (2) A list of all political subdivisions levying a tax upon 2 the property of the record owner;
- 3 (3) The projected tax rate for each political subdivision 4 levying a tax upon the property of the record owner, and the 5 purpose for each levy of such political subdivisions;

- (4) The previous year's tax rates for each individual tax levy imposed by each political subdivision levying a tax upon the property of the record owner;
- (5) The tax rate ceiling for each levy imposed by each political subdivision levying a tax upon the property of the record owner;
- 12 (6) The contact information for each political subdivision 13 levying a tax upon the property of the record owner;
 - (7) A statement identifying any projected tax rates for political subdivisions levying a tax upon the property of the record owner, which were not calculated and provided by the political subdivision levying the tax; and
 - (8) The total projected property tax liability of the taxpayer.
 - 137.385. Any person aggrieved by the assessment of his property may appeal to the county board of equalization. An appeal shall be in writing and the forms to be used for this purpose shall be furnished by the county clerk. Such appeal shall be lodged with the county clerk as secretary of the board of equalization before the [third] first Monday in [June] July; provided, that the board may in its discretion extend the time for filing such appeals.
- 28 138.060. 1. (1) The county board of equalization shall,

in a summary way, determine all appeals from the valuation of 1 2 property made by the assessor, and shall correct and adjust the assessment accordingly. There shall be no presumption that the 3 assessor's valuation is correct. In any county with a charter 5 form of government with a population greater than two hundred 6 eighty thousand inhabitants but less than two hundred eighty-five 7 thousand inhabitants, and in any county with a charter form of 8 government with greater than one million inhabitants, and in any 9 city not within a county, the assessor shall have the burden to 10 prove that the assessor's valuation does not exceed the true market value of the subject property. In such county or city, in 11 12 the event a physical inspection of the subject property is 13 required by subsection 10 of section 137.115, the assessor shall 14 have the burden to establish the manner in which the physical 15 inspection was performed and shall have the burden to prove that 16 the physical inspection was performed in accordance with section 17 137.115. In such county or city, in the event the assessor fails 18 to provide sufficient evidence to establish that the physical 19 inspection was performed in accordance with section 137.115, the 20 property owner shall prevail on the appeal as a matter of law. 21 At any hearing before the state tax commission or a court of 22 competent jurisdiction of an appeal of assessment from a first 23 class charter county or a city not within a county, the assessor 24 shall not advocate nor present evidence advocating a valuation 25 higher than that value finally determined by the assessor or the 26 value determined by the board of equalization, whichever is 27 higher, for that assessment period.

(2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection

- shall also apply to appeals made in any county not described in

 subdivision (1) of this subsection for which the property subject

 to appeal experienced an increase in assessed valuation in excess

 of fifteen percent since the previous assessment, excluding
- 5 increases due to new construction or improvements.
- 6 The county clerk shall keep an accurate record of the 7 proceedings and orders of the board, and the assessor shall 8 correct all erroneous assessments, and the clerk shall adjust the tax book according to the orders of such board and the orders of 9 10 the state tax commission, except that in adding or deducting such percent to each tract or parcel of real estate as required by 11 12 such board or state tax commission, he shall add or deduct in 13 each case any fractional sum of less than fifty cents, so that 14 the value of any separate tract shall contain no fractions of a 15 dollar.
- 138.090. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this
 section, the county board of equalization in first class counties
 shall meet on the [first] third Monday in July of each year.

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- 2. Upon a finding by the board that it is necessary in order to fairly hear all cases arising from a general reassessment, the board may begin meeting after July first in any applicable year to timely consider any appeal or complaint resulting from an evaluation made during a general reassessment of all taxable real property and possessory interests in the county. There shall be no presumption that the assessor's valuation is correct.
- 138.434. Any first class charter county or a city not within a county may require by ordinance or charter the

- reimbursement to a taxpayer for the amount of just and reasonable 1 2 appraisal costs, attorney fees and court costs resulting from an evidentiary hearing before the state tax commission or a court of 3 competent jurisdiction if such appeal results in a final decision 5 reducing the appraised value of residential property by at least 6 fifteen percent or the appraised value of utility, industrial 7 railroad and other subclass three property by at least 8 twenty-five percent from the appraised value determined by the 9 board of equalization for that tax year. The commission or court 10 awarding such fees and costs shall consider the reasonableness of the fees and costs within the context of the particular case. 11 12 Such fees and costs shall not exceed one thousand dollars for a 13 residential property appeal. Such fees and costs for utility, 14 industrial railroad or other subclass three property appeals 15 shall not exceed the lesser of four thousand dollars or 16 twenty-five percent of the tax savings resulting from the appeal. 17 Beginning January 1, 2021, for a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand 18 19 inhabitants, such fees and costs shall not exceed six thousand 20 dollars for a residential property appeal, and such fees and 21 costs for utility, industrial railroad, or other subclass three 22 property appeals shall not exceed the lesser of ten thousand 23 dollars or twenty-five percent of the tax savings resulting from 24 the appeal. The provisions of this section shall only apply to 25 the first contested year when cases are tried on a consolidated 26 basis.
- 27 143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a 28 resident individual shall be the taxpayer's federal adjusted

gross income subject to the modifications in this section.

- 2 2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal adjusted 3 gross income:
 - (1) The amount of any federal income tax refund received for a prior year which resulted in a Missouri income tax benefit.

 The amount added pursuant to this subdivision shall not include any amount of a federal income tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to

 Public Law 116-136, enacted by the 116th United States Congress, for the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and ending on or before December 31, 2020, and deducted from Missouri adjusted gross income pursuant to section 143.171;
 - (2) Interest on certain governmental obligations excluded from federal gross income by 26 U.S.C. Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The previous sentence shall not apply to interest on obligations of the state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The amount added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by the amounts applicable to such interest that would have been deductible in computing the taxable income of the taxpayer except only for the application of 26 U.S.C. Section 265 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The reduction shall only be made if it is at least five hundred dollars;
 - (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the extent the

- 1 amount deducted relates to property purchased on or after July 1,
- 2 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the extent the amount
- 3 deducted exceeds the amount that would have been deductible
- 4 pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 5 1986 as in effect on January 1, 2002;
- 6 (4) The amount of any deduction that is included in the
- 7 computation of federal taxable income for net operating loss
- 8 allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 9 1986, as amended, other than the deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C.
- 10 Section 172(b)(1)(G) and 26 U.S.C. Section 172(i) of the Internal
- Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for a net operating loss the
- 12 taxpayer claims in the tax year in which the net operating loss
- occurred or carries forward for a period of more than twenty
- 14 years and carries backward for more than two years. Any amount
- of net operating loss taken against federal taxable income but
- 16 disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this
- subdivision after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and taken
- 18 against any income on the Missouri income tax return for a period
- of not more than twenty years from the year of the initial loss;
- 20 and
- 21 (5) For nonresident individuals in all taxable years ending
- on or after December 31, 2006, the amount of any property taxes
- paid to another state or a political subdivision of another state
- for which a deduction was allowed on such nonresident's federal
- 25 return in the taxable year unless such state, political
- 26 subdivision of a state, or the District of Columbia allows a
- 27 subtraction from income for property taxes paid to this state for
- 28 purposes of calculating income for the income tax for such state,

- 1 political subdivision of a state, or the District of Columbia;
- 2 (6) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 3 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable
- 4 year, but allowed as a deduction under 26 U.S.C. Section 163, as
- 5 amended, in the current taxable year by reason of the
- 6 carryforward of disallowed business interest provisions of 26
- 7 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the purposes of this
- 8 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued
- 9 only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been
- 10 allowable under 26 U.S.C. Section 163, as amended, if the
- limitation under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended, did not
- 12 exist.
- 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal
- 14 adjusted gross income the following amounts to the extent
- included in federal adjusted gross income:
- 16 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal reserve
- bank or interest or dividends on obligations of the United States
- and its territories and possessions or of any authority,
- 19 commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent
- 20 exempt from Missouri income taxes pursuant to the laws of the
- 21 United States. The amount subtracted pursuant to this
- 22 subdivision shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness
- incurred to carry the described obligations or securities and by
- 24 any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend
- 25 income described in this subdivision. The reduction in the
- 26 previous sentence shall only apply to the extent that such
- 27 expenses including amortizable bond premiums are deducted in
- determining the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or

included in the taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall only be made if the expenses total at least five hundred dollars:

- (2) The portion of any gain, from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis to the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does not exceed such difference in basis. If a gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to one-half of such portion of the gain;
- (3) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate from which the taxpayer received the income or gain;
- (4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are included in federal adjusted gross income;
- (5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a prior year which was included in the federal adjusted gross income;
- (6) The portion of capital gain specified in section 135.357 that would otherwise be included in federal adjusted gross income;
- (7) The amount that would have been deducted in the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C.

2 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to property purchased 3 on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the

Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January

- 4 extent that amount exceeds the amount actually deducted pursuant
- to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002;
- 7 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 8 2005, the amount of any income received for military service
- 9 while the taxpayer serves in a combat zone which is included in
- 10 federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded
- 11 therefrom. As used in this section, "combat zone" means any area
- which the President of the United States by Executive Order
- designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the United States
- 14 are or have engaged in combat. Service is performed in a combat
- zone only if performed on or after the date designated by the
- 16 President by Executive Order as the date of the commencing of
- 17 combat activities in such zone, and on or before the date
- 18 designated by the President by Executive Order as the date of the
- 19 termination of combatant activities in such zone;
- 20 (9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002, with
- 21 respect to qualified property that is sold or otherwise disposed
- 22 of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for which an
- 23 additional modification was made under subdivision (3) of
- subsection 2 of this section, the amount by which additional
- 25 modification made under subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this
- 26 section on qualified property has not been recovered through the
- 27 additional subtractions provided in subdivision (7) of this
- 28 subsection;

- 1 (10) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 2 2014, the amount of any income received as payment from any
- 3 program which provides compensation to agricultural producers who
- 4 have suffered a loss as the result of a disaster or emergency,
- 5 including the:
- 6 (a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;
- 7 (b) Livestock Indemnity Program;
- 8 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and
- 9 Farm-Raised Fish;

- 10 (d) Emergency Conservation Program;
 - (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;
- 12 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;
- 13 (g) Annual Forage Pilot Program;
- 14 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan; and
- 15 (i) Livestock Gross Margin Insurance Plan; and
- 16 (11) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 17 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in the current taxable
- 18 year, but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
- under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the purposes of
- 20 this subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or
- 21 accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would have
- 22 been allowable under 26 U.S.C. Section 163, as amended, if the
- limitation under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended, did not
- exist.

- 25 4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's share of
- 27 the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in section 143.351.
 - 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the

taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the modifications
provided in section 143.411.

- In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain recognized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from compulsory or involuntary conversion of property as a result of condemnation or the imminence thereof.
 - 7. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health insurance premium" means the amount paid during the tax year by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's dependents.
 - (2) In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of this section, one hundred percent of the amount of qualified health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid for such premiums is included in federal taxable income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of revenue with proof of the amount of qualified health insurance premiums paid.
 - 8. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to the subtractions provided in this section, one hundred percent of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home energy audit conducted by an entity certified by the department of natural resources under section 640.153 or the implementation of any energy efficiency recommendations made in such an audit shall be subtracted from

the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid for any such activity is included in federal taxable income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit, the name and certification number of the qualified home energy auditor who conducted the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities under this subsection for which a deduction is claimed. The taxpayer shall also provide a copy of the summary of any recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the department of natural resources.

- (2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this subsection by an individual taxpayer or taxpayers filing combined returns exceed one thousand dollars per year for individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand dollars per year for taxpayers filing combined returns.
- (3) Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall be claimed for the tax year in which the qualified home energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations occurred. If implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be claimed in more than one year, subject to the limitations provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise eligible activity under this subsection if such activity qualified for and received any rebate or other incentive through a state-sponsored energy program or through an electric corporation, gas corporation, electric cooperative, or

- 1 municipally owned utility.
- 9. The provisions of subsection 8 of this section shall expire on December 31, 2020.
- 4 143.171. 1. For all tax years beginning on or after
- 5 January 1, 1994, and ending on or before December 31, 2018, an
- 6 individual taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for his or her
- 7 federal income tax liability under Chapter 1 of the Internal
- 8 Revenue Code for the same taxable year for which the Missouri
- 9 return is being filed, not to exceed five thousand dollars on a
- single taxpayer's return or ten thousand dollars on a combined
- 11 return, after reduction for all credits thereon, except the
- 12 credit for payments of federal estimated tax, the credit for the
- overpayment of any federal tax, and the credits allowed by the
- 14 Internal Revenue Code by 26 U.S.C. Section 31, 26 U.S.C. Section
- 15 27, and 26 U.S.C. Section 34.
- 16 2. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 17 contrary, for all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 18 2019, an individual taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction equal
- to a percentage of his or her federal income tax liability under
- 20 Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code for the same taxable year
- 21 for which the Missouri return is being filed, not to exceed five
- thousand dollars on a single taxpayer's return or ten thousand
- 23 dollars on a combined return, after reduction for all credits
- thereon, except the credit for payments of federal estimated tax,
- 25 the credit for the overpayment of any federal tax, and the
- 26 credits allowed by the Internal Revenue Code by 26 U.S.C. Section
- 27 31, 26 U.S.C. Section 27, and 26 U.S.C. Section 34. The
- 28 deduction percentage is determined according to the following

- 1 table:
- 2 If the Missouri gross income on the The deduction
- 3 return is: percentage is:
- 4 \$25,000 or less 35 percent
- 5 From \$25,001 to \$50,000 25 percent
- 6 From \$50,001 to \$100,000 15 percent
- 7 From \$100,001 to \$125,000 5 percent
- 8 \$125,001 or more 0 percent
- 9 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
- 10 the amount of any tax credits reducing a taxpayer's federal tax
- liability pursuant to Public Law 116-136, enacted by the 116th
- 12 <u>United States Congress</u>, for the tax year beginning on or after
- January 1, 2020, and ending on or before December 31, 2020, shall
- 14 not be considered in determining a taxpayer's federal tax
- liability for the purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- 16 3. For all tax years beginning on or after September 1,
- 17 1993, a corporate taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for fifty
- 18 percent of its federal income tax liability under Chapter 1 of
- 19 the Internal Revenue Code for the same taxable year for which the
- 20 Missouri return is being filed after reduction for all credits
- 21 thereon, except the credit for payments of federal estimated tax,
- 22 the credit for the overpayment of any federal tax, and the
- credits allowed by the Internal Revenue Code by 26 U.S.C. Section
- 24 31, 26 U.S.C. Section 27, and 26 U.S.C. Section 34.
- 25 4. If a federal income tax liability for a tax year prior
- to the applicability of sections 143.011 to 143.996 for which he
- 27 was not previously entitled to a Missouri deduction is later paid
- or accrued, he may deduct the federal tax in the later year to

- 1 the extent it would have been deductible if paid or accrued in
- 2 the prior year.
- 3 143.425. 1. For the purposes of this section, the
- 4 following terms shall mean:
- 5 (1) "Administrative adjustment request", an administrative
- 6 adjustment request filed by a partnership under 26 U.S.C. Section
- 7 6227;
- 8 (2) "Audited partnership", a partnership subject to a
- 9 partnership level audit resulting in a federal adjustment;
- 10 (3) "Corporate partner", a partner that is subject to tax
- 11 under section 143.071;
- 12 <u>(4) "Direct partner", a partner that holds an interest</u>
- directly in a partnership or pass-through entity;
- 14 (5) "Exempt partner", a partner that is exempt from
- taxation under the provisions of subdivisions (1) or (4) of
- 16 subsection 2 of section 143.441, except on unrelated business
- 17 taxable income;
- 18 (6) "Federal adjustment", a change to an item or amount
- determined under the Internal Revenue Code that is used by a
- 20 taxpayer to compute Missouri individual or corporate income tax
- 21 owed, whether that change results from action by the IRS,
- including a partnership level audit, or the filing of an amended
- 23 federal return, federal refund claim, or an administrative
- 24 adjustment request by the taxpayer. A federal adjustment is
- 25 positive to the extent that it increases Missouri taxable income
- as determined under section 143.431, or Missouri adjusted gross
- income under section 143.121 or 143.181, and is negative to the
- 28 extent that it decreases such Missouri taxable income or Missouri

1 adjusted gross income;

filing;

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- 2 (7) "Federal adjustments report", methods or forms, which 3 shall be prescribed by the department of revenue, for use by a 4 taxpayer to report final federal adjustments, including an 5 amended Missouri tax return, a uniform multistate report, or an 6 information return, notwithstanding any provision of law 7 restricting the form or applicability of information return 8
- 9 "Federal partnership representative", the person the 10 partnership designates for the taxable year as the partnership's representative, or the person the IRS has appointed to act as the 11 12 federal partnership representative, under 26 U.S.C. Section 13 6223(a);
 - (9) "Final determination date", shall be the following:
 - (a) Except as provided under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision, if the federal adjustment arises from an IRS audit or other action by the IRS, the final determination date shall be the first day on which no federal adjustments arising from such audit or other action remain to be finally determined, whether by IRS decision with respect to which all rights of appeal have been waived or exhausted, by agreement, or, if appealed or contested, by a final decision with respect to which all rights of appeal have been waived or exhausted. For agreements required to be signed by the IRS and the taxpayer, the final determination date shall be the date on which the last party signed the agreement;

(b) For federal adjustments arising from an IRS audit or

be the first day on which no related federal adjustments arising
from such audit remain to be finally determined, as described in
paragraph (a) of this subdivision, for the entire group;

(c) If the federal adjustment results from filing an

- amended federal return, a federal refund claim, or an administrative adjustment request, or if it is a federal adjustment reported on an amended federal return or other similar report filed under 26 U.S.C. Section 6225(c), the final determination date shall be the day on which the amended return, refund claim, administrative adjustment request, or other similar report was filed;
- (10) "Final federal adjustment", a federal adjustment that remains in effect after the final determination date for such federal adjustment has passed;
- (11) "IRS", the Internal Revenue Service of the United
 States Department of the Treasury;
- (12) "Indirect partner", a partner in a partnership or pass-through entity, where such partnership or pass-through entity itself holds a direct or indirect interest in another partnership or pass-through entity. A partnership or pass-through entity holds an "indirect interest" in another partnership or pass-through entity where its interest is held through an indirect partner or series of indirect partners;
- (13) "Non-resident partner", an individual, trust, or estate partner that is not a resident partner;
- 26 (14) "Partner", a person that holds an interest directly or indirectly in a partnership or other pass-through entity;
 - (15) "Partnership", the same meaning as used in 26 U.S.C.

- 1 Sections 701 to 771;
- 2 (16) "Partnership level audit", an examination by the IRS
- 3 at the partnership level under 26 U.S.C. Sections 6221 to 6241,
- 4 as enacted by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015, Public Law 114-
- 5 74, and any amendments thereto, which results in federal
- 6 adjustments;
- 7 (17) "Pass-through entity", an entity, other than a
- 8 partnership, that is not subject to tax under section 143.071,
- 9 section 153.020, chapter 148, or a tax on insurance companies or
- insurance providers imposed by the state of Missouri;
- 11 (18) "Publicly traded partnership", the same meaning as
- 12 <u>used in 26 U.S.C. Section 7704(b)</u>, and any amendments thereto;
- 13 (19) "Reallocation adjustment", a federal adjustment
- resulting from a partnership level audit or an administrative
- adjustment request that changes the shares of one or more items
- of partnership income, gain, loss, expense, or credit allocated
- 17 to direct partners. A positive reallocation adjustment means the
- 18 portion of a reallocation adjustment that would increase federal
- 19 adjusted gross income or federal taxable income for one or more
- 20 direct partners, and a negative reallocation adjustment means the
- 21 portion of a reallocation adjustment that would decrease federal
- 22 adjusted gross income or federal taxable income for one or more
- 23 direct partners;
- 24 (20) "Resident partner", an individual, trust, or estate
- 25 partner that is a resident of Missouri as defined under section
- 26 143.101 for individuals, or under section 143.331 for trusts or
- estates, for the relevant tax period;
- 28 (21) "Reviewed year", the taxable year of a partnership

- 1 that is subject to a partnership level audit which results in a
 2 federal adjustment;
- 9 (23) "Tiered partner", any partner that is a partnership or pass-through entity;
- 11 (24) "Unrelated business taxable income", the same meaning

 12 as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 512.
- 13 2. Except in the case of final federal adjustments that are reported and, if applicable, on the basis of which Missouri 14 15 income tax is paid by a partnership and its partners using the 16 procedures provided under subsections 3 to 9 of this section, 17 final federal adjustments required to be reported for federal 18 purposes under 26 U.S.C. Section 6225(a)(2), and changes required 19 to be reported under section 143.601, a taxpayer shall report and 20 pay any Missouri tax due with respect to final federal 21 adjustments arising from an audit or other action by the IRS or 22 reported by the taxpayer on a timely filed amended federal income 23 tax return, including a return or other similar report filed under 26 U.S.C. Section 6225(c)(2), or federal claim for refund, 24 25 by filing a federal adjustments report with the department of 26 revenue for the reviewed year and, if applicable, paying the additional Missouri tax owed by the taxpayer no later than one 27 28 hundred eighty days after the final determination date.

3. Except for adjustments required to be reported for
federal purposes under 26 U.S.C. Section 6225(a)(2), partnerships
and partners shall report final federal adjustments arising from
a partnership level audit or an administrative adjustment request
and make payments as required under subsections 3 to 9 of this
section.

- 4. (1) With respect to an action required or permitted to be taken by a partnership under subsections 3 to 9 of this section, a proceeding under section 143.631 for reconsideration by the director of revenue, appeal to the administrative hearing commission, or review by the judiciary with respect to such action, the state partnership representative for the reviewed year shall have the sole authority to act on behalf of the partnership, and the partnership's direct partners and indirect partners shall be bound by those actions.
 - (2) The state partnership representative for the reviewed year is the partnership's federal partnership representative unless the partnership designates in writing another person as its state partnership representative.
 - (3) The department of revenue may establish reasonable qualifications and procedures for designating a person, other than the federal partnership representative, to be the state partnership representative.
 - (4) The state partnership representative shall be considered an authorized representative of the partnership and its partners under section 32.057 for the purposes of compliance with this section, or participating in a proceeding described in subdivision (1) of this section.

1	5. Final federal adjustments subject to the requirements of
2	subsections 3 to 9 of this section, except for those subject to a
3	properly made election under subsection 6 of this section, shall
4	be reported as follows:
5	(1) No later than ninety days after the final determination
6	date, the partnership shall:
7	(a) File a completed federal adjustments report with the
8	department of revenue, including information as required by the
9	department of revenue;
10	(b) Notify each of its direct partners of their
11	distributive share of the final federal adjustments including
12	information as required by the department of revenue;
13	(c) Pay any additional amount under section 143.411 that
14	would have been due had the final federal adjustments originally
15	been reported properly, unless the partnership is a publicly
16	traded partnership; and
17	(d) If the partnership is a publicly traded partnership,
18	report such information as is required by the department of
19	revenue and in the manner and format as required by department of
20	revenue instruction, including the name, address, and taxpayer
21	identification number of each direct partner with income in
22	Missouri which the publicly traded partnership can reasonably
23	<pre>determine to be:</pre>
24	a. Six hundred dollars or more if the partner is an
25	individual; or
26	b. One hundred dollars or more if the partner is a
27	corporation or entity other than an individual;
28	(2) No later than one hundred eighty days after the final

- determination date, each direct partner that is subject to tax
- 2 under sections 143.011 to 143.996, section 153.020, chapter 148,
- 3 <u>or a Missouri tax on insurance companies or insurance providers,</u>
- 4 shall:
- 5 (a) File a federal adjustments report reporting the
- 6 <u>distributive</u> share of the adjustments reported to them under
- 7 paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection; and
- 8 (b) Pay any additional amount of tax due as if final
- 9 federal adjustments had been properly reported, plus any penalty
- and interest due under sections 143.011 to 143.996 or any other
- 11 provision of law, and less any credit for related amounts paid or
- 12 withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner. The rate
- of interest on any amount due shall be determined by section
- 14 32<u>.068</u>.
- 15 6. (1) Subject to the limitations provided under
- 16 subdivision (2) of this subsection, an audited partnership making
- an election under this subsection shall:
- 18 (a) No later than ninety days after the final determination
- date, file a completed federal adjustments report, including
- information as required by department of revenue, and notify the
- 21 <u>department of revenue that it is making the election under this</u>
- 22 subsection;
- 23 (b) No later than ninety days after the final determination
- 24 date, pay an amount, determined as follows, in lieu of taxes owed
- 25 by its direct and indirect partners:
- a. Exclude from final federal adjustments the distributive
- 27 share of such adjustments reported to a direct exempt partner not
- 28 subject to tax under sections 143.011 to 143.996;

b. For the total distributive shares of the remaining final federal adjustments reported to direct corporate partners subject to tax under section 143.071, and to direct exempt partners subject to tax under sections 143.011 to 143.996, apportion and allocate such adjustments as provided under section 143.455 if applicable, and multiply the resulting amount by the tax rate provided under section 143.071 for direct corporate partners and direct exempt partners that are corporations, or the top rate of tax under section 143.011 for direct exempt partners that are not corporations;

- c. For the total distributive shares of the remaining final federal adjustments reported to non-resident direct partners subject to tax under sections 143.011 to 143.996, determine the amount of such adjustments which is derived from or connected with sources in Missouri as described in section 143.421, and multiply the resulting amount by the highest rate of tax under section 143.011;
- d. For the total distributive shares of the remaining final federal adjustments reported to tiered partners:
- (i) Determine the amount of such adjustments which is of a type such that it would be subject to sourcing to this state under section 143.421; and then determine the portion of such amount that would be sourced to the state under section 143.421;
- (ii) Determine the amount of such adjustments which is of a type such that it would not be subject to sourcing to Missouri by a nonresident partner under section 143.421;
- (iii) Determine the portion of the amount determined in item (ii) of this subparagraph that can be established, under

- 1 regulation issued by the department of revenue, to be properly
- 2 allocable to nonresident indirect partners or other partners not
- 3 subject to tax on the adjustments;
- 4 (iv) Multiply the sum of the amounts determined in items
- 5 (i) and (ii) of this subparagraph, reduced by the amount
- 6 <u>determined in item (iii) of this subparagraph, by the highest</u>
- 7 rate of tax under section 143.011;
- 8 <u>e. For the total distributive shares of the remaining final</u>
- 9 federal adjustments reported to resident direct partners subject
- to tax under section 143.011 or 143.061, multiply such amount by
- 11 the highest rate of tax under section 143.011;
- 12 <u>f.</u> For the total distributive shares of the remaining final
- federal adjustments reported to direct partners subject to tax
- 14 <u>under chapter 148, section 153.020, or a Missouri tax on</u>
- insurance companies or insurance providers, apportion and
- 16 allocate such adjustments in the manner provided by law for such
- tax, if applicable, and multiply the resulting amount by the tax
- 18 rate applicable to such direct partner;
- 19 g. Add the amounts determined under subparagraphs b to f of
- 20 this paragraph, in addition to any penalty and interest as
- 21 provided under sections 143.011 to 143.961 or any other provision
- 22 of law. The rate of interest on any amount due shall be
- determined by section 32.068.
- 24 (2) Final federal adjustments subject to the election
- 25 provided for under this subsection shall not include:
- 26 (a) The distributive share of final audit adjustments that
- would, under section 143.455, be included in the apportionable
- 28 income of any direct or indirect corporate partner, provided that

- 1 the audited partnership can reasonably determine such amount; and
- 2 (b) Any final federal adjustments resulting from an
- 3 <u>administrative adjustment request.</u>
- 4 (3) An audited partnership not otherwise subject to any
- 5 reporting or payment obligation to Missouri that makes an
- 6 <u>election under this subsection consents to be subject to Missouri</u>
- 7 law related to reporting, assessment, payment, and collection of
- 8 Missouri tax calculated under this subsection.
- 9 7. The direct and indirect partners of an audited
- 10 partnership that are tiered partners, and all of the partners of
- 11 <u>such tiered partners that are subject to tax under sections</u>
- 12 143.011 to 143.961, shall be subject to the reporting and payment
- requirements of subsection 5 of this section, and such tiered
- 14 partners shall be entitled to make the election provided under
- 15 <u>subsection 6 of this section. The tiered partners or their</u>
- 16 partners shall make required reports and payments no later than
- 17 ninety days after the time for filing and furnishing statements
- 18 to tiered partners and their partners as established under 26
- 19 U.S.C. Section 6226. The department of revenue may promulgate
- 20 rules to establish procedures and interim time periods for the
- 21 reports and payments required by tiered partners and their
- 22 partners, and for making the elections under subsection 6 of this
- 23 section.

- 24 8. (1) The election made under subsection 6 of this
- 25 section shall be irrevocable, unless the director of revenue, in
- 26 his or her discretion or that of the directors' designee,
- 27 determines otherwise.
 - (2) If properly reported and paid by the audited

- 1 partnership or tiered partner, the amount determined under
- 2 subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of this section shall be treated
- 3 as paid in lieu of taxes owed by its direct and indirect
- 4 partners, to the extent applicable, on the same final federal
- 5 adjustments. The direct partners or indirect partners shall not
- 6 take any deduction or credit on the determined amount, or claim a
- 7 refund of such amount in this state. Nothing in this subsection
- 8 shall preclude a direct resident partner from claiming a credit
- 9 against the tax otherwise due to this state under section
- 10 143.081, or any amounts paid by the audited partnership or tiered
- 11 partner on the resident partner's behalf to another state or
- 12 <u>local tax jurisdiction in accordance with the provisions of</u>
- 13 <u>section 143.081.</u>
- 9. Nothing in subsections 3 to 9 of this section shall be
- 15 construed to prevent the department of revenue from assessing
- 16 direct partners or indirect partners for taxes owed by such
- partners, using the best information available, in the event that
- 18 a partnership or tiered partner fails to timely make any report
- or payment required under subsections 3 to 9 of this section for
- any reason.
- 21 <u>10. The department of revenue shall assess additional tax</u>,
- interest, additions to tax, and penalties arising from final
- 23 federal adjustments arising from an audit by the IRS, including a
- 24 partnership level audit, or reported by the taxpayer on an
- amended federal income tax return, or as part of an
- 26 administrative adjustment request by no later than the latest of
- 27 the following dates:
- 28 (1) If a taxpayer files with the department of revenue a

- 1 federal adjustments report or an amended Missouri tax return as
- 2 required within the period provided under subsections 2 to 9 of
- 3 this section, the department of revenue shall assess any amounts,
- 4 including taxes, interest, additions to tax, and penalties
- 5 arising from such federal adjustments if the department of
- 6 revenue issues a notice of the assessment to the taxpayer no
- 7 later than:
- 8 <u>(a) The expiration of the limitations period provided under</u>
- 9 <u>section 143.711; or</u>
- 10 (b) The expiration of the one year period following the
- date of filing with the department of revenue of the federal
- 12 adjustments report;
- 13 (2) If the taxpayer fails to file the federal adjustments
- report within the period provided under subsections 2 to 9 of
- this section, as appropriate, or the federal adjustments report
- 16 filed by the taxpayer omits final federal adjustments or
- 17 understates the correct amount of tax owed, the department of
- 18 revenue shall assess amounts or additional amounts including
- 19 taxes, interest, additions to tax, and penalties arising from the
- 20 final federal adjustments, if it mails a notice of the assessment
- 21 to the taxpayer by a date which is the latest of the following:
- 22 (a) The expiration of the limitations period provided under
- 23 section 143.711;
- 24 (b) The expiration of the one year period following the
- date the federal adjustments report was filed with the department
- of revenue; or
- 27 (c) Absent fraud, the expiration of the six-year period
- 28 following the final determination date.

1	11. A taxpayer may make estimated payments to the
2	department of revenue of the Missouri tax expected to result from
3	a pending IRS audit, prior to the due date of the federal
4	adjustments report, without having to file such report with the
5	department of revenue. The estimated tax payments shall be
6	credited against any tax liability ultimately found to be due to
7	Missouri and shall limit the accrual of further interest on such
8	amount. If the estimated tax payments exceed the final tax
9	liability and interest ultimately determined to be due, the
10	taxpayer shall be entitled to a refund or credit for the excess,
11	provided the taxpayer files a federal adjustments report or claim
12	for refund or credit of tax under section 143.781 or 143.821 no
13	later than one year following the final determination date.
14	12. Except for final federal adjustments required to be
15	reported for federal purposes under 26 U.S.C. Section 6225(a)(2),
16	a taxpayer may file a claim for refund or credit of tax arising
17	from federal adjustments made by the IRS on or before the later
18	of:
19	(1) The expiration of the last day for filing a claim for
20	refund or credit of Missouri tax under section 143.801, including
21	any extensions; or
22	(2) One year from the date a federal adjustments report
23	required under subsections 2 to 9 of this section, as applicable,
24	was due to the department of revenue, including any extensions
25	provided under subsection 13 of this section.
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The federal adjustments report shall serve as the means for the

taxpayer to report additional tax due, report a claim for refund

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- or credit of tax, and make other adjustments resulting from adjustments to the taxpayer's federal taxable income.
- 13. (1) Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the taxpayer

 and the department of revenue, any adjustments by the department

 or by the taxpayer made after the expiration of the appropriate

 limitations period provided under section 143.711 or 143.801
- 5 shall be limited to changes to the taxpayer's tax liability
- 8 <u>arising from federal adjustments.</u>

- (2) For purposes of compliance with this section, the time periods provided for in chapter 143 may be extended:
 - (a) Automatically, upon written notice to the department of revenue, by ninety days for an audited partnership or tiered partner which has one hundred or more direct partners; or
 - (b) By written agreement between the taxpayer and the department of revenue.
 - (3) Any extension granted under this subsection for filing the federal adjustments report extends the last day prescribed by law for assessing any additional tax arising from the adjustments to federal taxable income and the period for filing a claim for refund or credit of taxes under section 143.781 or 143.821.
 - implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to

- 1 chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to
- 2 <u>disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held</u>
- 3 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any
- 4 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid
- 5 and void.
- 6 15. The provisions of this section shall apply to any
- 7 adjustments to a taxpayer's federal taxable income or federal
- 8 adjusted gross income with a final determination date occurring
- 9 on or after January 1, 2021.
- 10 143.991. 1. The period of service in the Armed Forces of
- 11 the United States in a combat zone plus any period of continuous
- 12 hospitalization outside this state attributable to such service
- 13 plus the next one hundred eighty days shall be disregarded in
- determining, under regulations to be promulgated by the director
- of revenue, whether any act required by sections 143.011 to
- 16 143.996 was performed by a taxpayer within the time prescribed
- therefor.
- 18 2. In the case of any individual who dies during an
- 19 induction period while in active service as a member of the Armed
- 20 Forces of the United States, if such death occurred while the
- 21 individual was serving in a combat zone or as a result of wounds,
- disease, or injury incurred while so serving, the tax imposed by
- 23 sections 143.011 to 143.996 shall not apply with respect to the
- 24 taxable year in which falls the date of his or her death, or with
- 25 respect to any prior taxable year ending on or after the first
- 26 day he or she so served in a combat zone.
- 27 <u>3. (1) In the case of a specified terrorist victim, the</u>
- 28 tax imposed pursuant to this chapter shall not apply:

- 1 (a) With respect to the taxable year in which falls the
 2 date of death; and
- (b) With respect to any prior taxable year in the period

 beginning with the last taxable year ending before the taxable

 year in which the wounds or injury were incurred from an attack

 as described in subdivision (3) of this subsection.

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- (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to the amount of any tax imposed pursuant to this chapter which would be computed by only taking into account the items of income, gain, or other amounts determined to be taxable pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 692(d)(3), as amended.
- 12 (3) The provisions of subsection 1 of section 143.801 shall

 13 not apply to claims for a refund made pursuant to this

 14 subsection.
- 15 <u>(4) For the purposes of this subsection, the term</u>
 16 "specified terrorist victim" means any decedent who dies:
- (a) As a result of wounds or injury incurred as a result of
 the terrorist attacks against the United States on September 11,
 2001; or
- 20 (b) As a result of illness incurred as a result of an
 21 attack involving anthrax occurring on or after September 11,
 22 2001, and before January 1, 2002.

Such term shall not include any individual identified by the

Attorney General of the United States to have been a participant

or conspirator in any such attack or a representative of such an

individual.

28 144.757. 1. Any county or municipality, except

municipalities within a county having a charter form of 1 2 government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand, may, by a majority vote of its governing body, impose a local use 3 tax if a local sales tax is imposed as defined in section 32.085 5 at a rate equal to the rate of the local sales tax in effect in 6 such county or municipality; provided, however, that no ordinance 7 or order enacted pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 shall be 8 effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality 9 submits to the voters thereof at a municipal, county or state 10 general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose a local 11 12 use tax pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761. Municipalities 13 within a county having a charter form of government with a 14 population in excess of nine hundred thousand may, upon voter 15 approval received pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of 16 subsection 2 of this section, impose a local use tax at the same 17 rate as the local municipal sales tax with the revenues from all such municipal use taxes to be distributed pursuant to subsection 18 19 4 of section 94.890. The municipality shall within thirty days 20 of the approval of the use tax imposed pursuant to paragraph (b) 21 of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section select one of 22 the distribution options permitted in subsection 4 of section 23 94.890 for distribution of all municipal use taxes.

2. (1) The ballot of submission, except for counties and municipalities described in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, shall contain substantially the following language:

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Shall the _____ (county or municipality's name) impose a local use tax at the same rate as the total local

sales tax rate, [currently _____ (insert percent),]

provided that if the local sales tax rate is reduced or

raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall

also be reduced or raised by the same action? [A use

tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons

whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in

total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar

year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the

disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-of
state sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers.

□ YES □ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(2) (a) The ballot of submission in a county having a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand shall contain substantially the following language:

For the purposes of enhancing county and municipal public safety, parks, and job creation and enhancing local government services, shall the county be authorized to collect a local use tax equal to the total of the existing county sales tax rate [of (insert tax rate)], provided that if the county sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same voter action? Fifty percent of the revenue shall be used by the county throughout the

county for improving and enhancing public safety, park improvements, and job creation, and fifty percent shall be used for enhancing local government services. county shall be required to make available to the public an audited comprehensive financial report detailing the management and use of the countywide

portion of the funds each year.

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A use tax is the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases from out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain taxable business transactions. [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-ofstate sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers.

> ☐ YES □ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

The ballot of submission in a municipality within a county having a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the municipality be authorized to impose a local use tax at the same rate as the local sales tax by a vote of the governing body, provided that if any local sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter

approval, the respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-ofstate sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers. □ YES \square NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(3) The ballot of submission in any city not within a county shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the _____ (city name) impose a local use tax at the same rate as the local sales tax, [currently at a rate of _____ (insert percent)] which includes the capital improvements sales tax and the transportation tax, provided that if any local sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.] Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-of-state sellers by imposing

the same rate on all sellers.

1 \square YES \square NO

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If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- If any of such ballots are submitted on August 6, 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect October 1, 1996, provided the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local use tax on or before August 16, 1996. If any of such ballots are submitted after December 31, 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the calendar quarter which begins at least forty-five days after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local use tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or municipality shall have no power to impose the local use tax as herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county or municipality shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose the local use tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
- 3. The local use tax may be imposed at the same rate as the local sales tax then currently in effect in the county or municipality upon all transactions which are subject to the taxes

imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745 within the county or municipality adopting such tax; provided, however, that if any local sales tax is repealed or the rate thereof is reduced or raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be deemed to be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action repealing, reducing or raising the local sales tax.

- 4. For purposes of sections 144.757 to 144.761, the use tax may be referred to or described as the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases made from out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain intrabusiness transactions. Such a description shall not change the classification, form or subject of the use tax or the manner in which it is collected.
- 205.202. 1. The governing body of any hospital district established under sections 205.160 to 205.379 in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than thirteen thousand five hundred but fewer than thirteen thousand six hundred inhabitants may, by resolution, abolish the property tax levied in such district under this chapter and impose a sales tax on all retail sales made within the district which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall be not more than one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the hospital district. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
- 2. No such resolution adopted under this section shall become effective unless the governing body of the hospital district submits to the voters residing within the district at a

state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the district to impose a tax under this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

3. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the hospital district, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Hospital District Sales Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such district. Any funds in the special fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such

investments shall be credited to the fund.

- The governing body of any hospital district that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the district. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
 - 5. Whenever the governing body of any hospital district that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the district equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the district voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the district a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized

- in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 5 If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means other 6. 6 than by a dissolution of a hospital district as described in 7 subsection 7 of this section, all funds remaining in the special 8 trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated 9 purposes, and the hospital district shall notify the director of 10 the department of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director may 11 12 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of 13 two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice 14 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 15 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 16 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 17 abolition of the tax in such district, the director shall remit 18 the balance in the account to the district and close the account 19 of that district. The director shall notify each district of 20 each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 21 receipts due the district.
 - 7. Upon the dissolution of a hospital district levying a sales tax pursuant to this section, the sales tax shall be automatically repealed and all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be distributed as follows:

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(1) Twenty-five percent shall be distributed to the county public health center established pursuant to sections 205.010 to 205.150; and

1 (2) Seventy-five percent shall be distributed to a 2 federally qualified health center, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396d(1)(1) and (2), located in the county. 3 321.552. 1. Except in any county of the first 5 classification with over two hundred thousand inhabitants, or any 6 county of the first classification without a charter form of 7 government and with more than seventy-three thousand seven 8 hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred 9 inhabitants; or any county of the first classification without a 10 charter form of government and with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand but less than one hundred eighty-eight 11 12 thousand inhabitants; or any county with a charter form of 13 government with over one million inhabitants; or any county with 14 a charter form of government with over two hundred eighty 15 thousand inhabitants but less than three hundred thousand 16 inhabitants, the governing body of any ambulance or fire 17 protection district may impose a sales tax in an amount up to [one-half of] one percent on all retail sales made in such 18 19 ambulance or fire protection district which are subject to 20 taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 21 144.525 provided that such sales tax shall be accompanied by a 22 reduction in the district's tax rate as defined in section 23 137.073. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition 24 to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no 25 sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section 26 shall be effective unless the governing body of the ambulance or 27 fire protection district submits to the voters of such ambulance 28 or fire protection district, at a municipal or state general,

primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the ambulance or fire protection district to impose a tax pursuant to this section.

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall _____ (insert name of ambulance or fire protection district) impose a sales tax of _____ (insert amount up to [one-half) of] one percent) for the purpose of providing revenues for the operation of the _____ (insert name of ambulance or fire protection district) and the total property tax levy on properties in the _____ (insert name of the ambulance or fire protection district) shall be reduced annually by an amount which reduces property tax revenues by an amount equal to fifty percent of the previous year's revenue collected from this sales tax?

 \square YES \square NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall be in effect and the governing body of the ambulance or fire protection district shall lower the level of its tax rate by an amount which reduces property tax revenues by an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount of sales tax collected in the preceding year. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are

or fire protection district shall not impose the sales tax

authorized in this section unless and until the governing body of

such ambulance or fire protection district resubmits a proposal

opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the ambulance

- to authorize the governing body of the ambulance or fire
- 6 protection district to impose the sales tax authorized by this
- 7 section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the
- 8 qualified voters voting thereon.

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- 4. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund, and be used solely for the purposes specified in the proposal submitted pursuant to this section for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 14 All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue 15 pursuant to this section, less one percent for cost of collection 16 which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund 17 after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 18 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is 19 hereby created, to be known as the "Ambulance or Fire Protection 20 District Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the ambulance or 21 fire protection district sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed 22 to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of 23 the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records 24 of the amount of money in the trust and the amount collected in 25 each district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and 26 the records shall be open to inspection by officers of the county 27 and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month 28 the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in

- the trust fund during the preceding month to the governing body of the district which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the board treasurer of each such district.
- The director of revenue may make refunds from the 5 amounts in the trust fund and credit any district for erroneous 6 payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 7 and drafts deposited to the credit of such district. If any 8 district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the 9 director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to 10 the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of 11 12 two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice 13 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 14 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 15 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 16 abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close 17 18 the account of that district. The director of revenue shall 19 notify each district of each instance of any amount refunded or 20 any check redeemed from receipts due the district.
 - 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

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- 8. The governing body of any ambulance or fire protection district authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall:
- (1) Submit the question of an increase in the rate of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier

- 1 than the 2022 general election; and
- 2 (2) Include information on the ambulance or fire protection
- 3 <u>district website</u>, if available, on the tax rate and the purposes
- 4 for which the tax is levied.
- 5 326.289. 1. The board may grant or renew permits to
- 6 practice as a certified public accounting firm to applicants that
- 7 demonstrate their qualifications in accordance with this chapter.
- 8 (1) The following shall hold a permit issued under this
- 9 chapter:
- 10 (a) Any firm with an office in this state, as defined by
- 11 the board by rule, offering or performing attest or compilation
- 12 services; or
- 13 (b) Any firm with an office in this state that uses the
- 14 title "CPA" or "CPA firm".
- 15 (2) Any firm that does not have an office in this state may
- 16 offer or perform attest or compilation services in this state
- 17 without a valid permit only if it meets each of the following
- 18 requirements:
- 19 (a) It complies with the qualifications described in
- 20 subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of this section;
- 21 (b) It complies with the requirements of peer review as set
- forth in this chapter and the board's promulgated regulations;
- 23 (c) It performs such services through an individual with
- 24 practice privileges under section 326.283; and
- 25 (d) It can lawfully do so in the state where said
- 26 individual with the privilege to practice has his or her
- 27 principal place of business.
- 28 (3) A firm which is not subject to the requirements of

- 1 subdivisions (1) or (2) of this subsection may perform other
- 2 nonattest or noncompilation services while using the title "CPA"
- 3 or "CPA firm" in this state without a permit issued under this
- 4 section only if it:
- 5 (a) Performs such services through an individual with the
- 6 privilege to practice under section 326.283; and
- 7 (b) Can lawfully do so in the state where said individual
- 8 with privilege to practice has his or her principal place of
- 9 business.
- 10 (4) (a) All firms practicing public accounting in this
- 11 state shall register with the secretary of state.
- 12 (b) Firms which may be exempt from this requirement
- 13 include:
- 14 a. Sole proprietorships;
- b. Trusts created pursuant to revocable trust agreements,
- of which the trustee is a natural person who holds a license or
- privilege to practice as set forth in section 326.280, 326.283,
- 18 or 326.286;
- c. General partnerships not operating as a limited
- 20 liability partnership; or
- d. Foreign professional corporations which do not meet
- 22 criteria of chapter 356 due to name or ownership, shall obtain a
- certificate of authority as a general corporation.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 356, the secretary of
- 25 state may issue a certificate of authority to a foreign
- 26 professional corporation which does not meet the criteria of
- 27 chapter 356 due to name or ownership, if the corporation meets
- 28 the requirements of this section and the rules of the board.

- 2. Permits shall be initially issued and renewed for
 periods of not more than three years or for a specific period as
 prescribed by board rule following issuance or renewal.
 - 3. The board shall determine by rule the form for application and renewal of permits and shall annually determine the fees for permits and their renewals.

- 4. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit to practice under this section shall be required to show that:
- (1) A simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests and voting rights of all partners, officers, principals, shareholders, members or managers, belongs to licensees who are licensed in some state, and the partners, officers, principals, shareholders, members or managers, whose principal place of business is in this state and who perform professional services in this state are licensees under section 326.280 or the corresponding provision of prior law. Although firms may include nonlicensee owners, the firm and its ownership shall comply with rules promulgated by the board;
- 19 (2) Any certified public accounting firm may include owners 20 who are not licensees provided that:
 - (a) The firm designates a licensee of this state, or in the case of a firm which must have a permit under this section designates a licensee of another state who meets the requirements of section 326.283, who is responsible for the proper registration of the firm and identifies that individual to the board;
 - (b) All nonlicensee owners are active individual participants in the certified public accounting firm or

1 affiliated entities;

- 2 (c) All owners are of good moral character; and
- 3 (d) The firm complies with other requirements as the board 4 may impose by rule;
 - (3) Any licensee who is responsible for supervising attest services, or signs or authorizes someone to sign the licensee's report on the financial statements on behalf of the firm, shall meet competency requirements as determined by the board by rule which shall include one year of experience in addition to the experience required under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 326.280 and shall be verified by a licensee. The additional experience required by this subsection shall include experience in attest work supervised by a licensee.
 - 5. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit to practice shall register each office of the firm within this state with the board and show that all attest and compilation services rendered in this state are under the charge of a licensee.
 - 6. No licensee or firm holding a permit under this chapter shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading as to:
 - (1) The legal form of the firm;
- 23 (2) The persons who are partners, officers, members, 24 managers or shareholders of the firm; or
- 25 (3) Any other matter.

The names of one or more former partners, members or shareholders may be included in the name of a firm or its successor unless the

- 1 firm becomes a sole proprietorship because of the death or
- 2 withdrawal of all other partners, officers, members or
- 3 shareholders. A firm may use a fictitious name if the fictitious
- 4 name is registered with the board and is not otherwise
- 5 misleading. The name of a firm shall not include the name or
- 6 initials of an individual who is not a present or a past partner,
- 7 member or shareholder of the firm or its predecessor. The name
- 8 of the firm shall not include the name of an individual who is
- 9 not a licensee.
- 7. Applicants for initial issuance or renewal of permits
- shall list in their application all states in which they have
- 12 applied for or hold permits as certified public accounting firms
- and list any past denial, revocation, suspension or any
- 14 discipline of a permit by any other state. Each holder of or
- applicant for a permit under this section shall notify the board
- in writing within thirty days after its occurrence of any change
- in the identities of partners, principals, officers,
- 18 shareholders, members or managers whose principal place of
- business is in this state; any change in the number or location
- of offices within this state; any change in the identity of the
- 21 persons in charge of such offices; and any issuance, denial,
- revocation, suspension or any discipline of a permit by any other
- 23 state.
- 24 8. Firms which fall out of compliance with the provisions
- of this section due to changes in firm ownership or personnel
- 26 after receiving or renewing a permit shall take corrective action
- 27 to bring the firm back into compliance as quickly as possible.
- The board may grant a reasonable period of time for a firm to

take such corrective action. Failure to bring the firm back into compliance within a reasonable period as defined by the board may result in the suspension or revocation of the firm permit.

- 9. The board shall require by rule, as a condition to the renewal of permits, that firms undergo, no more frequently than once every three years, peer reviews conducted in a manner as the board shall specify. The review shall include a verification that individuals in the firm who are responsible for supervising attest and compilation services or sign or authorize someone to sign the accountant's report on the financial statements on behalf of the firm meet the competency requirements set out in the professional standards for such services, provided that any such rule:
- (1) Shall include reasonable provision for compliance by a firm showing that it has within the preceding three years undergone a peer review that is a satisfactory equivalent to peer review generally required under this subsection;
- (2) May require, with respect to peer reviews, that peer reviews be subject to oversight by an oversight body established or sanctioned by board rule, which shall periodically report to the board on the effectiveness of the review program under its charge and provide to the board a listing of firms that have participated in a peer review program that is satisfactory to the board; and
- (3) Shall require, with respect to peer reviews, that the peer review processes be operated and documents maintained in a manner designed to preserve confidentiality, and that the board or any third party other than the oversight body shall not have

- 1 access to documents furnished or generated in the course of the
- 2 peer review of the firm except as provided in subdivision (2) of
- 3 this subsection.
- 4 10. The board may, by rule, charge a fee for oversight of
- 5 peer reviews, provided that the fee charged shall be
- 6 substantially equivalent to the cost of oversight.
- 7 11. Notwithstanding any other provision in this section,
- 8 the board may obtain the following information regarding peer
- 9 review from any approved American Institute for Certified Public
- 10 Accountants peer review program:
- 11 (1) The firm's name and address;
- 12 (2) The firm's dates of enrollment in the program;
- 13 (3) The date of acceptance and the period covered by the
- firm's most recently accepted peer review; and
- 15 <u>(4) If applicable, whether the firm's enrollment in the</u>
- program has been dropped or terminated.
- 17 <u>12.</u> In connection with proceedings before the board or upon
- 18 receipt of a complaint involving the licensee performing peer
- 19 reviews, the board shall not have access to any documents
- furnished or generated in the course of the performance of the
- 21 peer reviews except for peer review reports, letters of comment
- 22 and summary review memoranda. The documents shall be furnished
- 23 to the board only in a redacted manner that does not specifically
- 24 identify any firm or licensee being peer reviewed or any of their
- 25 clients.
- 26 [12.] 13. The peer review processes shall be operated and
- 27 the documents generated thereby be maintained in a manner
- designed to preserve their confidentiality. No third party,

other than the oversight body, the board, subject to the 1 2 provisions of subsection [11] 12 of this section, or the 3 organization performing peer review shall have access to documents furnished or generated in the course of the review. 4 All documents shall be privileged and closed records for all 5 6 purposes and all meetings at which the documents are discussed 7 shall be considered closed meetings under subdivision (1) of 8 section 610.021. The proceedings, records and workpapers of the 9 board and any peer review subjected to the board process shall be 10 privileged and shall not be subject to discovery, subpoena or 11 other means of legal process or introduction into evidence at any 12 civil action, arbitration, administrative proceeding or board 13 proceeding. No member of the board or person who is involved in 14 the peer review process shall be permitted or required to testify 15 in any civil action, arbitration, administrative proceeding or board proceeding as to any matters produced, presented, disclosed 16 17 or discussed during or in connection with the peer review process 18 or as to any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions or 19 other actions of such committees or any of its members; provided, 20 however, that information, documents or records that are publicly 21 available shall not be subject to discovery or use in any civil 22 action, arbitration, administrative proceeding or board 23 proceeding merely because they were presented or considered in 24 connection with the peer review process.

347.044. 1. Every limited liability company organized pursuant to this chapter and every foreign limited liability company registered in this state shall file an information statement with the secretary of state.

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1	2.	The	information	statement	shall	include:
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- 2 (1) The name of the limited liability company or foreign
- 3 limited liability company;
- 4 (2) The company charter number assigned by the secretary of state;
- 6 (3) The address of the principal place of business;
- 7 (4) The address, including street and number, if any, of
- 8 the registered office and the name of the registered agent at
- 9 such office; and
- 10 (5) If a foreign limited liability company, the state or
- other jurisdiction under whose law the company is formed.
- 12 <u>3. The information statement shall be current as of the</u>
- date the statement is filed with the secretary of state.
- 14 4. The limited liability company or foreign limited
- liability company shall file an information statement every five
- 16 years, and the information statement shall be due on the
- 17 fifteenth day of the month in which the anniversary of the date
- 18 the limited liability company or foreign limited liability
- 19 company organized or registered in Missouri occurs. For limited
- 20 liability companies and foreign limited liability companies that
- 21 organized or registered in an odd-numbered year before January 1,
- 22 2021, the first information statement shall be due in 2024. For
- 23 limited liability companies and foreign limited liability
- 24 companies that organized or registered in an even-numbered year
- before January 1, 2020, the first information statement shall be
- 26 due in 2023.
- 27 5. The information statement shall be signed by an
- authorized person.

- 1 <u>6. If the information statement does not contain the</u>
- 2 information required under this section, the secretary of state
- 3 shall promptly notify the limited liability company or foreign
- 4 limited liability company and return the information statement
- 5 for completion. The entity shall return the completed
- 6 <u>information statement to the secretary within sixty days of the</u>
- 7 issuance of the notice.
- 8 <u>7. Ninety days before the statement is due, the secretary</u>
- 9 of state shall send notice to each limited liability company or
- 10 foreign limited liability company that the information statement
- 11 <u>is due.</u> The notice shall be directed to the limited liability
- 12 company's registered office as stated in the company's most
- 13 recent filing with the secretary of state.
- 14 347.179. 1. The secretary shall charge and collect:
- 15 (1) For filing the original articles of organization, a fee
- of [one hundred] <u>ninety-five</u> dollars;
- 17 (2) For filing the original articles of organization
- online, in an electronic format prescribed by the secretary of
- state, a fee of [forty-five] thirty-five dollars;
- 20 (3) Applications for registration of foreign limited
- 21 liability companies and issuance of a certificate of registration
- 22 to transact business in this state, a fee of one hundred dollars;
- 23 (4) Amendments to and restatements of articles of limited
- liability companies to application for registration of a foreign
- 25 limited liability company or any other filing otherwise provided
- 26 for, a fee of twenty dollars;
- 27 (5) Articles of termination of limited liability companies
- or cancellation of registration of foreign limited liability

- 1 companies, a fee of twenty dollars or, if filed online in an
- 2 electronic format prescribed by the secretary, a fee of ten
- 3 dollars;

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- 4 (6) For filing notice of merger or consolidation, a fee of twenty dollars;
- 6 (7) For filing a notice of winding up, a fee of twenty
- 7 dollars or, if filed online in an electronic format prescribed by
- 8 the secretary, a fee of ten dollars;
- 9 (8) For issuing a certificate of good standing, a fee of 10 five dollars;
- 11 (9) For a notice of the abandonment of merger or consolidation, a fee of twenty dollars;
- 13 (10) For furnishing a copy of any document or instrument, a 14 fee of fifty cents per page;
- 15 (11) For accepting an application for reservation of a
 16 name, or for filing a notice of the transfer or cancellation of
 17 any name reservation, a fee of twenty dollars;
- 18 (12) For filing a statement of change of address of 19 registered office or registered agent, or both, a fee of five 20 dollars;
 - (13) For any service of notice, demand, or process upon the secretary as resident agent of a limited liability company, a fee of twenty dollars, which amount may be recovered as taxable costs by the party instituting such suit, action, or proceeding causing such service to be made if such party prevails therein;
- 26 (14) For filing an amended certificate of registration a 27 fee of twenty dollars; [and]
- 28 (15) For filing a statement of correction a fee of five

1 dollars;

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2 (16) For filing an information statement for a domestic or

3 foreign limited liability company, a fee of fifteen dollars or,

4 if filing online in an electronic format prescribed by the

secretary, a fee of five dollars; and

- 6 (17) For filing a withdrawal of an erroneously or
 7 accidentally filed notice of winding up or articles of
 8 termination, a fee of ninety-five dollars.
- 9 2. Fees mandated in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 10 1 of this section and for application for reservation of a name in subdivision (11) of subsection 1 of this section shall be 11 12 waived if an organizer who is listed as a member in the operating 13 agreement of the limited liability company is a member of the 14 Missouri National Guard or any other active duty military, 15 resides in the state of Missouri, and provides proof of such 16 service to the secretary of state.
 - 347.183. In addition to the other powers of the secretary established in sections 347.010 to 347.187, the secretary shall, as is reasonably necessary to enable the secretary to administer sections 347.010 to 347.187 efficiently and to perform the secretary's duties, have the following powers including, but not limited to:
 - (1) The power to examine the books and records of any limited liability company to which sections 347.010 to 347.187 apply, and it shall be the duty of any manager, member or agent of such limited liability company having possession or control of such books and records to produce such books and records for examination on demand of the secretary or his designated

employee; except that no person shall be subject to any criminal 1 2 prosecution on account of any matter or thing which may be 3 disclosed by examination of any limited liability company books and records, which they may produce or exhibit for examination; 5 or on account of any other matter or thing concerning which they 6 may make any voluntary and truthful statement in writing to the 7 secretary or his designated employee. All facts obtained in the 8 examination of the books and records of any limited liability 9 company, or through the voluntary sworn statement of any manager, 10 member, agent or employee of any limited liability company, shall be treated as confidential, except insofar as official duty may 11 12 require the disclosure of same, or when such facts are material 13 to any issue in any legal proceeding in which the secretary or 14 his designated employee may be a party or called as witness, and, 15 if the secretary or his designated employee shall, except as 16 provided in this subdivision, disclose any information relative 17 to the private accounts, affairs, and transactions of any such 18 limited liability company, he shall be quilty of a class C 19 misdemeanor. If any manager, member or registered agent in 20 possession or control of such books and records of any such 21 limited liability company shall refuse a demand of the secretary 22 or his designated employee, to exhibit the books and records of 23 such limited liability company for examination, such person shall 24 be guilty of a class B misdemeanor;

(2) The power to cancel or disapprove any articles of organization or other filing required under sections 347.010 to 347.187, if the limited liability company fails to comply with the provisions of sections 347.010 to 347.187 by failing to file

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required documents under sections 347.010 to 347.187, by failing
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      to maintain a registered agent, by failing to pay the required
      filing fees, by using fraud or deception in effecting any filing,
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      by filing a required document containing a false statement, or by
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      violating any section or sections of the criminal laws of
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      Missouri, the federal government or any other state of the United
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      States. Thirty days before such cancellation shall take effect,
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      the secretary shall notify the limited liability company with
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      written notice, either personally or by certified mail, deposited
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      in the United States mail in a sealed envelope addressed to such
      limited liability company's last registered agent in office, or
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      to one of the limited liability company's members or managers.
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      Written notice of the secretary's proposed cancellation to the
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      limited liability company, domestic or foreign, shall specify the
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      reasons for such action. The limited liability company may
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      appeal this notice of proposed cancellation to the circuit court
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      of the county in which the registered office of such limited
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      liability company is or is proposed to be situated by filing with
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      the clerk of such court a petition setting forth a copy of the
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      articles of organization or other relevant documents and a copy
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      of the proposed written cancellation thereof by the secretary,
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      such petition to be filed within thirty days after notice of such
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      cancellation shall have been given, and the matter shall be tried
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      by the court, and the court shall either sustain the action of
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      the secretary or direct him to take such action as the court may
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      deem proper. An appeal from the circuit court in such a case
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      shall be allowed as in civil action. The limited liability
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      company may provide information to the secretary that would allow
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- 1 the secretary to withdraw the notice of proposed cancellation.
- 2 This information may consist of, but need not be limited to,
- 3 corrected statements and documents, new filings, affidavits and
- 4 certified copies of other filed documents;
- 5 (3) The power to rescind cancellation provided for in 6 subdivision (2) of this section upon compliance with either of
- 7 the following:
- 8 (a) The affected limited liability company provides the
- 9 necessary documents and affidavits indicating the limited
- 10 liability company has corrected the conditions causing the
- 11 proposed cancellation or the cancellation; or
- 12 (b) The limited liability company provides the correct
- 13 statements or documentation that the limited liability company is
- 14 not in violation of any section of the criminal code; and
- 15 (4) The power to charge late filing fees for any filing fee
- required under sections 347.010 to 347.187 and the power to
- impose civil penalties as provided in section 347.053. Late
- 18 filing fees shall be assessed at a rate of ten dollars for each
- 19 thirty-day period of delinquency;
- 20 (5) (a) The power to administratively cancel [an]:
- 21 a. Articles of organization if the limited liability
- company's period of duration stated in articles of organization
- 23 expires or if the limited liability company fails to timely file
- 24 its information statement; or
- 25 b. The registration of a foreign limited liability company
- 26 if the foreign limited liability company fails to timely file its
- 27 information statement.

(b) Not less than thirty days before such administrative

- cancellation shall take effect, the secretary shall notify the

 domestic or foreign limited liability company with written

 notice, either personally or by mail. If mailed, the notice

 shall be deemed delivered five days after it is deposited in the

 United States mail in a sealed envelope addressed to such limited
- 6 liability company's last registered agent and office or to one of
- 7 the limited liability company's managers or members.

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8 If the limited liability company does not timely file 9 an articles of amendment in accordance with section 347.041 to 10 extend the duration of the limited liability company, which may be any number of years or perpetual, or demonstrate to the 11 12 reasonable satisfaction of the secretary that the period of 13 duration determined by the secretary is incorrect, within sixty 14 days after service of the notice is perfected by posting with the 15 United States Postal Service, then the secretary shall cancel the 16 articles of organization by signing an administrative 17 cancellation that recites the grounds for cancellation and its 18 effective date. The secretary shall file the original of the 19 administrative cancellation and serve a copy on the limited

liability company as provided in section 347.051.

- (d) A limited liability company whose articles of organization has been administratively cancelled continues its existence but may not carry on any business except that necessary to wind up and liquidate its business and affairs under section 347.147 and notify claimants under section 347.141.
- (e) The administrative cancellation of an articles of organization does not terminate the authority of its registered agent.

information statement in accordance with section 347.044 within sixty days after service of the notice is perfected by posting with the United States Postal Service or fails to demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the secretary that the information statement was timely filed, the secretary shall cancel the articles of organization by signing an administrative cancellation that states the grounds for cancellation and the effective date of the cancellation. The secretary shall file the original administrative cancellation and serve a copy to the limited liability company as provided under section 347.051.

- (q) If a foreign limited liability company does not timely file an information statement in accordance with section 347.044 within sixty days after service of the notice is perfected by posting with the United States Postal Service or fails to demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the secretary that the information statement was timely filed, the secretary shall cancel the registration of the foreign limited liability company by signing an administrative cancellation that states the grounds for cancellation and the effective date of the cancellation. The secretary shall file the original administrative cancellation and serve a copy to the foreign limited liability company as provided in section 347.051. A foreign limited liability company whose registration has been administratively cancelled may continue its existence but shall not conduct any business in this state except to wind up and liquidate its business and affairs in this state.
- (6) (a) The power to rescind an administrative cancellation and reinstate the articles of organization.

- 1 (b) Except as otherwise provided in the operating
 2 agreement, a limited liability company whose articles of
 3 organization has been administratively cancelled under
 4 subdivision (5) of this section may file an articles of amendment
- 5 in accordance with section 347.041 to extend the duration of the
- 6 limited liability company, which may be any number or perpetual.
- 7 (c) A limited liability company whose articles of
 8 organization has been administratively cancelled under
 9 subdivision (5) of this section may apply to the secretary for
 10 reinstatement. The applicant shall:
- 11 a. Recite the name of the limited liability company and the 12 effective date of its administrative cancellation;
- b. State that the grounds for cancellation either did not exist or have been eliminated, as applicable, and be accompanied by documentation satisfactory to the secretary evidencing the same;
- 17 c. State that the limited liability company's name 18 satisfies the requirements of section 347.020;

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- d. Be accompanied by a reinstatement fee in the amount of [one hundred] <u>ninety-five</u> dollars, or such greater amount as required by state regulation, plus any delinquent fees, penalties, and other charges as determined by the secretary to then be due.
 - (d) If the secretary determines that the application contains the information and is accompanied by the fees required in paragraph (c) of this subdivision and that the information and fees are correct, the secretary shall rescind the cancellation and prepare a certificate of reinstatement that recites his or

her determination and the effective date of reinstatement, file the original articles of organization, and serve a copy on the limited liability company as provided in section 347.051.

- (e) When the reinstatement is effective, it shall relate back to and take effect as of the effective date of the administrative cancellation of the articles of organization and the limited liability company may continue carrying on its business as if the administrative cancellation had never occurred.
- (f) In the event the name of the limited liability company was reissued by the secretary to another entity prior to the time application for reinstatement was filed, the limited liability company applying for reinstatement may elect to reinstate using a new name that complies with the requirements of section 347.020 and that has been approved by appropriate action of the limited liability company for changing the name thereof.
- (g) If the secretary denies a limited liability company's application for reinstatement following administrative cancellation of the articles of organization, he or she shall serve the limited liability company as provided in section 347.051 with a written notice that explains the reason or reasons for denial.
- (h) The limited liability company may appeal a denial of reinstatement as provided for in subdivision (2) of this section.
- [(7)] (i) This subdivision [(6) of this section] shall apply to any limited liability company whose articles of organization was cancelled because such limited liability company's period of duration stated in the articles of organization expired on or

- 1 after August 28, 2003.
- 2 (7) The power to rescind an administrative cancellation and
- 3 reinstate the registration of a foreign limited liability
- 4 company. The following procedures apply:
- 5 (a) A foreign limited liability company whose registration
- 6 was administratively cancelled under subdivision (5) of this
- 7 section may apply to the secretary for reinstatement. The
- 8 application shall:
- 9 a. State the name of the foreign limited liability company
- and the date of the administrative cancellation;
- 11 b. State that the grounds for cancellation either did not
- 12 <u>exist or have been eliminated</u>, with supporting documentation
- satisfactory to the secretary;
- 14 <u>c. State that the foreign limited liability company's name</u>
- satisfies the requirements of section 347.020; and
- 16 d. Include a reinstatement fee in the amount of ninety-five
- dollars, or a higher amount if required by state regulation, and
- any delinquent fees, penalties, or other charges as the secretary
- 19 determines are due;
- 20 (b) If the secretary determines that the application
- 21 <u>satisfies the requirements under paragraph (a) of this</u>
- 22 subdivision, the secretary shall rescind the cancellation and
- 23 prepare a certificate of reinstatement that includes the
- 24 effective date of reinstatement and shall deliver a copy to the
- limited liability company as provided under section 347.051;
- 26 (c) If reinstatement is granted, the administrative
- 27 cancellation shall be retroactively voided, and the foreign
- 28 limited liability company may conduct its business as if the

1	administrative cancellation never occurred;
2	(d) If the name of the foreign limited liability
3	was issued to another entity before the application for

- 4 reinstatement was filed, the foreign limited liability company

liability company

- 5 applying for reinstatement may elect to reinstate using a new
- 6 name that complies with the requirements under section 347.020
- 7 and is approved by appropriate action of the foreign limited
- 8 liability company for changing its name;
- 9 (e) If the secretary denies a foreign limited liability
- 10 company's application for reinstatement, the secretary shall
- serve the limited liability company with a written notice as 11
- 12 provided under section 347.051 that explains the reason for
- 13 denial; and
- 14 (f) The foreign limited liability company may appeal a
- 15 denial of reinstatement by using the procedure under subdivision
- 16 (2) of this section; and
- 17 (8) The power to reinstate a limited liability company that
- 18 erroneously or accidentally filed a notice of winding up or
- notice of termination. The following procedures apply: 19
- 20 (a) A limited liability company whose articles of
- 21 organization were terminated due to an erroneously or
- 22 accidentally filed notice of winding up or notice of termination
- 23 may apply to the secretary for reinstatement by filing a
- 24 withdrawal of notice of winding up or withdrawal of notice of
- 25 termination. The application shall:
- 26 a. State the name of the limited liability company and the
- 27 filing date of the erroneous or accidental notice;
- 28 b. State the grounds for erroneously or accidentally filing

- 1 the notice, with supporting documentation satisfactory to the 2 secretary; 3 c. State that the limited liability company's name 4 satisfies the requirements under section 347.020; and 5 d. Include a reinstatement fee in the amount of ninety-five 6 dollars, or a higher amount if required by state regulation, and 7 any delinquent fees, penalties, or other charges as the secretary 8 determines are due; 9 (b) If the secretary determines that the application 10 satisfies the requirements under paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the secretary shall rescind the notice of winding up 11 12 or notice of termination and prepare a certificate of 13 reinstatement that includes the effective notice of termination 14 and prepare a certificate of reinstatement that includes the 15 affected limited liability company as provided under section 16 347.051; 17 (c) If reinstatement is granted, the termination of the articles of organization shall be retroactively voided, and the 18 19 limited liability company may conduct its business as if the 20 administrative cancellation never occurred; 21 (d) If the name of the limited liability company was issued 22 to another entity before the application for reinstatement was 23 filed, the limited liability company applying for the 24 reinstatement may elect to reinstate using a new name that 25 complies with the requirements under section 347.020 and is
 - (e) If the secretary of state denies a limited liability

approved by appropriate action of the limited liability company

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for changing its name;

- 1 <u>company's application for reinstatement, the secretary shall</u>
- 2 serve the limited liability company with a written notice as
- 3 provided under section 347.051 that explains the reason for
- 4 denial;
- 5 (f) The limited liability company may appeal a denial of
- 6 reinstatement by using the procedure under subdivision (2) of
- 7 this section.
- 8 358.460. 1. The exclusive right to the use of a name of a
- 9 registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered
- 10 limited liability partnership may be reserved by:
- 11 (1) Any person intending to become a registered limited
- 12 liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability
- partnership under this chapter and to adopt that name; and
- 14 (2) Any registered limited liability partnership or foreign
- registered limited liability partnership which proposes to change
- 16 its name.
- 17 2. The reservation of a specified name shall be made by
- 18 filing with the secretary of state an application, executed by
- 19 the applicant, specifying the name to be reserved and the name
- 20 and address of the applicant. If the secretary of state finds
- 21 that the name is available for use by a registered limited
- 22 liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability
- partnership, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for
- the exclusive use of the applicant for a period of sixty days. A
- 25 name reservation shall not exceed a period of one hundred eighty
- 26 days from the date of the first name reservation application.
- 27 Upon the one hundred eighty-first day the name shall cease
- 28 reserve status and shall not be placed back in such status. The

- right to the exclusive use of a reserved name may be transferred to any other person by filing in the office of the secretary of state a notice of the transfer, executed by the applicant for whom the name was reserved, specifying the name to be transferred and the name and address of the transferee. The reservation of a specified name may be cancelled by filing with the secretary of state a notice of cancellation, executed by the applicant or transferee, specifying the name reservation to be cancelled and the name and address of the applicant or transferee.
 - 3. A fee in the amount of [twenty-five] twenty dollars shall be paid to the secretary of state upon receipt for filing of an application for reservation of name, an application for renewal of reservation or a notice of transfer or cancellation pursuant to this section. All moneys from the payment of this fee shall be deposited into the general revenue fund.

- 358.470. 1. Each registered limited liability partnership and each foreign registered limited liability partnership shall have and maintain in the state of Missouri:
- (1) A registered office, which may, but need not be, a place of its business in the state of Missouri; and
- (2) A registered agent for service of process on the registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership, which agent may be either an individual resident of the state of Missouri whose business office is identical with the registered limited liability partnership's or foreign registered limited liability partnership's registered office, or a domestic corporation, or a foreign corporation authorized to do business in the state of

- 1 Missouri, having a business office identical with such registered 2 office or the registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership itself. 3
- A registered agent may change the address of the 5 registered office of the registered limited liability 6 partnerships or foreign registered limited liability partnerships 7 for which the agent is the registered agent to another address in the state of Missouri by paying a fee in the amount of [ten] five 8 9 dollars[, and a further fee in the amount of two dollars] for 10 each registered limited liability partnership or foreign 11 registered limited liability partnership affected thereby, to the secretary of state and filing with the secretary of state a 12 certificate, executed by such registered agent, setting forth the 13 names of all the registered limited liability partnerships or 15 foreign registered limited liability partnerships represented by such registered agent, and the address at which such registered 16 17 agent has maintained the registered office for each of such registered limited liability partnerships or foreign registered 18 limited liability partnerships, and further certifying to the new 19 20 address to which such registered office will be changed on a 21 given day, and at which new address such registered agent will 22 thereafter maintain the registered office for each of the 23 registered limited liability partnerships or foreign registered 24 limited liability partnerships recited in the certificate. Upon 25 the filing of such certificate, the secretary of state shall 26 furnish to the registered agent a certified copy of the same 27 under the secretary of state's hand and seal of office, and 28 thereafter, or until further change of address, as authorized by

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law, the registered office in the state of Missouri of each of 1 2 the registered limited liability partnerships or foreign registered limited liability partnerships recited in the 3 certificate shall be located at the new address of the registered 5 agent thereof as given in the certificate. In the event of a 6 change of name of any person acting as a registered agent of a 7 registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered 8 limited liability partnership, such registered agent shall file 9 with the secretary of state a certificate, executed by such 10 registered agent, setting forth the new name of such registered agent, the name of such registered agent before it was changed, 11 12 the names of all the registered limited liability partnerships or 13 foreign registered limited liability partnerships represented by 14 such registered agent, and the address at which such registered 15 agent has maintained the registered office for each of such 16 registered limited liability partnerships or foreign registered 17 limited liability partnerships, and shall pay a fee in the amount of [twenty-five] five dollars[, and a further fee in the amount 18 19 of two dollars 1 for each registered limited liability partnership 20 or foreign registered limited liability partnership affected 21 thereby, to the secretary of state. Upon the filing of such 22 certificate, the secretary of state shall furnish to the 23 registered agent a certified copy of the same under the secretary 24 of state's hand and seal of office. Filing a certificate under 25 this section shall be deemed to be an amendment of the 26 application, renewal application or notice filed pursuant to 27 subsection 19 of section 358.440, as the case may be, of each 28 registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered

limited liability partnership affected thereby, and each such 1 2 registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered 3 limited liability partnership shall not be required to take any further action with respect thereto to amend its application, 5 renewal application or notice filed, as the case may be, pursuant 6 to section 358.440. Any registered agent filing a certificate 7 under this section shall promptly, upon such filing, deliver a 8 copy of any such certificate to each registered limited liability 9 partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership 10 affected thereby.

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The registered agent of one or more registered limited liability partnerships or foreign registered limited liability partnerships may resign and appoint a successor registered agent by paying a fee in the amount of [fifty] five dollars[, and a further fee in the amount of two dollars] for each registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership affected thereby, to the secretary of state and filing a certificate with the secretary of state, stating that it resigns and the name and address of the successor registered agent. There shall be attached to such certificate a statement executed by each affected registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership ratifying and approving such change of registered agent. such filing, the successor registered agent shall become the registered agent of such registered limited liability partnerships or foreign registered limited liability partnerships as have ratified and approved such substitution and the successor registered agent's address, as stated in such certificate, shall

become the address of each such registered limited liability partnership's or foreign registered limited liability partnership's registered office in the state of Missouri. secretary of state shall furnish to the successor registered agent a certified copy of the certificate of resignation. Filing of such certificate of resignation shall be deemed to be an amendment of the application, renewal application or notice filed pursuant to subsection 19 of section 358.440, as the case may be, of each registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership affected thereby, and each such registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership shall not be required to take any further action with respect thereto, to amend its application, renewal application or notice filed pursuant to subsection 19 of section 358.440, as the case may be, pursuant to section 358.440.

4. The registered agent of a registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership may resign without appointing a successor registered agent by paying a fee in the amount of [ten] five dollars to the secretary of state and filing a certificate with the secretary of state stating that it resigns as registered agent for the registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership identified in the certificate, but such resignation shall not become effective until one hundred twenty days after the certificate is filed. There shall be attached to such certificate an affidavit of such registered agent, if an individual, or the president, a vice president or the secretary

- thereof if a corporation, that at least thirty days prior to and 1 2 on or about the date of the filing of the certificate, notices were sent by certified or registered mail to the registered 3 4 limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited 5 liability partnership for which such registered agent is 6 resigning as registered agent, at the principal office thereof 7 within or outside the state of Missouri, if known to such registered agent or, if not, to the last known address of the 8 9 attorney or other individual at whose request such registered 10 agent was appointed for such registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered limited liability partnership, 11 12 of the resignation of such registered agent. After receipt of 13 the notice of the resignation of its registered agent, the 14 registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered 15 limited liability partnership for which such registered agent was 16 acting shall obtain and designate a new registered agent, to take 17 the place of the registered agent so resigning. If such 18 registered limited liability partnership or foreign registered 19 limited liability partnership fails to obtain and designate a new 20 registered agent prior to the expiration of the period of one 21 hundred twenty days after the filing by the registered agent of 22 the certificate of resignation, the application, renewal 23 application or notice filed pursuant to subsection 19 of section 358.440 of such registered limited liability partnership or 24 25 foreign registered limited liability partnership shall be deemed 26 to be cancelled.
- 27 <u>620.3210. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited</u> 28 <u>as the "Capitol Complex Tax Credit Act".</u>

1	2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
2	(1) "Board", the Missouri development finance board, a body
3	corporate and politic created under sections 100.250 to 100.297
4	and 100.700 to 100.850;
5	(2) "Capitol complex", the following buildings located in
6	<u>Jefferson City</u> , <u>Missouri:</u>
7	(a) State capitol building, 201 West Capitol Avenue;
8	(b) Supreme court building, 207 West High Street;
9	(c) Old Federal Courthouse, 131 West High Street;
10	(d) Highway building, 105 Capitol Avenue;
11	(e) Governor's mansion, 100 Madison Street;
12	(3) "Certificate", a tax credit certificate issued under
13	this section;
14	(4) "Department", the Missouri department of economic
15	<pre>development;</pre>
16	(5) "Eligible artifact", any items of personal property
17	specifically for display in a building in the capitol complex or
18	former fixtures which were previously owned by the state and used
19	within the capitol complex, but which had been removed. The
20	board of public buildings shall, in their sole discretion, make
21	all determinations as to which items are eligible artifacts and
22	may employ such experts as may be useful to them in making such a
23	<pre>determination;</pre>
24	(6) "Eligible artifact donation", a donation of an eligible
25	artifact to the board of public buildings. The value of such
26	donation shall be set by the board of public buildings who may
27	employ such experts as may be useful to them in making such a
28	determination. The board of public buildings shall, in their

sole discretion, determine if an artifact is to be accepted; 1 2 (7) "Eligible monetary donation", donations received from a qualified donor to the capitol complex fund, created in this 3 4 section, or to an organization exempt from taxation under 5 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service Code of 1986, as 6 amended, whose mission and purpose is to restore, renovate, 7 improve, and maintain one or more buildings in the capitol 8 complex, that are to be used solely for projects to restore, 9 renovate, improve, and maintain buildings and their furnishings 10 in the capitol complex and the administration thereof. Eligible donations may include: 11 (a) Cash, including checks, money orders, credit card 12 13 payments, or similar cash equivalents valued at the face value of 14 the currency. Currency of other nations shall be valued based on 15 the exchange rate on the date of the gift. The date of the 16 donation shall be the date that cash or check is received by the 17 applicant or the date posted to the donor's account in the case 18 of credit or debit cards; 19 (b) Stocks from a publicly traded company; 20 (c) Bonds which are publicly traded; 21 (8) "Eligible recipient", the capitol complex fund, created

- 22 in this section, or an organization exempt from taxation under 23 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service Code of 1986, as 24 amended, whose mission and purpose is to restore, renovate, 25 improve, and maintain one or more buildings in the capitol 26 complex;
- "Qualified donor", any of the following individuals or 27 28 entities who make an eligible monetary donation or eligible

- 1 artifact donation to the capitol complex fund or other eliqible
- 2 <u>recipient:</u>
- 3 (a) A person, firm, partner in a firm, corporation, or a
- 4 shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of
- 5 Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed in chapter
- 6 143;
- 7 (b) A corporation subject to the annual corporation
- 8 <u>franchise tax imposed in chapter 147;</u>
- 9 (c) An insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross
- 10 premium receipts in this state;
- 11 (d) Any other financial institution paying taxes to the
- 12 state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state
- under chapter 148;
- 14 (e) An individual subject to the state income tax imposed
- 15 <u>in chapter 143;</u>
- 16 (f) Any charitable organization, including any foundation
- or not-for-profit corporation, which is exempt from federal
- 18 income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income,
- if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under
- 20 chapter 143.
- 21 3. There is hereby created a fund to be known as the
- "Capitol Complex Fund", separate and distinct from all other
- 23 board funds, which is hereby authorized to receive any eligible
- 24 monetary donation as provided in this section. The capitol
- 25 <u>complex fund shall be segregated into two accounts: a</u>
- 26 rehabilitation and renovation account and a maintenance account.
- 27 Ninety percent of the revenues received from eligible donations
- 28 pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in

1 the rehabilitation and renovation account and seven and one-half 2 percent of such revenues shall be deposited in the maintenance 3 account. The assets of these accounts, together with any interest which may accrue thereon, shall be used by the board 4 5 solely for the purposes of restoration and maintenance of the 6 building of the capitol complex as defined in this section, and 7 for no other purpose. The remaining two and one-half percent of 8 the revenues deposited into the fund may be used for the purposes 9 of soliciting donations to the fund, advertising and promoting 10 the fund, and administrative costs of administering the fund. Any amounts not used for those purposes shall be deposited back 11 12 into the rehabilitation and renovation account and the 13 maintenance account divided in the manner set forth in this 14 section. The board may, as an administrative cost, use the funds 15 to hire fund raising professionals and such other experts or 16 advisors as may be necessary to carry out the board's duties 17 under this section. The choice of projects for which the money 18 is to be used, as well as the determination of the methods of 19 carrying out the project and the procurement of goods and 20 services thereon shall be made by the commissioner of 21 administration. No moneys shall be released from the fund for 22 any expense without the approval of the commissioner of administration, who may delegate that authority as deemed 23 24 appropriate. All contracts for rehabilitation, renovation, or 25 maintenance work shall be the responsibility of the commissioner 26 of administration. A memorandum of understanding may be executed 27 between the commissioner of administration and the board 28 determining the processes for obligation, reservation, and

- 1 payment of eligible costs from the fund. The commissioner of
- 2 administration shall not obligate costs in excess of the fund
- 3 balance. The board shall not be responsible for any costs
- 4 obligated in excess of available funds and shall be held harmless
- 5 in any contracts related to rehabilitation, renovation, and
- 6 maintenance of capitol complex buildings. No other board funds
- 7 <u>shall be used to pay obligations made by the commissioner of</u>
- 8 <u>administration related to activities under this section.</u>
- 9 4. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
- 10 <u>2020</u>, any qualified donor shall be allowed a credit against the
- 11 taxes otherwise due under chapters 143 and 148, except for
- sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount of fifty percent of the
- 13 <u>eligible monetary donation</u>. The amount of the tax credit claimed
- 14 <u>may exceed the amount of the donor's state income tax liability</u>
- in the tax year for which the credit is claimed. Any amount of
- 16 credit that exceeds the qualified donor's state income tax
- 17 liability may be refundable or may be carried forward to any of
- 18 the taxpayer's four subsequent taxable years.
- 5. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
- 20 2020, any qualified donor shall be allowed a credit against the
- 21 <u>taxes otherwise due under chapters 143 and 148, except for</u>
- sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount of thirty percent of
- 23 the eligible artifact donation. The amount of the tax credit
- 24 claimed may not exceed the amount of the qualified donor's state
- 25 <u>income tax liability in the tax year for which the credit is</u>
- 26 claimed. Any amount of credit that exceeds the qualified donor's
- 27 state income tax liability shall not be refundable but may be
- 28 carried forward to any other taxpayer's four subsequent taxable

1 years.

6. To claim a credit for an eligible monetary donation as set forth in subsection 4 of this section, a qualified donor shall make an eligible monetary donation to the board as custodian of the capitol complex fund or other eligible recipient. Upon receipt of such donation, the board or other eligible recipient shall issue to the qualified donor a statement evidencing receipt of such donation, including the value of such donation, with a copy to the department. Upon receipt of the statement from the eligible recipient, the department shall issue a tax credit certificate equal to fifty percent of the amount of the donation, to the qualified donor, as indicated in the statement from the eligible recipient.

- 7. To claim a credit for an eligible artifact donation as set forth in subsection 5 of this section, a qualified donor shall donate an eligible artifact to the board of public buildings. If the board of public buildings determines that artifact is an eliqible artifact, and has determined to accept the artifact, it shall issue a statement of donation to the eliqible donor specifying the value placed on the artifact by the board of public buildings, with a copy to the department. Upon receiving a statement from the board of public buildings, the department shall issue a tax credit certificate equal to thirty percent of the amount of the donation, to the qualified donor as indicated in the statement from the board of public buildings.
- 8. The department shall not authorize more than ten million dollars in tax credits provided under this section in any calendar year. Donations shall be processed for tax credits on a

first come, first serve basis. Donations received in excess of
the tax credit cap shall be placed in line for tax credits issued
the following year or shall be given the opportunity to complete
their donation without the expectation of a tax credit, or shall
request to have their donation returned.

- 9. Tax credits issued under the provisions of this section shall not be subject to the payment of any fee required under the provisions of section 620.1900.
 - 10. Tax credits issued under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in the credit as the taxpayer. Whenever a certificate is assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the department specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit and the value of the credit.
 - 11. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void.
 - 12. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

1	(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this
2	section shall sunset automatically six years after August 28,
3	2020, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
4	(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized
5	under this section shall sunset automatically twelve years after
6	August 28, 2020; and
7	(3) This section shall terminate on September first of the
3	calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which
9	the program authorized under this section is sunset