

Journal of the Senate

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SEVENTH DAY—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 2010

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

President Kinder in the Chair.

Reverend Carl Gauck offered the following prayer:

“The righteous cry out, and the Lord hears them; he delivers them from all their troubles.” (Psalm 34:17)

Gracious Lord, we hear so much of the difficulties that we face this year and the hard decisions that must be made. We are mindful of this and yet are willing to do what is expected of us. So we pray that we may listen to where the problems lie and seek Your help to do what is necessary. In Your Holy Name we pray. Amen.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was recited.

A quorum being established, the Senate proceeded with its business.

The Journal of the previous day was read and approved.

The following Senators were present during the day’s proceedings:

Present—Senators

Barnitz	Bartle	Bray	Callahan	Champion	Clemens	Crowell	Cunningham
Days	Dempsey	Engler	Goodman	Green	Griesheimer	Justus	Keaveny
Lager	Lembke	Mayer	McKenna	Nodler	Pearce	Purgason	Ridgeway
Rupp	Schaefer	Schmitt	Scott	Shields	Shoemyer	Stouffer	Vogel
Wilson	Wright-Jones—34						

Absent—Senators—None

Absent with leave—Senators—None

Vacancies—None

The Lieutenant Governor was present.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Schaefer offered Senate Resolution No. 1399, regarding the City of Moberly, which was adopted.

Senator Engler offered the following resolution:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1400

WHEREAS, the Administration Committee is required by law to establish the rates of pay each year, and

WHEREAS, such rates of pay are to be the same as those established under the policies of the Personnel Division of the Office of Administration for comparable duties after examination of the rates of pay then in effect, and

WHEREAS, the rates of pay established shall become effective with the adoption of this resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Committee on Administration that the number, classification and rates of pay authorized for employees of the Senate shall include one department director and eight division level directors to be compensated according to Office of Administration guidelines; and the following authorized employees at rates of pay within the ranges hereby established.

NO.	CLASSIFICATION	MONTHLY SALARY RANGE
4	Staff Attorney II	3,476 - 5,135
1	Senior Staff Attorney	3,932 - 5,829
2	Research Analyst IV	3,476 - 5,135
1	Assistant Director of Research	3,932 - 5,829
1	Investigator	3,225 - 4,724
4	Research Staff Secretary	2,688 - 3,832
2	Budget Research Analyst II	2,996 - 4,263
2	Budget Research Analyst III	3,476 - 5,135
1	Senior Budget Research Analyst	3,932 - 5,829
1	Budget Staff Secretary	2,688 - 3,832
3	Assistant Secretary of Senate	2,996 - 4,263
1	Enrolling & Engrossing Supervisor	2,996 - 4,263
2.5	Enrolling & Engrossing Clerk	2,383 - 3,351
1	Billroom Supervisor	2,383 - 3,351
1	Billroom Clerk	2,048 - 2,828
5	Public Information Specialist	2,383 - 3,351
1	Photographer	2,688 - 3,832
1	Administrative Assistant	3,131 - 6,425
1	Telecommunications Coordinator	2,996 - 4,263
2.5	Accounting Specialist	2,785 - 3,932
1	Human Resources Specialist	2,785 - 3,932
1	Office Assistance Supervisor	2,996 - 4,263
9	Administrative/Office Support	2,785 - 3,932
1	Messenger	1,983 - 2,679
2	Computer Info. Technology Spec. I	3,832 - 5,590
2	Computer Info. Technology Spec. II	4,441 - 6,357
1	Computer Info. Technology Spec. III	4,629 - 6,644

NO.	CLASSIFICATION	MONTHLY SALARY RANGE
4	Computer Info. Technologist II	3,108 - 4,441
1	Network/Communications Specialist	3,832 - 5,590
2	Data Entry Operator III	2,232 - 3,108
1	Composing Equipment Operator III	2,232 - 3,108
0.5	Mailroom Supervisor	2,383 - 3,351
1	Printing Services Technician II	2,048 - 2,828
2	Printing Services Technician III	2,232 - 3,108
2	Printing Services Technician IV	2,508 - 3,476
1	Maintenance Supervisor	2,508 - 3,476
1	Carpenter II	2,508 - 3,476
1	Maintenance Worker	2,048 - 2,828
0.5	Sergeant at Arms (Elected)	2,508 - 3,476
0.5	Doorkeeper (Elected)	1,832 - 2,460
3.5	Assistant Doorkeeper	1,678 - 2,183
0.5	Reading Clerk	1,678 - 2,183
0.5	Chaplain	908 - 1,202
0.5	Security Guard	1,727 - 2,297

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Senate Administration Committee is authorized to establish a formula setting forth the maximum amount which may be expended by each Senator and each caucus for the employment of Administrative and Clerical Assistants. Each Senator plus the President Pro Tem and the Minority Leader on behalf of their caucus will be notified of the funds available, and shall thereafter certify to the Senate Administrator the names and addresses of Administrative and Clerical Assistants. The compensation paid to the Senators' and caucus administrative and clerical assistants shall be within the limits of the categories set forth herein above.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Senate Administrator, with the approval of the Senate Administration Committee, shall have the authority to cooperate and coordinate with the Chief Clerk of the House in the selection of employees, who shall be assigned to the garage, Joint Committee Staffs and the rotunda area, and who will be paid from the Joint House and Senate Contingent Fund, within the limits of the categories set out above.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Committee on Administration has the authority to reduce, combine or consolidate positions and salaries where necessary to meet changed conditions or circumstances which arise, and may enter into contracts with consultants, provided such consultant's contract fee does not exceed the salary for the comparable position, and such consultant shall count as an employee of the Senate.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Senate Administration Committee is authorized to adjust the foregoing pay ranges in July to reflect implementation of the state pay plan for FY 2011.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

Senators Justus and Bray offered the following concurrent resolution:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 40

Relating to the ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment to the United States Constitution.

WHEREAS, three years after women won the right to vote, the Equal Rights Amendment to the United States Constitution, authored by Alice Paul, head of the National Women's Party, was introduced in Congress by Senator Curtis and Representative Anthony, both Republicans; and

WHEREAS, the Equal Rights Amendment to the United States Constitution passed the United States Senate and then the United States House of Representatives, and on March 22, 1972, the proposed Amendment to the United States Constitution was sent to the states for ratification; and

WHEREAS, the Equal Rights Amendment to the United States Constitution states:

“Section 1. Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex.

Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect two years after the date of ratification.”; and

WHEREAS, Congress placed a deadline of June 30, 1982, on the ratification process and thirty-five states ratified the proposed Amendment before the deadline; and

WHEREAS, Congress may not have the constitutional authority to place a deadline on the ratification process; and

WHEREAS, Article V of the United States Constitution allows the General Assembly of the State of Missouri to ratify this proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the General Assembly of the State of Missouri finds that the proposed Amendment is meaningful and needed as part of the United States Constitution and that the present political, social and economic conditions are the same as or are even more demanding today than they were when the proposed Amendment was first submitted for adoption:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the Missouri Senate, Ninety-fifth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the House of Representatives concurring therein, that the Equal Rights Amendment to the United States Constitution is hereby ratified; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate be instructed to prepare a properly inscribed copy of this resolution for the Archivist of the United States, Washington, D.C.; the Vice President of the United States; the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives; and each member of the Missouri Congressional Delegation with request that it be printed in the Congressional Record.

Read 1st time.

Senator Schmitt offered the following concurrent resolution:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 41

WHEREAS, the United States Congress passed, and President Obama signed, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA); and

WHEREAS, the ARRA allocates federal stimulus and stabilization money to the various states via several funds that come with different stipulations as to the use of the allocated moneys; and

WHEREAS, the state of Missouri's share of the federal stimulus and stabilization money could be approximately four billion dollars; and

WHEREAS, some of the ARRA funds will use preexisting formulas to determine how much money will go to certain programs, such as worker training, food stamps and renewable energy promotion; and

WHEREAS, other ARRA funds, such as those that come from the stabilization fund, provide the state with more discretion as to how such funds are spent by the state; and

WHEREAS, with such a great deal of discretionary funds available to the state, the possibility of misuse or waste of such funds exists; and

WHEREAS, in order to ensure that the funds are used properly, efficiently and effectively, and not misused or wasted, it is necessary for the General Assembly to oversee how the discretionary funds are utilized and disbursed:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the Missouri Senate, Ninety-fifth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the House of Representatives concurring therein, hereby establish a Joint Interim Committee on Oversight of Federal Stimulus and Stabilization Funds; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the committee shall be charged with the following:

(1) Overseeing the utilization and distribution of federal stimulus and stabilization dollars received under ARRA in order to ensure that such moneys are being used in accordance with Missouri law as well as in an efficient and effective manner; and

(2) Such other matters as the Joint Interim Committee may deem necessary in order to determine the proper course of future legislative and budgetary action regarding the utilization and distribution of the federal stimulus and stabilization dollars; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the committee shall be composed of ten members, three majority party members and two minority

party members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President Pro Tem of the Senate, and three majority party members and two minority party members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Joint Interim Committee is authorized to function during the legislative interim between the Second Regular Session of the Ninety-fifth General Assembly through January 15, 2011, of the First Regular Session of the Ninety-sixth General Assembly; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Joint Interim Committee may solicit input and information necessary to fulfill its obligations, including but not limited to soliciting input and information from any state department or agency the Joint Interim Committee deems relevant, political subdivisions of this State, and the general public; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the staffs of Senate Appropriations, Senate Research, House Appropriations, House Research, and the Joint Committee on Legislative Research shall provide such legal, research, clerical, technical, and bill drafting services as the Joint Interim Committee may require in the performance of its duties; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the actual and necessary expenses of the Joint Interim Committee, its members, and any staff assigned to the Joint Interim Committee incurred by the Joint Interim Committee shall be paid by the Joint Contingent Fund.

Senator Bray offered the following concurrent resolution:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 42

WHEREAS, excessive and misdirected light is considered energy waste and misuse; and

WHEREAS, current research by the National Park Service indicates the rate at which light pollution is increasing will leave almost no dark skies in the contiguous U.S. by 2025; and

WHEREAS, many Missouri state parks have an impaired view of the night sky due to light pollution; and

WHEREAS, Missouri state facilities have the duty and responsibility to demonstrate best practices in energy conservation and reduce all visible signs of energy waste:

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the Missouri Senate, Ninety-fifth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the House of Representatives concurring therein, hereby urge all state departments to provide public education on light pollution and develop guidelines to address light pollution in new and existing state facilities; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources is hereby requested to convene a group of stakeholders to study the current and projected impacts of light pollution on public health, energy consumption, state tourism, and resources including state parks, military bases, and wildlife. The director is requested to submit to the General Assembly a report and recommendations relating to the study on or before January 1, 2012; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources is hereby requested to convene a group of stakeholders, including the Lieutenant Governor and the director of the Division of Tourism, to identify premier public lands for star gazing and identify and assist interested communities surrounding these public lands in creating starlight preserves; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Missouri Senate be instructed to prepare properly inscribed copies of this resolution for the director of each state department.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

The following Bills and Joint Resolutions were read the 1st time and ordered printed:

SB 798—By Crowell.

An Act to repeal sections 2.030, 3.130, 3.140, and 3.142, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to the revised statutes of Missouri.

SB 799—By Crowell.

An Act to repeal section 208.215, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the MO HealthNet division's authority to collect from third-party payors.

SB 800—By Bray.

An Act to repeal sections 105.452, 105.456, 130.021, and 130.031, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof

seven new sections relating to ethics, with penalty provisions for certain sections.

SB 801—By Rupp.

An Act to amend chapter 407, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to identity theft protection.

SB 802—By Schmitt.

An Act to amend chapter 348, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to business development.

SB 803—By Schmitt.

An Act to repeal section 137.180, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to notices provided by certain county assessors.

SB 804—By Schmitt.

An Act to amend chapter 9, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to epilepsy awareness day.

SB 805—By Shields.

An Act to repeal section 210.125, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to child protection.

SB 806—By Bartle.

An Act to amend chapters 43 and 537, RSMo, by adding thereto two new sections relating to pornography.

SJR 32—By Schmitt.

Joint Resolution submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment repealing section 27 of article III of the Constitution of Missouri, and adopting one new section in lieu thereof relating to the requirement of a super-majority vote for state tax increases.

SJR 33—By Bartle.

Joint Resolution submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment to article I of the Constitution of Missouri, and adopting one new section in lieu thereof relating to admissibility of evidence.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Shields, Chairman of the Committee on Gubernatorial Appointments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President: Your Committee on Gubernatorial Appointments, to which was referred the appointment of Stephen R. Miller as a member of the State Highway and Transportation Commission, begs leave to report that it has considered the same and recommends that the Senate do give its advice and consent to said appointment.

Senator Shields moved that the committee report be adopted and the Senate do give its advice and consent to the above appointment, which motion prevailed.

REFERRALS

President Pro Tem Shields referred **SCR 39** to the Committee on Rules, Joint Rules, Resolutions and Ethics.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Goodman offered Senate Resolution No. 1401, regarding the University of Missouri Southwest Missouri Agricultural Research and Education Center, Mount Vernon, which was adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS

President Pro Tem Shields submitted the following:

January 20, 2010

Ms. Terry Spieler
Secretary of the Senate
201 West Capitol Avenue
Room 325
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Ms. Spieler,

Please be advised of the following changes to Senate Standing Committees:

Governmental Accountability and Fiscal Oversight:

Senator Eric Schmitt to replace Senator Bill Stouffer
Senator Eric Schmitt to replace Senator Jim Lembke as Vice Chair

Ways and Means:

Senator Tom Dempsey to replace Senator Eric Schmitt

Veterans' Affairs, Pensions and Urban Affairs:

Senator John Griesheimer to replace Senator Eric Schmitt
Senator David Pearce to replace Senator Eric Schmitt as Vice Chair

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

/s/ Charlie Shields
Charles W. Shields

On motion of Senator Engler, the Senate recessed until 6:30 p.m.

RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the Senate was called to order by Senator Bartle.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Justus offered Senate Resolution No. 1402, regarding the Sixtieth Anniversary of the Kansas City Rescue Mission, which was adopted.

Senator McKenna offered Senate Resolution No. 1403, regarding the Eightieth Birthday of Dorothy Ann Besand Wynn, Festus, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1404, regarding Dan Welker, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1405, regarding Sharron Tinnin, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1406, regarding the Fredericktown Revitalization Initiative, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1407, regarding Phillip Page, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1408, regarding the Industrial Development Authority, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1409, regarding William “Bill” Osborne, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1410, regarding Thal Hardware, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1411, regarding Ozarks Federal Savings and Loan, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1412, regarding Dr. Phillip Beyer, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1413, regarding Rebecca Hunt, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 1414, regarding Donna Thompson, Fredericktown, which was adopted.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

The following messages were received from the House of Representatives through its Chief Clerk:

Mr. President: I am instructed by the House of Representatives to inform the Senate the Speaker has appointed the following escort committee to act with a like committee from the Senate pursuant to **HCR 1**. Representatives: Allen, Bruns, Faith, Hobbs, Kingery, Lipke, Schlottach, Sutherland, Wallace, Wasson, Roorda, Rucker, Jones (63), Scavuzzo, Schupp, Still, Swinger, Talboy, Walsh and Zimmerman.

Also,

Mr. President: I am instructed by the House of Representatives to inform the Senate that the House has taken up and adopted **HCS** for **HCR 18**.

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 18

WHEREAS, the current health care proposal being debated in the United States Congress will raise federal taxes and force new taxes on Missourians, which are detrimental to Missouri's economy; and

WHEREAS, Missouri families and employers may be facing even more mandates that drive up costs if the United States Congress passes the current health care proposal; and

WHEREAS, the federal government's attempt to reform health care has overwhelmingly centered around increasing eligibility to health care, but not addressing important issues such as increasing access, provider rates or quality of care; and

WHEREAS, the current health care proposal might allow the expenditure of public funds for abortions; and

WHEREAS, the current health care proposal works a substantial change to longstanding practices governing end of life decisions; and

WHEREAS, there has been a complete lack of transparency during the final negotiations to craft this legislation and special deals have already emerged that are going to put Missouri at a disadvantage; and

WHEREAS, the unfunded mandates and special deals will place greater pressure on Missouri taxpayers and put funding for education, mental health services, public safety, and all other essential state services at risk:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the House of Representatives of the Ninety-fifth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the Senate concurring therein, hereby urge our Missouri Congressional delegation to vote against the current health care proposal and develop health care reform that is affordable and accessible to all legal residents and to further request that our elected statewide officials express their respective positions on the passage of the current health care proposal and send a unified message to our Missouri Congressional delegation; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Missouri General Assembly urge our elected statewide officials to review the constitutionality of the current health care proposal, which includes several special deals for other states, including the “Nebraska kickback”; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of Representatives be instructed to prepare properly inscribed copies of this resolution for Governor Jay Nixon, President Barack Obama, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, and each member of the Missouri Congressional delegation.

In which the concurrence of the Senate is respectfully requested.

On motion of Senator Engler, the Senate recessed to repair to the House of Representatives to receive the State of the State Address from His Excellency, Governor Jay Nixon.

JOINT SESSION

The Joint Session was called to order by President Kinder.

The Color Guard from the Missouri State Highway Patrol, Troop F, presented the colors.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was recited.

On roll call the following Senators were present:

Present—Senators

Barnitz	Bartle	Bray	Callahan	Champion	Crowell	Cunningham	Days
Dempsey	Engler	Goodman	Green	Griesheimer	Justus	Keaveny	Lager
Lembke	Mayer	McKenna	Nodler	Pearce	Purgason	Ridgeway	Rupp
Schaefer	Schmitt	Scott	Shields	Shoemyer	Stouffer	Vogel	Wilson

Wright-Jones—33

Absent—Senator Clemens—1

Absent with leave—Senators—None

Vacancies—None

On roll call the following Representatives were present:

Present—Representatives

Allen	Atkins	Aull	Biermann	Bivens	Brandom	Bringer	Brown 30
Brown 50	Brown 149	Bruns	Burlison	Burnett	Carter	Casey	Colona
Cooper	Cox	Cunningham	Curls	Day	Deeken	Denison	Dethrow

Dieckhaus	Diehl	Dixon	Dougherty	Dugger	Dusenberg	Emery	Englund
Ervin	Faith	Fallert	Fischer 107	Fisher 125	Flanigan	Flook	Frame
Franz	Funderburk	Gatschenberger	Grill	Grisamore	Guernsey	Guest	Harris
Hobbs	Hodges	Hoskins 121	Hughes	Hummel	Jones 63	Jones 89	Jones 117
Kander	Keeney	Kelly	Kingery	Kirkton	Koenig	Komo	Kratky
Kraus	Kuessner	Lair	Lampe	Largent	Leara	LeBlanc	LeVota
Liese	Lipke	Loehner	Low	McClanahan	McDonald	McGhee	McNary
McNeil	Meadows	Meiners	Molendorp	Morris	Munzlinger	Nance	Newman
Nieves	Nolte	Norr	Oxford	Pace	Parkinson	Parson	Pollock
Pratt	Quinn	Riddle	Roorda	Rucker	Ruestman	Ruzicka	Salva
Sander	Sater	Scavuzzo	Schaaf	Schad	Scharnhorst	Schlottach	Schoeller
Schoemehl	Schupp	Self	Shively	Silvey	Skaggs	Smith 14	Smith 150
Spreng	Stevenson	Still	Storch	Stream	Sutherland	Swinger	Talboy
Thomson	Tilley	Todd	Tracy	Viebrock	Vogt	Wallace	Walsh
Walton Gray	Wasson	Webb	Webber	Wells	Weter	Wilson 119	Wilson 130
Witte	Wright	Zerr	Zimmerman	Mr Speaker—149			

Absent and Absent with Leave—Representatives

Calloway	Chappelle-Nadal	Corcoran	Davis	Holsman	Hoskins 80	Icet	Nasheed
Schieffer	Yaeger—10						

Vacancies—4

The Joint Committee appointed to wait upon His Excellency, Governor Jay Nixon, escorted the Governor to the dais where he delivered the State of the State Address to the Joint Assembly:

State of the State Address

Thank you, Speaker Richard, President Pro-Tem Shields, Leaders Callahan and LeVota, Judges of the Missouri Supreme Court, Lieutenant Governor Kinder, state officials, members of the General Assembly and members of my cabinet.

Welcome honored guests and my fellow Missourians.

It's a privilege to be here this evening. I am blessed to have with me, Missouri's First Lady, my wife Georganne, and our two sons, Jeremiah and Will.

One year ago, as we gathered in this very room, a massive ice storm struck southern Missouri.

Miles of power lines went down, plunging tens of thousands of people into bitter cold and darkness.

I'll never forget what I saw in the days and weeks that followed. Everywhere I went, people of every color and creed were joining hands to help their neighbors.

They brought blankets and home-cooked meals to Kennett.

They came with chainsaws and pickup trucks to Thayer.

They turned school gyms and church basements into havens of warmth and safety in Doniphan, Naylor and Poplar Bluff.

They didn't ask how anybody voted. They didn't care who was rich or poor.

They came together in a crisis, because that's what the people of Missouri do.

That's a powerful lesson for us here tonight: The worst of times brings out the best in us.

And when the people of Missouri join hands and work together we can accomplish anything.

That makes me proud of our state, proud to be a Missourian and proud to be your Governor.

Tonight, our thoughts and prayers go out to the people of Haiti, who are suffering in the tragic aftermath of the massive earthquake on January 12. There are many ways Missourians can help. I encourage you to go to our Web site, MO.gov, and learn more about what you can do.

From the moment I took the oath of office, I have focused my energy on one thing: turning this economy around.

Our mission is clear:

We must keep the jobs we have, and create thousands more.

We must build a granite foundation for Missouri's future growth.

And we must balance the budget without raising taxes.

Tonight, I will review some of the hard-won accomplishments of the year behind us... address the challenges ahead of us ... highlight the opportunities we must seize now to spur job growth ... and lay out my long-term strategy to create a vibrant future for our state.

But before I get to the heart of my economic message, I'd like to recognize the brave Missourians, in all branches of our military, who have left their families in our care, to fight terror around the world.

With us tonight is Specialist Michael Thomas, a Citizen-Soldier with the Missouri National Guard. Specialist Thomas was serving with the Missouri National Guard's Agri-Business Development Team II in Afghanistan when his convoy was hit by a suicide bomber in March 2009. As the gunner on his vehicle, Specialist Thomas sustained a direct hit from the blast. For his sacrifice, he was awarded the Purple Heart.

Specialist Thomas, as Commander in Chief of the Missouri National Guard, I commend you for your service to our country. You represent every man and woman who has ever fought for our freedom and liberty... in every time... and on every field of battle.

Specialist Thomas, on their behalf, please stand and accept the gratitude of your state.

Every action we took in 2009, and every action we will take in 2010, is set against the backdrop of global forces that constrain our nation's economy. That is the nature of the complex world we live in.

But it will not determine Missouri's destiny. We will.

Our most pressing economic challenges – creating jobs, seizing opportunities for growth, and balancing the budget – are too important to be sidetracked by partisan bickering. That would betray the trust put in us by the people.

We also need to take the long view, and be wise stewards of the blessings that make Missouri so special: our families, our communities, and our God-given natural resources. In everything we do this year, we must put our differences aside – and put Missouri first.

I'm an optimist by nature, and nothing I have seen this year has diminished my optimism. My vision of the future is colored by my abiding faith in the resourcefulness and determination of the people of Missouri.

I want the little girl who someday cracks the code of cancer to be a product of Missouri schools.

I want the little boy who invents clean fuel to heat our homes and power our cars to be a native son.

And I want thousands of Missourians working in high-tech jobs, using technology we can only dream of today.

That's the future I see for Missouri.

And to reach it, I want Missouri to be first in job creation.

First in education. First in innovation. First in quality of life. And first in leading this nation to recovery.

Everywhere I've traveled in the last 12 months, from K.C. to Cape, I've heard the same refrain from businesses large and small: "Give us the tools, help us train the workers, and we'll do the rest."

Last year, our bi-partisan jobs bill helped put more of these tools in place.

We ramped up financial incentives for businesses that offered good jobs and health insurance. And we focused state resources on targeted, fast-track training programs to prepare a workforce ready to step into those jobs.

Let me give you a few examples of our success.

Express Scripts in St. Louis, used Missouri BUILD incentives to expand here, rather than Pennsylvania. Now it's building a huge, automated facility for filling medical prescriptions. And it will create nearly 300 jobs paying an average wage of more than \$40,000 a year.

McLane, a grocery distribution company owned by Warren Buffett, used state incentives to build a large new facility in Republic that will create 250 full-time jobs with good wages. If Warren Buffett is bullish on Missouri, it's good for all of us.

Smith Electric Vehicles makes all-electric, zero-emission trucks. It's building a new plant in Kansas City using our Quality Jobs incentives. That plant will create 200 jobs, and pump millions of dollars into the local economy.

And the list goes on.

While we were helping large employers, we didn't forget about the small businesses that are a mainstay of Missouri's economy.

We eliminated the franchise tax for 16,000 small businesses like Kelley's Furniture in Kirksville, so they could expand and add jobs.

We also started a small business loan program. One of those loans went to Beth Daniels, who owns a company in Eureka that makes educational games. Last year, Beth was worried she wouldn't have enough games in stock to fill holiday orders. So she used her loan to build up inventory and hire another employee. Please welcome one of the Show-Me State's budding entrepreneurs, Beth Daniels.

Job-creation initiatives only succeed if there are trained workers ready to step into those jobs. So we upped our investment in training people.

Last fall, we began implementing our Caring for Missourians initiative to train more Missourians for careers in high-demand health care fields – including nursing and dentistry, optometry and medical technology. Over the next two years, we'll be enrolling at least 1,300 additional students in these programs at our two- and four-year colleges, and preparing these students to meet our state's critical health care needs.

We also put more money into accelerated programs at community colleges to help dislocated workers retrain and get back into the job market – fast.

It's clear that our key business incentives and workforce investments are bearing fruit. But much more needs to be done. That's why my top legislative priority this year is my 2010 Jobs Plan.

It contains three key components.

First, we must leverage every tool and tactic to help loyal Missouri businesses thrive.

Second, we must outrun and outfox our rivals to recruit new high-tech companies to Missouri.

And third, we must train a workforce that's ready-to-roll, and second-to-none.

The Missouri First initiative is my loyalty program for businesses that are already here. They'll go to the head of the line for financial incentives to help expand plants or payrolls.

We'll give an extra bump to businesses that have been in Missouri longer than five years. After all, these are the companies who have given generations of Missourians steady paychecks. They're also the folks who paid the taxes that built our roads, our schools and our parks.

Given Missouri's need to create jobs quickly, helping loyal businesses accelerate their growth just may be the smartest investment we can make – with the fastest return.

As your Governor, I'll continue to push hard to recruit new businesses to Missouri. And make no mistake: I've got a competitive streak.

That brings me to the second part of my jobs plan, the Missouri Science and Innovation Reinvestment Act: MOSIRA.

Missouri is already home to 1,000 biological science companies. This is an area where we can add muscle to existing strength.

MOSIRA will reinvest a small part of the taxes paid by existing bio-tech firms in Missouri, to recruit new ones. It will create a stable pool of funds to increase access to capital. And it will help turn scientific breakthroughs into commercial successes.

We want our bio-tech companies to grow because that creates more jobs. But just as important are the corollaries of that growth: a culture of excellence and collaboration, a forum where brilliant minds find kindred spirits, a hotbed of ideas that spark innovation, and a nexus of risk and reward, where start-ups thrive.

Synbiotics is a perfect example of how this synergy works to Missouri's advantage. Synbiotics is a global leader in animal health. A couple of years ago, its president and CEO, Paul Hays, decided to move the corporate headquarters and research labs from San Diego to Kansas City.

Paul says there are five reasons why he brought his business to Missouri:

First, the opportunities for synergy and collaboration with other companies and scientists in Missouri's booming animal health corridor.

Second, proximity to his customers.

Third, financial incentives from Missouri, Platte County and Kansas City.

Fourth, Missouri's outstanding work ethic; and

Last, but not least, Paul's a Mizzou grad, class of '83.

All I can add to that is welcome back, and Go Tigers!

MOSIRA will help recruit more dynamic, science and technology companies like Synbiotics to Missouri. That's exactly what we want to do. That brings me to the third part of my 2010 Jobs Plan. It focuses on Missouri's greatest asset: our people.

"Training for Tomorrow" is a new initiative to train more Missourians for jobs in growing fields, like lab techs, nursing aides, surveyors and mechanics. It gives community colleges the flexibility to enlarge training programs where there's high demand, and ensures there are enough workers to meet that demand.

In addition, I've proposed a 20 percent increase in funding for customized training programs tailored to the needs of specific high-tech industries. By matching industry's needs with training programs, more Missourians will be able to find work quickly.

Much of this training will take place at Missouri's excellent community colleges. There's no place where the link between education and employment is stronger.

I was at Crowder College in Neosho not long ago. President Alan Marble told me that if someone is out of work, they should go to the Dean's office today. They can sign up for a career training program – in alternative energy, health care, or drafting and design – and if they're willing to give it their all, he'll help find them a job.

Tonight, I call on you to show that same can-do spirit. Let's roll up our sleeves and pass this 2010 Jobs Plan.

There's another group of Missourians eager for work, who have real-world job experience and first-rate training from Uncle Sam. I'm talking about our veterans.

When I was in Iraq and Afghanistan last summer, the troops invariably asked me two questions: "How is Pujols doing?" and "Will there be a job for me when I get home?"

Tonight, I'm proud to announce the creation of "Show-Me Heroes," our new jobs initiative just for our veterans. The leader of this effort is Lieutenant Colonel Alan Rohlfing of the Missouri Army National Guard.

He'll be calling on employers all over the state, telling them about our disciplined, dedicated, hard-working veterans. When a job comes open, I want a veteran's resume on the top of the stack, so they get first crack at an interview.

I'm asking every employer in this state to step up and show that Missouri hires its veterans.

For veterans who are ready to retire, Missouri's also the first place to look, because we're going to continue to phase out the state income tax on military pensions until it's zero dollars.

Veterans are not the only ones who can get tax relief in Missouri this year. We're also helping homebuyers.

We're putting \$15 million into an effort to give the housing industry a boost and help more Missourians afford the American Dream.

If you want to buy a house in 2010, the state will pick up your property taxes for the first year, for up to \$1,250. And we're offering another \$500 in tax relief if you make that house more energy efficient.

This will help put thousands of Missouri families in new homes, jumpstart the housing market and give our skilled tradesmen more green jobs.

In this tough economy, we've also got to protect vulnerable Missourians from a voracious predator: payday loan companies.

Hard times are like fertilizer for payday lenders; they just pop up overnight, like mushrooms. For folks caught in a bad situation – maybe they lost their job, or the car broke down – payday loans may seem like the best option. But Missouri families shouldn't get fleeced.

According to the most recent data, the average payday loan in Missouri was \$290 – at 430 percent interest. And even at those exorbitant rates, you know how many loans were reported? Close to three million.

Missouri laws aren't tough enough to protect folks caught in this downward spiral of debt. We need to stand up for them, and pass meaningful payday loan reform this year.

By any measure, 2009 was a rough year. In one way or another, the downturn hit everybody's pocketbook.

Missouri unemployment ran under the national average, but was still too high. A lot of friends and neighbors were out of work. Too many Missourians lost their homes, farms and businesses. Folks who hung onto their jobs saw their wages and benefits whittled away. The impact of those economic blows knocked the wind out of state government. Revenue fell a staggering \$778 million short of projections – the biggest one-year drop in Missouri history.

So state government did what every Missouri family had to do: tighten our belts, stretch every dollar and rein in spending. We didn't bellyache

about it; we just did it. We focused on our priorities, worked together, and made some real progress.

Unlike 29 other states, we balanced the budget without raising taxes. How did Missouri do it?

We made state government leaner. In one year, I will have reduced the state workforce by nearly 1,800 positions.

We used technology to make government more efficient and effective.

We cut costs by renegotiating contracts.

I ordered state department heads to conserve energy, and we reduced our utility bill by six percent.

I had to cut \$600 million out of the state budget, but did so without losing sight of priorities like education and public safety.

And in terms of efficiencies, we're not finished yet.

For years, state government has been creating boards and commissions for this centennial or that special interest. Some do good work, while others don't do much of anything. Nobody paid much attention to them, and they just kept growing and growing until they turned into bureaucratic kudzu.

In an effort to root out government waste and inefficiency, I have already eliminated 13 of these boards and 227 positions.

And I call on the legislature to haul out the brush hog, and get rid of 18 more boards and 246 more positions.

Working together, we've been able to avoid the meltdowns we're now seeing in other states:

Massachusetts and Nevada jacked up their sales tax.

Arizona's on the verge of closing two-thirds of its state parks and selling its House and Senate buildings.

Nevada's Governor has proposed cutting K-12 funding by \$700 million.

That's not going to happen here in Missouri.

Our early action and sound management have helped Missouri keep its spotless Triple-A credit rating. That saves taxpayers millions in interest each year. And it signals investors that Missouri is where smart money goes to grow. Moody's Investors Services, one of the nation's premier financial ratings firms, rated Missouri one of the top states to lead the nation's recovery.

By balancing the budget without raising taxes, making hard choices, and managing debt, Missouri is in a strong position to accelerate out of this downturn.

We could never have accomplished that without steadfast bipartisanship. I want to thank all of you for standing together last year and putting Missouri first. We must summon that same bipartisan spirit for the hard work that lies ahead.

This year, although we're in better shape than other states, we still face sobering fiscal challenges.

Revenue projections for fiscal 2011 are austere; we'll have less revenue than we did in 2009. It will take the patience and good faith of every person in this General Assembly – all 163 members of the House and all 34 members of the Senate – working as a team, to manage our limited resources and move Missouri forward on the path to prosperity.

While we are taking steps to get immediate economic returns, we also need to be making strategic investments to secure Missouri's long-term economic growth:

Investments in our children's education;

In health care;

In communities that are safe and vibrant;

And in the beauty and bounty of our state.

In our rapidly changing world, the education of Missouri's children is a high-stakes enterprise. Missouri can't succeed unless our schools succeed. And wherever students excel, we have dedicated teachers to thank.

All across the state, our public schools are stronger for the commendable work teachers do. And I'm not just talking about the work that goes on in classrooms from the first bell on Monday morning to the last bell on Friday afternoon.

I'm talking about the extra hours teachers put in before class, giving students extra help with math or English. And the weekends teachers devote to AP prep and band competitions. For these exceptional people, teaching isn't a job – it's a calling.

Criticizing public education is easy – and cheap. Educating children is hard – and takes serious investment. It's not enough to tell our teachers

how much we value them; we must show them. And that is why my budget this year includes continued funding for Career Ladder. Our teachers have earned it.

Last year, we provided record funding for K-12 classrooms, even in the face of severe economic challenges. Other states, like Kansas and Georgia, are restricting education funds already appropriated.

Let me be clear: Every penny appropriated by the legislature last year will go to our K-12 classrooms this year.

Our budget challenges next year are no less daunting. Until the revenue picture changes, most folks in government understand that getting the job done with fewer resources is a given.

But budgets are about protecting priorities. And as we discussed my budget, and where and how much to cut, I took one thing off the table: K-12 classrooms. Our children are precious; their education is too important.

So even in these difficult times, I am recommending increased funding, at a record level, for our K-12 classrooms.

Our commitment to education must extend beyond high school. But for too long, steep tuition hikes have put college out of reach for many Missouri families. Tom and Sandy Ray, who live in St. Louis, had three kids in college at the same time. That's a big price tag for a working family, but Tom and Sandy understood the value of a college degree and were willing to make the sacrifice.

When their family budget suffered a blow last year, they wondered how they'd manage to pay all three tuition bills. But last year, we froze tuition at all two- and four-year public colleges and universities in the state. For thousands of families like the Rays, that was a godsend.

Please welcome these two terrific Missouri parents, Tom and Sandy Ray.

But we're not done. I call on you to join me – and lead the nation by example – in supporting another tuition freeze this year. That would mean Missouri students and their families won't have to pay a penny more in tuition and fees two years in a row.

I want to bring college within reach for even more Missouri students, by addressing a blatant inequity in Missouri's A+ scholarship program. That program pays two years of community college tuition for high school kids who keep up their grades, give back, and stay out of trouble.

Today, a third of the kids in Missouri's public high schools can't even apply for these scholarships. That's because their schools aren't "officially designated" as A+ schools. And that's just not fair.

A+ scholarships should be open to every hard-working public high school student in Missouri. And I count on your support to make that happen this year.

Our children are growing up in a high-speed, digital world; just watch them texting their friends. Without access to the fast lane on the information superhighway, we'll simply be a dusty detour.

This year, Missouri is competing to bring high-speed Internet to every part of our state, from the urban core to the last mile of gravel road.

For a small business like Strawberry's Bar-B-Que in Holcomb, that means instant access to customers from Jamaica to Japan. A college student could take courses on her laptop in Fair Play. A cancer specialist in St. Louis can read medical records from a family doctor in St. James.

We will compete for every possible dollar to turn this broadband project into reality and help Missouri stay competitive.

There's an undeniable correlation between a state's competitiveness and the cost of health care.

Last year, Missouri was poised to make real progress on health care. The Missouri Senate voted overwhelmingly to support my plan to provide health care to 35,000 working Missourians at no additional cost to state taxpayers. Unfortunately, that proposal failed on the last day of the session.

This year, there's been a lot of talk about health care, from the halls of Congress to town hall meetings across the country.

Congress is debating significant health care legislation. If that federal legislation passes, it's our job to show steady, bipartisan leadership and maximize the benefits for the people of Missouri.

There's another important health care issue that demands our immediate attention: autism. This spectrum of disorders is diagnosed in one in 110 children. And the sooner it is diagnosed and treated, the better their lives will be.

Myles and Lora Hinkel have a 7-year-old son, Blake, who has autism. Myles and Lora have been outstanding advocates not just for their son, but for all children with autism. Please welcome the Hinkels tonight.

Blake's father tells a moving story about hearing his son speak his first word at the age of three. Reaching that milestone took months of intensive therapy at the Thompson Center for Autism in Columbia. It was an enormous victory for Blake, summed up rather nicely in that first word: "MINE".

When the Hinkels' insurance company refused to pay for Blake's therapy, they willingly took the hit.

Because they know there is a critical period of time to turn on the light in the developing brain of a child with autism. And if that critical time passes, the light goes out.

Children with autism shouldn't have to wait for their parents to come up with the cash, or for insurance companies to grow a conscience. They need our help now.

For months, I have stood with Democratic and Republican legislators on this issue, and laid out the key elements of a bill that we all know will make a real difference in these children's lives.

This is the year we stand up to insurance companies. This is the year we make them cover autism.

This is the year we turn on the light for thousands of children like Blake Hinkel.

There's another young man I'd like to tell you about. His name is Travis, and he's up in the balcony tonight with his family. When Travis was 8, both his legs were crushed in a car accident caused by a drunk driver. Travis and his mom, Karen, almost died from their injuries. They told me they feel lucky to be alive.

Travis is 11 now; he's had five operations on his legs so far, and he'll need three more. But he's making steady progress. Please welcome this brave young man and his family.

The man behind the wheel of the car that hit Travis and his family had a prior conviction for drunk driving. But there he was – drunk again – coming at them the wrong way on an exit ramp. Travis and his family paid a terrible price for that man's terrible crime.

And that's why I have proposed legislation to effectively prosecute and punish drunk drivers and – most important – yank their licenses, and get them off the road before they shatter more lives. I urge you to send that bill to my desk this year.

Any long-term strategy for improving Missouri's economy, and enhancing our quality of life, must take full advantage of our natural heritage: our woodlands and our streams, our caves and our canyons, our plains and our prairies.

Hunting, fishing, hiking and camping are part of our Missouri way of life. When I was a kid, I did a lot of fishing with my dad. We'd get up early, toss our gear in the back of the station wagon and head down to Bennett Spring or Montauk. I'd be hip-deep in cold water before the mist had rolled off the river.

I spent many golden hours learning to read the river, learning to tie flies that could fool a trout. That kindled my love of the outdoors, which I passed along to my sons – and I hope they'll pass along to theirs.

We need to get more kids off the couch, away from their videogames and back outdoors, because there are some lessons that only Nature can teach.

Tonight, I am pleased to announce the creation of the Missouri State Parks Youth Corps. We'll put more than a thousand young people to work this summer at our 85 state parks and historic sites.

Our park system is a legacy passed on to us by Missourians of extraordinary vision and generosity. Missourians like Edmund Babler, Peter Bennett and Leo Drey; Annie Van Meter, and Ted and Pat Jones. Even in these lean times, we have a responsibility to be good stewards of these treasures, and preserve them for future generations.

My Parks Youth Corps will learn to be good stewards of the land from the ground up: picking up trash, cutting brush, and building trails.

They'll also be outdoor ambassadors in my effort to reverse a 10-year decline in the number of visitors to our beautiful, affordable state parks. More visitors will also pump more money into our tourism industry.

For families who love the outdoors, there's just no better deal around. Now we've got to spread the word: If you like to kayak or fish, bird-watch or mountain bike, come to Missouri first.

Missouri's land has always been the foundation of our economy. Our farmers have fed the nation, and they can feed a hungry world. In a global marketplace, the demand for Missouri agricultural products is primed to expand exponentially.

We've got to sell globally, and buy locally. This year, we'll sell a record amount of corn and soybeans to Taiwan. That's good for our trade balance and good for our farmers.

Here at home, every Missouri family should be able to share the bounty of the land, including fresh, healthy produce. That's why my budget will help promote local farmers markets, and encourage more folks to start community gardens in their neighborhoods.

I've focused this evening on our shared obligations: creating jobs, managing the budget and holding down taxes. I've talked about working together to make our communities safer, stronger and healthier. I've talked about making strategic, long-term investments in Missouri's future.

But we have one more piece of unfinished business: Ethics. It's time we gave the people of Missouri a state government that's as honest and straight-shooting as they are.

Last year, we demolished the patronage system long-used for awarding license fee offices. We created a more efficient system with a transparent bidding process. And it will produce revenue we can put to good use.

Two years ago, the legislature passed a bill to pay for college for the families of veterans killed or seriously disabled in combat. Just one problem: no funding.

Last year, the legislature passed a bill to pay a survivors' benefit to the families of firefighters, police officers, state troopers and sheriff's deputies killed in the line of duty. Same problem: no funding.

With the \$800,000 our new fee office system will produce, we can finally do right by these heroes and their families, and fund both of these programs this year. Good government really does pay dividends.

And we can do more. We can pass meaningful ethics reform this year.

There are a number of good reform proposals out there. But to my mind, meaningful ethics reform must do four basic things:

Stop the sneaky, back-door donations from committee-to-committee.

Ban one officeholder from working as a political consultant for another officeholder.

Shut the revolving door between the legislature and lobbyists, for good.

And most importantly, set strict limits on campaign contributions. Missouri voters overwhelmingly mandated them. As Attorney General, I fought for them. The U.S. Supreme Court upheld them. It's the right thing to do.

In the last year, I've logged thousands of miles traveling our great state. I've had coffee with small business owners on Main Street, and chewed the fat with cattlemen. I've visited with combat veterans and college kids, schoolteachers and scientists.

I've met hard-working families struggling to pay their bills, and laid-off factory workers with no health insurance.

A lot of folks are worried about their jobs. About how they're going to pay the mortgage and medical bills. They're anxious about retirement, and what, if anything, will be left for their kids and grandkids.

But not once – not one single time – did I hear anyone say: "Poor me."

Not once did anyone tell me, "Governor, I give up."

Times may be tough. But Missourians are tougher.

Remember the lesson of the ice storm: Our greatest strength lies in one another.

If we can hang tough a little longer, work together and stay on the path, we're going to keep climbing... and climbing... and climbing ...until we see the bright horizon. Because Missouri's future is bright.

Even now, there are glimmers of recovery. Some parts of our economy – like health care and technology – are starting to hire again. Home sales and industrial production are beginning to tick upward. Consumers are cautiously starting to spend.

These first warm rays of recovery are a sign that our discipline and hard work of the past year are paying off for the people of Missouri.

And at the end of the day, whether we vote red, blue or purple, most of us want the same things.

A state that's competitive and prosperous.

A state where hard-working people can find a decent job, buy a house and raise a family.

A state brimming with opportunity, so our children can sink roots and raise families of their own.

A state where health care is abundant and affordable.

A state where every child gets a first-rate education.

A state whose natural beauty beckons us to hike and bike, hunt and fish.

And a state where neighbors help neighbors.

Do we have hard work ahead of us? Yes, we do.

Will we make progress this year? Yes, we will.

Can we move faster if we work together? Absolutely.

Tonight, let's swear an oath, to the people of the state we love and to each other – that nothing will stand in the way of rebuilding our economy and reimagining our future.

Let's make 2010 the year we put politics second, and put Missouri first.

Thank you. And God bless Missouri.

On motion of Senator Engler, the Joint Session was dissolved and the Senators returned to the Chamber where they were called to order by President Pro Tem Shields.

INTRODUCTIONS OF GUESTS

Senator Nodler introduced to the Senate, Mark and Sarah Saladin and their children, Amanda, Christopher and Michael, Carthage.

Senator Nodler introduced to the Senate, Jhan Hurn, Joplin.

Senator Engler introduced to the Senate, Matthew and Tonya Clarke and their son, Joshua, Dittmer; and Joshua was made an honorary page.

Senator Cunningham introduced to the Senate, the Physician of the Day, Dr. Tom Stamos, M.D. and his son, Nickolas, Chesterfield; and Nickolas was made an honorary page.

Senator Vogel introduced to the Senate, members of Missouri Society of Certified Public Accountants from around the state.

Senator Justus introduced to the Senate, Justin Mohn and Kristin Bail.

On motion of Senator Engler, the Senate adjourned under the rules.

SENATE CALENDAR

EIGHTH DAY–THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 2010

FORMAL CALENDAR

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

SB 788-Lembke

SB 789-Shoemyer and Barnitz

SB 790-Shoemyer

SB 791-Griesheimer

SB 792-Dempsey and Rupp

SB 793-Mayer, et al

SB 794-Mayer

SB 795-Mayer and Nodler

SB 796-Bray

SB 797-Green

SB 798-Crowell

SB 799-Crowell

SB 800-Bray
SB 801-Rupp
SB 802-Schmitt
SB 803-Schmitt
SB 804-Schmitt

SB 805-Shields
SB 806-Bartle
SJR 32-Schmitt
SJR 33-Bartle

INFORMAL CALENDAR

RESOLUTIONS

SR 1400-Engler

To be Referred

SCR 40-Justus and Bray
SCR 41-Schmitt

SCR 42-Bray
HCS for HCR 18

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