

Journal of the Senate

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

FIFTY-SECOND DAY—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 2007

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

President Kinder in the Chair.

Reverend Carl Gauck offered the following prayer:

“But surely God is my helper; the Lord is the upholder of my life.” (Psalm 54:4)

Merciful God, You have given us much to do and we are grateful for the work but time is diminishing as the calendar marks the end of this session in just a few short weeks. Grant us wisdom to work together, to ask for help and be the Senate You have called together to serve the people of this state. In Your Holy Name we pray. Amen.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was recited.

A quorum being established, the Senate proceeded with its business.

The Journal of the previous day was read and approved.

The following Senators were present during the day’s proceedings:

Present—Senators

Barnitz	Bartle	Bray	Callahan
Champion	Clemens	Coleman	Crowell
Days	Engler	Gibbons	Goodman
Graham	Green	Griesheimer	Gross
Justus	Kennedy	Koster	Lager
Loudon	Mayer	McKenna	Nodler

Purgason	Ridgeway	Rupp	Scott
Shields	Shoemyer	Smith	Stouffer
Vogel	Wilson—34		

Absent—Senators—None

Absent with leave—Senators—None

Vacancies—None

The Lieutenant Governor was present.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Ridgeway offered Senate Resolution No. 837, regarding Dmitry A. Brown, Kearney, which was adopted.

Senator Ridgeway offered Senate Resolution No. 838, regarding Kenneth David “Kenny” Lehman, Kearney, which was adopted.

Senator Ridgeway offered Senate Resolution No. 839, regarding Christopher Wayne Mueller, Kearney, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 840, regarding the Sixtieth Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Cook, Jackson, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 841, regarding the Fiftieth Wedding

Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shepard, Cape Girardeau, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 842, regarding the Sixtieth Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Stroder, Jackson, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 843, regarding the Fiftieth Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. James Clayton, Scott City, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 844, regarding the Fiftieth Wedding Anniversary of Dr. and Mrs. Richard Cannon, Cape Girardeau, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 845, regarding the Sixty-seventh Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Clois Hood, Cape Girardeau, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 846, regarding the Fiftieth Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Britt, East Prairie, which was adopted.

Senator Crowell offered Senate Resolution No. 847, regarding the Charleston High School Basketball Bluejays, which was adopted.

Senators Kennedy and Gibbons offered Senate Resolution No. 848, regarding former Missouri State Senator Irene Treppler, which was adopted.

Senator Mayer offered Senate Resolution No. 849, regarding Paula Bradley, which was adopted.

Senator Mayer offered Senate Resolution No. 850, regarding Debra Callahan, which was adopted.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Goodman, Chairman of the Committee on Governmental Accountability and Fiscal Oversight, submitted the following report:

Mr. President: Your Committee on Govern-

mental Accountability and Fiscal Oversight, to which was referred **SS** for **SCS** for **SB 577**, begs leave to report that it has considered the same and recommends that the bill do pass.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

HJR 7, with **SCS**, was placed on the Informal Calendar.

HCS for **HB 327**, with **SCS**, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections 135.950, 135.963, 135.967, 178.895, 178.896, 620.1878, and 620.1881, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to job development.

Was taken up by Senator Griesheimer.

SCS for **HCS** for **HB 327**, entitled:

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 327

An Act to repeal sections 32.105, 32.115, 100.286, 135.460, 135.478, 135.500, 135.535, 135.545, 135.550, 135.600, 135.630, 135.750, 135.950, 135.963, 135.967, 135.1150, 173.196, 173.796, 178.895, 178.896, 208.750, 348.300, 620.495, 620.638, 620.1039, 620.1878, and 620.1881, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-two new sections relating to certain economic development programs.

Was taken up.

Senator Griesheimer moved that **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 327** be adopted.

Senator Griesheimer offered **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 327**, entitled:

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 327

An Act to repeal sections 32.105, 32.115, 100.286, 135.460, 135.478, 135.500, 135.535, 135.545, 135.550, 135.600, 135.630, 135.750, 135.950, 135.963, 135.967, 135.1150, 144.030,

144.605, 147.010, 173.196, 173.796, 178.895, 178.896, 208.750, 348.300, 620.495, 620.638, 620.1039, 620.1878, and 620.1881, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-nine new sections relating to certain programs administered by the department of economic development, with an emergency clause for certain sections.

Senator Griesheimer moved that **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 327** be adopted.

Senator Shields announced that photographers from KOMU-TV were given permission to take pictures in the Senate Chamber today.

Senator Justus offered **SA 1**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 24, Section 100.286, Line 23, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“135.406. 1. A taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit against any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, and related provisions, equal to twenty percent of the earned income credit allowed under Section 32 of the federal Internal Revenue Code.

2. If the credit exceeds the tax owed, the department of revenue shall treat such excess as an overpayment and shall refund such amount to the taxpayer.

3. The director of the department of revenue shall make efforts every year to inform taxpayers who may be eligible to receive the credit provided under this section.

4. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri Sunset Act:

(1) Any new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after

the effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

(3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which a program authorized under this section is sunset.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Justus moved that the above amendment be adopted and requested a roll call vote be taken. She was joined in her request by Senators Callahan, Days, Coleman and Smith.

Senator Engler assumed the Chair.

SA 1 failed of adoption by the following vote:

YEAS—Senators

Barnitz	Bray	Callahan	Coleman
Days	Engler	Graham	Green
Griesheimer	Justus	Kennedy	Mayer
McKenna	Shoemyer	Smith	Wilson—16

NAYS—Senators

Bartle	Champion	Clemens	Crowell
Goodman	Gross	Koster	Lager
Loudon	Nodler	Purgason	Ridgeway
Rupp	Scott	Shields	Stouffer

Vogel—17

Absent—Senators—None

Absent with leave—Senator Gibbons—1

Vacancies—None

President Kinder assumed the Chair.

Senator Engler offered **SA 2**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 100, Section 144.030, Line 20, by inserting immediately after the word “property” the following: “**and utilities**”; and further amend line 22 by inserting immediately after the word “of” the following: “**agricultural, biotechnology and plant genomics products, and**”; and

Further amend said bill and section, page 102, lines 3-18 by striking all of said lines; and

Further renumber the remaining subdivisions accordingly.

Senator Engler moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Kennedy offered **SA 3**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 3

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 46, Section 135.562, Line 5, by inserting after the word “year.” the following: “**No taxpayer shall be eligible to receive tax credits under this section in any tax year immediately following a tax year in which such taxpayer received tax credits under the provisions of this section.**”; and

Further amend said bill, section and page, lines 23-26, by striking all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “**an amount sufficient to offset any amount of such costs a taxpayer has already deducted from such taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or to the extent such taxpayer has applied any other state or federal income tax credit to such costs.**”.

Senator Kennedy moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Callahan offered **SA 4**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 4

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 87, Section 135.1150, Line 14, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“137.106. 1. This section may be known and may be cited as “The Missouri Homestead Preservation Act”.

2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) “Department”, the department of revenue;

(2) “Director”, the director of revenue;

(3) “Disabled”, as such term is defined in section 135.010, RSMo;

(4) “Eligible owner”, any individual owner of property who is sixty-five years old or older as of January first of the tax year in which the individual is claiming the credit or who is disabled, and who had an income of equal to or less than the maximum upper limit in the year prior to completing an application pursuant to this section; or

(a) In the case of a married couple owning property either jointly or as tenants by the entirety, or where only one spouse owns the property, such couple shall be considered an eligible taxpayer if both spouses have reached the age of sixty-five or if one spouse is disabled, or if one spouse is at least sixty-five years old and the other spouse is at least sixty years old, and the combined income of the couple in the year prior to completing an application pursuant to this section did not exceed the maximum upper limit; or

(b) In the case of joint ownership by unmarried persons or ownership by tenancy in common by two or more unmarried persons, such owners shall be considered an eligible owner if each person with an ownership interest individually satisfies the eligibility requirements for an individual eligible owner under this section

and the combined income of all individuals with an interest in the property is equal to or less than the maximum upper limit in the year prior to completing an application under this section. If any individual with an ownership interest in the property fails to satisfy the eligibility requirements of an individual eligible owner or if the combined income of all individuals with interest in the property exceeds the maximum upper limit, then all individuals with an ownership interest in such property shall be deemed ineligible owners regardless of such other individual's ability to individually meet the eligibility requirements; or

(c) In the case of property held in trust, the eligible owner and recipient of the tax credit shall be the trust itself provided the previous owner of the homestead or the previous owner's spouse: is the settlor of the trust with respect to the homestead; currently resides in such homestead; and but for the transfer of such property would have satisfied the age, ownership, and maximum upper limit requirements for income as defined in subdivisions (7) and (8) of this subsection;

No individual shall be an eligible owner if the individual has not paid their property tax liability, if any, in full by the payment due date in any of the three prior tax years, except that a late payment of a property tax liability in any prior year shall not disqualify a potential eligible owner if such owner paid in full the tax liability and any and all penalties, additions and interest that arose as a result of such late payment; no individual shall be an eligible owner if such person filed a valid claim for the senior citizens property tax relief credit pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo;

(5) "Homestead", as such term is defined pursuant to section 135.010, RSMo, except as limited by provisions of this section to the contrary. No property shall be considered a homestead if such property was improved since the most recent annual assessment by more than five percent of the prior year appraised value, except where an eligible owner of the property has made

such improvements to accommodate a disabled person;

(6) "Homestead exemption limit", a percentage increase, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which shall be equal to the percentage increase to tax liability, not including improvements, of a homestead from one tax year to the next that exceeds a certain percentage set pursuant to subsection 10 of this section. For applications filed in 2005 or 2006, the homestead exemption limit shall be based on the increase to tax liability from 2004 to 2005. For applications filed between April 1, 2005, and September 30, 2006, an eligible owner, who otherwise satisfied the requirements of this section, shall not apply for the homestead exemption credit more than once during such period. For applications filed after 2006, the homestead exemption limit shall be based on the increase to tax liability from two years prior to application to the year immediately prior to application;

(7) "Income", federal adjusted gross income, and in the case of ownership of the homestead by trust, the income of the settlor applicant shall be imputed to the income of the trust for purposes of determining eligibility with regards to the maximum upper limit;

(8) "Maximum upper limit", in the calendar year 2005, the income sum of seventy thousand dollars; in each successive calendar year this amount shall be raised by the incremental increase in the general price level, as defined pursuant to article X, section 17 of the Missouri Constitution.

3. Pursuant to article X, section 6(a) of the Constitution of Missouri, if in the prior tax year, the property tax liability on any parcel of subclass (1) real property increased by more than the homestead exemption limit, without regard for any prior credit received due to the provisions of this section, then any eligible owner of the property shall receive a homestead exemption credit to be applied in the current tax year property tax liability to offset the prior year increase to tax liability that

exceeds the homestead exemption limit, except as eligibility for the credit is limited by the provisions of this section. The amount of the credit shall be listed separately on each taxpayer's tax bill for the current tax year, or on a document enclosed with the taxpayer's bill. The homestead exemption credit shall not affect the process of setting the tax rate as required pursuant to article X, section 22 of the Constitution of Missouri and section 137.073 in any prior, current, or subsequent tax year.

4. If application is made in 2005, any potential eligible owner may apply for the homestead exemption credit by completing an application through their local assessor's office. Applications may be completed between April first and September thirtieth of any tax year in order for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the homestead exemption credit application was completed. The application shall be on forms provided to the assessor's office by the department. Forms also shall be made available on the department's Internet site and at all permanent branch offices and all full-time, temporary, or fee offices maintained by the department of revenue. The applicant shall attest under penalty of perjury:

- (1) To the applicant's age;
- (2) That the applicant's prior year income was less than the maximum upper limit;
- (3) To the address of the homestead property; and
- (4) That any improvements made to the homestead, not made to accommodate a disabled person, did not total more than five percent of the prior year appraised value. The applicant shall also include with the application copies of receipts indicating payment of property tax by the applicant for the homestead property for the two prior tax years.

5. If application is made in 2005, the assessor, upon request for an application, shall:

(1) Certify the parcel number and owner of record as of January first of the homestead, including verification of the acreage classified as residential on the assessor's property record card;

(2) Obtain appropriate prior tax year levy codes for each homestead from the county clerks for inclusion on the form;

(3) Record on the application the assessed valuation of the homestead for the current tax year, and any new construction or improvements for the current tax year; and

(4) Sign the application, certifying the accuracy of the assessor's entries.

6. If application is made after 2005, any potential eligible owner may apply for the homestead exemption credit by completing an application. Applications may be completed between April first and October fifteenth of any tax year in order for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the homestead exemption credit application was completed. The application shall be on forms provided by the department. Forms also shall be made available on the department's Internet site and at all permanent branch offices and all full-time, temporary, or fee offices maintained by the department of revenue. The applicant shall attest under penalty of perjury:

- (1) To the applicant's age;
- (2) That the applicant's prior year income was less than the maximum upper limit;
- (3) To the address of the homestead property;
- (4) That any improvements made to the homestead, not made to accommodate a disabled person, did not total more than five percent of the prior year appraised value; and

(5) The applicant shall also include with the application copies of receipts indicating payment of property tax by the applicant for the homestead property for the three prior tax years.

7. Each applicant shall send the application to the department by September thirtieth of each year for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the application was completed.

8. If application is made in 2005, upon receipt of the applications, the department shall calculate the tax liability, adjusted to exclude new construction or improvements verify compliance with the maximum income limit, verify the age of the applicants, and make adjustments to these numbers as necessary on the applications. The department also shall disallow any application where the applicant has also filed a valid application for the senior citizens property tax credit, pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo. Once adjusted tax liability, age, and income are verified, the director shall determine eligibility for the credit, and provide a list of all verified eligible owners to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by December fifteenth of each year. By January fifteenth, the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government shall provide a list to the department of any verified eligible owners who failed to pay the property tax due for the tax year that ended immediately prior. Such eligible owners shall be disqualified from receiving the credit in the current tax year.

9. If application is made after 2005, upon receipt of the applications, the department shall calculate the tax liability, verify compliance with the maximum income limit, verify the age of the applicants, and make adjustments to these numbers as necessary on the applications. The department also shall disallow any application where the applicant also has filed a valid application for the senior citizens property tax credit under sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo. Once adjusted tax liability, age, and income are verified, the director shall determine eligibility for the credit and provide a list of all verified eligible owners to the

county assessors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by December fifteenth of each year. By January fifteenth, the county assessors shall provide a list to the department of any verified eligible owners who made improvements not for accommodation of a disability to the homestead and the dollar amount of the assessed value of such improvements. If the dollar amount of the assessed value of such improvements totaled more than five percent of the prior year appraised value, such eligible owners shall be disqualified from receiving the credit in the current tax year.

10. The director shall calculate the level of appropriation necessary to set the homestead exemption limit at five percent when based on a year of general reassessment or at two and one-half percent when based on a year without general reassessment for the homesteads of all verified eligible owners, and provide such calculation to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the director of the office of budget and planning in the office of administration by January thirty-first of each year. **For all years after 2007, the director shall calculate the levels of appropriation necessary to set the homestead exemption limit anywhere between one hundredth of one percent and five percent when based on a year of general reassessment or anywhere between one hundredth of one percent and two and one-half percent when based on a year without general reassessment for the homesteads of all verified eligible owners, and provide such calculation to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the director of the office of budget and planning in the office of administration by January thirty-first of each year.**

11. For applications made in 2005, the general assembly shall make an appropriation for the funding of the homestead exemption credit that is signed by the governor, then the director shall, by

July thirty-first of such year, set the homestead exemption limit. The limit shall be a single, statewide percentage increase to tax liability, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which, if applied to all homesteads of verified eligible owners who applied for the homestead exemption credit in the immediately prior tax year, would cause all but one-quarter of one percent of the amount of the appropriation, minus any withholding by the governor, to be distributed during that fiscal year. The remaining one-quarter of one percent shall be distributed to the county assessment funds of each county on a proportional basis, based on the number of eligible owners in each county; such one-quarter percent distribution shall be delineated in any such appropriation as a separate line item in the total appropriation. If no appropriation is made by the general assembly during any tax year or no funds are actually distributed pursuant to any appropriation therefor, then no homestead preservation credit shall apply in such year.

12. After setting the homestead exemption limit for applications made in 2005, the director shall apply the limit to the homestead of each verified eligible owner and calculate the credit to be associated with each verified eligible owner's homestead, if any. The director shall send a list of those eligible owners who are to receive the homestead exemption credit, including the amount of each credit, the certified parcel number of the homestead, and the address of the homestead property, to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by August thirty-first. Pursuant to such calculation, the director shall instruct the state treasurer as to how to distribute the appropriation and assessment fund allocation to the county collector's funds of each county or the treasurer ex officio collector's fund in counties with a township form of government where recipients of the homestead exemption credit are located, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued, plus the one-quarter of one percent distribution for

the county assessment funds. As a result of the appropriation, in no case shall a political subdivision receive more money than it would have received absent the provisions of this section plus the one-quarter of one percent distribution for the county assessment funds. Funds, at the direction of the county collector or the treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, shall be deposited in the county collector's fund of a county or the treasurer ex officio collector's fund or may be sent by mail to the collector of a county, or the treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, not later than October first in any year a homestead exemption credit is appropriated as a result of this section and shall be distributed as moneys in such funds are commonly distributed from other property tax revenues by the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued. In counties with a township form of government, the county clerk shall provide the treasurer ex officio collector a summary of the homestead exemption credit for each township for the purpose of distributing the total homestead exemption credit to each township collector in a particular county.

13. If, in any given year after 2005, the general assembly shall make an appropriation for the funding of the homestead exemption credit that is signed by the governor, then the director shall, by July thirty-first of such year, set the homestead exemption limit. The limit shall be a single, statewide percentage increase to tax liability, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which, if applied to all homesteads of verified eligible owners who applied for the homestead exemption credit in the immediately prior tax year, would cause all of the amount of the appropriation, minus any withholding by the governor, to be distributed during that fiscal year. If no appropriation is made by the general assembly during any tax year or no funds are actually

distributed pursuant to any appropriation therefor, then no homestead preservation credit shall apply in such year.

14. After setting the homestead exemption limit for applications made after 2005, the director shall apply the limit to the homestead of each verified eligible owner and calculate the credit to be associated with each verified eligible owner's homestead, if any. The director shall send a list of those eligible owners who are to receive the homestead exemption credit, including the amount of each credit, the certified parcel number of the homestead, and the address of the homestead property, to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by August thirty-first. Pursuant to such calculation, the director shall instruct the state treasurer as to how to distribute the appropriation to the county collector's fund of each county where recipients of the homestead exemption credit are located, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued. As a result of the appropriation, in no case shall a political subdivision receive more money than it would have received absent the provisions of this section. Funds, at the direction of the collector of the county or treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, shall be deposited in the county collector's fund of a county or may be sent by mail to the collector of a county, or treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, not later than October first in any year a homestead exemption credit is appropriated as a result of this section and shall be distributed as moneys in such funds are commonly distributed from other property tax revenues by the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued.

15. The department shall promulgate rules for implementation of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated

in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void. Any rule promulgated by the department shall in no way impact, affect, interrupt, or interfere with the performance of the required statutory duties of any county elected official, more particularly including the county collector when performing such duties as deemed necessary for the distribution of any homestead appropriation and the distribution of all other real and personal property taxes.

16. In the event that an eligible owner dies or transfers ownership of the property after the homestead exemption limit has been set in any given year, but prior to January first of the year in which the credit would otherwise be applied, the credit shall be void and any corresponding moneys, pursuant to subsection 12 of this section, shall lapse to the state to be credited to the general revenue fund. In the event the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government determines prior to issuing the credit that the individual is not an eligible owner because the individual did not pay the prior three years' property tax liability in full, the credit shall be void and any corresponding moneys, under subsection 11 of this section, shall lapse to the state to be credited to the general revenue fund.

17. This section shall apply to all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. This subsection shall become effective June 28, 2004.

18. In accordance with the provisions of sections 23.250 to 23.298, RSMo, and unless

otherwise authorized pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo:

(1) Any new program authorized under the provisions of this section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective date of this section; and

(2) This section shall terminate on September first of the year following the year in which any new program authorized under this section is sunset, and the revisor of statutes shall designate such sections and this section in a revision bill for repeal.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Callahan moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Ridgeway offered SA 5:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 5

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 62, Section 135.662, Line 26, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“135.710. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) “Alternative fuels”, any motor fuel at least seventy percent of the volume of which consists of one or more of the following:

- (a) Ethanol;
- (b) Natural gas;
- (c) Compressed natural gas;
- (d) Liquified natural gas;
- (e) Liquified petroleum gas;

(f) Any mixture of biodiesel and diesel fuel, without regard to any use of kerosene;

(2) “Department”, the department of natural resources;

(3) “Eligible applicant”, a business entity

that is the owner of a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property;

(4) “Qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property”, property in this state owned by a firm or corporation and used for storing alternative fuels and for dispensing such alternative fuels into fuel tanks of motor vehicles owned by such firm or corporation or private citizens.

2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2011, any eligible applicant who installs and operates a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, or due under chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, for any tax year in which the applicant is constructing the refueling property. The credit allowed in this section per eligible applicant shall not exceed the lesser of twenty thousand dollars or twenty percent of the total costs directly associated with the purchase and installation of any alternative fuel storage and dispensing equipment on any qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, which shall not include the following:

(1) Costs associated with the purchase of land upon which to place a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property;

(2) Costs associated with the purchase of an existing qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property; or

(3) Costs for the construction or purchase of any structure.

3. The tax credits allowed by this section shall be claimed by the eligible applicant at the time such applicant files a return for the tax year in which the storage and dispensing facilities were placed in service at a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, and

shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, after all other credits provided by law have been applied. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by eligible applicants claiming all credits authorized in this section shall not exceed the following amounts:

(1) In taxable year 2008, three million dollars;

(2) In taxable year 2009, two million dollars; and

(3) In taxable year 2010, one million dollars.

4. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the eligible applicant's tax liability, the difference shall not be refundable. Any amount of credit that an eligible applicant is prohibited by this section from claiming in a taxable year may be carried forward to any of such applicant's two subsequent taxable years. Tax credits allowed under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed.

5. An alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, for which an eligible applicant receives tax credits under this section, which ceases to sell alternative fuel shall cause the forfeiture of such eligible applicant's tax credits provided under this section for the taxable year in which the alternative fuel vehicle refueling property ceased to sell alternative fuel and for future taxable years with no recapture of tax credits obtained by an eligible applicant with respect to such applicant's tax years which ended before the sale of alternative fuel ceased.

6. The director of revenue shall establish the procedure by which the tax credits in this section may be claimed, and shall establish a procedure by which the cumulative amount of tax credits is apportioned equally among all eligible applicants claiming the credit. To the

maximum extent possible, the director of revenue shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that eligible applicants can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the taxable year. No eligible applicant claiming a tax credit under this section shall be liable for any interest or penalty for filing a tax return after the date fixed for filing such return as a result of the apportionment procedure under this subsection.

7. Any eligible applicant desiring to claim a tax credit under this section shall submit the appropriate application for such credit with the department. The application for a tax credit under this section shall include any information required by the department. The department shall review the applications and certify to the department of revenue each eligible applicant that qualifies for the tax credit.

8. The department and the department of revenue may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

9. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri sunset act:

(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective

date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

(3) This section shall terminate on December thirty-first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.”; and

Further amend said bill, page 88, section 143.006, line 19, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“143.114. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) “Motor vehicle”, any self-propelled vehicle not operated exclusively upon tracks, except farm tractors;

(2) “Qualified hybrid motor vehicle”, any motor vehicle licensed under chapter 301, RSMo, and:

(a) Which meets the definition of new qualified hybrid motor vehicle in section 30B(d)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(b) The original use of which commences with the taxpayer; and

(c) Which is acquired for use by the taxpayer and not for resale.

2. For the tax year beginning on January 1, 2008, any taxpayer who purchases a qualified hybrid vehicle shall be allowed to subtract from the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income to determine Missouri taxable income, for the tax year in which the taxpayer purchases the vehicle, an amount equal to one thousand five hundred dollars or ten percent of the purchase price of the vehicle, whichever is less.

3. The director of revenue shall establish the procedure by which the deduction in this section may be claimed, and shall promulgate rules to provide for the submission of documents by the taxpayer proving the purchase price and date of the qualified hybrid motor vehicle and to implement the provisions of this section.

4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

143.128. 1. For purposes of this section the term “E-85 gasoline” shall mean ethanol blended gasoline formulated with a minimum percentage of between seventy-five and eighty-five percent by volume of ethanol, “biodiesel” shall mean fuel as defined in ASTM Standard D-6751 or its subsequent standard specifications for biodiesel fuel (B100) blend stock for distillate fuels, and “biodiesel-blended fuel” shall mean a blend of biodiesel and conventional diesel fuel. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a taxpayer who purchases E-85 gasoline, biodiesel, or biodiesel-blended fuel in a tax year shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the tax otherwise due under this chapter, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265, in the following amounts:

(1) For calendar year 2008, the amount of the credit shall be equal to twenty-five cents per gallon of E-85 gasoline or equal to five cents per gallon of biodiesel or biodiesel-blended fuel

purchased by the taxpayer;

(2) For calendar years 2009 and 2010, the amount of the credit shall be equal to twenty cents per gallon of E-85 gasoline or equal to three cents per gallon of biodiesel or biodiesel-blended fuel purchased by the taxpayer;

(3) For calendar year 2011 and each subsequent calendar year, the amount of the credit shall be equal to fifteen cents per gallon of E-85 gasoline or equal to five cents per gallon of biodiesel or biodiesel-blended fuel purchased by the taxpayer.

2. The amount of credits claimed per taxpayer annually shall not exceed five hundred dollars. The minimum amount of tax credits a taxpayer may claim shall not be less than fifty dollars. A taxpayer shall claim the credit allowed by this section at the time such taxpayer files a return. In the event the amount of the tax credit provided under this section exceeds a taxpayer's income tax liability, no refund shall result, but such excess tax credits may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's three subsequent tax years. The aggregate amount of tax credits which may be redeemed in any fiscal year shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars. The tax credit shall be available regardless of whether the taxpayer opts to take a standard deduction. The department of revenue is authorized to adopt any rule or regulations deemed necessary for the effective administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the

grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

3. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri sunset act:

(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall sunset automatically six years after the effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall sunset automatically twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

(3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.

4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing, approving, or condoning the violation of a motor vehicle manufacturer's stated warranty with regard to recommended fuel use.”; and

Further amend said bill, section 144.030, page 92, line 23 by inserting immediately after the word “RSMo.” the following:

“There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials.”; and further amend said bill and section, page 102, line 24, by striking the word “and”; and

Further amend said bill and section, page 103, line 6, by inserting immediately after the word “event” the following:

“; and

(40) Sales of new diesel-powered motor

vehicles with a gross vehicle rating not exceeding eight thousand five hundred pounds”; and

Further amend said bill, section 144.054, page 104, line 4, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“144.061. For fiscal year 2008, there shall hereby be exempted from state sales tax, sales of new motor vehicles designed to operate on eighty-five percent ethanol fuel.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Ridgeway moved that the above amendment be adopted.

At the request of Senator Griesheimer, **HCS** for **HB 327**, with **SCS**, **SS** for **SCS** and **SA 5** (pending), was placed on the Informal Calendar.

REFERRALS

President Pro Tem Gibbons referred **SS** for **SCS** for **SB 429** to the Committee on Governmental Accountability and Fiscal Oversight.

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR

The following messages were received from the Governor, reading of which was waived:

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
State of Missouri
Jefferson City
65101
April 10, 2007

TO THE SENATE OF THE 94th GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI:

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith for your advice and consent the following appointment:

Julie A. Molendorp, 8200 East 161st Street, Belton, Cass County, Missouri 64012, as a member of the Missouri Real Estate Appraisers Commission, for a term ending September 12, 2008, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified; vice, Sharon Lowman, term expired.

Respectfully submitted,
MATT BLUNT

Also,

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
State of Missouri
Jefferson City
65101

April 10, 2007

TO THE SENATE OF THE 94th GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI:

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith for your advice and consent the following appointment:

Karen W. Bartz, 18403 East Moorland Street, Pleasant Hill, Cass County, Missouri 64080, as a member of the Coordinating Board for Early Childhood, for a term ending at the pleasure of the Governor, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified; vice, Karen Bartz, withdrawn.

Respectfully submitted,
MATT BLUNT

On motion of Senator Shields, the Senate recessed until 3:00 p.m.

RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the Senate was called to order by Senator Rupp.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 851, regarding the Ninetieth Birthday of Mary Elizabeth McMahon, Bethany, which was adopted.

Senator Shields offered Senate Resolution No. 852, regarding Kathryn Kasper, Park Hill, which was adopted.

Senator Shields offered Senate Resolution No. 853, regarding Laura Nelson, St. Joseph, which was adopted.

Senator Shields offered Senate Resolution No. 854, regarding Nicole Scott, Park Hill, which was adopted.

Senator Shields offered Senate Resolution No. 855, regarding Damon Smith, Park Hill, which was adopted.

Senator Engler offered Senate Resolution No. 856, regarding the Mineral Area College Student Nurses Association, Park Hills, which was adopted.

Senator Engler offered Senate Resolution No. 857, regarding Judith A. Medley, Annapolis, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 858, regarding Andrew Gates, Marceline, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 859, regarding Nathan Hoskins, Marceline, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 860, regarding Tyler Shoemaker, Marceline, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 861, regarding Bryce Cupp, Marceline, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 862, regarding Ethan Gosch, Marceline, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 863, regarding Jonathan Neighbors, Marceline, which was adopted.

Senator Lager offered Senate Resolution No. 864, regarding Phillip Matthew Arnold, Gallatin, which was adopted.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

SS for SCS for SB 577, introduced by Senator Shields, entitled:

**SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 577**

An Act to repeal sections 191.411, 191.900, 191.905, 191.910, 208.014, 208.151, 208.152, 208.153, 208.201, 208.212, 208.215, 208.217, 208.631, 208.930, 473.398, 660.546, 660.547, 660.549, 660.551, 660.553, 660.555, and 660.557, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-six new sections relating to the creation of the MO HealthNet program in order to provide medical assistance for needy persons, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause for a certain section.

Was taken up.

On motion of Senator Shields, **SS for SCS for SB 577** was read the 3rd time and passed by the following vote:

YEAS—Senators

Bartle	Callahan	Champion	Clemens
Crowell	Days	Engler	Gibbons
Goodman	Green	Griesheimer	Gross
Kennedy	Koster	Lager	Loudon
Mayer	McKenna	Nodler	Ridgeway
Rupp	Scott	Shields	Shoemyer
Stouffer	Vogel—26		

NAYS—Senators

Barnitz	Bray	Coleman	Graham
Justus	Smith	Wilson—7	

Absent—Senator Purgason—1

Absent with leave—Senators—None

Vacancies—None

The President declared the bill passed.

The emergency clause was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Senators

Bartle	Callahan	Champion	Clemens
Coleman	Crowell	Days	Engler
Gibbons	Goodman	Graham	Green
Griesheimer	Gross	Justus	Kennedy
Koster	Lager	Loudon	Mayer
McKenna	Nodler	Ridgeway	Rupp
Scott	Shields	Shoemyer	Smith
Stouffer	Vogel	Wilson—31	

NAYS—Senators

Barnitz	Bray—2
---------	--------

Absent—Senator Purgason—1

Absent with leave—Senators—None

Vacancies—None

On motion of Senator Shields, title to the bill was agreed to.

Senator Shields moved that the vote by which the bill passed be reconsidered.

Senator Gibbons moved that motion lay on the table, which motion prevailed.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

Senator Griesheimer moved that **HCS** for **HB 327**, with **SCS**, **SS** for **SCS** and **SA 5** (pending), be called from the Informal Calendar and again taken up for 3rd reading and final passage, which motion prevailed.

SA 5 was again taken up.

Senator Ridgeway moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Crowell offered **SA 6**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 6

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 115, Section 178.715, Line 16, by inserting immediately after the word "Mississippi," the following: "**Cape Girardeau, Bollinger,**".

Senator Crowell moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

President Kinder assumed the Chair.

Senator Stouffer offered **SA 7**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 7

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 2, Section A, Line 2 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"21.750. 1. The general assembly hereby occupies and preempts the entire field of legislation touching in any way firearms, components, ammunition and supplies to the

complete exclusion of any order, ordinance or regulation by any political subdivision of this state. Any existing or future orders, ordinances or regulations in this field are hereby and shall be null and void except as provided in subsection 3 of this section.

2. No county, city, town, village, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state shall adopt any order, ordinance or regulation concerning in any way the sale, purchase, purchase delay, transfer, ownership, use, keeping, possession, bearing, transportation, licensing, permit, registration, taxation other than sales and compensating use taxes or other controls on firearms, components, ammunition, and supplies except as provided in subsection 3 of this section.

3. Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit any ordinance of any political subdivision which conforms exactly with any of the provisions of sections 571.010 to 571.070, RSMo, with appropriate penalty provisions, or which regulates the open carrying of firearms readily capable of lethal use or the discharge of firearms within a jurisdiction, **provided such ordinance complies with the provisions of section 252.243, RSMo.**

4. The lawful design, marketing, manufacture, distribution, or sale of firearms or ammunition to the public is not an abnormally dangerous activity and does not constitute a public or private nuisance.

5. No county, city, town, village or any other political subdivision nor the state shall bring suit or have any right to recover against any firearms or ammunition manufacturer, trade association or dealer for damages, abatement or injunctive relief resulting from or relating to the lawful design, manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of firearms or ammunition to the public. This subsection shall apply to any suit pending as of October 12, 2003, as well as any suit which may be brought in the future. Provided, however, that nothing in this section shall restrict the rights of individual citizens to recover for injury or death

caused by the negligent or defective design or manufacture of firearms or ammunition.

6. Nothing in this section shall prevent the state, a county, city, town, village or any other political subdivision from bringing an action against a firearms or ammunition manufacturer or dealer for breach of contract or warranty as to firearms or ammunition purchased by the state or such political subdivision.”; and

Further amend said bill, Page 13, Section 32.115, Line 9 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“99.812. 1. This section shall be known as and may be cited as the “Hunting Heritage Protection Areas Act”. Hunting heritage protection areas shall include all land located within the one hundred-year flood plain of the Missouri River and all land located within the one hundred-year flood plain of the Mississippi River, as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as amended from time to time.

2. In addition to the provisions of section 99.847 no new tax increment financing project shall be authorized in any hunting heritage protection area after August 28, 2007. This subsection shall not apply to tax increment financing projects or districts approved:

(1) Prior to August 28, 2007, and shall allow the modification, amendment, or expansion of such projects including redevelopment project costs by not more than forty percent of such project's original projected cost and the tax increment finance district by not more than five percent of the district as it existed as of August 28, 2007;

(2) For the purpose of flood or drainage protection and for any public infrastructure included therewith; or

(3) For the purpose of constructing or operating a renewable fuel facility as defined in section 348.430, RSMo, or for the purpose of

providing infrastructure necessary solely for the construction or operation of such renewable fuel production facility, provided no residential, commercial, or industrial development not directly associated with the production of renewable fuel shall occur within a hunting heritage protection area, either directly or indirectly, as a result of such tax increment financing project.

3. The discharge of firearms for lawful hunting, sporting, target shooting, and all other lawful purposes shall not be prohibited in hunting heritage protection areas, subject to all applicable state and federal laws.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, hunting heritage protection areas shall not include:

(1) Any area with a population of not less than fifty thousand persons that has been defined and designated in the 2000 United States Census as an “urbanized area” by the United States Secretary of Commerce;

(2) Any land ever owned by an entity regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or any land ever used or operated by an entity regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;

(3) Any land used for the operation of a physical port of commerce to include customs ports, but shall not include other land managed or governed by a port authority if such other land extends beyond the actual physical port;

(4) Any land contained within the boundary of any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, or any land contained within a city not within a county; or

(5) Any land located within one-half mile of any interstate highway, as such highways exist as of August 28, 2007.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause

accordingly.

Senator Stouffer moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Kennedy offered SA 8:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 8

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 109, Section 144.605, Line 6, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“144.806. 1. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to the provisions of section 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 144.805, and section 238.235, RSMo, and the provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, and section 238.235, RSMo, and the provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, all aviation jet fuel sold to an air common carrier for immediate consumption or shipment in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier or affiliate carrier, on a transoceanic flight. As used in this subsection, the term “immediate consumption or shipment”, shall mean that the delivery of the aviation jet fuel by the seller is directly to an aircraft for consumption or transportation on a transoceanic flight and not for storage by the purchaser or any third party. The term “transoceanic flight” shall mean a flight destined for or continuing from a location situated on the other side of the Atlantic or Pacific ocean.

2. To qualify for the exemption prescribed in subsection 1 of this section, the air common carrier shall furnish to the seller a certificate in writing to the effect that an exemption pursuant to this section is applicable to the aviation jet

fuel so purchased, stored, used, and consumed.

3. For purposes of determining eligibility for the state sales and use tax exemption on aviation jet fuel provided under section 144.805, sales of such fuel for transoceanic flights exempt from taxation under this section shall be treated as though subject to sales tax and such tax shall be deemed paid for purposes of calculating the maximum aggregate calendar year amount of state sales and use tax required for the exemption provided under section 144.805, however, no state sales or use tax liability shall accrue for purchases of fuel exempted under this section.

4. The director of revenue shall adopt appropriate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Kennedy moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Loudon offered SA 9:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 9

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 128, Section 620.495, Line 27, by inserting before

said line the following:

“388.700. Sections 388.700 to 388.745 shall be known as “The Regional Railroad Authorities Act.” As used in sections 388.700 to 388.745, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words and terms shall mean:

(1) “Authority”, “railroad authority”, or “regional railroad authority”, a regional railroad authority organized and operated as a political subdivision under sections 388.700 to 388.745;

(2) “Common carrier”, a railroad engaged in transportation for hire;

(3) “Commissioners”, the commissioners of the regional railroad authority;

(4) “Project”, any railroad facilities proposed to be acquired, constructed, improved, or refinanced by an authority, including any real or personal property, structures, machinery, equipment, and appurtenances determined by the authority to be useful or convenient for railroad operations and handling passengers or freight;

(5) “Railroad”, any form of nonhighway ground transportation that runs on rails or electromagnetic guideways. The term “railroad” shall also have the meaning associated to it in 49 U.S.C. Section 20102, as amended;

(6) “Railroad properties and facilities”, any real or personal property or interest in such property which is owned, leased or otherwise controlled by a railroad or other person, including an authority, and which are used or are useful in rail transportation service, including:

(a) Track, roadbed and related structures, including rail, ties, ballast, other track materials, grading, tunnels, bridges, tressels, culverts, elevated structures, stations, office buildings used for operating purposes only,

repair shops, engine houses and public improvements used or usable for rail service operation;

(b) Communication and power transmission systems for use by railroads;

(c) Signals, including signals and interlockers;

(d) Terminal or yard facilities and services to express company and railroads and their shippers, including ferries, tugs, car floats and related shoreside facilities designed for the transportation of equipment by water;

(e) Shop or repair facilities or any other property used or capable of being used in rail freight transportation services or in connection with such services or for originating, terminating, improving and expediting the movement of equipment or goods;

(6) “Real property”, lands, structures, improvements thereof, and water and riparian rights, and any and all interests and estates therein, legal or equitable, including but not limited to easements, rights-of-way, uses, leases, and licenses.

388.703. The purpose of an authority established and operated under sections 388.700 to 388.745 is to provide for the preservation, improvement, and the continuation of rail service for agriculture, industry, or passenger traffic and to provide for the preservation of railroad right-of-way for transportation uses, when determined to be practicable and necessary for the public welfare. The acquisition of real property under sections 388.700 to 388.745; the planning, acquisition, establishment, construction, improvement, maintenance, equipment, operation, regulation, and protection of authority facilities; and the exercise of powers granted to authorities and other public agencies to be severally or jointly exercised are public and governmental functions, exercised for public purpose, and

matters of public necessity. All real property and other property acquired and used by or on behalf of an authority or other public agency, as provided in sections 388.700 to 388.745, shall be used for public and governmental purposes and as a matter of public necessity.

388.706. 1. Every municipality or county within this state is authorized to form a regional railroad authority under the provisions of this section.

2. A regional railroad authority may be organized by resolution or joint resolution adopted by the governing body or bodies of one or more counties. The governing body or bodies of a municipality or municipalities within a county or counties may request by resolution that the county or counties organize a railroad authority. If the county or counties do not organize an authority within ninety days of receipt of the request, the municipality or municipalities may organize an authority by resolution or joint resolution. A resolution organizing an authority shall state:

(1) That the authority is organized under the provisions of sections 388.700 to 388.745 as a political subdivision of Missouri;

(2) The proposed name of the authority, including the words “regional railroad authority”;

(3) The county, counties, municipality or municipalities adopting the organization resolution;

(4) The number of commissioners of the authority, not less than five; the number to be appointed by the governing body of each county or municipality; and the names and addresses of the board of commissioners;

(5) The city and county in which the registered office of the authority is to be situated;

(6) That neither the state of Missouri, the municipality or municipalities, nor any other

political subdivision is liable for obligations of the authority; and

(7) Any other provision for regulating the business of the authority determined by the governing body or bodies adopting the resolution.

388.709. Before final adoption of an organization resolution, the governing body of each county or municipality named in it shall provide for a public hearing upon notice published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or municipality. The notice of a hearing by the governing body of a county shall be mailed to the governing body of each municipality in the county, except municipalities participating in the organization, at least thirty days before the hearing. The hearing may be adjourned from time to time, to a time and place publicly announced at the hearing, or to a time and place fixed by notice published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or municipality at least ten days before the adjourned session. Joint hearing sessions may be held by the governing bodies of all counties or municipalities named, at any convenient public place within any of the counties or municipalities. The resolution may be amended by the governing body or bodies at or after any hearing session at which the amended resolution is proposed and made available to interested citizens. It shall not become effective until adopted in identical form by the governing bodies of all counties or municipalities named in the resolution.

388.712. Upon the appointment and qualification of the commissioners first appointed to a regional railroad authority under section 388.715, the commissioners shall submit to the secretary of state a certified copy of each resolution adopted pursuant to section 388.706. A copy of the organization resolution, certified by the recording officer of each municipality or county adopting it, shall be filed with the secretary of state, who shall issue a

certificate of incorporation if the resolution conforms to the requirements of this section, stating in the certificate the name of the authority and the date of its incorporation, which shall be the date of acceptance for filing. The certificate of incorporation shall be conclusive evidence of the valid organization and existence of the authority.

388.715. 1. All powers granted to an authority shall be exercised by its board of commissioners. Commissioners shall be appointed and vacancies in their office shall be filled by the governing body of each county or municipality named in the organization resolution, in accordance with the provisions of that resolution. The term of each commissioner shall be one year, or the remainder of the one year term for which a vacancy is filled, and until a successor is appointed. Commissioners shall receive no compensation for services but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

2. The board of commissioners shall by resolution establish the time and place or places of its regular meetings and the method and notice required for calling special meetings, all of which shall be open to the public. A majority of the commissioners being present at a meeting, any action may be taken by resolution or motion adopted by recorded vote of a majority of those present, unless a larger majority is required by bylaws adopted by the board.

3. The board of commissioners shall appoint a chair, vice-chair, secretary, and treasurer from its members, each to serve for a term of one year and until a successor is appointed. The offices of secretary and treasurer may be combined, and deputies or assistants may be appointed for either office or the combined office, from members of the board or otherwise. The powers and duties of each office shall be determined by the board, which shall require and pay for a surety bond for each

officer handling funds. The board shall provide for the keeping of a full and accurate record of all proceedings and of resolutions, regulations, and orders issued or adopted. The state auditor shall annually audit the books of said regional railroad authority.

388.718. An authority may exercise all the powers necessary or desirable to implement the powers specifically granted in sections 388.700 to 388.745, and in exercising the powers is deemed to be performing an essential governmental as a political subdivision of the state. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the authority may:

(1) Sue and be sued, have a seal, and have perpetual succession;

(2) Execute contracts and other instruments and take other action as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 388.700 to 388.745;

(3) Receive and disburse federal, state, and other funds, public or private, made available by grant, loan, contribution, tax levy, or other source to accomplish the purposes of sections 388.700 to 388.745. Federal money accepted under this section shall be accepted and spent by the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the United States and consistent with state law. All state money accepted under this section shall be accepted and spent by the authority upon terms and conditions prescribed by the state.

(4) Sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of real or personal property acquired under sections 388.700 to 388.745. The disposal must be in accordance with the laws of this state governing the disposition of other public property.

388.721. 1. The authority may plan, establish, acquire, develop, construct, purchase, enlarge, extend, improve, maintain, equip, operate, regulate, and protect railroads, railroad properties and railroad facilities within

its boundaries, including but not limited to terminal buildings, roadways, crossings, bridges, causeways, tunnels, equipment, and rolling stock.

2. The authority may apply to any public agency for permits, consents, authorizations, and approvals required for any project and take all actions necessary to comply with their conditions.

388.724. The authority may exercise the power of eminent domain under chapter 523, RSMo, except that it shall have no power of eminent domain with respect to property owned by another authority or political subdivision of Missouri or any other state, or with respect to property owned or used by a railroad corporation unless the federal Surface Transportation Board or a successor agency, if any, or another authority with power to make the finding, has found that the public convenience and necessity permit discontinuance of rail service on the property. All property taken for the exercise of the powers granted herein is declared to be taken for a public governmental purpose and as a matter of public necessity.

388.727. The state of Missouri and any political subdivision or municipal corporation thereof may in its discretion, with or without consideration, transfer or cause to be transferred to any regional railroad authority or may place in its possession or control, by lease or other contract or agreement, either for a limited period or in fee, any property within a regional railroad authority district or any property wherever situated. Nothing in this section, however, shall in any way impair, alter or change any obligations, contractual or otherwise, heretofore entered into by said entities.

388.730. The authority may establish charges and rentals for the use, sale, and availability of its property and service and may

hold, use, dispose of, invest, and reinvest the income, revenues, and funds derived therefrom. Subject to any agreement with bondholders, it may invest money not required for immediate use, including bond proceeds, in the securities it shall deem prudent, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law relating to the investment of public funds.

388.733. The authority shall be subject to tort liability to the extent provided in chapter 537, RSMo, and may procure insurance against the liability, and may indemnify and purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any of its commissioners, officers, employees, or agents. It may also procure insurance against loss of or damage to property in the amounts, by reason of the risks, and from the insurers as it deems prudent.

388.736. The state may make grants to a regional railroad authority, as appropriated by the general assembly, to be allocated by the department of transportation to regional railroad authorities. The authority may accept, contract for, and receive and disburse federal, state, and other funds or property, public or private, made available by grant, loan, or lease, to be used in the exercise of any of its powers, and may comply with the terms and conditions of the grant or loan.

388.739. 1. Every regional railroad authority, organized under the provisions of sections 388.700 to 388.745, may from time to time issue its negotiable revenue bonds or notes in such principal amounts as, in its opinion, shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its purposes, including the construction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, maintenance, protection and regulation of railroads and railroad facilities, that may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 388.700 to 388.745.

2. The state shall not be liable on any notes or bonds of any regional railroad authority.

Any such notes or bonds shall not be a debt of the state and shall contain on the faces thereof a statement to such effect.

3. No commissioner of any regional railroad authority or any authorized person executing authority notes or bonds shall be liable personally on said notes or bonds or shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

4. No authority shall be required to pay any taxes or any assessments whatsoever to this state or to any political subdivisions, municipality or other governmental agency of this state. The notes and bonds of every authority and the income therefrom shall, at all times, be exempt from any taxes and any assessments, except for death and gift taxes and taxes on transfers.

5. Every authority shall have the powers and be governed by the procedures now or hereafter conferred upon or applicable to the environmental improvement authority, chapter 260, RSMo, relating to the manner of issuance of revenue bonds and notes, and the port authority shall exercise all such powers and adhere to all such procedures insofar as they are consistent with the necessary and proper undertaking of its purposes.

388.742. The authority may enter into contracts including leases with any person, firm, or corporation, for terms the authority may determine:

(1) Providing for the operation of any facilities on behalf of the authority, at the rate of compensation as may be determined;

(2) Leasing a rail line for operation by the lessee or any facility or space therein for other commercial purposes, at rentals as may be determined, but no person may be authorized to operate a rail line other than as a common carrier;

(3) Granting the privilege, for

compensation as the authority shall determine, of supplying goods, commodities, services, or facilities along rail lines or in or upon other property; and

(4) Making available services furnished by the authority or its agents, at charges, rentals, or fees which shall be reasonable and uniform for the same class of privilege or service.

388.745. If, at any time, the governing body of any city or county that organized a regional railroad authority, votes, by majority, to dissolve a regional railroad authority, it shall be dissolved effective the date of the approval of dissolution by the highways and transportation commission of the state. In the event of dissolution of a regional railroad authority, all funds and other assets shall be distributed among the cities and counties, who were members, on a pro rata basis.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Loudon moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Clemens offered SA 10:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 10

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 142, Section 620.1878, Line 20, by inserting immediately after the word “company” the following: “**on a full-time basis, who receives an annual salary equal to or less than the average salary for the county in which the employee is employed or deemed to be employed**”; and

Further amend said bill, page 159, section 620.1881, line 7, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“;

(6) Tuition reimbursement programs: a qualified company may receive a tax credit for providing tuition reimbursement to eligible

employees. The amount of the tuition reimbursement credit may equal up to fifty percent of the expenses actually incurred in reimbursing all or a portion of tuition expenses of eligible employees, but not to exceed five thousand dollars per employee. In no case shall a qualified company receive more than twenty-five thousand dollars in tax credits authorized under this subdivision in any tax year. In no case shall the aggregate amount of tax credits issued under this subdivision in any tax year exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Tax credits issued under this subdivision may be assigned, sold or transferred. The tax credit authorized under this subdivision shall not be refundable. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a taxpayer's taxable year may be carried forward five years until completely claimed.”; and

Further amend said bill and section, page 161, line 15, by inserting immediately after the word “issued” the following: “, except as provided under subdivision 4 of subsection 3 of this section”; and

Further amend said bill and section, page 162, line 18, by inserting immediately after the number “11.” the following: “Except as provided under subdivision 4 of subsection 3 of this section,”.

Senator Clemens moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Scott offered SA 11:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 11

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 163, Section 620.1881, Line 3 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“620.1892. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the “Small Business and Entrepreneurial Growth Act”.

2. Unless otherwise modified in this section, the definitions provided in section 620.1878

shall apply to this section. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) “Department”, the department of economic development;

(2) “Eligible small business project”, a project approved by the department of economic development through which a small business employer meets all of the following qualifications:

(a) The small business employer's total payroll increases by at least twenty percent due to the addition of new jobs or a business with less than five employees adds employees so that the total number of employees is five or greater;

(b) The number of jobs added through the project by the small business employer does not exceed the minimum number of jobs required to be eligible for benefits under any program of the Missouri quality job act;

(c) Wages for the new jobs created through the project by the small business employer are at least eighty-five percent of the average county wage as determined by the department of economic development; and

(d) The project is not eligible for any benefits under the Missouri quality jobs act;

(3) “Small business employer”, a firm, partnership, joint venture, association, or a private or public corporation, whether organized for profit or not, provided that the term shall not include:

(a) Gambling establishments (NAICS industry group 7132);

(b) Any company that is delinquent in the payment of any nonprotested taxes or any other amounts due to the state or federal government or any other political subdivision of this state; or

(c) Any company that has filed for or has publicly announced its intention to file for bankruptcy protection.

3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a small business employer shall be allowed to receive benefits for an eligible small business project as follows:

(1) Retention of all tax withheld under sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, from the newly created jobs for a period of one year; or

(2) If the employer also provides health insurance and pays more than fifty percent of the premiums for all employees, the tax withheld under sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, from newly created jobs may be retained for a period of two years.

4. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Scott moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Scott offered SA 12:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 12

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 122, Section 208.750, Line 18 of said page, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“238.202. 1. As used in sections 238.200 to 238.275, the following terms mean:

(1) “Board”, the board of directors of a district;

(2) “Commission”, the Missouri highways and transportation commission;

(3) “District”, a transportation development district organized under sections 238.200 to 238.275;

(4) “Local transportation authority”, a county, city, town, village, county highway commission, special road district, interstate compact agency, or any local public authority or political subdivision having jurisdiction over any bridge, street, highway, dock, wharf, ferry, lake or river port, airport, railroad, light rail or other transit improvement or service;

(5) “Project” includes any bridge, street, road, highway, access road, interchange, intersection, signing, signalization, parking lot, bus stop, station, garage, terminal, hangar, shelter, rest area, dock, wharf, lake or river port, airport, railroad, light rail, or other mass transit and any similar or related improvement or infrastructure.

2. For the purposes of sections 11(c), 16 and 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, section 137.073, RSMo, and as used in sections 238.200 to 238.275, the following terms shall have the meanings given:

(1) “Approval of the required majority” or “direct voter approval”, a simple majority;

(2) “Qualified electors”, “qualified voters” or “voters”, [if] **within the proposed or established district**, any persons [eligible to be registered voters reside within the proposed district, such persons] **residing therein** who have registered to vote pursuant to chapter 115, RSMo, [or if no persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the proposed district,] **and** the owners of real property [located within the proposed district], **who shall receive one vote per acre, provided that any registered voter who also owns**

property must elect whether to vote as an owner or a registered voter;

(3) "Registered voters", persons qualified and registered to vote pursuant to chapter 115, RSMo.

238.207. 1. Whenever the creation of a district is desired, not less than fifty registered voters from each county partially or totally within the proposed district may file a petition requesting the creation of a district. However, if no persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the district, the owners of record of all of the real property, except public streets, located within the proposed district may file a petition requesting the creation of a district. The petition shall be filed in the circuit court of any county partially or totally within the proposed district.

2. Alternatively, the governing body of any local transportation authority within any county in which a proposed project may be located may file a petition in the circuit court of that county, requesting the creation of a district.

3. The proposed district area shall be contiguous and may contain all or any portion of one or more municipalities and counties; provided:

(1) Property separated only by public streets, easements or rights-of-way shall be considered contiguous;

(2) In the case of a district formed pursuant to a petition filed by the owners of record of all of the real property located within the proposed district, the proposed district area need not contain contiguous properties if:

(a) The petition provides that the only funding method for project costs will be a sales tax;

(b) The court finds that all of the real property located within the proposed district will benefit by the projects to be undertaken by the district; and

(c) Each parcel within the district is within five miles of every other parcel; and

(3) In the case of a district created pursuant to subsection 5 of this section, property separated

only by public streets, easements, or rights-of-way or connected by a single public street, easement, or right-of-way shall be considered contiguous.

4. The petition shall set forth:

(1) The name, voting residence and county of residence of each individual petitioner, or, if no persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the proposed district, the name and address of each owner of record of real property located within the proposed district, or shall recite that the petitioner is the governing body of a local transportation authority acting in its official capacity;

(2) The name and address of each respondent. Respondents must include the commission and each affected local transportation authority within the proposed district, except a petitioning local transportation authority;

(3) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries including a map illustrating such boundaries;

(4) A general description of each project proposed to be undertaken by that district, including a description of the approximate location of each project;

(5) The estimated project costs and the anticipated revenues to be collected from the project;

(6) The name of the proposed district;

~~[(6)]~~ (7) The number of members of the board of directors of the proposed district, which shall be not less than five or more than fifteen;

~~[(7)]~~ (8) A statement that the terms of office of initial board members shall be staggered in approximately equal numbers to expire in one, two or three years;

~~[(8)]~~ (9) If the petition was filed by registered voters or by a governing body, a request that the question be submitted to the qualified voters within the limits of the proposed district whether they will establish a transportation development district to

develop a specified project or projects;

[(9)] **(10)** A proposal for funding the district initially, pursuant to the authority granted in sections 238.200 to 238.275, together with a request that the funding proposal be submitted to the qualified voters [residing] within the limits of the proposed district; provided, however, the funding method of special assessments may also be approved as provided in subsection 1 of section 238.230; and

[(10)] **(11)** A statement that the proposed district shall not be an undue burden on any owner of property within the district and is not unjust or unreasonable.

5. (1) As an alternative to the methods described in subsections 1 and 2 of this section, if two or more local transportation authorities have adopted resolutions calling for the joint establishment of a district, the governing body of any one such local transportation authority may file a petition in the circuit court of any county in which the proposed project is located requesting the creation of a district.

(2) The proposed district area shall be contiguous and may contain all or any portion of one or more municipalities and counties. Property separated only by public streets, easements, or rights-of-way or connected by a single public street, easement, or right-of-way shall be considered contiguous.

(3) The petition shall set forth:

(a) That the petitioner is the governing body of a local transportation authority acting in its official capacity;

(b) The name of each local transportation authority within the proposed district. The resolution of the governing body of each local transportation authority calling for the joint establishment of the district shall be attached to the petition;

(c) The name and address of each respondent. Respondents must include the commission and

each affected local transportation authority within the proposed district, except a petitioning local transportation authority;

(d) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries including a map illustrating such boundaries;

(e) A general description of each project proposed to be undertaken by the district, including a description of the approximate location of each project;

(f) The name of the proposed district;

(g) The number of members of the board of directors of the proposed district;

(h) A request that the question be submitted to the qualified voters within the limits of the proposed district whether they will establish a transportation development district to develop the projects described in the petition;

(i) A proposal for funding the district initially, pursuant to the authority granted in sections 238.200 to 238.275, together with a request that the imposition of the funding proposal be submitted to the qualified voters residing within the limits of the proposed district; provided, however, the funding method of special assessments may also be approved as provided in subsection 1 of section 238.230; and

(j) A statement that the proposed district shall not be an undue burden on any owner of property within the district and is not unjust or unreasonable.

238.208. 1. The owners of property adjacent to a transportation district formed under the Missouri transportation development district act may petition the court by unanimous petition to add their property to the district. If the property owners within the transportation development district unanimously approve of the addition of property, the adjacent properties in the petition shall be added to the district. Any property added under this section shall be subject to all projects, taxes, and special assessments in effect as of the

date of the court order adding the property to the district. The owners of the added property shall be allowed to vote at the next election scheduled for the district to fill vacancies on the board and on any other question submitted to them by the board under this chapter. The owners of property added under this section shall have one vote per acre in the same manner as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 238.220.

2. The owners of all of the property located in a transportation development district formed under this chapter may, by unanimous petition filed with the board of directors of the district, remove any property from the district, so long as such removal will not materially affect any obligations of the district.

238.225. 1. Before construction or funding of any project, the district shall submit the proposed project, [together with the proposed plans and specifications,] to the commission for its prior approval [of the project]. If the commission by minute finds that the project will improve or is a necessary or desirable extension of the state highways and transportation system, the commission may **preliminarily** approve the project subject to the district **providing plans and specifications for the proposed project and making any revisions in the plans and specifications required by the commission and the district and commission entering into a mutually satisfactory agreement regarding development and future maintenance of the project. After such preliminary approval, the district may impose and collect such taxes and assessments as may be included in the commission's preliminary approval.** After the commission approves the final construction plans and specifications, the district shall obtain prior commission approval of any modification of such plans or specifications.

2. If the proposed project is not intended to be merged into the state highways and transportation system under the commission's jurisdiction, the district shall also submit the proposed project and proposed plans and specifications to the local

transportation authority that will become the owner of the project for its prior approval.

3. In those instances where a local transportation authority is required to approve a project and the commission determines that it has no direct interest in that project, the commission may decline to consider the project. Approval of the project shall then vest exclusively with the local transportation authority subject to the district making any revisions in the plans and specifications required by the local transportation authority and the district and the local transportation authority entering into a mutually satisfactory agreement regarding development and future maintenance of the project. After the local transportation authority approves the final construction plans and specifications, the district shall obtain prior approval of the local transportation authority before modifying such plans or specifications.

238.230. 1. If approved by:

(1) A majority of the qualified voters voting on the question in the district; or

(2) The owners of record of all of the real property located within the district who shall indicate their approval by signing a special assessment petition;

the district may make one or more special assessments for those project improvements which specially benefit the properties within the district. Improvements which may confer special benefits within a district include but are not limited to improvements which are intended primarily to serve traffic originating or ending within the district, to reduce local traffic congestion or circuitry of travel, or to improve the safety of motorists or pedestrians within the district.

2. The ballot question shall be substantially in the following form:

Shall the Transportation Development District be authorized to levy special assessments against property benefited within the

district for the purpose of providing revenue for the development of a project (or projects) in the district (insert general description of the project or projects, if necessary), said special assessments to be levied ratably against each tract, lot or parcel of property within the district which is benefited by such project in proportion to the (insert method of allocating special assessments), in an amount not to exceed \$ per annum per (insert unit of measurement)?

3. The special assessment petition shall be substantially in the following form:

The Transportation Development District shall be authorized to levy special assessments against property benefited within the district for the purpose of providing revenue for the development of a project (or projects) in the district (insert general description of the project or projects, if necessary), said special assessments to be levied pro rata against each tract, lot or parcel or property within the district which is benefited by such project in proportion to the (insert method of allocating special assessments), in an amount not to exceed \$..... per annum per (insert unit of measurement).

4. If a proposal for making a special assessment fails, the district board of directors may, with the prior approval of the commission or the local transportation authority which will assume ownership of the completed project, delete from the project any portion which was to be funded by special assessment and which is not otherwise required for project integrity.

5. A district may establish different classes of real property within the district for purposes of levying differing rates of special assessments. The levy rate for special assessments may vary for each class or subclass based on the level of benefit derived by each class or subclass of real property from projects funded by the district.

238.275. 1. Within six months after development and initial maintenance costs of its completed project have been paid, the district shall

pursuant to contract transfer ownership and control of the project to the commission or a local transportation authority which shall be responsible for all future maintenance costs pursuant to contract. **Such transfer may be made sooner with the consent of the recipient.**

2. At such time as a district has completed its project and has transferred ownership of the project to the commission or other local transportation authority for maintenance, or at such time as the board determines that it is unable to complete its project due to lack of funding or for any other reason, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the Transportation Development District be abolished?

3. The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district while there are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, or while the district is insolvent, in receivership or under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting the question to abolish the district to a vote, the state auditor shall audit the district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the district may be abolished pursuant to law.

4. While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues to which it is entitled at law.

5. Upon receipt of certification by the appropriate election authorities that the majority of those voting within the district have voted to abolish the district, and if the state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board shall:

(1) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and then transfer the proceeds

and any other real or personal property owned by the district, including revenues due and owing the district, to the commission or any appropriate local transportation authority assuming maintenance and control of the project, for its further use and disposition;

(2) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and otherwise conclude its affairs;

(3) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a majority vote that the district has been abolished effective that date; and

(4) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the secretary of state, the director of revenue, the commission, and with each local transportation authority affected by the district. Upon the completion of the final act specified in this subsection, the legal existence of the district shall cease.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Scott moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Green offered **SA 13**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 13

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 13, Section 32.115, Line 9, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“99.820. 1. A municipality may:

(1) By ordinance introduced in the governing body of the municipality within fourteen to ninety days from the completion of the hearing required in section 99.825, approve redevelopment plans and redevelopment projects, and designate redevelopment project areas pursuant to the notice and hearing requirements of sections 99.800 to 99.865. No redevelopment project shall be approved unless a redevelopment plan has been approved and a redevelopment area has been

designated prior to or concurrently with the approval of such redevelopment project and the area selected for the redevelopment project shall include only those parcels of real property and improvements thereon directly and substantially benefited by the proposed redevelopment project improvements;

(2) Make and enter into all contracts necessary or incidental to the implementation and furtherance of its redevelopment plan or project;

(3) Pursuant to a redevelopment plan, subject to any constitutional limitations, acquire by purchase, donation, lease or, as part of a redevelopment project, eminent domain, own, convey, lease, mortgage, or dispose of, land and other property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, and grant or acquire licenses, easements and options with respect thereto, all in the manner and at such price the municipality or the commission determines is reasonably necessary to achieve the objectives of the redevelopment plan. No conveyance, lease, mortgage, disposition of land or other property, acquired by the municipality, or agreement relating to the development of the property shall be made except upon the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body of the municipality. Each municipality or its commission shall establish written procedures relating to bids and proposals for implementation of the redevelopment projects. Furthermore, no conveyance, lease, mortgage, or other disposition of land or agreement relating to the development of property shall be made without making public disclosure of the terms of the disposition and all bids and proposals made in response to the municipality's request. Such procedures for obtaining such bids and proposals shall provide reasonable opportunity for any person to submit alternative proposals or bids;

(4) Within a redevelopment area, clear any area by demolition or removal of existing buildings and structures;

(5) Within a redevelopment area, renovate,

rehabilitate, or construct any structure or building;

(6) Install, repair, construct, reconstruct, or relocate streets, utilities, and site improvements essential to the preparation of the redevelopment area for use in accordance with a redevelopment plan;

(7) Within a redevelopment area, fix, charge, and collect fees, rents, and other charges for the use of any building or property owned or leased by it or any part thereof, or facility therein;

(8) Accept grants, guarantees, and donations of property, labor, or other things of value from a public or private source for use within a redevelopment area;

(9) Acquire and construct public facilities within a redevelopment area;

(10) Incur redevelopment costs and issue obligations;

(11) Make payment in lieu of taxes, or a portion thereof, to taxing districts;

(12) Disburse surplus funds from the special allocation fund to taxing districts as follows:

(a) Such surplus payments in lieu of taxes shall be distributed to taxing districts within the redevelopment area which impose ad valorem taxes on a basis that is proportional to the current collections of revenue which each taxing district receives from real property in the redevelopment area;

(b) Surplus economic activity taxes shall be distributed to taxing districts in the redevelopment area which impose economic activity taxes, on a basis that is proportional to the amount of such economic activity taxes the taxing district would have received from the redevelopment area had tax increment financing not been adopted;

(c) Surplus revenues, other than payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes, deposited in the special allocation fund, shall be distributed on a basis that is proportional to the total receipt of such other revenues in such account in the year

prior to disbursement;

(13) If any member of the governing body of the municipality, a member of a commission established pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, or an employee or consultant of the municipality, involved in the planning and preparation of a redevelopment plan, or redevelopment project for a redevelopment area or proposed redevelopment area, owns or controls an interest, direct or indirect, in any property included in any redevelopment area, or proposed redevelopment area, which property is designated to be acquired or improved pursuant to a redevelopment project, he or she shall disclose the same in writing to the clerk of the municipality, and shall also so disclose the dates, terms, and conditions of any disposition of any such interest, which disclosures shall be acknowledged by the governing body of the municipality and entered upon the minutes books of the governing body of the municipality. If an individual holds such an interest, then that individual shall refrain from any further official involvement in regard to such redevelopment plan, redevelopment project or redevelopment area, from voting on any matter pertaining to such redevelopment plan, redevelopment project or redevelopment area, or communicating with other members concerning any matter pertaining to that redevelopment plan, redevelopment project or redevelopment area. Furthermore, no such member or employee shall acquire any interest, direct or indirect, in any property in a redevelopment area or proposed redevelopment area after either (a) such individual obtains knowledge of such plan or project, or (b) first public notice of such plan, project or area pursuant to section 99.830, whichever first occurs;

(14) Charge as a redevelopment cost the reasonable costs incurred by its clerk or other official in administering the redevelopment project. The charge for the clerk's or other official's costs shall be determined by the municipality based on a recommendation from the commission, created pursuant to this section.

2. Prior to adoption of an ordinance approving the designation of a redevelopment area or approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, the municipality shall create a commission of nine persons if the municipality is a county or a city not within a county and not a first class county with a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand, and eleven persons if the municipality is not a county and not in a first class county with a charter form of government having a population of more than nine hundred thousand, and twelve persons if the municipality is located in or is a first class county with a charter form of government having a population of more than nine hundred thousand, to be appointed as follows:

(1) In all municipalities two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts are included within the redevelopment plan or redevelopment area. Such members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

(2) In all municipalities one member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts, to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within the area selected for a redevelopment project or the redevelopment area, excluding representatives of the governing body of the municipality;

(3) In all municipalities six members shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the municipality, with the consent of the majority of the governing body of the municipality;

(4) In all municipalities which are not counties and not in a first class county with a charter form of government having a population in excess of nine hundred thousand, two members shall be appointed by the county of such municipality in the same manner as members are appointed in subdivision (3) of this subsection;

(5) In a municipality which is a county with a charter form of government having a population in excess of nine hundred thousand, three members

shall be appointed by the cities in the county which have tax increment financing districts in a manner in which the cities shall agree;

(6) In a municipality which is located in the first class county with a charter form of government having a population in excess of nine hundred thousand, three members shall be appointed by the county of such municipality in the same manner as members are appointed in subdivision (3) of this subsection;

(7) In a municipality which is in a county under the authority of the East-West Gateway Council of Governments, except any municipality in any county of the first classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but fewer than ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants, the municipality shall create a commission in the same manner as the commission for a first class county with a charter form of government having a population of more than nine hundred thousand, such commission shall have twelve members with two such members appointed by the school boards whose districts are included in the county in a manner in which such school boards agree, with one such member to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes in a manner in which all such districts agree, three such members appointed either by the county executive or county commissioner, and six such members appointed by the cities in the county which have tax increment financing districts in a manner in which the cities shall agree;

(8) When any city, town, or village under the authority of the East-West Gateway Council of Governments desires to implement a tax increment financing project, such city, town, or village shall first obtain the permission of the county tax increment financing commission created in this subsection within which the city, town, or village is located;

(9) At the option of the members appointed by

the municipality, the members who are appointed by the school boards and other taxing districts may serve on the commission for a term to coincide with the length of time a redevelopment project, redevelopment plan or designation of a redevelopment area is considered for approval by the commission, or for a definite term pursuant to this subdivision. If the members representing school districts and other taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the length of time a redevelopment project, plan or area is approved, such term shall terminate upon final approval of the project, plan or designation of the area by the governing body of the municipality. Thereafter the commission shall consist of the six members appointed by the municipality, except that members representing school boards and other taxing districts shall be appointed as provided in this section prior to any amendments to any redevelopment plans, redevelopment projects or designation of a redevelopment area. If any school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the commission within thirty days of receipt of written notice of a proposed redevelopment plan, redevelopment project or designation of a redevelopment area, the remaining members may proceed to exercise the power of the commission. Of the members first appointed by the municipality, two shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, two shall be designated to serve for a term of three years and two shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed by the municipality shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.

3. The commission, subject to approval of the governing body of the municipality, may exercise the powers enumerated in sections 99.800 to 99.865, except final approval of plans, projects and designation of redevelopment areas. The commission shall hold public hearings and provide notice pursuant to sections 99.825 and 99.830. The

commission shall vote on all proposed redevelopment plans, redevelopment projects and designations of redevelopment areas, and amendments thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project or designation and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the hearing referred to in section 99.825 concerning the adoption of or amendment to redevelopment plans and redevelopment projects and the designation of redevelopment areas. The requirements of subsection 2 of this section and this subsection shall not apply to redevelopment projects upon which the required hearings have been duly held prior to August 31, 1991.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Green moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Green offered **SA 14**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 14

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 13, Section 32.115, Line 9 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“99.805. As used in sections 99.800 to 99.865, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall mean:

(1) “Blighted area”, an area which, by reason of the predominance of defective or inadequate street layout, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site improvements, improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, retards the provision of housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or social liability or a menace to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use;

(2) “Collecting officer”, the officer of the

municipality responsible for receiving and processing payments in lieu of taxes or economic activity taxes from taxpayers or the department of revenue;

(3) “Conservation area”, any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment area located within the territorial limits of a municipality in which fifty percent or more of the structures in the area have an age of thirty-five years or more. Such an area is not yet a blighted area but is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare and may become a blighted area because of any one or more of the following factors: dilapidation; obsolescence; deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land coverage; deleterious land use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; and lack of community planning. A conservation area shall meet at least three of the factors provided in this subdivision for projects approved on or after December 23, 1997;

(4) “Economic activity taxes”, the total additional revenue from taxes which are imposed by a municipality and other taxing districts, and which are generated by economic activities within a redevelopment area over the amount of such taxes generated by economic activities within such redevelopment area in the calendar year prior to the adoption of the ordinance designating such a redevelopment area, while tax increment financing remains in effect, but excluding personal property taxes, taxes imposed on sales or charges for sleeping rooms paid by transient guests of hotels and motels, licenses, fees or special assessments. For redevelopment projects or redevelopment plans approved after December 23, 1997, if a retail establishment relocates within one year from one facility to another facility within the same county and the governing body of the municipality finds that the relocation is a direct beneficiary of tax

increment financing, then for purposes of this definition, the economic activity taxes generated by the retail establishment shall equal the total additional revenues from economic activity taxes which are imposed by a municipality or other taxing district over the amount of economic activity taxes generated by the retail establishment in the calendar year prior to its relocation to the redevelopment area;

(5) “Economic development area”, any area or portion of an area located within the territorial limits of a municipality, which does not meet the requirements of subdivisions (1) and (3) of this section, and in which the governing body of the municipality finds that redevelopment will not be solely used for development of commercial businesses which unfairly compete in the local economy and is in the public interest because it will:

(a) Discourage commerce, industry or manufacturing from moving their operations to another state; or

(b) Result in increased employment in the municipality; or

(c) Result in preservation or enhancement of the tax base of the municipality;

(6) “Gambling establishment”, an excursion gambling boat as defined in section 313.800, RSMo, and any related business facility including any real property improvements which are directly and solely related to such business facility, whose sole purpose is to provide goods or services to an excursion gambling boat and whose majority ownership interest is held by a person licensed to conduct gambling games on an excursion gambling boat or licensed to operate an excursion gambling boat as provided in sections 313.800 to 313.850, RSMo. This subdivision shall be applicable only to a redevelopment area designated by ordinance adopted after December 23, 1997;

(7) **“Greenfield area”, any vacant, unimproved, or agricultural property that is**

located wholly outside the incorporated limits of a city, town, or village, or that is substantially surrounded by contiguous properties with agricultural zoning classifications or uses unless said property was annexed into the incorporated limits of a city, town, or village ten years prior to the adoption of the ordinance approving the redevelopment plan for such greenfield area;

(8) “Municipality”, a city, village, or incorporated town or any county of this state. For redevelopment areas or projects approved on or after December 23, 1997, “municipality” applies only to cities, villages, incorporated towns or counties established for at least one year prior to such date;

[(8)] (9) “Obligations”, bonds, loans, debentures, notes, special certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness issued by a municipality to carry out a redevelopment project or to refund outstanding obligations;

[(9)] (10) “Ordinance”, an ordinance enacted by the governing body of a city, town, or village or a county or an order of the governing body of a county whose governing body is not authorized to enact ordinances;

[(10)] (11) “Payment in lieu of taxes”, those estimated revenues from real property in the area selected for a redevelopment project, which revenues according to the redevelopment project or plan are to be used for a private use, which taxing districts would have received had a municipality not adopted tax increment allocation financing, and which would result from levies made after the time of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing during the time the current equalized value of real property in the area selected for the redevelopment project exceeds the total initial equalized value of real property in such area until the designation is terminated pursuant to subsection 2 of section 99.850;

[(11)] (12) “Redevelopment area”, an area designated by a municipality, in respect to which

the municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified as a blighted area, a conservation area, an economic development area, an enterprise zone pursuant to sections 135.200 to 135.256, RSMo, or a combination thereof, which area includes only those parcels of real property directly and substantially benefited by the proposed redevelopment project;

[(12)] (13) “Redevelopment plan”, the comprehensive program of a municipality for redevelopment intended by the payment of redevelopment costs to reduce or eliminate those conditions, the existence of which qualified the redevelopment area as a blighted area, conservation area, economic development area, or combination thereof, and to thereby enhance the tax bases of the taxing districts which extend into the redevelopment area. Each redevelopment plan shall conform to the requirements of section 99.810;

[(13)] (14) “Redevelopment project”, any development project within a redevelopment area in furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan; any such redevelopment project shall include a legal description of the area selected for the redevelopment project;

[(14)] (15) “Redevelopment project costs” include the sum total of all reasonable or necessary costs incurred or estimated to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, as applicable. Such costs include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Costs of studies, surveys, plans, and specifications;

(b) Professional service costs, including, but not limited to, architectural, engineering, legal, marketing, financial, planning or special services. Except the reasonable costs incurred by the commission established in section 99.820 for the administration of sections 99.800 to 99.865, such costs shall be allowed only as an initial expense which, to be recoverable, shall be included in the

costs of a redevelopment plan or project;

(c) Property assembly costs, including, but not limited to, acquisition of land and other property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of buildings, and the clearing and grading of land;

(d) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction, or repair or remodeling of existing buildings and fixtures;

(e) Initial costs for an economic development area;

(f) Costs of construction of public works or improvements;

(g) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance of obligations, and which may include payment of interest on any obligations issued pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865 accruing during the estimated period of construction of any redevelopment project for which such obligations are issued and for not more than eighteen months thereafter, and including reasonable reserves related thereto;

(h) All or a portion of a taxing district's capital costs resulting from the redevelopment project necessarily incurred or to be incurred in furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan and project, to the extent the municipality by written agreement accepts and approves such costs;

(i) Relocation costs to the extent that a municipality determines that relocation costs shall be paid or are required to be paid by federal or state law;

(j) Payments in lieu of taxes;

[(15)] (16) "Special allocation fund", the fund of a municipality or its commission which contains at least two separate segregated accounts for each redevelopment plan, maintained by the treasurer of the municipality or the treasurer of the commission into which payments in lieu of taxes are deposited in one account, and economic activity taxes and

other revenues are deposited in the other account;

[(16)] (17) "Taxing districts", any political subdivision of this state having the power to levy taxes;

[(17)] (18) "Taxing districts' capital costs", those costs of taxing districts for capital improvements that are found by the municipal governing bodies to be necessary and to directly result from the redevelopment project; and

[(18)] (19) "Vacant land", any parcel or combination of parcels of real property not used for industrial, commercial, or residential buildings.

99.841. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 99.800 to 99.865 to the contrary, no new tax increment financing project shall be authorized in any greenfield area, as such term is defined in section 99.805, that is located within a city not within a county or any county subject to the authority of the East West Gateway Council of Governments. Municipalities not subject to the authority of the East West Gateway Council of Governments may authorize tax increment finance projects in greenfield areas."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Green moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Green offered **SA 15**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 15

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 157, Section 620.1881, Line 14, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"(a) The qualified company did not receive any state or federal benefits, incentives, or tax relief or abatement in locating its facility in a flood plain;"; and

Further renumber the remaining paragraphs

accordingly.

Senator Green moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Green offered **SA 16**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 16

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 151, Section 620.1881, Line 28 of said page, by inserting after “benefit.” the following: **“Any taxpayer who is awarded benefits under this program who knowingly hires individuals who are not allowed to work legally in the United States shall immediately forfeit such benefits and shall repay the state an amount equal to any state tax credits already redeemed and any withholding taxes already retained.”**

Senator Green moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Goodman assumed the Chair.

Senator Green offered **SA 17**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 17

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 13, Section 32.115, Line 9, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“99.825. 1. Prior to the adoption of an ordinance proposing the designation of a redevelopment area, or approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, the commission shall fix a time and place for a public hearing and notify each taxing district located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the proposed redevelopment area, plan or project. At the public hearing any interested person or affected taxing district may file with the commission written objections to, or comments on, and may be heard orally in respect to, any issues embodied in the notice. The commission shall hear and consider all

protests, objections, comments and other evidence presented at the hearing. The hearing may be continued to another date without further notice other than a motion to be entered upon the minutes fixing the time and place of the subsequent hearing. Prior to the conclusion of the hearing, changes may be made in the redevelopment plan, redevelopment project, or redevelopment area, provided that each affected taxing district is given written notice of such changes at least seven days prior to the conclusion of the hearing. After the public hearing but prior to the adoption of an ordinance approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, or designating a redevelopment area, changes may be made to the redevelopment plan, redevelopment projects or redevelopment areas without a further hearing, if such changes do not enlarge the exterior boundaries of the redevelopment area or areas, and do not substantially affect the general land uses established in the redevelopment plan or substantially change the nature of the redevelopment projects, provided that notice of such changes shall be given by mail to each affected taxing district and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the proposed redevelopment not less than ten days prior to the adoption of the changes by ordinance. After the adoption of an ordinance approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, or designating a redevelopment area, no ordinance shall be adopted altering the exterior boundaries, affecting the general land uses established pursuant to the redevelopment plan or changing the nature of the redevelopment project without complying with the procedures provided in this section pertaining to the initial approval of a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project and designation of a redevelopment area. Hearings with regard to a redevelopment project, redevelopment area, or redevelopment plan may be held simultaneously.

2. If, after concluding the hearing required under this section, the commission makes a

recommendation under section 99.820 in opposition to a proposed redevelopment plan, redevelopment project, or designation of a redevelopment area, or any amendments thereto, a municipality desiring to approve such project, plan, designation, or amendments shall do so only upon a two-thirds majority vote of the governing body of such municipality.

3. Tax incremental financing projects within an economic development area shall apply to and fund only the following infrastructure projects: highways, roads, streets, bridges, sewers, traffic control systems and devices, water distribution and supply systems, curbing, sidewalks and any other similar public improvements, but in no case shall it include buildings.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Green moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Rupp offered **SA 18**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 18

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 50, Section 135.600, Line 11, by striking the number “two” and inserting in lieu thereof the number “three”; and

Further amend said section, page 51, line 7, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“9. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any tax credits granted under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed without consent or approval.”.

Senator Rupp moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Graham offered **SA 19**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 19

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate

Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 9, Section 32.115, Line 25, by inserting immediately after the number “32.125” the following:

“and section 135.571, RSMo, with the first one hundred thousand dollars in tax credits remaining to be issued as provided under section 135.571, RSMo”; and

Further amend said bill, page 47, section 135.562, line 25, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“135.571. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) “Contribution”, a payment, gift, loan, advance, deposit, or donation of money or anything of value for the purpose of supporting membership organizations created under chapter 355, RSMo, for the purpose of preserving sites located within the state associated with the Civil War. A contribution of anything of value shall be deemed to have a money value equivalent to the fair market value. “Contribution” includes, but is not limited to:

(a) A taxpayer's own money or property used in support of an eligible organization for the preservation of Missouri's Civil War sites other than expense of the taxpayer's food, lodging, or travel;

(b) Payment by a taxpayer to compensate another person for services rendered to preserve Missouri's Civil War sites, which has been approved by an eligible organization;

(c) Donation of goods and services, including the gift of advertising space in a brochure, booklet, program, pamphlet, or signs to an eligible organization;

(d) Donation of money, goods, property, or services for the creation of signs, pathways, parking, lighting, landscaping, National Register Designation, and environmental and appraisal costs associated with the preservation

of Missouri's Civil War sites approved by an eligible organization;

(e) Payments made or services rendered to an eligible organization, its affiliate, or agent for the acquisition of trademark rights, and consulting by employees and agents of a taxpayer;

(f) Facilities, office space, or equipment supplied by any person without charge or at reduced charges, except gratuitous space for meeting purposes which is made available regularly to the public, to an eligible organization for purposes of the preservation of Missouri's Civil War sites;

(2) "Department", the Missouri department of economic development;

(3) "Director", the director of the Missouri department of economic development;

(4) "Eligible organization", a membership organization created under chapter 355, RSMo, having among its purposes according to its article of incorporation the preservation of sites located within the state associated with the Civil War, and having been in existence for two years prior to application for certification under this section;

(5) "State Tax Liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapters 143, 147, and 153, RSMo, and related provisions, and in the case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, and related provisions;

(6) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation, or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the

provisions of chapter 147, RSMo, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state under the provisions of chapter 148, RSMo, or an individual subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo;

2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount of contribution made to an eligible organization for the preservation of Missouri's Civil War sites. The tax credit authorized by this section shall be fully transferrable, assignable, and saleable. In the case where the credits issued under this section to a taxpayer exceed such taxpayer's tax liability, the excess shall not result in a refund. Such excess credit may be carried forward the next five years until fully claimed. In no case shall the amount of tax credit issued under this section exceed one hundred thousand dollars in any given tax year. In no case shall a taxpayer receive more than twenty-five thousand dollars in tax credits issued under this section in any given tax year. To the extent there are tax credits remaining unissued under subsection 2 of section 32.115, RSMo, the first one hundred thousand dollars of tax credits remaining shall be made available for issuance under this section.

3. An organization desiring certification by the department as an eligible organization shall make application to the department. The department shall examine the organization and determine eligibility as provided in this section. Upon certification, the department shall notify the director of the department of revenue as to the organization's eligibility under the provisions of this section.

4. The department and the department of revenue shall promulgate rules necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this

section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Graham moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Lager offered SA 20:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 20

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 135, Section 620.495, Line 27, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“**620.504. 1.** There is hereby established the “Missouri Workforce Investment Board”, hereinafter referred to as “the board” in sections 620.504 to 620.509.

2. The purpose of the board is to provide workforce investment activities, through statewide and local workforce investment systems, that increase the employment, retention, and earnings of participants, and increase occupational skill attainment by participants, and, as a result, improve the quality of the workforce, reduce welfare dependency, and enhance the productivity and competitiveness of the state of Missouri. The board shall be the state's advisory board

pertaining to workforce preparation policy.

3. The board shall meet the requirements of the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998, hereinafter referred to as the “WIA”, P.L. 105-220, as amended. Should another federal law supplant the “WIA”, all references in sections 620.504 to 620.509 to the WIA shall apply as well to the new federal law.

4. Composition of the board shall comply with the WIA. board members appointed by the governor shall be subject to the advice and consent of the senate. Consistent with the requirements of the WIA, the governor shall designate one member of the board to be its chairperson.

5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 of this section, each member of the board shall serve for a term of four years, subject to the pleasure of the governor, and until a successor is duly appointed. In the event of a vacancy on the board, the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and said replacement shall serve the remainder of the original appointee's unexpired term.

6. Of the members initially appointed to the board, one-fourth shall be appointed for a term of four years, one-fourth shall be appointed for a term of three years, one-fourth shall be appointed for a term of two years, and one-fourth shall be appointed for a term of one year.

7. Board members shall receive no compensation, but shall be reimbursed for all necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

620.507. 1. The board shall establish bylaws governing its organization, operation, and procedure consistent with sections 620.504 to 620.509, RSMo, and consistent with the WIA.

2. The board shall meet at least four times each year at the call of the chairperson.

3. In order to assure objective management

and oversight, the board shall not operate programs or provide services directly to eligible participants, but shall exist solely to plan, coordinate, and monitor the provisions of such programs and services. A member of the board may not vote on a matter under consideration by the board that regards the provision of services by the member or by an entity that the member represents or would provide direct financial benefit to the member or the immediate family of the member. A member of the board may not engage in any other activity determined by the governor to constitute a conflict of interest.

4. The composition and the roles and responsibilities of the board membership may be amended to comply with any succeeding federal or state legislative or regulatory requirements governing workforce investment activities, except that the procedure for such change shall be outlined in state rules and regulations and adopted in the bylaws of the board.

5. The department of economic development shall provide professional, technical, and clerical staff for the board.

6. The board may promulgate any rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of sections 620.504 to 620.509. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

620.509. 1. The board shall assist the governor with the functions described in section 111(d) of the WIA 29 U.S.C. 2821d and any regulations issued pursuant to the WIA.

2. The board shall submit an annual report of its activities to the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and the president pro tern of the senate no later than January thirty-first of each year.

3. Nothing in sections 620.504 to 620.509 shall be construed to require or allow the board to assume or supersede the statutory authority granted to, or impose any duties or requirements on, the state coordinating board for higher education, the governing boards of the state's public colleges and universities, the state board of education, or any local educational agencies.”; and

Further amend said bill, Page 163, Section 620.1881, Line 3 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

“[620.521. Sections 620.521 to 620.530 shall be known and may be cited as the “Missouri Training and Employment Council Act”.]

[620.523. 1. There is hereby established the “Missouri Training and Employment Council”.

2. The Missouri training and employment council shall study and make recommendations regarding the improvement of the state's job training service delivery network. Such recommendations will consider improved federal and state resource use and expanded coordination of state job training and employment activities with other related activities. Using the results of interdepartmental collaboration at early stages of policy formation, the council shall propose a statewide training and employment policy and a

periodically updated plan of services for achieving Missouri's objective of full employment. The council shall serve as a forum for public and private sector representation to encourage cooperative uses of training and employment funding, facilities and staff resources for a more comprehensive and coordinated statewide system.

3. The Missouri training and employment council shall consist of thirty members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The governor shall designate one nongovernmental member to be chairman. The council shall be composed as follows:

(1) Thirty percent of the membership shall be representatives of business, industry and agriculture, including individuals who are representatives of business, industry, and agriculture on private industry councils, job service employer committees or local education advisory committees within the state;

(2) Thirty percent of the membership shall be:

(a) Members of the general assembly and state agencies and organizations. One representative each from the department of economic development, the department of elementary and secondary education, the department of labor and industrial relations and the department of social services shall be appointed;

(b) Representatives of the units or consortia of units of general local government which shall be nominated by the chief elected officials of the units or consortia of units of local government and the representatives of local educational agencies who shall be nominated by local educational agencies. One community college president or

chancellor, one representative of the state council on vocational education and one director of an area vocational school shall be appointed to the council. To the extent feasible, such appointees shall have knowledge of or experience with economic development, job training, education or related areas;

(3) Thirty percent of the membership shall be representatives of organized labor and representatives of community-based organizations in the state;

(4) Ten percent of the membership shall be representatives of the general public.

The composition and the roles and responsibilities of the Missouri training and employment council membership may be amended to comply with any succeeding federal or state legislative or regulatory requirements governing training and employment programs, except that the procedure for such change shall be outlined in state rules and regulations and adopted in the bylaws of the council.

4. Each member of the council shall serve for a term of four years and until a successor is duly appointed; except that, of the members first appointed, six members shall serve for a term of four years, eight members shall serve for a term of three years, eight members shall serve for a term of two years and eight members shall serve for a term of one year. Each member shall continue to serve until a successor is duly appointed. The council shall meet at least four times each year at the call of the chairman.

5. The members of the council shall receive no compensation, but shall be reimbursed for all necessary expenses

actually incurred in the performance of their official duties.]

[620.527. 1. The Missouri training and employment council shall:

(1) Review studies of occupational trends, employment supply and demand, industry growth, job training program participation, labor force literacy and early warning signals that industries are beginning to decline or are in danger of closing;

(2) Report to the governor and to the general assembly regarding statewide training and employment policies which have been developed in concert with interagency assistance from the department of economic development, the department of elementary and secondary education, the department of labor and industrial relations, the department of social services and other agencies delivering training and employment services;

(3) Prepare and submit to appropriate state and local agencies a statewide plan for full-employment services including such activities as labor exchange, job training or retraining, job development, job placement services and labor force literacy;

(4) Work through various state agencies delivering training and employment services to review interagency coordination and program effectiveness;

(5) Review and report to the governor innovative proposals for training and employment programs; and

(6) Encourage the participation of government, business and industry, and unions or other labor organizations, for providing assistance to dislocated

workers, in communities where plant closures occur.

2. The roles, responsibilities and duties of the Missouri job training coordinating council established by Missouri executive order 88-8 are hereby assigned to the Missouri training and employment council. The Missouri training and employment council shall perform all council functions required by the federal Job Training Partnership Act, as amended, as well as the expanded requirements defined by sections 620.521 to 620.530.]

[620.528. No later than September 1, 1992, the Missouri training and employment council shall submit to the governor and to the general assembly a proposed statewide training and employment policy. This policy shall address public and private participation toward achieving Missouri's objective of full employment. The policy shall also address methods to improve federal and state resource use in the providing of job training services and coordination of training and employment activities with other related activities.]

[620.529. 1. The Missouri training and employment council shall prepare and recommend a statewide training and employment plan for consideration by appropriate state and local agencies by 1993. The plan shall be reviewed annually and updated periodically and shall propose implementation timetables, measurable objectives and specific courses of action. The plan shall describe possible cooperative uses of training and employment funding, facilities and staff resources whenever feasible and shall focus on the development of a more coordinated training and employment delivery system.

2. The plan shall include provisions to accomplish the following objectives by the administering agencies:

(1) Provide a streamlined intake and assessment process for persons seeking training and employment assistance;

(2) Target appropriate skill areas for training so that persons are trained for positions expected to exist in the labor market;

(3) Allow workers with obsolete or inadequate skills to have their skills upgraded while retaining employment;

(4) Retrain workers displaced by high technology industry and plant closings to reenter the Missouri workforce;

(5) Involve business and industry in the planning, operation and evaluation of training programs;

(6) Encourage and assist local educational agencies, vocational technical schools and post-secondary institutions to coordinate their curricula and course selections with the changing needs of business and industry;

(7) Develop programs to improve the use of apprenticeship as a method of instruction in Missouri.

3. The objectives listed in subsection 2 of this section shall be the foundation for interagency efforts to coordinate services and offer programs which maximize resources to meet Missouri's workforce needs while recognizing various agency roles and responsibilities.]

[620.530. 1. The division of job development and training shall provide professional, technical and clerical staff support and resources to the Missouri

training and employment council; administer training programs authorized under the federal Job Training Partnership Act; administer programs authorized under sections 620.470 to 620.481; and administer such other federal or state job development and training programs as are assigned to the division.

2. The division shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out its responsibility to the Missouri training and employment council and to develop the plans and policies adopted by the council. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 620.470 to 620.570 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.]

[620.537. 1. The department of economic development shall commission a new targeted industries study to identify those general areas of the Missouri economy where growth and increased employment is likely to occur in the next decade, and to ascertain necessary, associated work force skills and requirements. The completed study shall be distributed to all Missouri state agencies which provide job training services in order to promote collaboration in the development of employment projections and in the delivery of training services, and to any local economic development agency requesting a copy of such study.

2. The Missouri training and employment council, in conjunction with the state's private industry councils, the state's community colleges, the state's area vocational technical schools, community action agencies, as defined in section 660.370, RSMo, the department

of economic development, the department of elementary and secondary education, the department of labor and industrial relations, the department of social services, and the Missouri state council on vocational education shall initiate a study regarding the value of a clustered or regional focus on job training, including the establishment of customized, technical training centers and utilization of portable equipment. Emphasis will be placed on the determination of broad occupational training needs.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Lager moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Bartle offered **SA 21**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 21

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 123, Section 348.273, Line 9 of said page, by striking the words “human cloning,” on said line; and

further amend said bill, page 126, section 348.274, line 2 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

“8. None of the tax credits issued under this section shall be used to subsidize life sciences research.”.

Senator Bartle moved that the above amendment be adopted.

At the request of Senator Bartle, **SA 21** was withdrawn.

Senator Bartle offered **SA 22**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 22

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 123,

Section 348.273, Line 9 of said page, by striking the words “human cloning,” on said line; and

further amend said bill, page 126, section 348.274, line 2 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

“8. None of the tax credits issued under this section shall be used to subsidize human embryonic research.”.

Senator Bartle moved that the above amendment be adopted.

Senator Griesheimer offered **SSA 1** for **SA 22**, which was read:

SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT NO. 1
FOR SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 22

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Pages 122-124, Section 348.273, by striking all of said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, section 348.274, pages 124-126 by striking all of said section from the bill; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Griesheimer moved that the above substitute amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Koster offered **SA 23**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 23

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 19, Section 99.1200, Line 11 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

“No tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized after August 28, 2013. Any tax credits which have been authorized on or before August 28, 2013, but not issued, may be issued, subject to the limitations provided under this subsection, until all such authorized tax credits

have been issued.”; and

Further amend said bill and section, page 20, lines 17-19, by striking all of such lines.

Senator Koster moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Days offered **SA 24**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 24

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 121, Section 208.750, Line 17, by inserting immediately after the word “RSMo,” the following: “**or any nonprofit corporation formed under chapter 355, RSMo,**”; and

Further amend said bill and section, page 122, line 17 by inserting after all of said line the following:

“208.755. 1. There is hereby established within the department of economic development a program to be known as the “Family Development Account Program”. The program shall provide eligible families and individuals with an opportunity to establish special savings accounts for moneys which may be used by such families and individuals for education, home ownership or small business capitalization.

2. The department shall solicit proposals from community-based organizations seeking to administer the accounts on a not-for-profit basis. Community-based organization proposals shall include:

(1) A requirement that the individual account holder or the family of an account holder match the contributions of a community-based organization member by contributing cash;

(2) A process for including account holders in decision making regarding the investment of funds in the accounts;

(3) Specifications of the population or populations targeted for priority participation in

the program;

(4) A requirement that the individual account holder or the family of an account holder attend economic literacy seminars;

(5) A process for including economic literacy seminars in the family development account program; and

(6) A process for regular evaluation and review of family development accounts to ensure program compliance by account holders.

3. In reviewing the proposals of community-based organizations, the department shall consider the following factors:

(1) The not-for-profit status of such organization;

(2) The fiscal accountability of the community-based organization;

(3) The ability of the community-based organization to provide or raise moneys for matching contributions;

(4) The ability of the community-based organization to establish and administer a reserve fund account which shall receive all contributions from program contributors; and

(5) The significance and quality of proposed auxiliary services, including economic literacy seminars, and their relationship to the goals of the family development account program.

4. No more than [twenty] **fifteen** percent of all funds in the reserve fund account may be used for administrative costs of the program in each of the first two years of the program, and no more than [fifteen] **ten** percent of such funds may be used for administrative costs for any subsequent year. Funds deposited by account holders shall not be used for administrative costs.

5. The department shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement and administer the provisions of sections 208.750 to 208.775. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the

authority of sections 208.750 to 208.775 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Days moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Ridgeway offered **SA 25**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 25

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 24, Section 100.286, Line 23 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

“135.400. As used in sections 135.400 to 135.430, the following terms mean:

(1) “Certificate”, a tax credit certificate issued by the department of economic development in accordance with sections 135.400 to 135.430;

(2) [“Community bank”, either a bank community development corporation or development bank, which are financial organizations which receive investments from commercial financial institutions regulated by the federal reserve, the office of the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision, or the Missouri division of finance. Community banks, in addition to their other privileges, shall be allowed to make loans to businesses or equity investments in businesses or in real estate provided that such transactions have associated public benefits;

(3) “Community development corporation”, a not-for-profit corporation whose board of directors is composed of businesses, civic and community leaders, and whose primary purpose is to encourage and promote the industrial, economic, entrepreneurial, commercial, and civic development or redevelopment of a community or area, including the provision of housing and community development projects that benefit

low-income individuals and communities;

[(4)] (4) “Department”, the Missouri department of economic development;

[(5)] (3) “Director”, the director of the department of economic development, or a person acting under the supervision of the director;

[(6)] (4) “Investment”, a transaction in which a Missouri small business [or a community bank] receives a monetary benefit from an investor pursuant to the provisions of sections 135.403 to 135.414;

[(7)] (5) “Investor”, an individual, partnership, financial institution, trust or corporation meeting the eligibility requirements of sections 135.403 to 135.414. In the case of partnerships and nontaxable trusts, the individual partners or beneficiaries shall be treated as the investors;

(6) **“Missouri innovation center”, an innovation center created under section 348.271, RSMo;**

[(8)] (7) “Missouri small business”, an independently owned and operated business as defined in Title 15 U.S.C. Section 632(a) and as described by Title 13 CFR Part 121, which is headquartered in Missouri and which employs at least eighty percent of its employees in Missouri, except that no such small business shall employ more than one hundred employees. Such businesses must be involved in interstate or intrastate commerce for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or assembling products, conducting research and development, or providing services in interstate commerce, but excluding retail, real estate, insurance or professional services[. For the purpose of qualifying for the tax credit pursuant to sections 135.400 to 135.430, “Missouri small business” shall include cooperative marketing associations organized pursuant to chapter 274, RSMo, which are engaged in the business of producing and marketing fuels derived from agriculture commodities, without regard for whether a cooperative marketing

association has more than one hundred employees. Cooperative marketing associations organized pursuant to chapter 274, RSMo, shall not be required to comply with the requirements of section 135.414];

[(9)] **(8)** “Primary employment”, work which pays at least the [minimum] **county average** wage and which is not seasonal or part-time;

[(10)] **(9)** “Principal owners”, one or more persons who own an aggregate of fifty percent or more of the Missouri small business and who are involved in the operation of the business as a full-time professional activity;

[(11)] **(10)** “Project”, any commercial or industrial business or other economic development activity undertaken in a target area, designed to reduce conditions of blight, unemployment or widespread reliance on public assistance which creates permanent primary employment opportunities;

(11) “Rural area”, a county with a population of less than seventy-five thousand inhabitants or that does not contain an individual city with a population greater than fifty thousand inhabitants according to the most recent federal consensus;

(12) “Small business development center”, a center as referenced in section 620.1003, RSMo;

[(12)] **(13)** “State tax liability”, any liability incurred by a taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, chapter 148, RSMo, section 375.916, RSMo, and chapter 153, RSMo, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, and related provisions;

[(13)] “Target area”, a group of blocks or a self-defined neighborhood where the rate of poverty in the area is greater than twice the national poverty rate and as defined by the department of social services in conjunction with

the department of economic development. Areas of the state satisfying the criteria of this subdivision may be designated as a “target area” following appropriate findings made and certified by the departments of economic development and social services. In making such findings, the departments of economic development and social services may use any commonly recognized records and statistical indices published or made available by any agency or instrumentality of the federal or state government. No area of the state shall be a target area until so certified by the department of social services and the revitalization plan submitted pursuant to section 208.335, RSMo, has received approval.] **(14)** “Small business tax credit review committee”, a committee consisting of two representatives from the department of economic development, two representatives from the Missouri small business development centers, and one representative from a Missouri innovation center. This committee shall review all applications for the Missouri small business investment tax credit and make recommendations to the department of economic development on the authorization of such tax credits.

135.403. 1. Any investor who makes a qualified investment **up to one hundred thousand dollars** in a Missouri small business [shall be entitled to receive] **may be issued** a tax credit equal to [forty] **thirty** percent of the amount of the investment [or, in the case of a qualified investment in a Missouri small business in a distressed community as defined by section 135.530, a credit equal to sixty percent of the amount of the investment, and any investor who makes a qualified investment in a community bank or a community development corporation shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the amount of the investment if the investment is made in a community bank or community development corporation for direct investment. The total amount of tax credits available for

qualified investments in Missouri small businesses shall not exceed thirteen million dollars and at least four million dollars of the amount authorized by this section and certified by the department of economic development shall be for investment in Missouri small businesses in distressed communities. Authorization for all or any part of this four-million-dollar amount shall in no way restrict the eligibility of Missouri small businesses in distressed communities, as defined in section 135.530, for the remaining amounts authorized within this section. No more than twenty percent of the tax credits available each year for investments in community banks or community development corporations for direct investment shall be certified for any one project, as defined in section 135.400]. **If the investment is in small businesses located in a distressed community as defined in section 135.530 or in a rural area, the investor may be issued tax credits equal to forty percent of the amount of the investment. Effective August 28, 2007, ten million dollars of tax credits each fiscal year shall be available for qualified investments in Missouri small businesses.** The tax credit shall be evidenced by a tax credit certificate in accordance with the provisions of sections 135.400 to 135.430 and may be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of the certificate that becomes due in the tax year in which the qualified investment is made, or in any of the ten tax years thereafter. [When the qualified small business is in a distressed community, as defined in section 135.530, the tax credit may also be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of the certificate that was due during each of the previous three years in addition to the year in which the investment is made and any of the ten years thereafter.] No investor may receive a tax credit pursuant to sections 135.400 to 135.430 unless that person presents a tax credit certificate to the department of revenue for payment of such state tax liability. The department of revenue shall grant tax credits in the same order as established by subsection 1 of section 32.115, RSMo. Subject to the provisions of sections 135.400 to 135.430,

certificates of tax credit issued in accordance with these sections may be transferred, sold or assigned by notarized endorsement thereof which names the transferee.

2. [Five hundred thousand dollars in tax credits shall be available annually from the total amount of tax credits authorized by section 32.110, RSMo, and subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of section 32.115, RSMo, as a result of investments in community banks or community development corporations. Aggregate investments eligible for tax credits in any one Missouri small business shall not be more than one million dollars. Aggregate investments eligible for tax credits in any one Missouri small business shall not be less than five thousand dollars as of the date of issuance of the first tax credit certificate for investment in that business.] **All applications for the Missouri small business investment tax credit shall be submitted to the department of economic development. The small business tax credit review committee shall review and qualify all applications for the small business investment tax credit. The department of economic development shall not issue any certificates without the approval of the committee.**

3. [This section and section 620.1039, RSMo, shall become effective January 1, 2001.] **If the investor is an individual, partnership, trust, or corporation meeting the eligibility requirements of sections 135.403 to 135.414, a tax credit shall be issued if approved. In the case of partnerships and nontaxable trusts, the individual partners or beneficiaries shall be treated as the investors. If the investor is a financial institution that has made a loan not to exceed one million dollars to the qualified Missouri small business, the tax credit shall be held as a guarantee on the loan and shall only be issued and redeemed by the financial institution if the small business defaults on the loan within the first five years of the loan.”; and**

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Ridgeway moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Smith offered SA 26:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 26

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 67, Section 135.750, Line 5, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“135.760. 1. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a resident individual who is allowed a federal earned income tax credit under Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, RSMo, not including sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, in an amount equal to five percent of the allowable federal earned income tax credit. The tax credit allowed by this section shall be claimed by such individual at the time such individual files a return and shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143, RSMo. Where the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability, the difference shall be refunded to the taxpayer or carried forward into each subsequent taxable year until such credit is fully used.

2. The director of the department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the

grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

3. Notwithstanding the provision of subsection 4 of section 32.057, RSMo, the department of revenue or any duly authorized employee or agent shall determine whether any taxpayer filing a report or return with the department of revenue who has not applied for the credit allowed under this section may qualify for the credit, and shall notify any qualified claimant of the claimant's potential eligibility, where the department determines such potential eligibility exists.

4. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri Sunset Act:

(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset on December thirty-first six years after the effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset on December thirty-first twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

(3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Smith moved that the above amendment be adopted.

Senator Callahan requested a roll call vote be taken and was joined in his request by Senators Coleman, Days, Justus and Smith.

SA 26 failed of adoption by the following vote:

YEAS—Senators

Bray	Callahan	Coleman	Days
Engler	Graham	Green	Griesheimer
Justus	Kennedy	Mayer	McKenna
Shoemyer	Smith	Wilson—15	

NAYS—Senators

Bartle	Champion	Clemens	Crowell
Gibbons	Goodman	Gross	Koster
Lager	Loudon	Nodler	Purgason
Ridgeway	Rupp	Scott	Shields
Stouffer	Vogel—18		

Absent—Senator Barnitz—1

Absent with leave—Senators—None

Vacancies—None

Senator Bartle offered **SA 27**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 27

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 163, Section 620.1881, Line 3, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

“[578.395. 1. Any person, firm, or corporation who resells or offers to resell any ticket for admission, or any other evidence of the right of entry, to any public sporting event for a price in excess of the price printed on the ticket is guilty of the offense of ticket scalping. For purposes of this section, if a seller requires, as a precondition of the resale of a ticket, the purchase or rental of other goods or services at a price in excess of the fair market value of such goods or services, the excess amount shall be deemed to be part of the purchase price of the ticket.

2. Nothing in this section shall prohibit nor shall be deemed to prohibit a seller, with consent of the sponsor of such sporting event, from collecting a reasonable service charge from a ticket purchaser in return for services actually rendered.

3. Any person violating this section upon conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, shall be punished as follows:

(1) For the first offense, by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than fifteen days;

(2) For the second offense, by a fine of not less than three hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than sixty days nor more than six months;

(3) For the third and each subsequent offense, by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than six months nor more than one year.

4. In lieu of any fine imposed under subsection 3 of this section, the court may invoke the provisions of subsection 2 of section 560.016, RSMo, against any person convicted of a second or subsequent offense of this section.]; and further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Bartle moved that the above amendment be adopted.

Senator Loudon offered **SA 1** to **SA 27**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO
SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 27

Amend Senate Amendment No. 27 to Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 2, Section 578.395, Line 13, by adding after the word “and” the following:

(5) No person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation shall purchase more than ten tickets at one time, except that any ticket issuer may allow the purchase of any amount of tickets through a group sales office.

Senator Loudon moved that the above

amendment be adopted.

At the request of Senator Loudon, the above amendment was withdrawn.

Senator Loudon offered **SA 2** to **SA 27**, which was read:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO
SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 27

Amend Senate Amendment No. 27 to Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 1, Line 2 of said amendment adding after the word "following" the following:

"Section 1. No person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation shall purchase more than twenty tickets at one time, except that any ticket issuer may allow the purchaser of any amount of tickets through a group sales office."

Senator Loudon moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

SA 27, as amended, was again taken up.

Senator Bartle moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Coleman offered **SA 28**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 28

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 87, Section 135.1150, Line 14 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"142.815. 1. Motor fuel used for the following nonhighway purposes is exempt from the fuel tax imposed by this chapter, and a refund may be claimed by the consumer, except as provided for in subsection (1) of this section, if the tax has been paid and no refund has been previously issued:

(1) Motor fuel used for nonhighway purposes including fuel for farm tractors or stationary engines owned or leased and operated by any person and used exclusively for agricultural purposes and including, beginning January 1,

2006, bulk sales of one hundred gallons or more of gasoline made to farmers and delivered by the ultimate vender to a farm location for agricultural purposes only. As used in this section, the term "farmer" shall mean any person engaged in farming in an authorized farm corporation, family farm, or family farm corporation as defined in section 350.010, RSMo. At the discretion of the ultimate vender, the refund may be claimed by the ultimate vender on behalf of the consumer for sales made to farmers and to persons engaged in construction for agricultural purposes as defined in section 142.800. After December 31, 2000, the refund may be claimed only by the consumer and may not be claimed by the ultimate vender unless bulk sales of gasoline are made to a farmer after January 1, 2006, as provided in this subdivision and the farmer provides an exemption certificate to the ultimate vender, in which case the ultimate vender may make a claim for refund under section 142.824 but shall be liable for any erroneous refund;

(2) Kerosene sold for use as fuel to generate power in aircraft engines, whether in aircraft or for training, testing or research purposes of aircraft engines;

(3) Diesel fuel used as heating oil, or in railroad locomotives or any other motorized flanged-wheel rail equipment, or used for other nonhighway purposes other than as expressly exempted pursuant to another provision.

2. Subject to the procedural requirements and conditions set out in this chapter, the following uses are exempt from the tax imposed by section 142.803 on motor fuel, and a deduction or a refund may be claimed:

(1) Motor fuel for which proof of export is available in the form of a terminal-issued destination state shipping paper and which is either:

(a) Exported by a supplier who is licensed in the destination state or through the bulk transfer system;

(b) Removed by a licensed distributor for immediate export to a state for which all the applicable taxes and fees (however nominated in that state) of the destination state have been paid to the supplier, as a trustee, who is licensed to remit tax to the destination state; or which is destined for use within the destination state by the federal government for which an exemption has been made available by the destination state subject to procedural rules and regulations promulgated by the director; or

(c) Acquired by a licensed distributor and which the tax imposed by this chapter has previously been paid or accrued either as a result of being stored outside of the bulk transfer system immediately prior to loading or as a diversion across state boundaries properly reported in conformity with this chapter and was subsequently exported from this state on behalf of the distributor;

The exemption pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be claimed by a deduction on the report of the supplier which is otherwise responsible for remitting the tax upon removal of the product from a terminal or refinery in this state. The exemption pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision shall be claimed by the distributor, upon a refund application made to the director within three years. A refund claim may be made monthly or whenever the claim exceeds one thousand dollars;

(2) Undyed K-1 kerosene sold at retail through dispensers which have been designed and constructed to prevent delivery directly from the dispenser into a vehicle fuel supply tank, and undyed K-1 kerosene sold at retail through nonbarricaded dispensers in quantities of not more than twenty-one gallons for use other than for highway purposes. Exempt use of undyed kerosene shall be governed by rules and regulations of the director. If no rules or regulations are promulgated by the director, then the exempt use of undyed kerosene shall be governed by rules and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service. A

distributor or supplier delivering to a retail facility shall obtain an exemption certificate from the owner or operator of such facility stating that its sales conform to the dispenser requirements of this subdivision. A licensed distributor, having obtained such certificate, may provide a copy to his or her supplier and obtain undyed kerosene without the tax levied by section 142.803. Having obtained such certificate in good faith, such supplier shall be relieved of any responsibility if the fuel is later used in a taxable manner. An ultimate vendor who obtained undyed kerosene upon which the tax levied by section 142.803 had been paid and makes sales qualifying pursuant to this subsection may apply for a refund of the tax pursuant to application, as provided in section 142.818, to the director provided the ultimate vendor did not charge such tax to the consumer;

(3) Motor fuel sold to the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. This exemption shall be claimed as provided in section 142.818;

(4) Motor fuel used solely and exclusively as fuel to propel school buses, as such term is defined under subdivision (19) of section 302.010, RSMo, on the public roads and highways of this state when leased or owned and when being operated by a public school district of this state, or leased or owned by a person under contract with such district for the provision of bus services for educational purposes. The exemption for use under this subdivision shall be made available to the school district for whose educational purposes the fuel is consumed, whether the fuel was purchased by such school district or by another under a contract to provide bus service for such school district, upon a refund application stating that the motor fuel was purchased for the exclusive use of the school districts.

(5) Motor fuel used solely and exclusively as fuel to propel motor vehicles on the public roads and highways of this state when leased or owned and when being operated by a federally recognized Indian tribe in the performance of essential

governmental functions, such as providing police, fire, health or water services. The exemption for use pursuant to this subdivision shall be made available to the tribal government upon a refund application stating that the motor fuel was purchased for the exclusive use of the tribe in performing named essential governmental services;

[(5)] (6) Motor fuel sold within an Indian reservation or within Indian country by a federally recognized Indian tribe to a member of that tribe and used in motor vehicles owned by a member of the tribe within Indian country. This exemption does not apply to sales within an Indian reservation or within Indian country by a federally recognized Indian tribe to non-Indian consumers or to Indian consumers who are not members of the tribe selling the motor fuel. This exemption shall be administered as provided in section 142.821;

[(6)] (7) That portion of motor fuel used to operate equipment attached to a motor vehicle, if the motor fuel was placed into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle that has a common fuel reservoir for travel on a highway and for the operation of equipment, or if the motor fuel was placed in a separate fuel tank and used only for the operation of auxiliary equipment. The exemption for use pursuant to this subdivision shall be claimed by a refund claim filed by the consumer who shall provide evidence of an allocation of use satisfactory to the director;

[(7)] (8) Motor fuel acquired by a consumer out-of-state and carried into this state, retained within and consumed from the same vehicle fuel supply tank within which it was imported, except interstate motor fuel users;

[(8)] (9) Motor fuel which was purchased tax-paid and which was lost or destroyed as a direct result of a sudden and unexpected casualty or which had been accidentally contaminated so as to be unsalable as highway fuel as shown by proper documentation as required by the director. The exemption pursuant to this subdivision shall

be refunded to the person or entity owning the motor fuel at the time of the contamination or loss. Such person shall notify the director in writing of such event and the amount of motor fuel lost or contaminated within ten days from the date of discovery of such loss or contamination, and within thirty days after such notice, shall file an affidavit sworn to by the person having immediate custody of such motor fuel at the time of the loss or contamination, setting forth in full the circumstances and the amount of the loss or contamination and such other information with respect thereto as the director may require;

[(9)] (10) Dyed diesel fuel or dyed kerosene used for an exempt purpose. This exemption shall be claimed as follows:

(a) A supplier or importer shall take a deduction against motor fuel tax owed on their monthly report for those gallons of dyed diesel fuel or dyed kerosene imported or removed from a terminal or refinery destined for delivery to a point in this state as shown on the shipping papers;

(b) This exemption shall be claimed by a deduction on the report of the supplier which is otherwise responsible for remitting the tax on removal of the product from a terminal or refinery in this state;

(c) This exemption shall be claimed by the distributor, upon a refund application made to the director within three years. A refund claim may be made monthly or whenever the claim exceeds one thousand dollars.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Coleman moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Clemens offered **SA 29**:

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 29

Amend Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 327, Page 55,

Section 135.630, Line 21 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

“135.660. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the “Qualified Beef Tax Credit Act”.

2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) “Agricultural property”, any real and personal property, including but not limited to buildings, structures, improvements, equipment, and livestock, that is used in or is to be used in this state by residents of this state for:

(a) The operation of a farm or ranch; and

(b) Grazing, feeding, or the care of livestock;

(2) “Authority”, the agricultural and small business development authority established in chapter 348, RSMo;

(3) “Qualifying beef animal”, any beef animal that is certified by the authority, that was born in this state after August 28, 2008, that was raised and backgrounded or finished in this state by the taxpayer, and that weighs more than four hundred fifty pounds, excluding any beef animal more than thirty months of age;

(4) “Qualifying sale”, the first time a qualifying beef animal is sold in this state after the qualifying beef animal's weight reaches four hundred fifty pounds, and a subsequent sale if the weight of the qualifying beef animal at the time of the subsequent sale is greater than the weight of the qualifying beef animal at the time of the first qualifying sale of such beef animal;

(5) “Tax credit”, a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, or otherwise due under chapter 147, RSMo;

(6) “Taxpayer”, any individual or entity

who:

(a) Is subject to the tax imposed in chapter 143, RSMo, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, or the tax imposed in chapter 147, RSMo;

(b) In the case of an individual, is a resident of this state; and

(c) Owns or rents agricultural property.

3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, but ending on or before December 31, 2016, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit for each qualifying sale of a qualifying beef animal. The tax credit amount shall be based on the qualifying beef animal's weight at the time of the first qualifying sale, and shall be equal to ten cents per pound above four hundred fifty pounds and for a subsequent qualifying sale, ten cents per pound above the weight of the qualifying beef animal at the time of the first qualifying sale of such beef animal or four hundred fifty pounds, whichever weight is greater.

4. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed. No tax credit claimed under this section shall be refundable. The tax credit shall be claimed in the taxable year in which the qualifying sale of the qualifying beef occurred, but any amount of credit that the taxpayer is prohibited by this section from claiming in a taxable year may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five subsequent taxable years and carried backward to any of the taxpayer's three previous taxable years. The amount of tax credits that may be issued to all eligible applicants claiming tax credits authorized in this section in a fiscal year shall not exceed ten million dollars, and the cumulative amount of tax credits that may be issued to all eligible applicants claiming all tax credits authorized in this section shall not

exceed thirty million dollars.

5. To claim the tax credit allowed under this section, the taxpayer shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit on a form provided by the authority. The application shall be filed with the authority at the end of each calendar year in which a qualified sale was made and for which a tax credit is claimed under this section. The application shall include any documentation and information required by the authority. All required information obtained by the authority shall be confidential and not disclosed except by court order or as otherwise provided by law. If the taxpayer and the qualified sale meets all criteria required by this section and is approved by the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credit certificates issued under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, and the new owner of the tax credit certificate shall have the same rights in the tax credit as the original taxpayer. Whenever a tax credit certificate is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit certificate or the value of the tax credit.

6. Any information provided under this section shall be confidential information, to be shared with no one except state and federal animal health officials, and shall not be subject to subpoena or other compulsory production.

7. The department of agriculture and the authority may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are

nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

8. This section shall not be subject to the Missouri sunset act, sections 23.250 to 23.298, RSMo.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senator Clemens moved that the above amendment be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Griesheimer moved that **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 327**, as amended, be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Senator Griesheimer moved that **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 327**, as amended, be read the 3rd time and finally passed and was recognized to close.

President Pro Tem Gibbons referred **SS** for **SCS** for **HCS** for **HB 327**, as amended, to the Committee on Governmental Accountability and Fiscal Oversight.

REFERRALS

President Pro Tem Gibbons referred the gubernatorial appointments appearing on page 786 to the Committee on Gubernatorial Appointments.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

The following message was received from the House of Representatives through its Chief Clerk:

Mr. President: I am instructed by the House of

Representatives to inform the Senate that the House has adopted **SS** for **HCS** for **HB 453** and has taken up and passed **SS** for **HCS** for **HB 453**.

RESOLUTIONS

Senator Scott offered Senate Resolution No. 865, regarding Elizabeth Wenger Cook, Clinton, which was adopted.

INTRODUCTIONS OF GUESTS

Senator Engler introduced to the Senate, Lieutenant Mark Mattina and Chief Phil Johnson of the Farmington Fire Department.

Senator Days introduced to the Senate, Lynn Nipper, St. Louis.

Senator Graham introduced to the Senate, the Physician of the Day, Dr. Kieth Groh, M.D., Columbia.

Senator Shoemyer introduced to the Senate, Dennis Miller and students from Kirksville Homeschool Association.

Senator Purgason introduced to the Senate, Dr. Don Hamby, Jane Ward, Tracy Dean, Amanda Ratliff, Rogers Taylor, Sam Moody, Chad Robertson, Justin Bennett and Jerry Adkins, representatives of Missouri State University, West Plains.

Senator Graham introduced to the Senate, University of Missouri Interim-President Dr. Gordon Lamb.

On behalf of Senators Bray, Smith and herself, Senator Coleman introduced to the Senate, Shirley Johnson, Graham A. Colditz, MD, DrPH, Brian C. Springer, MHA and Timothy J. Eberlein, M.D., St. Louis.

Senator Coleman introduced to the Senate, Vivian Gibson, Cheryl Landzaat, Wade Chatfield,

and Jabari and Akilah Aitch, representatives of Big Brothers and Big Sisters, St. Louis; and Jabari and Akilah were made honorary pages.

Senator Engler introduced to the Senate, Reverend Harry Douma, representatives and students from Camp Penuel, Ironton.

Senator McKenna introduced to the Senate, twenty-eight seventh grade students from St. Joseph Elementary School, Imperial; and Emma Randolph, Coleen Wieland, Steven Tanner and Dylan Schindler were made honorary pages.

Senator Graham introduced to the Senate, Jason Calhoun, M.D., Joel Jeffries, M.D., Tom Reinsel, M.D., Greg Galakatos, M.D. and Michael Grillot, M.D. of the Missouri State Orthopaedic Association.

Senator Smith introduced to the Senate, Mike Weiss, St. Louis.

Senator Gross introduced to the Senate, members of Big Brothers and Big Sisters from around the state.

Senator Crowell introduced to the Senate, students from St. Paul Lutheran School, Cape Girardeau County.

On behalf of Senator Mayer and himself, Senator Kennedy introduced to the Senate, Doug and Nate Kennedy, Poplar Bluff.

Senator Lager introduced to the Senate, members of 2006 and 2007 Class 1A State Champion Jefferson C-123 boys basketball team, Conception.

Senator Clemens introduced to the Senate, Betty Lynn, Kansas City; and Nicholas and Sarah Inman, Marshfield.

On motion of Senator Shields, the Senate adjourned under the rules.

SENATE CALENDAR

 FIFTY-THIRD DAY—THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 2007

FORMAL CALENDAR

HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HJR 19-Bearden, et al

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

SS for SCS for SB 21-Griesheimer

SS for SCS for SB 85-Champion

(In Fiscal Oversight)

SB 433-Callahan and Rupp

SS for SCS for SB 429-Gibbons

(In Fiscal Oversight)

SCS for SB 313-Scott

SENATE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. SB 668-Loudon, with SCS | 18. SB 654-Kennedy |
| 2. SB 496-Koster and Bartle, with SCS | 19. SB 563-Lager, with SCS |
| 3. SBs 660, 553, 557, 167, 258, 114 &
378-Mayer, with SCS | 20. SB 635-Loudon, with SCS |
| 4. SBs 555 & 38-Gibbons, with SCS | 21. SB 586-Crowell, with SCS |
| 5. SB 499-Engler and Clemens, with SCS | 22. SB 358-Engler |
| 6. SB 572-Vogel | 23. SB 616-McKenna, with SCS |
| 7. SB 627-Ridgeway | 24. SB 644-Griesheimer |
| 8. SB 599-Engler, with SCS | 25. SBs 372 & 366-Justus and Koster,
with SCS |
| 9. SB 205-Stouffer and Gibbons, with SCS | 26. SB 388-Mayer, with SCS |
| 10. SB 521-Lager, et al, with SCS | 27. SB 225-Stouffer, with SCS |
| 11. SB 611-Goodman, with SCS | 28. SB 571-Mayer, with SCS |
| 12. SB 537-Lager | 29. SB 652-Coleman and Gibbons, with SCS |
| 13. SB 523-Scott, with SCS | 30. SB 699-Lager, with SCS |
| 14. SB 542-Scott, with SCS | 31. SB 11-Coleman, with SCS |
| 15. SB 592-Scott, with SCS | 32. SB 536-Lager, with SCS |
| 16. SB 664-Scott, with SCS | 33. SB 552-Bartle |
| 17. SB 212-Goodman | 34. SB 484-Stouffer, with SCS |

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

HCS for HB 221 (Loudon)
HB 454-Jetton, et al (Mayer)
(In Fiscal Oversight)
HCS for HJR 1, with SCS (Rupp)

HCS for HB 346 (Clemens)
(In Fiscal Oversight)
HB 155-Dusenberg, et al (Ridgeway)

INFORMAL CALENDAR

SENATE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

SB 2-Gibbons, with SCS
SB 5-Loudon, with SCS
SB 17-Shields, with SCS
SB 20-Griesheimer, with SCS
SB 27-Bartle and Koster
SB 31-Nodler
SB 40-Ridgeway, with SS (pending)
SB 53-Koster and Engler, with SCS
SB 75-Coleman, et al, with SCS
SB 86-Champion, with SCS
SB 101-Mayer
SB 131-Rupp
SB 153-Engler, et al, with SCS
SB 155-Engler, with SCS
SB 160-Rupp, with SCS
SB 168-Mayer and Crowell, with SCS
SB 169-Rupp, with SCS, SS for SCS & SA 3
(pending)
SB 204-Stouffer, with SCS & SS for SCS
(pending)
SB 213-McKenna
SB 242-Nodler, with SCS
SB 250-Ridgeway and Vogel
SB 252-Ridgeway and McKenna
SB 254-Nodler, et al, with SCS
SBs 260 & 71-Koster, et al, with SCS
SB 274-Shields
SB 282-Griesheimer, with SCS & SS for
SCS (pending)

SB 287-Crowell and Vogel
SB 292-Mayer
SB 297-Loudon, with SCS
SB 300-Bartle
SS for SB 303-Loudon
SB 341-Goodman, with SCS
SB 363-Bartle
SB 364-Koster, with SCS, SS for SCS, SA 1
& SSA 1 for SA 1 (pending)
SB 368-Barnitz, et al, with SCS
SBs 370, 375 & 432-Scott and Koster,
with SCS & SA 3 (pending)
SB 385-Gibbons, with SCS
SB 389-Nodler, et al, with SCS & SS#4
for SCS (pending)
SB 391-Days, with SCS
SB 400-Crowell, et al
SB 428-Purgason, with SCS
SB 430-Shields, et al, with SCS, SS#2 for
SCS, SA 4 & SSA 3 for SA 4 (pending)
SB 444-Goodman
SB 453-Scott, with SCS
SB 458-Gibbons
SB 476-Crowell
SB 480-Ridgeway, et al, with SCS
SB 492-Crowell
SB 511-Scott, with SCS
SB 531-Gibbons, with SCS
SB 534-Nodler

SB 570-Clemens

SB 698-Ridgeway, et al, with SCS

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

SS for SCS for HCS for HB 327
(Griesheimer) (In Fiscal Oversight)

HJR 7-Nieves, with SCS (Engler)

CONSENT CALENDAR

Senate Bills

Reported 2/8

SB 211-Goodman

Reported 2/15

SB 8-Kennedy

Reported 3/8

SB 185-Green

House Bills

Reported 4/5

HB 62-Ruestman, et al (Nodler)
HCS for HB 405 (Scott)
HB 754-Moore and Bivins
HB 576-Cooper (120), et al (Clemens)

HCS for HB 678 (Goodman)
HB 264-Cunningham (86)
HB 732-Parson, et al (Scott)

RESOLUTIONS

Reported from Committee

HCR 15-Threlkeld, et al, with SCS (Shields)
SCR 10-Koster and Shields

HCR 25-Yates, et al (Bartle)

